

**Board of Education** 

**Recommendation to the Board** 

FAO Meeting Date: December 12, 2015 Board Meeting Date: December 19, 2015 Department: Office of School Modernization Executive Committee Lead: Dan Jung, Senior Director, OSM Presenter/Staff Lead: Dan Jung, Sr Director, OSM Steve Effros, Sr Project Manager, OSM

Agenda Action: Resolution

SUBJECT: Staff Recommendation for Kellogg Middle School Master Plan

### **BRIEF SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATION**

Staff is proposing the Board accept the Master Plan Design for Kellogg Middle School (KMS).

Staff is proposing the District:

- Approve the Kellogg Middle School's Master Plan which will be built to accommodate an enrollment capacity of 675 students.
- Utilize the current Kellogg Middle School Area Program Summary as a guide to construct the new Kellogg School to an approximate size of 100,412 square feet.

### BACKGROUND

Staff is utilizing the Kellogg Middle School Area Program Summary, which is a component of the Middle School Educational Specifications, as a guide to construct the new Kellogg Middle School.

Approval of the Master Plan for KMS is required for the Design Team to proceed with Schematic Design and is critical to deliver the project on schedule.

### SCOPE

The PPS Middle School Framework, combined with the PPS Middle School Educational Specifications, was used as the basis for programming of the new Kellogg Middle School.

Using these documents as the foundation for the Kellogg program, the Design Team met with 20 internal focus groups over several months and developed a Programming Report for KMS that presents the desired room requirements, the interrelationships of spaces, specific room requirements and square footages, and most importantly,

represents the core educational values of PPS.

As part of the KMS Programming Report, the design team developed an Area Program Summary that refines the PPS Middle School Ed Specs so that it meets the specific requirements for KMS, based on input from internal focus groups.

Additionally, the Design Team developed a Preferred Site Plan for KMS in coordination with internal focus groups and as part of a larger community engagement process.

### **PROCESS / COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT**

From November, 2016 thru January, 2017, the Design Team undertook a Pre-Design Due Diligence process to document the building and site development options for middle school (grade 6-8) operations at the Kellogg school site. They collaborated with PPS to develop two pre-design options, renovation/addition and full replacement for budgetary and scheduling review by PPS. Ultimately, as part of its referral of the Kellogg Middle School project as part of the May, 2017 Bond, the Board decided to move forward with the replacement option.

At the start of the Master Planning process in the Fall of 2017, a number of concepts were developed and explored. Through stakeholder, Design Advisory Group and community meetings, the concepts were refined to develop a plan that incorporates the programmatic and educational goals of PPS while meeting all current building codes to ensure the life, safety, and welfare of all students and faculty.

Throughout the Master Planning Process community and stakeholder engagement has occurred in several fashions:

First, in collaboration with PPS Community Involvement and Public Affairs (CIPA), Kellogg's Public Engagement Consultant reached out to dozens of organizations and individuals to both participate in the Design Advisory process and to engage with the project as members of the broader public. This Consultant focused on engaging with a culturally diverse group of individuals who could best represent the community surrounding the Kellogg site.

Second, the formation of the Design Advisory Group (DAG) in October, 2017. The purpose of the DAG is to encourage interaction between a variety of stakeholders, provide input regarding the priorities to be addressed within the school design, and report on the work that was taking place to their various constituencies. There have been several meetings that have occurred between October and December, 2017; and additional meetings are planned through early 2018. In total, the Design Team anticipates at a minimum:

- 1. Seven (7) Design Advisory Group meetings.
- 2. One (1) Design Workshop.
- 3. One (1) Open House.
- 4. Four (4) Neighborhood Association Meetings.

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### SCHEDULE

Following approval of the Master Plan for Kellogg Middle School, the Design Team will proceed with the Design and Documentation Phases of the project through December, 2018. The Conditional Use process will take place from March through July, 2018, and the Building Permitting process will take place from January through May, 2019. Demolition of the existing building will take place from March through July, 2018, and Construction (including commissioning/start-up) of the new building will take place from May, 2019 through December, 2020. Fixtures, furnishings and equipment (FFE) will be installed from November, 2020 through January, 2021. Staff has proposed that new KMS teachers and administrators be trained to use the new building from February through May, 2021, with moves occurring in June and July, ahead of the start of school for new students in September, 2021.

### BUDGET

The Original Construction Budget (in 2017 dollars) for the Kellogg Middle School project, in accordance with the 2017 Capital Bond Program, was \$32 million.

In addition, Staff has allocated funds from bond program escalation to support the projected cost increases based on the anticipated start of construction in May, 2019; the Bid Day Construction Budget is \$35.6 million.

Based on the prelminary Planning Phase cost estimate, the project is estimated above the \$35.6 million target. The Design Team has produced a Programming Estimate–Budget Alignment Memo that includes several cost control opportunities to bring the project back on budget as follows:

- Reduce building area (up to 3300 sf)
  - Reduce cafeteria size from 2-period lunch to 3-period lunch
  - Remove computer lab program
- Provide deductive options at Schematic Design phase
- Reduce demolition salvage when bids are received
- Limit consideration of high cost options such as rooftop playgrounds
- Limit extra life safety criteria beyond the gym-only structure

The budget reduction options will be reviewed and implemented during the Schematic Design Phase.

### ATTACHMENTS

Attachment A: PPS Middle Grades Framework

Attachment B: PPS Middle School Ed Specs

Attachment C: KMS Programming Report

Attachment D: KMS Area Program Summary

Attachment E: KMS Capacity Calculations

Attachment F: KMS Preferred Site Plan

Attachment G: KMS Internal Focus Group Engagement

Attachment H: KMS External Stakeholder Outreach

Attachment I: KMS Project Schedule

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Attachment J1: KMS Programming Estimate-Budget Alignment Memo Attachment J2: KMS Programming ROM Estimate Attachment J3: KMS Demolition Cost Estimate

### RESOLUTION No. <a><br/> </a>

### Resolution Authorizing Kellogg Middle School Full Replacement Master Plan as Part of the 2017 Capital Bond Program

### RECITALS

- A. At the conclusion of the Kellogg Middle School Pre-Design Diligence process in February, 2017, Board Resolution 5394 referred the Kellogg Full Replacement Option to voters in May 2017.
- B. The election was duly and legally held on May 16, 2017 (the "2017 Bond Election") and the general obligation bonds were approved by a majority of the qualified voters of PPS voting at the election.
- C. Board Resolution 5471 accepts certification from Multnomah County, Clackamas, Washing Counties for May 16, 2017 voter approval of authorizing Portland Public Schools to issue up to \$790 million of general obligation bonds to improve health, safety, learning by modernization, report schools.

### RESOLUTION

- 1. The Board of Education directs staff to design a full replacement for Kellogg Middle School for an enrollment capacity of 675 students.
- 2. The Board of Education directs staff to utilize the current Kellogg Middle School Area Program Summary as a guide to construct the new Kellogg Middle School to an approximate size of 100,412 square feet.
- 3. The Board of Education approves the Master Plan Preferred Site Plan for Kellogg Middle School.

## **KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL** PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOLS

FAO-BOE Project Review DECEMBER 5, 2017





# Agenda

- 1. Stakeholder Engagement & Timeline
- 2. Demolition plan
- 3. Goals & Objectives
- 4. Budget
- 5. Site
- 6. Capacity
- 7. Program & Learning Environments





## Stakeholder Engagement

**PPS** Departments

Office of Teaching & Learning Teachers on Special Assignment Steering Committee Design Advisory Committee Neighborhood Associations

Eco-Workshop

City of Portland





KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOLS

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## Schedule

PPS Kellogg Middle School Public Engagement, CUP Project Review, and Site Redevelopment Schedule

		2017							201	8						2019
CALENDAR	AUG SEPT C	OCT NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG	SEPT	ОСТ	NOV	DEC-	-> APRIL
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**KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL** 

PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOLS





## 2017 Bond

Renovate 3D View

## Proposed Replacement 3D View





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## **Demolition Waste Management**





## **KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL**

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# Kellogg Goals & Objectives







## DAG 1: Goals & Objectives





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# Project Scope & Budget Update

PPS MIDDLE SCHOOL EDUCATIONAL SPECIFICATIONS

School Square Footage Range

## BUDGET

CONSTRUCTION

POSSIBLE OUTCOMES \$/SF

## 100,412 SF Kellogg Space Program

# \$32,920,668

### **Program Estimate**

Student Design Capacity: 675

Includes \$500,000 offsite improvements \$2,533,991 demolition costs \$1,843,855 site improvements \$28,042,822 building (279/sf) \$2,766,657 estimating contingency \$327.86/sf

### Schematic Design (SD) Goals

- Reduce scope by \$920,668
- Reduce building area (3,300 sf) Example (980 sf computer lab)
- Provide deductive options at SD
- Reduce demolition salvage



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### Site Planning A 1 A \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* OFH COVERED PLAY SE FRANKLIN ST \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* GYM ADMIN SE 69TH AVENUE \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* LEARNING SUITE LEARNING SUITE $(\mathbf{T})$ **O**FH SE POWELL BLVD (HWY 26) **KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL** PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOLS





# **Developing Learning Spaces**

## Classrooms contributing to 675 capacity

- 22 standard classrooms
- 5 science classrooms
- 1 ESL classroom
- 2 gym classes in gymnasium

## Non-capacity contributing instructional spaces include

- 6 exploratory learning spaces (2 per floor)
- 1 music room
- 1 dance room
- 1 art room
- 1 computer lab
- 1 steam (makers space) lab
- 1 SPED learning center
- 1 SPED intensive skills + psychology office
- 3 SPED sensory support rooms
- media center
- cafeteria/commons



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## Capacity

# MIDDLE SCHOOL CAPACITY

2012 LONG RANGE	FACILITY	PLAN	Portland Public Schools
	Floor	Target	Planning Capacity
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Middle School 450 600 675

BOND CAPACITY CALCULATION | Oh planning+design, architecture

#### **Planning Capacity**



#### MAXIMUM CAPACITY CALCULATION | Oh Planning+design, architecture

[With 30 Student per Classroom - Extended Learning Areas Converted to General Classrooms]









# **Developing Learning Environments**

Learning Suites







## **Developing Learning Environments**



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# Questions & Comments









## Office of Teaching & Learning

Chris Russo, Assistant Superintendent

To:Portland Public School Board of DirectorsFrom:Interim Superintendent Bob McKeanSponsor:Assistant Superintendent Chris RussoDate:April 14th, 2017Subject:Middle School Plan

### Background Info:

November 2014 – Portland Public Schools (PPS) initiated a District-wide Boundary Review Advisory Committee (D-BRAC) to provide recommendations to the Superintendent on resolving overcrowding, under-enrollment and related population-based issues. The committee recommended a system-wide shift to a mostly K-5 and middle school structure.

Many PPS schools continue to have insufficient enrollment to provide core program offerings to all students without additional resources. This includes 18 K-8 schools that were reconfigured from K-5s and middle schools in 2005 and 2006.

July 2016 - The Portland Public Schools' School Board passed Resolution 5308. The charge of the resolution is:

- a. Establish boundaries, elementary feeder schools, high school articulations and specialized program locations, using the enrollment balancing values framework approved by the PPS Board of Education in October 2015.
- b. Receive and accept school initiation reports for each new school, in accordance with Policy 6.10.030-P.

October 2016 - The PPS School board voted to delay the openings of Tubman and Roseway Heights Middle Schools until the 2017-2018 school year to address facility, program, and a delivery model for middle grades education.

Following the Superintendent's directive, the administration initiated a Middle School Implementation Team, assigned a planning principal, researched best practices for middle grades program delivery, and developed a Middle Grades Framework.

November 2016 - April 2017 – The administration used the draft to solicit and include stakeholder feedback.



## Office of Teaching & Learning

Chris Russo, Assistant Superintendent

April 2017—Prepare and finalize all respective documents for Board review and resolution moving the implementation work forward for 2017-2018.

### Summary:

Attached are three documents for Board review:

- PowerPoint presentation on Middle Grades Planning
- Middle Grades Framework
- Resolution to Adopt the Middle Grades Framework

### **Financial Implications**

None at this stage in the process.



# Middle Grades Framework

### **Objectives**

Develop middle grades framework that is student centered, culturally relevant, engaging, and intellectually rigorous.

The framework is guided by educators well versed in the social, emotional, and academic needs of young adolescents.

### **Origins of the Middle Grades Framework**

- November 2014 PPS initiated a District-wide Boundary Review Advisory Committee (D-BRAC) to provide recommendations to the Superintendent on resolving overcrowding, underenrollment and related population-based issues. The committee recommended a system-wide shift to a mostly K-5 and middle school structure.
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  of the resolution is:
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- October 2016 The PPS School board voted to delay the openings of Tubman and Roseway Heights Middle Schools until the 2017-2018 school year to address facility, program, and a delivery model for middle grades education.

### **Purpose of the Middle Grades Framework**

The framework serves as a foundational document comprised of key components of successful middle grades education that will promote the development of students who are prepared to fully engage in high school, college, career, and global community.

It is directly aligned to the PPS Successful Schools' Framework. Among the purposes are to:

- Serve as a foundational guide for schools and district offices;
- Inform the design of middle grades programming;
- Invite conversations and input from stakeholders.

### How to use the framework

The framework is designed for internal and external stakeholders. Internal stakeholders include central office personnel and school personnel (e.g., teachers, principals, counselors). External stakeholders are parents, families, and community partners (e.g., after school providers, businesses, and neighborhood associations). The District will use the framework in a variety of ways to engage in the process of middle school design, while external stakeholders can use the framework to establish policy, procedures, and work plans that respond to the unique needs of middle grade students. The framework serves as a foundational document for middle grades implementation. It is comprised of components that address the unique needs of the young adolescents' intellectual, moral, social-emotional, and physical development.

### What are the Components and Elements that make up the Framework?

**Curriculum**: course offerings, standards, materials, instructional practices, assessment and evaluation.

Decision Making: Who and how are site decisions made.

**Health, Wellness, & Safety:** Practices and Services that support young adolescents and their families.

**School, Family, and Community Partnerships:** Community partners providing wrap-around services to middle grade schools, students, and families.

### **Base and Optional Programs**

All middle schools will offer both base and optional programs. Base programs are the elements required in every school (focus/option schools may have some exemptions) providing middle grades education in PPS. Optional programs are elements selected to meet the unique needs of individual schools. Both base and optional programs are fully supported by the district.

## Curriculum:

The framework includes three components that address separate areas of curriculum. The PPS middle school implementation team used the following as a definition of curriculum: learning standards, course offerings, materials, instructional practices, student assessment, and professional development. The team based its work on the Association for Middle Level Educators' (AMLE) position paper, *This we Believe* and the Portland Public School's Successful Schools' Framework (SSF). The AMLE describes exemplary middle grades curriculum, as relevant, challenging, integrative, and exploratory. Instructional practices include multiple learning and teaching approaches that respond to young adolescents' diversity. PPS strives to provide culturally relevant materials. Teaching practices honor the racial, linguistic, and cultural diversity of all students.

### **CURRICULUM, COURSE OFFERINGS**

**Learning Standards:** Middle grades education in PPS will be delivered in alignment with the following learning standards: Common Core State Standards (CCSS), Next Generation Science Standards (NGSS), ODE Content Standards, Career Technical Education Standards (CTE), and English Language Proficiency Standards (ELP).

Language Arts: uses relevant materials, literacy instruction teaches skills to be used as a tool for all content (including research skills). The curriculum includes reading, writing, speaking, collaborative discourse/discussion, viewing, and listening.

**Mathematics:** uses relevant materials, numeracy instruction teaches skills to be used as a tool across many content areas (including scientific inquiry). The curriculum includes problem solving, critical thinking, grade level appropriate computational fluency, number sense, and collaborative discourse/discussion.

**Science:** uses relevant materials, provides opportunities for scientific inquiry, engineering design and practices, provides opportunities for place-based learning, and offers a multidisciplinary approach to science instruction.

**World Language: Communication:** Develops communication and literacy skills in a language different from students' heritage language, facilitates cultural competence and understanding through exploration of various cultures.

**Social Studies:** delivers grade level content to teach respect for cultural diversity, intercultural competencies, and multiple perspectives/counter stories. It provides opportunities for civics learning and application.

**Physical Education:** promotes a positive attitude toward physical activity, the motivation, confidence, and self-knowledge to continue active participation in physical activity, movement competence, commensurate with physical potential, and understanding of the nature of movement, and the importance and value of physical activity as contributing to a physically active lifestyle

**Health:** Helps students develop a positive self-concept (i.e. healthy self-esteem, strong sense of self, and gender identification). Provides students with opportunities to develop skills that promote lifelong healthy decisions including sexual health, substance use, nutrition, and physical activity.

**School Counseling:** Addresses academic, career, and personal/social development of all students, provides interventions to students and families in need, assists families in obtaining support systems within and outside of the school system.

**Advisory:** Establishes ongoing relationship with an adult at the school, creates connectedness through small communities of adolescents, supports the social, emotional, and academic development of middle grades students, provides opportunities to develop executive functioning (e.g. student organization and self-advocacy).

**Career and Technical Education (CTE):** Assists students in exploring college and career possibilities, provides hands-on and/or place-based opportunities for thinking, learning, and wondering about their futures.

**Library Media:** Promotes digital and media literacy and citizenship, facilitates access to a variety of materials, including discipline specific, choice-based, multiple perspectives, fiction and nonfiction, teaches research skills, and supports instructional staff and students.

**Exploratory Courses:** Enables students to discover their particular abilities, talents, interests, values, and preferences. Acquaints students with enriching, healthy leisure-time pursuits, such as lifetime physical activities, involvement in the arts, and social service.

**English as a Second Language/English language development:** Develops language acquisition in a target language, infuses meta-processes, sustains a language focus, and holds high expectations for students through the delivery of high quality curricula and academic rigor.

**Special Education:** Fosters an atmosphere where all students belong and have opportunities to develop relationships with one another. Teachers have high expectations for students with typical and atypical social emotional and academic development. Provides access to core curricula and grade level appropriate social experiences specially designed instruction (SDI) as directed by their IEP.

### **INSTRUCTIONAL PRACTICES**

**Instructional Practices:** Middle grades instruction in PPS includes results oriented, culturally relevant practices mindful of the rapid intellectual, social, emotional, moral, and psychological development of the young adolescent. Relationships, rigorous course work, and subject matter delivered through a racial lens is relevant to the middle grade learner. Learning is guided by educators well-versed in the academic and social emotional needs of the young adolescent. The following are guiding instructional principles implemented and supported by PPS:

- Promote student voice, meaningful choices and personal connection to content.
- Reading, writing, speaking, listening, viewing and presenting are taught in an integrated way through culturally relevant, student-centered, inquiry-based tasks connected to authentic, realworld experiences.
- Literacy is taught across content areas. Students are explicitly taught how to engage with text features unique to the subject/discipline of study.
- Numeracy is taught across the content areas. Students are explicitly taught how to problem solve, think critically, and engage with features unique to the subject/discipline of study.
- Instruction includes reading increasingly complex texts and writing in the style of the discipline/subject.
- Instruction includes engaging with increasingly complex mathematical tasks and problem solving situations in the style of the discipline/subject.
- Academic literacy, numeracy and discussion skills are explicitly taught and supported.
- Students' race, culture, and heritage languages are supported and embraced as a valuable tool
- Technology is used to increase access, engagement, and student motivation.

 Experiential Learning is used to support the application of knowledge and conceptual understanding to real-world problems or situations. (Felicia, Patrick (2011). Handbook of Research on Improving Learning and Motivation. p. 1003.)

**Educators:** Promote academic, social emotional growth for students through culturally responsive practices. They apply their deep understanding of the unique characteristics of the young adolescent and use strategies to provide equitable outcomes for all. They recognize the typical development of the young adolescent including the impact of race, culture, language, economic situation, and social and emotional needs.

**CARE Teams:** accelerate responsiveness to the learning needs of students who are historically in the lowest performing student groups – African-American, Latino, American Indian and Southeast Asian students. The CARE Team works to design and deliver equity/antiracist pedagogical practices that are explicitly and intentionally planned to improve engagement and achievement for underserved students of color. CARE teachers, working in collaboration with a building administrator and CARE TOSA, work to improve engagement for students of color as a means to increase schoolwide achievement.

**Literacy Across Content Areas**: Promotes literacy through universal and content specific literacy strategies that are articulated between grade levels with increasing levels of complexity. Literacy strategies are articulated between grade levels with increasing level of complexity. Instruction reflects an intra/interpersonal relevance.

**Numeracy Across Content Areas**: Promotes numeracy through universal and content specific problem solving and computational strategies that are articulated between grade levels with increasing levels of complexity. Instruction reflects an intra/interpersonal relevance.

**Multiple Tiered Support Systems:** Core instruction and behavior expectations are supported systemically and include scaffolding. Problem solving is accomplished in teacher teams through examination of student data. Processes exist to provide meaningful intervention to identified students.

**Sheltered Instruction:** Systemic lesson design with a focus on language acquisitions. Supports are built into lessons allowing students to engage in grade level content.

**Talented and Gifted (TAG):** Curricula are modified, adapted, and accelerated as needed. An atmosphere of self-directed inquiry is promoted. Social and emotional supports are in place to support learners.

**Blended Learning:** Includes instruction that is socially appropriate teaches healthy technology use. It provides equitable access to instructional content and includes mechanisms to assure all students have access to hardware, software, and internet services.

**Flexible Scheduling and Flexible Grouping:** Provides teachers with extended periods of time with cohorts of students. It creates systems for **all** students to access **all** program offerings. It creates collaborative time for teachers within the instructional day. Grouping and regrouping of students occurs based on specific criteria, activities, and individual need.

**Professional Learning Communities:** Fosters collaborative processes to ensure students learn through the examination of teaching practice and student data. PLC's focus on results through the examination of four essential questions.

**Instructional Coaching:** Empowers and respects the voices of teachers through a non-evaluative process of peer collaboration.

**Professional Development for Administrators:** Differentiated professional development to meet administrator and school needs; uses the PLC structure and focuses on results.

### ASSESSMENTS

A balanced assessment system that accurately informs instructional decisions and engages students in their learning. Educators use the evidence gathered through multiple forms of assessment to (1) inform instructional decisions; and (2) encourage students to learn. Assessment systems must yield accurate information about student learning for use at several levels of decision making, and they must be used in a manner that effectively manages the emotional dynamics of the assessment experience from the learner's point of view. (Assessment for Learning, A Key to Motivation and Achievement, Stiggins). It includes summative assessments required by the Oregon State Department of Education. **Formative Assessments:** Engage students in their learning by allowing the teacher to make real time instructional changes to meet individual student needs. The focus is on student growth and providing students with opportunities to see personal growth over time.

**Diagnostic Assessments:** Provide teachers with data on individual student's needs for growth and informs teachers, students, and families on levels of mastery. They give teachers insight on specific strategies for use with individual students.

**Summative Assessments:** Evaluate student learning at the end of a unit, provide information on skill acquisition and achievement and may focus on cohort learning trends to inform instruction.

**Benchmark Assessments:** Track student progress toward skill mastery and knowledge. They provide teachers with information on the use of instructional strategies to help students achieve mastery and give parents and students information on progress made throughout the school year.

**Proficiency Based Grading:** Connects grades to clearly identified learning objectives. It separates academic achievement from student behavior and creates a system for educators and families to identify areas of need.

## **Decision Making:**

School based decision making is courageous and collaborative. It employs culturally relevant practices and keeps the impact of race at the forefront of decisions to create school cultures where predictable outcomes for historically underserved students are interrupted. As children enter adolescence it is crucial for community and family partnerships to come together to make decisions that positively impact unique needs of the middle grades learner. Furthermore, it is imperative to include students in decisions impacting their learning and school environment. It is guided by building and central office leadership with a shared vision. It is grounded in data. PPS is committed to being collaborative with well-articulated district and site decision making processes.

### **DECISION MAKING**

**Distributed Leadership:** Is a process where school leaders engage multiple stake holders in creating a shared vision providing opportunity for stake holders to influence school climate and promote equity through culturally relevant school systems. It promotes the development of teacher, student, and community leaders.

**Courageous Conversations About Race Protocols (CCAR):** Focuses discussions and decision making. It is used to bring a racial lens to all decision making. The CCAR protocol is comprised of four agreements and six conditions, and the compass.

**Equity Teams (E-Teams):** Transforms "Courageous Conversations" from theory to practice. They promote collegial reflections on implicit biases. E-Teams promote equitable results for students who have historically been underserved. They develop relevant professional development for teachers, students, and families.

**School Leadership Teams:** Are comprised of site based personnel. Their goals are to mobilize commitment and energy of site-based personnel into actions for improvement. It builds upon moments of excellence and provides leadership in areas of problem-solving, communication, professional development, and program evaluation.

**Site Councils:** Comprised of teachers, parents, and classified employees. Their mission is to evaluate school improvement programs and budgets. Site Councils advise principals on a variety school issues (i.e., school budget, CAP, parent engagement, and racial equity).

# Health, Wellness, and Safety:

School policies and systems foster physical and psychological health, wellness, safety, and support peaceful interactions for young adolescents and their families. It uses a racial lens to apply culturally relevant practice and supports to students. They support and honor the expertise of community partners in providing wraparound services to positively impact schools and the middle grade students they serve. Effective school and family partnerships supporting health and safety result in safer schools serving healthier, better adjusted students.

### HEALTH, WELLNESS, AND SAFETY

**Restorative Practices:** Shifts focus of discipline from punishment to learning. It engages classrooms in community building circles and employs specific strategies in small group discussions to resolve conflict through voicing concerns.

**Student Support Services:** Addresses academic, career, and personal/social development of all students. It uses culturally relevant practice to apply a racial lens to serve the needs of students and families. Provides interventions to students and families in need and responds to student/family

needs in a manner that honors culturally, racially, and economically diverse children and their families.

**Positive Behavior Intervention Supports:** Stakeholders co-construct and communicate schoolwide expectations for conduct. It provides strategies to support individual students.

**Trauma Informed Practices (TIP):** Includes specific strategies, practices, and data to support students who have experienced life traumas. TIP practices, strategies and systems complement RJ and MTSS practices through the examination of data and the creation of flexible, culturally relevant accommodations for diverse learners.

**Extracurricular Sports:** Uses team sports to foster lifelong skills such as team building and selfdiscipline. All students are provided an opportunity to participate regardless of athletic skill or ability to pay. Transportation and supervision is provided to all students.

Attendance Monitors: Work with MTSS Team, community partners, teachers, families and students to analyze student attendance data, identify students at risk, and provide attendance interventions when necessary.

**School Based Health Clinics:** Provide physical and mental health care to students and school age relatives. Facilitate healthy choices through individual health education and small group work. Educate students on decision making and awareness that promotes a healthy lifestyle.

**School Resource Officers (SROs):** Serve as liaisons between schools and the Portland Police Bureau. SROs respond to incidents occurring at or related to schools. They provide education to students, schools, and families on gang prevention, safety, and positive decision making. SROs assist schools in developing comprehensive plans to ensure the safety of all stake holders.

### SCHOOL AND FAMILY PARTNERSHIPS

PPS is committed to strong school, family, and community partnerships that reflect the communities they serve. Partnerships improve school climate, provide family services and support, increase parents' skills and leadership, connect families with others in the school and in the community, and support teachers with their work. When parents, teachers, students, and others view one another as partners in education, a caring community forms around students.

**Extended Day Programs:** Provides enrichment venues for academic, social, emotional and moral development through diverse culturally relevant offerings. Extended day programs allow student

choice in activities and opportunities for leadership. They facilitate conversations with students about prosocial behaviors and investment in their learning.

**Community Agents and Partners:** Connects families to schools and resources helping them navigate the social, emotional, and academic needs of their children, establishes feedback pathways for families to advocate for their children, provides local, expert knowledge to schools and families. Facilitates families in the acquisition of leadership and advocacy skills to positively impact their family and school community.

Affinity Groups: Prepares members of like interests to take direct action, promotes a system that is nonhierarchical and autonomous, and minimizes traditional power structures that have historically created voices of inequity.

**Student Leadership and Government:** Engages student voice in school-based decision making, creates a collaborative structure between students and school leadership, promotes opportunities for students to positively impact their school community.

**Parent Groups:** Leverage volunteer power, and provide families with opportunities to participate in the school community regardless of work schedule, home circumstance, or language. Parent groups partner with schools to establish two-way communication.

**Climate Teams:** Foster an environment where everyone can learn. Work to create an environment where all feel supported and cared for. Creates a climate where young adolescents can learn necessary skills for a productive satisfying school experience.



# Education Specifications (Middle Schools)



Portland Public Schools | Portland, Oregon April, 2015
"It's a pivotal moment for our schools and our community. A thriving city depends on a strong public school system. This bond offers us an opportunity to not just redesign and rebuild outdated schools, but to reimagine and redefine the education that happens inside them.

We heard the feedback in voices and languages that represent many of Portland's diverse communities. People want schools that are safer, more inclusive and more flexible than they are today. They want learning spaces that spur greater collaboration and stronger relationships between students and teachers. They want classrooms that inspire creativity and innovation, and give students a chance to engage new technology. They want schools that welcome the community and build partnerships that help students explore the world outside the school."

*Carole Smith,* Superintendent Portland Public Schools May 28, 2013 PPS Vision Summit

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INTRODUCTION

In November 2012 Portland Public Schools (PPS) passed a \$482,000,000 capital bond to begin modernizing, remodeling and replacing schools.

The first major design and construction projects include the remodel/modernization of three existing high schools and replacement of one K-8.

To that end, Portland Public School commenced a community wide visioning initiative to identify key planning and design characteristics that all schools within PPS should have. This initiative resulted in development of a Facility Vision Statement and a series of Vision Themes that the school bond approved on September 9, 2013. The Facility Vision Statement can be found at: <a href="http://www.pps.kl2.or.us/bond/8767.htm">http://www.pps.kl2.or.us/bond/8767.htm</a>

The Vision Statement and Themes provide a basis for development of Educational Specifications for PPS high schools, middle schools, K-8 and elementary schools. Educational Specifications describes the desired organization characteristics of PPS schools, the interrelationships of spaces, overriding themes and values preferred, and specific room requirements. They are not site specific. Rather they represent the spatial organization and room design characteristics for all schools regardless of location.

The following is the Educational Specifications for Middle Schools. It is based on the Learning Environments portion of the Vision Statement/Themes and input from teachers and administrators at the Middle School level, and defines the District's vision of 21st century schools and classrooms. This is a living document and should be revised and updated as new information is discovered and educational programs evolve. In essence, these Educational Specifications are a working document. They represent a foundation on which master planning and design work can begin and should be used in conjunction with the Vision Statement and Themes of the Vision Statement. It is specific enough to outline desired building design characteristics all Middle School schools in PPS should have. However, it is intended to be broad enough to allow site based design decisions and modifications. Illustrations and diagrams are provided as concept level information and are not presented as design requirements.

**EXECUTIVE SUMMARY** 



### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

### **Middle School Educational Specifications**

This document provides the Educational Specifications (Ed Specs) for middle schools in the Portland Public Schools District. These Ed Specs are part of a larger set of Ed Specs for PPS that include Comprehensive High Schools, Middle Schools, and K-5 Schools. Information regarding District Ed Specs for other school configurations in PPS can be found at: http://www.pps.k12.or.us/bond/index.htm

District-wide Ed Specs are a set of facilities guidelines that establish the ways school buildings support programs and curriculum, and establish baseline facilities standards across the District. Development of District-wide Ed Specs implements a "future step" of the District's Long Range Facility Plan. As a specific school site approaches significant modernization, the District-wide Ed Specs are tailored through a master planning process to suit the individual school, program and community through staff, student and community engagement with design professionals. The Ed Specs will also inform regularly occurring program changes and space planning considerations in schools not undergoing full modernization.



## **Implications to Schools – New Features**

PPS has undertaken the development of District-wide Ed Specs as a mechanism to accommodate educational best practices in the future design of District Middle schools. Some of the features of the Middle School Ed Spec including classroom commons (pg. 58), updated media center (pg. 72), the sizing of gymnasiums to accommodate student assemblies (pg. 81) as well as the State of Oregon's requirements for additional physical education time starting in 2017.

### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY (CONTINUED)**

#### **District-wide Ed Spec Development**

Development of Ed Specs for the District occurred in two phases. The first phase engaged in a process to envision the future of educational facilities in PPS. This process was completed during the winter and spring of 2013 and is summarized in the Educational Facilities Vision (Vision) which can be found at :<u>http://www.pps.k12.or.us/files/bond/13-0909\_PPS\_Education\_Facilities\_Vision\_Document\_FINAL\_lowres.pdf</u>.

The Vision articulates a vision for the future of District school buildings and the key themes that emerged during community conversations on the topic.

The Middle School Ed Specs were developed in consultation with teachers and administrators from middle school schools as well as District operations staff. Summaries of the meetings with staff can be found in Appendix B.

**Planning Principles** (pg. 25) present aspirational concepts and diagrams for the design of middle schools in PPS. While the modernization of existing buildings will require these concepts and themes be modified to fit within existing structures, the concepts and principles should be incorporated to the greatest extent possible.

The Ed Specs are informed by the **Middle School Program** (pg. 11) and the curriculum and instructional methodology used to deliver this program. The application of the Middle School Ed Specs to the design or redesign of individual schools should be tied to a complete understanding of the Middle School program is delivered in the subject school.

**The Area Program** (pg. 35) identifies the quantity and size of spaces within a middle school needed to deliver the District's educational program for 675 students. The area program is meant to be a guide for the design of future middle schools. The specifications of the area program should be adapted to meet site specific building and site constraints as well as program needs.

**Room Characteristics** (pg. 45) provide details on the function, location and relationship of instructional and supports spaces to each other as well as other design, material , and equipment specifications.

**PPS MIDDLE SCHOOL PROGRAM SUMMARY** 



# **PPS MIDDLE SCHOOL PROGRAM DESCRIPTION**

#### All students have access to a rigorous core program

The design of instructional spaces needs to accommodate a variety of ways of delivering educational programs. Annually, PPS develops core program requirements and guidelines for their implementation. The 2014-15 version of the core program requirements are found on subsequent pages. Designers of instructional spaces are strongly encouraged to acquaint themselves with the current version of the District's core program requirements and to work in concert with the administrative and teaching staff of each school to tailor the design, furnishings, and equipment of instructional spaces to the implementation needs of core curriculum at each school.

Middle schools are one of the four major configurations in which Portland Public Schools offers educational programing: high schools (grades 9-12); middle schools (grades 6-8); K- 8 schools (grades kindergarten – 8); and K-5 schools. As of 2014, PPS has 30 K-8 schools. Middle schools offer District educational programs to students in grades sixth through eighth grade.

Regardless of the grade configuration, schools at all grades provide the core program. So while every school is different and reflects the culture of the local community and adapts to the skills and values of its instructional staff, on the whole, students attending "neighborhood schools" should experience relative consistency in terms of what they learn and which programs they access.

All middle schools in PPS offer all students access to rigorous core curriculum and the opportunities and facilities in which to learn, apply, and be assessed on the curriculum.

The PPS core program for middle schools identifies subjects and methods by which students successfully meet District benchmarks and Common Core State Standards (see below). The general elements of the core program offered in middle schools are described below. These are minimum level requirements. All schools are encouraged to go beyond the requirements where possible and where it meets the needs of individual school communities.

A strong core curriculum is a deliberate and thoughtful plan for teaching and learning in our schools, pre-K to 12, to provide every student a challenging and meaningful education. A core curriculum includes four key elements:

- Standards and benchmarks aligned with state and national standards, defining both the academic skills and the course content students should master.
- Instructional strategies for our teachers to use in the classroom, based on research and data on how students learn best.
- Curriculum materials for teachers and students, such as textbooks, practice guides, novel sets, lab materials and technology.
- Common assessments and assignments to allow schools to periodically evaluate students' progress against the standards.

Literacy standards for grades 6–12 in history/social studies, science, and technical subjects are meant to supplement content standards in those areas, not replace them. States determine how to incorporate these standards into their existing standards for those subjects or adopt them as content area literacy standards.

It is also important to note what a "core curriculum" is not. The core curriculum will not provide day-to-day lesson plans. It does not dictate learning unit themes, class projects, supplemental reading or materials, or the context of every writing assignment. A core curriculum provides a framework, but allows each teacher to bring their own passion, creativity and experience to instruction that creates a spark for students.

# THE ACADEMIC CORE PROGRAM

PPS ACADEMIC CORE REQUIREMENTS 2014-15.

#### Grade 6

- Language arts, algebra\*, humanities, science, social studies, academic discipline skill development, integrated technology, research/library, humanities, personal and social wellness, physical education
- Exploratory wheel (one or two quarters of e.g. art, instrumental music, choral music, dance, drama, world language, media, student leadership)

### Upper Grades (7/8)

- Language arts, algebra\*, world language\*, science, social studies, academic discipline skill development, integrated technology, research/library, humanities, personal and social wellness, physical education
- Electives choice of two: e.g. art, instrumental music, dance, advanced robotics, computer graphics, drama, media, leadership

Students in all grades are given grade appropriate academic support and acceleration



\* high school credit

### 2014-15 GRADES 6-8 CORE PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS

All of the requirements described here are **minimum** levels – **schools are encouraged to go beyond the requirements** where possible and where it meets the needs of individual school communities.

# 6-8 CORE PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS FOR 2014-15 (MIDDLE SCHOOLS)

- Language Arts (reading, writing, and literature) must be offered for 55-60 minutes per day or 275-300 minutes per week
- Social studies must be offered for a minimum of 45-55 minutes per day or 225-275 minutes per week. It can be blocked with Language Arts in order to provide greater integration with literacy and writing.
- Math must be offered 55-60 minutes daily or 275-300 minutes per week
- 8th Grade Compacted Math: 8th grade must be offered access to 8th Grade Compacted Math for high school credit on site.
- Science must be offered for a minimum of 45-55 minutes per day or 225-275 minutes per week.
- World language must be offered as an elective in the amount of one period per day at 7th and/or 8th grade for high school credit. It is recommended that world language be offered as a 2 year course over the 7th and 8th grade years. 6th grade is not required to have access to world language. Schools can substitute ELD class for world language for those students who require daily ELD, provided that native speakers are offered the opportunity to acquire world language credit via proficiency exams.
- Grades 7-8 must not be self-contained unless the classroom teacher is endorsed and highly qualified in all four core subjects.
- Grades 7-8 may be blended for core academic subjects (a waiver must be requested and will be granted for focus option schools that have adopted a mixed age approach as part of their pedagogical model and schools who have unbalanced class sizes at the upper grades.) Acceleration or remediation periods can be mixed age where appropriate i.e., 7th graders taking algebra or science with 8th graders, 7/8th graders together in a reading intervention class, 6-8 grade ELPA 1 and 2s in a single ELD with support class.

# 6-8 CORE PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS FOR 2014-15 (MIDDLE SCHOOLS AND PK-8/K-8 SCHOOLS) (CONTINUED)

- All 6-8 grade teachers, including specialists who teach primarily 6-8th grade, are required to have a planning period that is a standard period inside the student school day. The exception is self-contained 6th grades. These teachers can still have planning periods outside the student day. Although class period lengths often vary within the day for students in PreK-8 schools, the planning should be no less than 45 minutes. (Note that some of the core classes require double periods or other extended period lengths.)
- Students should have at least 3 enrichment/elective periods per week above the world language requirement. PE is counted as part of enrichments. Arts FTE must be used to support performing and/or visual arts. Students may be blended across grades and larger class sizes may be used for enrichment sections. Planning/staffing support will be provided to help smaller schools share enrichment staff via a quarter/semester rotation model by rotating staff between neighboring schools, in order to maximize the exposure for students to multiple enrichment areas.
- All 6-8 students must have at least two periods per week of PE. It is recommended that PE be offered all year long rather than a semester or trimester course. Dance may be substituted for PE. This requirement will increase in 2017.<sup>2</sup>
- Library: All schools must have the minimum library staffing requirement of 20 hours per week with either a .5 library assistant (0.25 FTE) or 0.5 media specialist. Library can only be counted as an enrichment/elective if taught by a media specialist. If library is staffed with a library assistant, assistants can provide instructional supports in a variety of ways but can only support content under the direction of the teacher or media specialist.
- Counselors or other licensed staff may provide full class instruction in social skills, leadership development and other enrichment topics on a regular rotating schedule. This curriculum can be part counted as part of the enrichment/elective offering.
- **One quarter of Health/Wellness** is required and can be integrated within PE, science, or taught as a stand-alone class.
- A daily intervention period/academic support or acceleration time (30-45 minutes) For 7th and 8th graders who are eligible, there should be 5 periods of ELD or a minimum of three academic support or acceleration per week in their schedule that could be delivered either during enrichment, world language or as a part of a double block time.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In 2007, the legislature passed law that requires by 2017-18, all public school students in Kindergarten through grade 8 must participate in physical education for the entire school year. Students in grade kindergarten through grade 5 shall participate in physical education for at least 150 minutes during each school week and students in grades 6-8 shall participate in physical education for at least 225 minutes during each school week.

### ASSESSMENT

Beginning in 2014-15 students will begin to take the Smarter Balanced Assessment (the SBA) rather than the Oregon Assessment of Knowledge and Skills (OAKS). The SBA :

- Will do a better job of measuring the range of content and skills that students have mastered.
- Will go beyond multiple-choice questions to include short-answer and math exercises that allow students to demonstrate writing and analytical skills – allowing students with varying learning styles to demonstrate what they know.
- Will be administered online for greater accuracy in scoring and greater range in the types
  of questions and responses that can be asked and measured (for example, students may
  watch a video and then write a short analytical essay).
- In addition to a year-end test, teachers will be able to administer interim assessments throughout the year to monitor student progress and make adjustments to instruction.
- Accommodations for students with disabilities or who are learning English will be built into the assessments so that their progress can be accurately measured.
- An online reporting system will provide clear, easy-to-understand data on student achievement and growth that parents, teachers and leaders can use to help students make even greater progress.

## **MILESTONES**

The curriculum and assessment used by the District have been developed and implemented in support of students reaching the District's milestones for readiness for and achievement of academic success. PPS hopes middle school students will be:

- **Ready to read** At the beginning of first grade, all students should be ready to read, so they have a foundation for future academic success.
- **Reading to learn** By the end of third grade, students should be reading to gain an understanding of their world, in a variety of subjects.
- Ready for high school In middle grades, students should have strong attendance habits and the writing and math skills to grasp more demanding content in high school.

### **COMMON CORE STATE STANDARDS**

The State of Oregon and PPS have adopted the Common Core State Standards. The curriculum in PPS schools is the Common Core State Standards (CCSS). These standards identify proficiencies related to reading a variety of texts, writing, speaking and listening, and language that all students should obtain and apply to all subjects. The CCSS also identify standards for literacy in history/social studies, science and technical subjects in student strands of grades 6-8, 9-10 and 11-12. See <a href="http://www.corestandards.org/">http://www.corestandards.org/</a> for the latest description of the CCSS.

Related to literacy the Common Core asks students to read stories and literature, as well as more complex texts that provide facts and background knowledge in areas such as science and social studies. Students will be challenged and asked questions that push them to refer back to what they've read. This stresses critical-thinking, problem-solving, and analytical skills that are required for success in college, career, and life.

The standards establish guidelines for English language arts (ELA) as well as for literacy in history/ social studies, science, and technical subjects. Because students must learn to read, write, speak, listen, and use language effectively in a variety of content areas, the standards promote the literacy skills and concepts required for college and career readiness in multiple disciplines.

The College and Career Readiness Anchor Standards form the backbone of the ELA/literacy standards by articulating core knowledge and skills, while grade-specific standards provide additional specificity. Beginning in grade 6, the literacy standards allow teachers of ELA, history/ social studies, science, and technical subjects to use their content area expertise to help students meet the particular challenges of reading, writing, speaking, listening, and language in their respective fields.

The skills and knowledge captured in the ELA/literacy standards are designed to prepare students for life outside the classroom. They include critical-thinking skills and the ability to closely and attentively read texts in a way that will help them understand and enjoy complex works of literature. Students will learn to use cogent reasoning and evidence collection skills that are essential for success in college, career, and life. The standards also lay out a vision of what it means to be a literate person who is prepared for success in the 21st century.



# PPS MIDDLE SCHOOL CORE PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION

SUBJECT		GRADE LEVEL		
		РК		1-3
Literacy		5-10 minutes whole group instruction Integrated activities throughout the day which include small group, individual work and work in center/ choosing time as well as Transition times Scott Foresman Reading Street (Main Selection, Amazing Words, Letter of Week) Read Aloud	Note: CCSS Instructional shifts should be used to deliver whole group and small group instruction. Whole Group • Oral Lang. • Build Background • Amazing Words • Comprehension • Word Work/Phonics Lesson • Fluency Small Groups • Comprehension • Vocab • Fluency • Phonics/Fluency	Note: CCSS Instructional shifts should be used to deliver whole group and small group instruction. Whole Group • Oral Lang • Oral Vocab/Share Lit Review High Frequency Words (1 day) • Word Work • Phonics Lesson • Comprehension • Fluency Small Group: • Comprehension-Vocab Fluency • Phonics/Fluency
			Spelling w/in or outside the 90 minute block	Spelling w/in or outside the 90 minute block
	Minutes	5-10/day	90/day	90/day
Languago Arte				

Language, Arts, Reading and Writing

	Minutes			
Writer's Workshop		Journaling and other activities		
	Minutes	5-10/day	30/day	30/day
Social Studies/ Science		Whole group and then integrated exploratory activities throughout the day	May rotate units	May rotate units
	Minutes	5-10/day	20-30/day	30/day
Science				
	Minutes			
Social Studies				
	Minutes			

		GRADE LEVEL	
4-5		6-8	
Note: CCSS Instructional shifts should be used to deliver whole group and small group instruction.			
Whole Group • Oral Lang. Development • Comprehension/Vocab. • Fluency			
Small Groups • Comprehension-Vocab • Fluency • Phonics/Fluency			
Spelling • w/in or outside the 90 minute block			
90/day			
	Grouping	Type of Instruction	Content in all groupings
		Note: CCSS Instructional shifts should be used to deliver whole group and small group instruction.	Reading: • Comprehension • Vocabulary
	Whole Group	<ul><li>Modeling</li><li>Guided practice</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Fluency (for below grade level readers)</li> <li>Writing:</li> </ul>
	Partner or Team Work	<ul><li>Guided practice</li><li>Independent Practice</li></ul>	Responding to Literature     Arguments

- Informative/Explanatory
- Narratives

30/day

May rotate units

45/day

45-55/day; 225-275/week

Small Group

- Pull Out

Modeling

 Guided practice Independent Practice

45-55/day; 225-275/week

# PPS MIDDLE SCHOOL CORE PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION (CONTINUED)

SUBJECT			GRADE LEVEL	
		РК		
Math		5-10 minutes whole group and then math activities at choosing time Every Day in Pre-K Calendar, Counting Tape and Make a Match	45 + 15 daily Note: The CCSS Mathematical Practices should be used to deliver guided instruction and focus lesson activities.	60+15 daily Note: The CCSS Mathematical Practices should be used to deliver guided instruction and focus lesson activities.
		activities	Guided Instruction Number Corner	Guided Instruction Number Corner
			Focus Lesson • Work places • Problems & Investigations	Focus Lesson • Work places • Problems & Investigations
	Minutes	5-10/day	60/day	75/day
CCSS Math 6th grade 7th grade 8th grade Compacted Math Year 1 Compacted Math Year 2** (**HS Algebra credit)				
	Minutes			
Academic Support			2x weekly for Tier 2 Daily for Tier 3	2x weekly for Tier 2 Daily for Tier 3
	Minutes	n/a	30	30
Social Studies/ Science		Whole group and then integrated exploratory activities throughout the day	May rotate units	May rotate units
	Minutes	5-10/day	20-30/day	30/day
World Language		n/a	Not required	Not required
Wellness		Daily routines: health, social skills, personal hygiene, nutrition	Daily routines: Health, social skills	May integrate in homeroom
	Minutes			20

GRADE LEVEL		
4-5	6-8	
60+15 daily Note: The CCSS Mathematical Practices should be used to deliver guided instruction and focus lesson activities.		
Guided Instruction Number Corner		
<ul><li>Focus Lesson</li><li>Work places</li><li>Problems &amp; Investigations</li></ul>		
75/day		
	Note: The CCSS Mathematical Practices should be used to deliver guided instruction and focus lesson activities.	
	Launch (guided instruction/partner or team work) 10-20 min daily <ul> <li>Number Sense Warm-ups</li> <li>Test Review Warm-ups</li> <li>Launch of lesson</li> </ul>	
	Explore 25 – 40 min daily (partner/team work) • Focused content work	
	Summary 5-15 min daily (partner/team work) • Team and whole group discussion • Guided Instruction	
	55-60/day: 275-300/week	
2x weekly for Tier 2 Daily for Tier 3	3x weekly (Tier 3 students up to daily intervention period)	
30		
May rotate units		
45/day		
Not required	High School Equivalent; 8th grade 1 year and/or 7-8th grade 2 years	
	45-55/day; 225-275/week	
May integrate in homeroom	1 period/1 semester	
30	45-55/day; 225-275/week	

# PPS MIDDLE SCHOOL CORE PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION (CONTINUED)

SUBJECT	GRADE LEVEL		
	РК		
English Language Development	Minimum of 150 min./week *Minutes don't include passing time. Scho instruction.	ools need to adjust time in orde	er to ensure 150 min. of solid ELD
	Levels 1-4 Options: • ESL Pull-out Teacher must hold ESOL e • Content Based ESL with push-in or co-	ndorsement teaching	
	Focus Lesson Expectations • Language Objective • Grammatical Forms • Topic Specific Vocabulary • Pattern for Prompts/Responses • Combination Teacher Modeling, Guided • Closure	Practice, Interdependent Pract	tice
	Every ELL getting core content classe	S	
	Collaborative time for ELD and conten	t teachers	
	EB is assigned to ESL Homeroom in S	synergy	

	Minutes	n/a	150/week	
Enrichments		Daily	3x per week	
Music/Art/Dance/ Band/Drama	Minutes	n/a	90/week	
P.E.			Minimum 1x per week	
	Minutes		30/week	30/week
Library			Minimum 1x per week	
	Minutes		20-30/week	20-30/week
Library w/ Integrated Technology				
Assessment	Teacher conducts In-program assessments and/or check-ups across content areas as outlined in curriculum guides to check student learning after the unit of instruction is complete.			
Technology	Technology use	ed to support instruction in all grades.		
Instructional Planning and Design	ctionalTeacher lesson plans across all content areas reflect accurate understanding of age group including the impact of race and culture, as well as exceptions to the general patterns. Teacher values and understands how students learn, their interest a heritage. Teacher applies what they know about their students in their lesson design.			including the impact of race and w students learn, their interest and

GRADE LEVEL		
4-5	6-8	
	Minimum of 150 min/week Levels 1-4 Options: All EBs must have ELD course • ESL Class Period (Mid-HS); *Teacher must hold ESOL endorsement • Content Based ESL (teacher must hold HQ content; have an ESOL endorsement and/or work in consultation with ESL teacher)	
	<ul> <li>Levels 1 (Newcomers): Required</li> <li>Additional minutes/class period per week focus on Intensive English Language Development Basic skill development (reading, writing, math) Acculturation</li> </ul>	
	Focus Lesson Expectations • Language Objective • Grammatical Forms • Topic Specific Vocabulary • Pattern for Prompts/Responses • Closure • Combination Teacher Modeling, Guided Practice, Interdependent Practice	
	Every ELL getting core content classes	
	Collaborative time for ELD and content teachers	
	EB is assigned to ELD Course on Synergy	
	150/week	
	3 x weekly 6th grade exploratory wheel; 7th/8th 3 periods, 2 choice	
	165/week	
	Minimum 2x per week	
30/week	110/week	
20-30/week		
	Integrated	

Daily

MIDDLE SCHOOL PLANNING PRINCIPLES

# MIDDLE SCHOOL PLANNING PRINCIPLES

The concept and diagrams presented below are aspirational desires for the design of schools in PPS with grades 6 through 8 (middle school). They are conceptual and aspirational and as such are not design requirements. While the modernization of existing buildings will require these concepts and themes be modified to fit within existing structures, the concepts of these principles should be incorporated to the greatest extent feasible.



## **ZONED - WHOLE**

The school should be organized in zones. Each zone should contain grouping of grades from small to large. While zoned the school should also feel as one with shared functions contributing to the sense that the school is one family.



# CENTER

While the school should be organized to accommodate the unique characteristics of different aged students, it should also have a Center: A place that informs how the school is organized, allows students of all ages to interact and connect, and celebrates the success of all within the building.



# **LEARNING SPACE ORGANIZATION**

Classrooms should be grouped around a Commons/Extended Learning Areas. The number of classrooms grouped together depends on building, size, program configuration, available space, etc. These groupings should support a wide variety of learning opportunities and possibilities.



# **COMMUNITY OF PROFESSIONALS**

The school should support and reinforce the notion that teachers, administrators, classified personnel and specialists are a community of professionals dedicated to student excellence and support. Space design, school organization and physical characteristics should consider efficiency, ease of use, the ability to collaborate and environmental well-being.

### COMBINED CAFETERIA & GYM





### **ENOUGH SPACE**

The school should contain the size and quantity of spaces needed for a contemporary middle school.



# **FLEXIBLE/AGILE**

Rooms should be designed to expand and contract. This creates the ability to modify student groups, classroom capacity and program delivery. This ability to expand and contract should be easy to accommodate. Attention to building systems to accommodate expansion/contraction strategies (e.g. mechanical systems) needs to be considered.



### VARIETY

Spaces should be sized and designed to support a variety of student groupings and arrangements. Room shape and furniture should be carefully considered.

# TRANSPARENCY

Spaces should be transparent. The ability to see between spaces and to circulation systems should be supported. This supports security, interaction and collegiality.



SENSE O

PROVIDE WONDER MFORTABLE CELEBRATE STUDENT LEARI

DISPLAY

# A SCHOOL SHOULD

A school should feel warm, inviting and comfortable. It should celebrate its history and place within its neighborhood. It should regularly celebrate students' success and accomplishments. The school should be student centered, scaled, aligned and organized to accommodate the educational social and emotional needs of every students.



## **NATURAL LIGHT**

The school should be light filled. All rooms, where practical, should be filled with natural light that is evenly distributed and controllable.



## ACOUSTICS

Schools create a variety of sounds and sound levels. Special attention to the variety of acoustical impacts within a school needs to be considered. Careful analysis, control and attention throughout the school is desired to allow spaces and places to properly function.

SPACE REQUIRED FOR PROGRAM AREA
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## SPACE REQUIREMENTS FOR PROGRAM AREA

Space requirements for program area (area program) identifies the quantity and size of spaces within a middle school required to deliver the educational program using a planning capacity of 675 students in grades 6 through 8. The "planning capacity" of 675 students can be found in the District's Long Range Facilities Plan (LRFP) for middle schools, Enrollment Forecasts & Balancing and School & Site Utilization. To accommodate this planning capacity, the area program plans for three sections (classes) at most grade levels. Refer to the PPS Long Range Facility Plan.

The area program provides requirements for architectural design teams working on the modernization or replacement of middle schools. It is expected that room sizes, adjacencies, and layout will be modified based on the constraints of existing buildings or sites and specific site program needs.

To the extent possible, design teams should strive to incorporate these characteristics into the design of each space. Special attention should be given to the design of instructional spaces used for the delivery of core program requirements to ensure the number, size and characteristics of these spaces optimally provide for the achievement of students and teachers.

It is recognized that the space requirements identified in this document are more readily achieved in new construction. The modernization of existing historic buildings may present conditions where the guidance of this document cannot be fully implemented. To the extent possible, facility improvement projects should follow the guidance for room sizes. In situations where the area program cannot be achieved in the design work for individual schools, the design team are expected to provide project area program updates throughout the design process.

## **INSTRUCTIONAL AND EDUCATIONAL SUPPORT SPACES**

The area program contains specifications for instructional and educational support spaces. Instructional spaces include general classrooms, science labs, and spaces for art and physical education. Educational support areas include gymnasiums, media center, office areas, kitchen and student commons, and custodial area. The room data sheets describe the requirements, functions, relationships, equipment and size for each space. The information provided in the room data sheets should be used in conjunction with the District's Design Guidelines and Standards which provide a greater level of detail for the mechanical, electrical, plumbing, and communication requirements for new construction.

## PREFERRED AND OPTIONAL

A number of spaces in the area program are identified as "preferred" or optional. Preferred or optional elements of the area program provide a range of sizes for spaces to allow school designs to meet individual needs. These spaces should be considered for inclusion by design teams into the program for each school as site, building and budget allow. They are not, however, required spaces.

## **FUTURE PROGRAM CONSIDERATIONS**

#### **Physical Education Instruction**

In 2007, the Oregon State Legislature passed House Bill 3141 (enacted as ORS 329.496). This legislation requires that by the 2017-18 school year all students in grades K through 5 receive physical education (PE) instruction for at least 150 minutes per week and students in grades 6-8 receive at least 225 minutes of weekly PE instruction. The reporting requirements of this legislation include the physical capacity of public schools to provide students with the required number of minutes of instruction.

Determining the physical capacity for required PE instruction is a function of the number of students in each grade and the physical capacity of spaces within the school to provide the instruction. For the purposes of PPS Education Specifications (Ed Specs) for middle schools, the gymnasium and outdoor covered play areas are the primary facilities for PE instruction. In determining the student capacity of these spaces, 125 square feet (SF) per student is used to determine student capacity (e.g. 6,800 SF / 125 SF/student = 55 students).

Planning the size and number of spaces needed for the required PE instruction will need to balance the PE instruction needs of these spaces and other uses for these spaces. For example, the 6,800 SF gymnasium shown in the example below is not sufficient to provide all required PE instructional space for a target enrollment of 675 students. However, in combination with a covered play area, more than enough space is made available for PE instruction. While a smaller gymnasium in combination with the covered play area would better meet the instructional space needs, the size of the gymnasium (6,800 SF) also needs to accommodate a full student assembly.

It is incumbent on the design teams in conjunction with District and school staff to determine the number and size of spaces to meet the instructional requirements of HB 3141 while meeting other programmatic needs of each school.

#### PE Instructional Space Determination 675 Student Middle School

Grade Level	# of Classrooms	Planning Capacity	Total Homeroom Capacity	Weekly Required PE Instruction per Student (minutes)	Weekly Required PE Instruction per Cohort*	PE Classes Required per Week per Cohort*	Class Week	Available per in P.E. Space	Delta
							Gym	Covered Play	
Grades 6-8	27	25	675	225	6,075	102	33	20	
Total	27		675		6,075	102	33	20	

\* Presumes 60 minute PE class

PE space student capacity = area (SF) / 125 SF per student

Gym area: 6,800 SF; Covered Play area: 4,000 SF

Total Homeroom Capacity: Number of Homerooms \*Students per Room

Weekly Required PE Instruction per Student: per HB 3141

Weekly Required PE Instruction per Cohort: Number of Homerooms \* Weekly Required Instruction per Student

PE Classes Required per Week per Cohort: Weekly Required PE Instruction per Cohort / 60 minutes

Classes Available per Week in PE Space: (PE space student capacity / students per class) \* six hours per day \* five week days

Delta: PE Classes per week per cohort - sum of classes available per week in PE Space

**AREA PROGRAM SUMMARY** 

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MIDDLE SCHOOL PROGRAM			
Preferred: spaces preferred but not required or applied to area program total			
AREA	Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total
CLASSROOMS <sup>2</sup>			
Classrooms <sup>3</sup>	22	980	21,560
ESL classroom <sup>4</sup>	1	900	900
Science Classrooms	5	1,300	6,500
Science Prep	1	150	150
Science Storage (chemical storage optional)	1	64	64
Extended Learning Area <sup>5</sup>	3	1,500	4,500
Student Lockers (grades 6, 7, & 8) 225 students <sup>6</sup>	1	190	190
Conference Room	1	200	200
Preferred			200
Subtotal Required			33,864
Subtotal required + preferred			34,064

Notes:

<sup>1</sup> Planning capacity for Middle School program is 675 students with a maximum of three sections of students at each grade level. Consult PPS Long Range Facilities Plan for determination student capacity for each instructional space.

<sup>2</sup> "Specialist" classroom functions such as Title I, Reading, and Math to be accommodated in "Extended Learning" areas

<sup>3</sup> Self-contained classrooms that deliver science curriculum for grades 6-8 need to be large enough to provide the additional sinks, outlets, eyewash and work space needs sufficient for a minimum of 32 students in a science classroom

<sup>4</sup> Room should be divisible into two smaller classrooms

<sup>5</sup> One Commons/Extended Learning Area @ 1,500 SF required per classroom type (grades 6,7,8). Two per classroom type @ 1,000 SF preferred

<sup>6</sup> Lockers can be full height; half height lockers should be stacked.

AREA	Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total
EXPLORATORY			
Music (Band & Choir) Room <sup>7,8</sup>	1	1,400	1,400
Music Office	1	120	120
Art	1	1,200	1,200
Art Storage	1	120	120
Computer Lab	1	980	980
STEAM Lab <sup>9</sup>		1,200	1,200
Practice Rooms		50	100
Kiln Room		100	100
Student Project Storage		200	200
Dance <sup>10</sup>		980	980
Music, instrument, uniform storage	1	120	120
Preferred			2,700
Subtotal Required			3,820
Subtotal required + preferred			6,520
MEDIA/TECHNOLOGY			
Media Center <sup>11</sup>	1	1,650	1,650
Media Workroom (text book/media storage)	1	200	200
Conference/Small Group Study	1	200	200
Media Office	1	100	100
Preferred			_ 100
Subtotal REQUIRED			2,050
Subtotal required + preferred			2,150
Nataa			

Notes:

<sup>7</sup> Music Room with stage may be elevated 18 inches above adjacent cafeteria; separate with acoustic/operable wall that opens to cafeteria; stage to provide space for dance (or dance floor storage) if not provided elsewhere

<sup>8</sup> Music room should incorporate instrument storage if not built separately

<sup>9</sup> Science Technology Engineering Arts and Math (STEAM) lab equipped to accommodate science curriculum as well as fabrication and maker space activities

<sup>10</sup> Dance optional unless it is part of core program; can be located as pull out floor under stage/music room if it opens to cafeteria

<sup>11</sup> 1,650 SF Media Center required; 3,200 SF preferred

Area	Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total
PHYSICAL EDUCATION/ATHLETICS			
Gym (main) seating for 750 person assembly	1	6.800	6.800
Covered Play Area	1	4.000	4,000
PE Storage	2	200	400
Club Storage	3	80	240
PE Office <sup>12</sup>	1	120	120
Boy's Locker Room <sup>13</sup>	1	800	800
Girl's Locker Room <sup>13</sup>	1	800	800
Subtotal Required			13,160
ADMINISTRATION			
Reception/Secretary	1	450	450
Health Room/Toilet	1	200	200
Principal's Office <sup>14</sup>	1	180	180
Assistant Principal's Office <sup>15</sup>	1	120	120
Workroom/Mail	1	350	350
Staff Room	1	500	500
Conference Room <sup>16</sup>	1	180	180
Restroom <sup>17</sup>	2	45	90
Lost & Found	1	50	50
Flex Office		120	120
Secure Storage/Records <sup>18</sup>	1	150	150
Preferred			270
Subtotal Required			2,120
Subtotal required + preferred			2,390

Notes:

<sup>12</sup> 120 SF PE Office required; 200 SF office with shower preferred

<sup>13</sup> 800 SF Locker Rooms required; 1,200 SF preferred; locker room showers are optional

<sup>14</sup> 180 SF Principal's Office required; 200 SF preferred

<sup>15</sup> 120 SF Assistant Principal's Office required; 150 SF preferred

<sup>16</sup> 180 SF Conference Room required; 200 SF preferred

<sup>17</sup> 45 SF single user, gender neutral restrooms required; 64 SF preferred.

<sup>18</sup> Secure Storage/Records optional only if records securely stored in administration

Area	Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total
COUNSELING			
Counselor's Office	2	120	240
Record Storage	1	100	100
Mediation/Tutorial Room	1	120	120
Conference Room		200	200
Droforrod			200
Subtotal PEQUIPED			200
			400
Subiolal required + preierred			000
Learning Conter <sup>19</sup>	1	800	800
Itinorant Offices (Paych/Speech Bath/Elex Office) <sup>20</sup>	3	80	240
Special Neede Tailet	1	120	240
Special Needs Tollet	1	120	120
Life Skille Deem <sup>21</sup>		100	100
		900	960
Preferred			1,130
Subtotal REQUIRED			1,160
Subtotal required + preferred			2,290
COMMUNITY SUPPORT			
Parent/Volunteer Room	1	200	200
Parent/Family/Community Resource Room	1	800	800
Parent/Family Resource Offices 22	1	120	120
Subtotal REQUIRED			1,120

Notes:

<sup>19</sup> Number of Learning Centers dependent on SPED population within school; One 800 SF Learning Center required; additional Learning Centers may be smaller, min. of 600 SF

<sup>20</sup> Three 80 SF Itinerant Office required; three offices at 120 SF preferred

<sup>21</sup> Need for Life Skills room dependent on the needs of the student population

<sup>22</sup> One 120 SF Parent/Family Resource Office required; two 120 SF offices preferred

Area	Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total
CAFETERIA/COMMONS			
Cafeteria <sup>23</sup>	1	4,250	4,250
Kitchen	1	800	800
Dishwashing <sup>24</sup>	1	250	250
Kitchen Freezer/Cooler <sup>25</sup>	0	140	0
Kitchen Office Alcove <sup>26</sup>	1	60	60
Servery <sup>27</sup>	1	900	900
Kitchen Staff Lockers 28	1	20	20
Kitchen Restroom <sup>29</sup>	1	45	45
Table/Chair Storage	1	200	200
Kitchen Storage	1	150	150
Stage <sup>30</sup>		1,000	1,000
Stage Storage <sup>31</sup>		200	200
			4 000
Preferred			1,200
Subtotal REQUIRED			6,675
Subtotal required + preferred			7,875

Notes:

<sup>23</sup> 4,500 SF Cafeteria preferred; three lunch periods allowed; two lunch periods preferred when scheduling allows

- <sup>24</sup> Separate dishwashing area not required if kitchen over 1,000 SF
- <sup>25</sup> Separate freezer/cooler area not required if installed in kitchen and kitchen is over 800 SF
- <sup>26</sup> 60 SF Kitchen Office Alcove required; 100 SF preferred
- <sup>27</sup> Smaller servery allowed if more than two lunches served
- <sup>28</sup> 20 SF for staff lockers required; 100 SF preferred
- <sup>29</sup> 45 SF single user, gender neutral Kitchen Restroom required; 64 SF preferred
- <sup>30</sup> Music room to double as stage is preferred; Music Room and stage should have close proximity to cafeteria to allow space for spectators
- <sup>31</sup> For tables and chairs to support stage function. For installation of stage adjacent cafeteria only: preferred in/adjacent to cafeteria; alternatively install adjacent to music room if it includes a stage function.

Area	Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total
BUILDING SUPPORT			
Restrooms <sup>32</sup>	6	45	270
Toilets - Boys <sup>33</sup>	3	200	600
Toilets - Girls <sup>33</sup>	3	200	600
Custodial Rooms <sup>34</sup>	4	100	400
Custodial Office/Lockers <sup>35</sup>	1	150	150
Materials Storage <sup>36</sup>	1	350	350
Custodial Storage (Just-in-Time) 37	1	350	350
Building Storage/Receiving <sup>38</sup>	1	650	650
MDF Room <sup>39</sup>	1	160	160
IDF Rooms 40	3	80	240
Electrical Room <sup>41</sup>	1	180	180
Central Mechanical Room 42	1	600	600
Electrical Generator Room 43	0	200	0
Corridors 44	Variable		
Custodial Work Area		180	180
Outdoor Equipment Storage		200	200
Concessions	1	100	100
Preferred			480
Subtotal Required			4,550
Subtotal Required + Preferred			5,030

Notes:

<sup>32</sup> Six 45 SF gender neutral restrooms required; six 64 SF restrooms preferred. Provide at least one gender neutral restroom on each floor and near gym facilities. Also ensure at least one gender inclusive and one accessible restroom are included within each area to be accessed outside regular school hours.

<sup>33</sup> Three 200 SF toilet rooms for boys and girls for grades 6-8 required or as required by applicable plumbing code

<sup>34</sup> Four 100 SF Custodial Rooms required; Five 100 SF rooms preferred

<sup>35</sup> 150 SF Custodial Office/Lockers required; 180 SF preferred

<sup>36</sup> 350 SF Materials Storage required; 400 SF preferred

<sup>37</sup> 350 SF Custodial Storage required; 400 SF preferred

- <sup>38</sup> 650 SF Building Storage/Receiving required; 800 SF preferred
- <sup>39</sup> 160 SF MDF Room required; 180 SF preferred
- <sup>40</sup> Three 80 SF IDF Rooms required; three 100 SF rooms preferred
- <sup>41</sup> One 180 SF Electrical Room required; 200 SF preferred
- <sup>42</sup> One 600 SF Central Mechanical Room required; 800 SF preferred
- <sup>43</sup> Can be located outside building if site conditions allow; inside building preferred
- <sup>44</sup> See Corridor Characteristics

Area	Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total
COMMUNITY & PARTNER USES			
Partner Program Office	1	150	150
Pantry <sup>45</sup>	1	200	200
Clothes Closet	1	120	120
After school instruction <sup>46</sup>		500	1,000
Desferred	_		4 000
Preterrea			1,000
Subtotal REQUIRED			470
Subtotal required + preferred			1,470
PPS Middle School Grades 6 through 8			
SUB-TOTAL MIDDLE SCHOOL AREA (Required - Covered Play)			65,934
Net to gross ratio of 29% 47			19,121
MIDDLE SCHOOL PROGRAM TOTAL REQUIRED AREA			85,055
MIDDLE SCHOOL PROGRAM TOTAL PREFERRED AREA			7,280
MIDDLE SCHOOL PROGRAM TOTAL REQUIRED + PREFERRED AREA			92,335
Net to gross ratio of 29% <sup>47</sup>			26,777
MIDDLE SCHOOL PROGRAM TOTAL REQUIRED + PREFERRED AREA TOTAL			119,112

#### Notes:

<sup>45</sup> 200 SF Pantry required; 300 SF preferred

<sup>46</sup> Number of after school instructional spaces to be determined in conjunction with program provider and PPS Facilities and Asset Management

<sup>47</sup> Gross area includes walls, corridors and circulation areas; 29% net to gross for new construction; ratio for modernization projects will vary depending on extent of work

Area	Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total
COMMUNITY & PARTNER USES			
Part Time Programs			
Offices	4	200	800
After school program storage	1	500	500
Health Clinic	1	1,200	1,200
Subtotal			2,500
PHYSICAL EDUCATION/ATHLETICS 48			
Auxiliary Gym	1	5,200	5,200
Subtotal			5,200
Learning Garden 49			
OPTIONAL SUBTOTAL			7,700
Net to Gross (minus covered play areas)			1,508
Middle School Program (net) + Optional (net) Total			73,149
Net to Gross			1.29
Total Gross Square Footage			94,362

Notes:

<sup>48</sup> Development and use of covered play areas and/or auxiliary gym should be primarily to accommodate P.E. instruction time. The size of the these spaces, if installed, should accommodate at least two sections of students.

<sup>49</sup> As size and space allows. To be developed in consultation with PPS Facilities and Asset Management

**AREA PROGRAM & ROOM INFORMATION** 

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## **INTRODUCTION**

Information provided in the room information sheets are meant to provide general guidelines for the design of spaces. To the extent possible, design teams should strive to incorporate these characteristics into the design of each space. Special attention should be given to the design of instructional spaces used for the delivery of core program requirements to ensure the number, size and characteristics of these spaces optimally provide for the achievement of students and teachers.

The room characteristics of this document are more readily achieved in new construction. The modernization and retrofitting of existing buildings (without complete demolition) will involve conditions/circumstances where the guidance of this document cannot be fully implemented. Additionally project budgets may not allow for all guidelines to be incorporated. To the extent possible improvement projects should follow the guidance for room size and characteristics for limited improvement work. Where these characteristics cannot into the design work for individual schools, the design team should document all variations.

The PPS Design Guidelines and Standards should be consulted for details on flooring, wall construction, windows, plumbing, electrical wiring, lighting levels, equipment and acoustics.

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MIDDLE SCHOOL PROGRAM			
Preferred: spaces preferred but not required or applied to area program total			
AREA	Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total
CLASSROOMS <sup>2</sup>			
Classrooms <sup>3</sup>	22	980	21,560
ESL classroom <sup>4</sup>	1	900	900
Science Classrooms	5	1,300	6,500
Science Prep	1	150	150
Science Storage (chemical storage optional)	1	64	64
Extended Learning Area <sup>5</sup>	3	1,500	4,500
Student Lockers (grades 6, 7, & 8) 225 students <sup>6</sup>	1	190	190
Conference Room	1	200	200
Preferred			200
Subtotal Required			33,864
Subtotal required + preferred			34,064

Notes:

<sup>1</sup> Planning capacity for Middle School program is 675 students with a maximum of three sections of students at each grade level. Consult PPS Long Range Facilities Plan for determination student capacity for each instructional space.

<sup>2</sup> "Specialist" classroom functions such as Title I, Reading, and Math to be accommodated in "Extended Learning" areas

<sup>3</sup> Self-contained classrooms that deliver science curriculum for grades 6-8 need to be large enough to provide the additional sinks, outlets, eyewash and work space needs sufficient for a minimum of 32 students in a science classroom

<sup>4</sup> Room should be divisible into two smaller classrooms

<sup>5</sup> One Commons/Extended Learning Area @ 1,500 SF required per classroom type (grades 6,7,8). Two per classroom type @ 1,000 SF preferred

<sup>6</sup> Lockers can be full height; half height lockers should be stacked.

## **GENERAL MIDDLE SCHOOL CLASSROOM CHARACTERISTICS**

#### **General Requirements**

- Provide classroom sized per area program
- Number of classrooms dependent on student population and program requirements
- · Classrooms must be designed as learner-centered environments

#### Functions

- Flexible for different types of modern learning and instruction: large group, small group and individual inquires/study
- Display of instructional materials and student work
- Allow flexibility of storage and display area through determination at time of master planning

#### Location

- Clusters of 4-6 classrooms adjacent to classroom commons/extended learning area
- Existing building footprints may preclude learning suite per diagram in Middle School Planning Principles. However, easily identifiable space for extended learning opportunities adjacent to classrooms should be identified. Attempt to organize classrooms in a manner that creates usable space adjacent to the classroom for extended learning opportunities including small group instruction and student collaboration.

## Relationships

- Adjacent, with transparency to classroom commons/extended learning area
- "Open up" to classroom commons/extended learning area
- Student and Gender Neutral Restrooms
- Relationships may vary depending on program needs
- Ability to control or 'zone' access to classrooms from other parts of the school after school hours
- Adjacency to exterior exit near play area

#### Storage

- Cabinets with doors and drawers of various sizes. Some to hold oversized materials. Size and quantity to be determined during master planning of individual schools
- Teacher cabinet with locking doors
- Adjustable shelves in cabinets
- Cabinets with open shelves to house materials that students use and access, designed appropriate for age group
- Space for portable file cabinet
- See Room Equipment Matrix for preferred amount of cabinets

## Floors

- Provide hard surface flooring. Consider acoustics, teacher and student comfort, ability to move furniture and ease of cleaning
- Carpeted area for 'floor time'; carpet tiles large enough to accommodate a class. See PPS Design Guidelines and Standards for allowable flooring types.

#### Walls

- Minimum of one wall with windows
- Tackable wall surface available on all walls
- Minimum of (2) 4'x8' magnetic white boards on teaching wall per PPS Design Guidelines and Standards
- Interior window to learning suite

## **GENERAL MIDDLE SCHOOL CLASSROOM CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)**

#### Windows

- Generous natural light with sunshade to minimize glare
- High and low operable windows for air circulation
- Operable window shades to control natural light as needed
- Lighting shelves allowed if appropriate and feasible

#### Plumbing

• Built-in counter with sink, grades 1-5

## Power Requirements/Low Voltage

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century classroom and the potential to stream video to and from classrooms. See Room Equipment Matrix.

## Lighting

- Natural daylighting
- Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout the room appropriate for tasks as well as utilizing the overall space

## Acoustics

- Acoustic isolation between rooms
- Acoustic treatment throughout the room to reduce or eliminate background noise
- Ability to simultaneously conduct large and small group instruction
- Selection of ceiling material is an important component

#### Furniture

- Allow for student movement while seated to increase learning (kinetic furniture)
- Allow for a variety of teaching and learning styles
- Desks, chairs, tables per number of students programmed for each classroom and sized for age appropriateness
- Selection of furniture and equipment, including coat and student storage, to be made at individual school level in consultation with PPS Facilities

## Equipment

- Required:
  - TVs and projectors at the discretion of PPS Operations, individual school administration and design team
  - Computers: laptops or mobile computer cart preferred; appropriate to grade level and curriculum requirements
  - Teachers desk, chair & computer
  - See Room Equipment Matrix
- Optional:

Capability to install classroom cameras Microscope camera

## **Special Conditions**

- For self-contained 6th grade classrooms, additional sinks, counter space and power outlet will be needed to accommodate science curriculum. See room equipment matrix for additional equipment needs.
- Door with window and operable shade
- Paper towel dispensers
- Toilet paper dispensers
- Soap dispensers

## **ESL CLASSROOM**

#### **General Requirements**

- Provide ESL Classroom per area program
- Type and number of classrooms dependent on student population and program requirements

#### Functions

- Flexible for different types of modern learning and instruction: large group, small group and individual inquires/study
- Display of instructional materials and student work
- Allow flexibility of storage and display area through determination at time of master planning
- Create a learner-centered environment

#### Location

- Location of ESL classroom will be a site-based decision
- Existing building footprints may preclude ideal location. However, easily identifiable space for ESL learning opportunities adjacent to general classrooms or special education should be identified.

#### Relationships

- Small group conference/meeting room
- Restrooms
- Relationships may vary depending on program needs

#### Storage

- Cabinets with doors and drawers of various sizes. Some to hold oversized materials. Size and quantity to be determined during master planning of individual schools
- Teacher cabinet with locking doors
- Adjustable shelves in cabinets
- Cabinets with open shelves to house materials that students use
- Space for portable file cabinet

#### Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring. Consider acoustics, teacher and student comfort, ability to move furniture and ease of cleaning.

## Walls

- Minimum of one wall with windows
- Tackable wall surface covering or available on all walls. Preferred minimum of (2) 4'x8' boards
- Minimum of (2) 4'x8' magnetic white boards on teaching wall

#### Windows

- · Generous natural light with sunshade to minimize glare
- High and low operable windows for air circulation
- Operable window shades to control natural light as needed

## Plumbing

• None required

## ESL CLASSROOM (CONTINUED)

#### Power Requirements/Low Voltage

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century classroom and the potential to stream video to and from classrooms.

## Lighting

• Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout the room appropriate for tasks as well as utilizing the overall space

#### Acoustics

- Acoustic isolation between rooms
- Acoustic treatment throughout the room to reduce or eliminate background noise
- Ability to simultaneously conduct large and small group instruction
- Selection of ceiling material an important component

## Furniture

- Allow for student movement while seated to increase learning (kinetic furniture)
- Allow for a variety of teaching and learning styles
- Desks, chairs, tables per number of students programmed for each classroom and size for range of student ages

#### Equipment

- TVs and projectors at the discretion of individual school administration and design team
- Laptop computers or mobile computer cart with secure storage preferred
- Teachers desk, chair & computer
- Optional: capability to install classroom cameras and security
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## **Special Conditions**

• Door with window

## SCIENCE CLASSROOM REQUIREMENTS

#### **General Requirements**

• Provide Science Classrooms per area program

#### **Functions**

- Teacher/ instructional station
- Flexible for different types of modern learning and instruction: large group, small group and individual inquires/study. Small group areas for four students preferred.
- Display of instructional materials and student work
- Work stations for team projects
- Supports life, earth, and physical sciences and STEM curriculums for grades 6-8. Number of science classrooms to be determined at time of master planning.
- Ability to accommodate 25 to 35 students; sufficient work space to accommodate small groupings of students (2-4) around equipment and portable computing devices.

#### Location

- Science classrooms should be centrally located to allow sharing between different grade levels
- Where existing conditions preclude development of 'learning suites', attempt to organize classrooms in a manner that creates usable space adjacent to the classroom for extended learning opportunities including small group instruction and student collaboration.

#### Relationships

- Adjacent, with transparency to Commons/Extended Learning Environment, where applicable
- "Open up" to Commons/Extended Learning Area
- Adjacent to Science Support and Prep Rooms
- Restrooms

#### Storage

- Cabinets with doors and drawers of various sizes, sufficient to meet school specific program requirements
- Teacher cabinet with locking doors
- Space for portable file cabinet
- Adjustable shelves in cabinets
- Curriculum specific storage, goggle sanitizing cabinets, safety equipment
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## Floors

- Provide hard surface flooring. Consider acoustics, teacher and student comfort, ability to move furniture and ease of cleaning.
- Durable, chemical resistant

#### Walls

- Minimum of one wall with windows
- Tackable wall surface covering all walls per PPS Design Guidelines and Standards; minimum of (2) 4'x8' boards
- Minimum of (2) 4'x8' magnetic white boards on teaching wall

#### Windows

- Generous natural light w/sunshade to minimize glare
- High and low operable windows for air circulation
- Operable window shades to control natural light as needed
- · Light shelves allowed if appropriate and feasible

## SCIENCE CLASSROOM REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)

## Plumbing

- Minimum of (4) sinks per science classroom plus (1) optional for teacher's demonstration station. Exact number of plumbing fixtures dependent on room layout.
- One plumbed accessible eyewash stations required per classroom if recommended by the National Science Teachers Association standards.

## **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

- Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century classroom and the potential to stream video to and from classrooms. Outlets in perimeter counter top space to allow small groups of two to four students to use equipment and laptop computer is preferred. Classrooms without counter space to accommodate a minimum of 28 students should provide overhead power for teacher and student equipment.
- Video outlet near demonstration area
- See Room Equipment Matrix for preferred number of outlets

## Lighting

- Natural daylighting
- Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout the room appropriate for tasks as well as utilizing the overall space

## Acoustics

- Acoustic isolation between rooms
- Acoustic treatment throughout the room to reduce or eliminate background noise
- Ability to simultaneously conduct large and small group instruction

#### Furniture

- Allow for student movement while seated to increase learning
- Tables, chairs and desks to match number of students programmed for space. Chemical resistant surface
- Lab stations with chemical resistant surface, sinks
- Selection of furniture and equipment to be made at individual school level in consultation with PPS Facilities

## Equipment

- See room equipment matrix for additional equipment needed for 6th grade curricula if delivered in self contained classrooms
- Computers: laptops or mobile computer carts preferred unless curriculum requires otherwise
- Teachers desk, chair & computer.
- Fume hood inclusion to be decided at individual school level in consultation with PPS Facilities
- Required: Teacher demo station, chair & computer; mobile teacher demonstration station for self-contained 6th grade classroom
  Pull down screen for video projection

Fire extinguisher

Blanket cabinet

See Room Equipment Matrix

Preferred: Gas and air spigots inclusion to be decided at individual school level in consultation with PPS Facilities.

Goggle sanitizer Ack Microwave

Beaker drying rack

- Hotplates
- Paper towel dispensers
- Toilet paper dispensers
- Soap dispensers

## **Special Conditions**

• Doors with re-lite window

## SCIENCE STORAGE AND PREP ROOMS REQUIREMENTS

#### **General Requirements**

- Provide Storage Room per Area Program, chemical storage (where applicable) is secured within the Storage Room
- Provide Prep Rooms per Area Program

#### Functions

- Support science and optional STEAM classroom curriculum; Storage for science curriculum and cart to transport equipment/curriculum
- Counter space for working

#### Location

• Adjacent to science classrooms

#### Relationships

- Adjacency of storage and prep rooms preferred
- Adjacent to science optional STEAM classroom; science classrooms can typically share a storage and prep room pairing

#### Storage

- Secure abundant cabinets with doors and drawers of various sizes, based on program/ curriculum needs
- Curriculum specific storage
- Adjustable shelves in cabinets
- Secure flammable liquids storage
- Secure acid storage
- See Room Equipment Matrix for preferred length of cabinets

#### Floors

• Provide hard surface, chemical resistant flooring. Consider acoustics, teacher comfort, ability to move furniture and ease of cleaning

#### Windows

• None required, natural light always preferred

## Plumbing

• Need for sink in Prep Room to be made at individual school level in consultation with PPS Facilities

## **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

- Need for refrigerator, dish washer, and water purifier in prep rooms to be made at individual school level in consultation with PPS Facilities. Power to support this equipment required if installed.
- · Power required for tools and devices needed to support school specific STEAM program
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## Lighting

• Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout the room appropriate for tasks as well as utilizing the overall space

## Acoustics

- Acoustic isolation between rooms
- · Acoustic treatment throughout the room to reduce or eliminate background noise

## SCIENCE SUPPORT ROOMS REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)

## Equipment

- Fume hood in prep rooms to be determined at individual school level in consultation with PPS Facilities
- Gas, air spigots in prep rooms to be determined at individual school level in consultation with PPS Facilities
- Paper towel dispensers
- Toilet paper dispensers
- Soap dispensers
- Optional: refrigerator, dish washer and water purifier in prep rooms
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## **Special Conditions**

• Locked - teacher to control access

## Size

- Chemical Storage per Area Program
- Prep Room per Area Program

## **CLASSROOM COMMONS / EXTENDED LEARNING AREA**

#### **General Requirements**

- Provide commons sized per area program
- Number of adjacent classrooms dependent on student population and program requirements
- The commons area is an open and flexible space that serves as an extension of the classroom environment

#### Functions

- Flexible for different types of modern learning and instruction: large group, small group and individual inquires/study
- Display of instructional materials and student work
- Allow flexibility of storage and display area through determination at time of master planning

#### Location

- Adjacent to 4-6 classrooms creating a 'learning suite'
- Existing building footprints may preclude learning suite per diagram in Middle School Planning Principles. However, easily identifiable space for extended learning opportunities adjacent to classrooms should be identified. Attempt to organize classrooms in a manner that creates usable space adjacent to the classroom for extended learning opportunities including small group instruction and student collaboration.
- Positioned so that students in the commons can be monitored by the adjacent classrooms

#### Relationships

- Adjacent, with transparency to classrooms
- Small group conference/meeting room
- Teacher offices/work rooms
- Restrooms
- Relationships may vary depending on program needs
- Zoned for security

## Storage

- Cabinets with doors and drawers of various sizes
- Adjustable shelves in cabinets
- See Room Equipment Matrix for preferred amount of cabinets

#### Floors

• Consider acoustics, teacher and student comfort, ability to move furniture and ease of cleaning

## Walls

- Natural daylight
- Tackable wall surface available on some walls
- 4'x8' magnetic white board
- Interior window to classrooms

#### Windows

- Generous natural light with sunshade to minimize glare
- High and low operable windows for air circulation
- Operable window shades to control natural light as needed

## Plumbing

• None required

## **CLASSROOM COMMONS / EXTENDED LEARNING AREA (CONTINUED)**

## Power Requirements/Low Voltage

- Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century classroom and the potential to stream video
- Wiring for voice over IP

#### Lighting

- Natural daylighting
- Provide consistent lighting throughout the space appropriate for tasks as well as utilizing the overall space

#### Acoustics

- Acoustic treatment throughout the room to reduce background noise
- Ability to simultaneously conduct large and small group instruction
- Selection of ceiling material is an important component

#### Furniture

- Allow for a variety of teaching and learning styles and configurations
- Chairs and tables per area program for each commons and sized for age appropriateness
- Selection of furniture and equipment to be made at individual school level in consultation with PPS Facilities

#### Equipment

- TVs and projectors at the discretion of individual school administration and design team
- Computers: laptops or mobile computer cart preferred unless curriculum requires otherwise. Storage of computers needs to be within locked/ secured area
- Optional: capability to install cameras and security
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## **Special Conditions**

• At the discretion of individual school administration and design team

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AREA	Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total
EXPLORATORY			
Music (Band & Choir) Room <sup>7,8</sup>	1	1,400	1,400
Music Office	1	120	120
Art	1	1,200	1,200
Art Storage	1	120	120
Computer Lab	1	980	980
STEAM Lab <sup>9</sup>		1,200	1,200
Practice Rooms		50	100
Kiln Room		100	100
Student Project Storage		200	200
Dance <sup>10</sup>		980	980
Music, instrument, uniform storage	1	120	120
Preferred			2.700
Subtotal Required			3,820
Subtotal required + preferred			6,520
MEDIA/TECHNOLOGY			
Media Center <sup>11</sup>	1	1,650	1,650
Media Workroom (text book/media storage)	1	200	200
Conference/Small Group Study	1	200	200
Media Office	1	100	100
Preferred			100
Subtotal REQUIRED			2,050
Subtotal required + preferred			2.150
			,

Notes:

<sup>7</sup> Music Room with stage may be elevated 18 inches above adjacent cafeteria; separate with acoustic/operable wall that opens to cafeteria; stage to provide space for dance (or dance floor storage) if not provided elsewhere

<sup>8</sup> Music room should incorporate instrument storage if not built separately

<sup>9</sup> Science Technology Engineering Arts and Math (STEAM) lab equipped to accommodate science curriculum as well as fabrication and maker space activities

<sup>10</sup> Dance optional unless it is part of core program; can be located as pull out floor under stage/music room if it opens to cafeteria

<sup>11</sup> 1,650 SF Media Center required; 3,200 SF preferred

# **MUSIC (BAND & CHOIR) CLASSROOM REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

• Provide (1) Music Classroom per Area Program

#### **Functions**

- Music instruction including; identification of note values, scale structure, and proper musical tone and pitch
- Mechanical skills to successfully perform music, including instrument care, posture, and breathing
- Musical performance skills using correct tone, intonation and timing while performing in an ensemble with accurate balance
- Flexible for different types of modern learning and instruction: large group, small group and individual inquires/study
- Playing of band and orchestra instruments
- Recording

#### Location

- Adjacent or near gymnasium and stage area or multipurpose room
- Near or with exterior door for loading and unloading instruments is preferred

#### Relationships

- Music room office
- Gymnasium
- Stage or multipurpose room
- Practice rooms (where applicable)

#### Floors

· Consider acoustics, teacher and student comfort, ability to move furniture and ease of cleaning

#### Walls

- Minimum of one wall with windows
- Tackable wall surface covering permanent walls (where applicable)
- Minimum of (2) 4'x8' magnetic white boards on teaching wall (where applicable)
- Sound isolation with acoustical treatment

#### Windows

- Generous natural light w/ sunshade to minimize glare
- · High and low operable windows for air circulation
- Operable window shades to control natural light as needed

#### Plumbing

• Counter with large sink in walled music rooms. Plaster trap preferred, but not required

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

- Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century classroom and the potential to stream video to and from classrooms
- Wiring details/requirements to be provided in the PPS Design Guidelines

## Lighting

- Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout the room appropriate for tasks as well as utilizing the overall space
- Avoid fluorescent lighting

# MUSIC (BAND & CHOIR) CLASSROOM REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)

## Acoustics

- Acoustic isolation between rooms
- Acoustic treatment throughout the room to reduce or eliminate background noise
- Acoustical treatments to reflect best practices in middle school band room design
- Ability to simultaneously conduct large and small group instruction

## Furniture

- Allow for students to move chairs and configurations easily
- Director's chair, stand or podium

## Equipment

- Classroom computers
- Teachers desk, chair & computer
- See equipment matrix

## **Special Conditions**

- Door with re-lite window
- Tiered floor to be determined at individual school level in consultation with PPS Facilities

## **MUSIC OFFICE REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

• Provide Music Office per Area Program

#### Functions

- Support for Band and Choir Room
- Teacher prep
- Student conference

#### Location

• Adjacent to Music Room with window into music room

#### Relationships

Music classroom

#### Storage

- Teacher cabinet
- File cabinet space
- Cabinets with doors and drawers of various sizes

#### Floors

• Consider acoustics, teacher and student comfort, ability to move furniture and ease of cleaning

#### Walls

- Minimum of one wall with windows
- Tackable wall surface covering all walls
- Minimum of (1) 4x4 magnetic white boards

## Windows

• Access to natural light w/ sunshade to minimize glare

## Plumbing

• None required

## Power Requirements/Low Voltage

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment

#### Lighting

• Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout the room appropriate for tasks as well as utilizing the overall space

## Acoustics

• Acoustic isolation between rooms

## Furniture

• Comfortable, flexible

## Equipment

- Computer; laptops preferred
- Desk, chair
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## ART CLASSROOM REQUIREMENTS

#### **General Requirements**

• Provide Art Classroom per Area Program

#### **Functions**

- The curriculum involves rotating units on different art media
- Must support a wide variety of art activities that can accommodate messy, hands-on, project based activities
- Flexible for different types of modern learning and instruction: large group, small group and individual inquires/study
- Display and review of instructional materials and student work

#### Location

• Will be used by multiple grade levels, should be centrally located

#### Relationships

- Transparency to 'learning suite' or school as a whole
- "Open up" to commons/extended learning area, learning on display
- Art storage rooms
- Restrooms

#### Storage

- · Abundant cabinets with doors and drawers of various sizes
- Teacher cabinet or mobile teacher cart with locking doors
- Adjustable shelves in cabinets
- Cabinets with open shelves to house materials that students use (paint, large format paper, brushes, hand tools), vertical slots for storage. Builtin counters with sinks.
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring. Consider acoustics, teacher and student comfort, ability to move furniture and ease of cleaning

## Walls

- Minimum of one wall with windows
- Tackable wall surface covering all walls, sufficient for large format work
- Minimum of (2) 4'x8' magnetic white boards on teaching wall

#### Windows

- Generous natural light w/ sunshade to minimize glare
- High and low operable windows for air circulation
- Operable window shades to control natural light as needed

#### Plumbing

• Sink for washing brushes. Two sinks preferred; one required

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century classroom and the potential to stream video to and from classrooms

## **ART CLASSROOM REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)**

## Lighting

- Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout the room appropriate for tasks as well as utilizing the overall space
- Acoustics
- Acoustic isolation between rooms
- Ability to simultaneously conduct large and small group instruction

## Furniture

- Allow for student movement while seated to increase learning
- Allow for variety of teaching and learning styles
- Standing desks, stools, and easels to meet program/curriculum requirements
- Furniture to be selected at individual school level in consultation with PPS Facilities
- Computer tables when needed

## Equipment

- Teachers desk, chair & computer
- Paper towel dispensers
- Toilet paper dispensers
- Soap dispensers
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## **Special Conditions**

• Ventilation for painting spaces

## **ART STORAGE / SUPPLY ROOMS REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

• Provide Art Storage/ Supply Rooms per Area Program

#### Functions

• Secure/lockable storage space for Art supplies and equipment

#### Location

• Cluster with other arts classrooms

#### Relationships

• Art classroom

#### Storage

- Abundant cabinets with doors and drawers of various sizes. Some to hold oversized materials
- Large format paper storage
- Adjustable shelves in cabinets
- Portable open racks for student project storage
- Easel storage, space to store easels for full capacity of students in class

#### Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring, ability to move furniture and ease of cleaning

#### Walls

• Durable

#### Windows N/A

Plumbing N/A

#### Power Requirements/Low Voltage N/A

#### Lighting

• Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout the room appropriate for tasks as well as utilizing the overall space

#### Acoustics

• Acoustic isolation between rooms

#### Equipment

- Specialized equipment
- See Room Equipment Matrix
# **COMPUTER LAB REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

- Class based computer instruction or group based projects or research
- Computer based assessment testing

#### **Functions**

- Supports library and library instruction, and required testing
- Supports small and large group instruction

#### Location

• Near Media Center/Library and Classrooms

#### **Relationships**

- Media Center Library
- Core learning spaces

#### Storage

- Carts or lockable storage cabinets for technology
- Provide cabinets with doors wherever possible
- Lower and upper cabinets with adjustable shelving

#### Floors

• Consider acoustics, teacher and staff movement, ease of cleaning and type of instruction when selecting flooring materials

#### Walls

- Minimum of (1) wall with windows
- · Windows to be located to provide views and natural light
- Tackable wall surface
- (2) minimum 4' x8' magnetic white board on teaching wall (can be used as screen)

#### Windows

- Windows sized to provide ample natural light
- Ability to control natural light when necessary
- Operable windows low and high for circulation
- Interior windows for connectivity to Library

#### Plumbing

• None required

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century learning environment, and the potential to stream video. Power required to operable specialty equipment and devices.

#### Lighting

Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

# **COMPUTER LAB REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)**

# **Acoustics**

- Acoustics should be designed to increase the ability to hear well throughout the space
- Ability to simultaneously conduct large and small group instruction
- Background noise should be reduced or eliminated. Audio reinforcement needed.

# Furniture

- Tables and chairs
- Chairs
- One adjustable height teacher's desk, and chair
- Mobile file cabinets

### Equipment

- Computers (students and teacher)
- See equipment matrix
- Wired for Voice Over IP

### **Special Conditions**

• Doors with windows

# **OPTIONAL STEAM LAB CHARACTERISTICS**

#### **General Requirements**

• Provide Flexible Classroom per Area Program

#### **Functions**

- Primarily supports District science and STEAM curriculum for grades 6-8; also supports fabrication and maker space type activities of other grade levels
- Flexible for different types of modern learning and instruction; large group, small group and individual inquires/study and project based learning
- Display of instructional materials and student work
- Space for team projects; work stations are optional
- Ability to accommodate 25-35 students; sufficient work space to accommodate small groupings of students (2-4) around equipment and portable computing devices

#### Location

• Connection to Science Classroom

#### Relationships

- Adjacent Science Classroom
- Adjacent with connection to science support classrooms
- Restrooms.

#### Storage

- Storage primarily to support science curriculum; cabinets with doors and drawers of various sizes sufficient to meet school specific program requirements
- Adjustable shelves in cabinets
- Teacher cabinet with locking doors
- Space for portable file cabinet
- Curriculum specific storage, goggle sanitizing cabinets, safety equipment

#### Floors

- Provide hard surface flooring. Consider acoustics teacher and student comfort, ability to move furniture and ease of cleaning
- Durable, chemical resistant

#### Walls

- Minimum of one wall with windows
- Tackable wall surface covering all walls per PPS Design Guidelines and Standards; minimum of (2) 4'x8' boards
- Minimum of (2) 4'x8' magnetic white boards on teaching wall

#### Windows

- Generous natural light with sunshade to minimize glare
- High and low operable windows for air circulation
- Operable window shags to control natural light as needed
- Light shelves allowed if appropriate and feasible

#### Plumbing

- Minimum of (4) sinks per science classroom plus (1) optional for teacher's demonstration station. Exact number of plumbing fixtures dependent on room layout.
- One plumbed accessible eyewash stations required per classroom if recommended by the National Science Teachers Association standards.

# **OPTIONAL STEAM LAB CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)**

#### **Power Requirements**

- Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century classroom and the potential to stream video to and from classrooms
- Video outlet near demonstration area
- See Room Equipment Matrix for preferred number of outlets

# Lighting

- · Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout space
- Natural daylighting

#### Acoustics

- Acoustic isolation between rooms
- Acoustic treatment throughout the room to reduce or eliminate background noise
- Ability to simultaneously conduct large and small group instruction
- · Acoustic treatment throughout the room to reduce or eliminate background noise

#### Furniture

- Allow for student movement while seated to increase learning
- Tables and/or desks, chairs to match number of students programmed for space
- Work station determination to be made at individual school level based on use of space in consultation with PPS Facilities:
  - Lab stations with chemical resistant surface, sinks (if required by science curriculum) to support science curriculum; lab stations can also be incorporated into counter top area
  - Tables appropriate for project work requiring hand and/or power tools

#### Equipment

• Required: Computers: laptops or mobile computer carts preferred unless curriculum requires otherwise

Teacher's table/desk, chair and computer

- Pull down screen for video projection to support cart mounted projectors; ceiling mounted projectors will use white board Fire extinguisher
- For Science program:
- Teacher demo station
- Preferred: Blanket cabinet
  - Goggle Sanitizer
    - Beaker drying rack
    - Microwave
  - Hotplates
  - Tools and equipment to support school specific fabrication and maker space needs
- Paper towel dispensers
- Toilet paper dispensers
- Soap dispensers
- See Room Equipment Matrix

#### **Special Conditions**

• Doors with re-lite window

# **MEDIA CENTER/LIBRARY REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

- Core area of the school
- Welcoming area
- Focus point/destination
- Visual openness and transparency
- Lots of natural light
- Variety of medium and high volume spaces
- Flexible
- "Student hang" space, student seating throughout (student seating required in various areas)
- Small group (10-15) and tutoring spaces
- Potential resource center for community
- Hub for collaboration and creation
- Addresses and celebrates technology
- Secure (for books and equipment)
- Circulation Desk:
  - Centrally located
  - Space for checkout as well as repair area, counter with cabinets above and below
- Computer lab/technology Design Studio located adjacent media center/library
- Space for whole class instruction
- Reading lounge

# Functions

- Provides an inviting space for students to gather for academic and social situations
- Flexible/mobile furnishings so space can be reconfigured daily and over time
- Provides areas for collaboration, reading, research and congregation and library functions
- Provides areas for large group collaboration as well as smaller areas or niches for tutoring or counseling
- Instruction space, whole class and individual

# Location

- Should be centrally located
- Interior/exterior connectivity

# Relationships

- Classrooms
- Exterior courtyard
- Main entry (for after-hours use)
- Computer lab
- Media office
- Restrooms and security controls, if used after school hours

# Storage

- Variety of fixed and mobile shelving
- Shelving should be adjustable and deep enough to house variety of books/book sizes and technical equipment. See Room Equipment Matrix
- Computer stations/carts/kiosks (classroom equivalent; reference and circulation)



# **MEDIA CENTER/LIBRARY REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)**

- Circulation Desk:
  - Drawers and cabinets
  - Lockable storage for personal items
  - Cabinets should have doors wherever possible
  - Counter top space with varying heights
  - Space for mobile file cabinet
  - Space for book return unit
- Display cases or open shelving
- Shipping/receiving of text books

#### Floors

• Carpet flooring. Consider acoustics, teacher and staff movement, ease of cleaning and type of instruction when selecting flooring materials

#### Walls

- Windows to be located to provide views and an abundance of natural light
- Minimum of (1) 4'x8' magnetic whiteboard (can be used as screen)
- Tackable wall surface or tack boards wherever possible

#### Windows

- Windows sized to provide ample natural light
- Ability to control natural light when necessary
- Operable windows low and high for circulation

#### Plumbing

• (1) sink

#### Power Requirements/Low Voltage

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century learning environment, and the potential to stream video. Power required to operable specialty equipment and devices, some in-floor outlets preferred. See PPS Design Guidelines and Standards for wiring requirements.

#### Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space. Control of lighting should be available throughout the library.

#### Acoustics

- · Acoustics should be designed to increase the ability to hear well throughout the space
- Ability to simultaneously conduct large and small group instruction as well as individual research and instruction

#### Furniture

- Mobile book shelving for flexibility in room arrangement. Units should be sized to allow ease of movement
- Allow for student movement while seated to increase learning. Provide furniture for different learning types. Provide durable and comfortable seating.
- Provide seating that can be integrated with technology (power and data)
- Tables, to accommodate a variety of student sizes
- Chairs, to accommodate a variety of student sizes
- Soft seating, that is durable and cleanable

# **MEDIA CENTER/LIBRARY REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)**

### Equipment

- Computers; for student research
- Circulation desk
- Space for Security gates/detection device
- Telephone/Intercom
- Motorized shades at tall windows (if applicable)
- Portable/mobile projection screen for flexibility
- Paper towel dispensers
- Toilet paper dispensers
- Soap dispensers
- See Room Equipment Matrix

# **Special Conditions**

- Doors with windows
- Common area outdoors to be used for additional instruction, possible after hours entry

# **MEDIA WORKROOM**

#### **General Requirements**

- Ample workspace
- Secure room
- Visual connection to Media Center
- Production space for staff
- Book repair/maintenance
- Production space for creative activities

#### Functions

- Place for staff to produce materials housed in the media center/library
- · Provides a supervised production space for students to work on creative activities and provides technology to support these activities
- Receive and store textbooks
- Provides areas for large group collaboration as well as smaller areas or niches for tutoring or counseling
- Instruction space, whole class and individual
- Text book & media storage

#### Location

• Adjacent to media center/library

#### Relationships

• Media center/library

#### Storage

- Countertop
- Flat file or vertical storage sized appropriately for charts and posters

#### Floors

Provide hard surface flooring. Consider acoustics, teacher and staff movement, ease of cleaning and type of instruction when selecting flooring materials

#### Plumbing

• Sink for project clean up

# **Power Requirements / Low Voltage**

- Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power equipment and devices in the 21st century learning environment.
- Flat file or vertical storage sized appropriately for charts and posters

#### Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space

#### Acoustics

• Acoustics should be designed to increase the ability to hear well throughout the space. Acoustic isolation should be considered for this space.

#### Furniture

- Desk (if not built-in)
- Chair
- Ability to accommodate desktop computer

# MEDIA WORKROOM CONTINUED

# Equipment

- Computer; laptop with secure storage preferred
- See Room Equipment Matrix

# **MEDIA CENTER CONFERENCE / SMALL GROUP REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

- Flexible
- Instructional space
- Classroom activities

#### Functions

- Supports Media Center instruction
- Flexible for different teaching styles and group sizes
- Supports small and medium group instruction

#### Location

• Near/adjacent to Media Center/Library

#### Relationships

- Media Center/Library
- Core learning spaces

#### Storage

- Carts or lockable storage cabinets for technology
- Provide cabinets with doors wherever possible
- Open shelves for material students use during activities

#### Floors

• Consider acoustics, teacher and student movement, ease of cleaning and type of instruction when selecting flooring materials

#### Walls

- Minimum of (1) wall with windows
- Windows to be located to provide views and natural light
- Tackable wall surface
- Minimum 4' x8' magnetic white board on teaching wall (can be used as screen)

#### Windows

- Windows sized to provide ample natural light
- Ability to control natural light when necessary
- Operable windows low and high for circulation
- Interior windows for connectivity to Media Center/Library

#### Plumbing N/A

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century learning environment, and the
potential to stream video. Power required to operable specialty equipment and devices. See PPS Design Guidelines and Standards for wiring
requirements.

### Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

# MEDIA CENTER CONFERENCE / SMALL GROUP REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)

# **Acoustics**

- Acoustics should be designed to increase the ability to hear well throughout the space
- Background noise should be reduced or eliminated. Audio reinforcement needed.
- Furniture
- Mobile tables
- Chairs

# Equipment

- Computers (students and teacher); laptops with secure storage preferred
- See equipment matrix

# Middle School - Media Center/Library



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#### PPS Middle School Grades 6 through 8

Area	Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total
PHYSICAL EDUCATION/ATHLETICS			
Gym (main) seating for 750 person assembly	1	6.800	6.800
Covered Play Area	1	4.000	4,000
PE Storage	2	200	400
Club Storage	3	80	240
PE Office <sup>12</sup>	1	120	120
Boy's Locker Room <sup>13</sup>	1	800	800
Girl's Locker Room <sup>13</sup>	1	800	800
Subtotal Required			13,160
ADMINISTRATION			
Reception/Secretary	1	450	450
Health Room/Toilet	1	200	200
Principal's Office <sup>14</sup>	1	180	180
Assistant Principal's Office <sup>15</sup>	1	120	120
Workroom/Mail	1	350	350
Staff Room	1	500	500
Conference Room <sup>16</sup>	1	180	180
Restroom <sup>17</sup>	2	45	90
Lost & Found	1	50	50
Flex Office		120	120
Secure Storage/Records <sup>18</sup>	1	150	150
Preferred			270
Subtotal Required			2,120
Subtotal required + preferred			2,390

Notes:

<sup>12</sup> 120 SF PE Office required; 200 SF office with shower preferred

<sup>13</sup> 800 SF Locker Rooms required; 1,200 SF preferred; locker room showers are optional

<sup>14</sup> 180 SF Principal's Office required; 200 SF preferred

<sup>15</sup> 120 SF Assistant Principal's Office required; 150 SF preferred

<sup>16</sup> 180 SF Conference Room required; 200 SF preferred

<sup>17</sup> 45 SF single user, gender neutral restrooms required; 64 SF preferred.

<sup>18</sup> Secure Storage/Records optional only if records securely stored in administration

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# **GYMNASIUM REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

- Physical Education instruction, partner and community use
- After hours accessibility
- Nondestructive walls
- Main gymnasium
- Size basketball court for Grades 6-8
- Enough seating for all-school student assemblies
- Accommodates a variety of seating capacities
- Tall ceilings and large floor space to accommodate a variety of sports and fitness activities
- Adequate ventilation and good natural daylight

#### **Functions**

- · Physical education classes sufficient to meet state physical education and curriculum requirements
- Competitions and practices
- Community use
- Accommodate all school student assemblies

#### Location

- Close to outdoor fields
- Adjacent to covered play areas and/or auxiliary gym where applicable
- Adjacent to parking lot/parking area

#### Relationships

- Locker Rooms
- Access to fields and parking areas
- PE Office

#### Storage

- Chair storage sufficient to allow full student assembly in gymnasium, as required
- General PE equipment storage and sports team storage

#### Floors

- Provide wood flooring system
- Floor striping for basketball, volleyball
- Floor striping for specialty sports as determined at the individual school level

#### Walls

- Wall padding on all walls
- High windows to provide natural light
- Acoustical wall treatment

#### Windows

- High windows, sized to provide ample natural light
- Ability to control natural light when necessary

# **GYMNASIUM REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)**

#### Plumbing

• Drinking fountains in gymnasium or directly outside (i.e. lobby)

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century learning environment, and the potential to stream video. Power required to operable specialty equipment and devices.

### Lighting

- Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.
- Provide industrial type lighting and/or wire guards for protection
- Access to lighting from within gym

#### Acoustics

• Acoustics should be designed to increase the ability to hear well throughout the space. Acoustic isolation should be considered for this space.

#### Furniture

- Bleachers
- Chairs for assembly (if required)

#### Equipment

- Motorized bleachers
- Hanging bars
- Recessed floor plates for nets
- Scoreboard
- See Room Equipment Matrix

#### **Special Conditions**

• Doors with kickplates and windows into adjacent common areas

#### See PPS Design Guidelines and Standards for details on:

• Flooring, wall construction, windows, plumbing, electrical wiring, lighting levels, equipment and acoustics

# **PE / CLUB STORAGE REQUIREMENTS**

### **General Requirements**

- Ability to store sports and fitness equipment; i.e. volleyball standards, ball racks, floor mats, etc.
- Accessible by all coaches (men's and women's)
- Large doors for access

#### Functions

• Provide space for miscellaneous storage of athletic equipment, supplies and uniforms

#### Location

- Adjacent to Gymnasium(s)
- Field Equipment should be located with exterior access or in bleachers/grandstands area

#### Relationships

• Adjacent to Gymnasiums and fields

#### Storage

- Adjustable shelving, deep enough for boxes, etc.
- Volleyball standards, ball racks, floor mats, lacrosse goals
- Bars/Racks for uniform storage

#### Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring

# Walls

• Durable wall construction and finish

#### Windows N/A

# Plumbing

• Floor drain may be desirable

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power devices

# Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

# Acoustics/Furniture N/A

#### Equipment

- See Room Equipment Matrix
- Special Conditions
- Door(s) should swing 180 degrees to allow ease in moving equipment

# **PE / COACHES OFFICE REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

- Supervision into locker rooms
- Separate toilet and shower facilities
- Controlled space; access by key
- Desk space for coach plus teacher's aid
- Located for supervision to locker room doors

#### Functions

• Office and changing area for PE staff, coaches and officials

#### Location

• As part of the locker room footprint

#### Relationships

- Locker Room
- Gymnasiums
- Outdoor fields

#### Storage

- Provide cabinets with doors whenever possible
- Tall, lockable teacher's cabinet for personal storage

#### Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring. Consider acoustics, teacher and staff movement, ease of cleaning when selecting flooring materials.

#### Walls

- Minimum (1) 4'x6' magnetic white board
- Durable materials/surface for all walls
- Minimum (1) 4'x4' tack board

#### Windows

• Provide ability to monitor student changing areas from P.E. office while maintaining student privacy

#### Plumbing

• Provide (1) sink; optional: (1) water closet and (1) shower for adjacent toilet room

# Power Requirements/Low Voltage

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century learning environment, and the potential to stream video

# Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

#### Acoustics

• Acoustics should be designed to increase the ability to hear well throughout the space

# PE / COACHES OFFICE REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)

# Furniture

- Provide furniture to support an office environment
- Chairs
- Desk (if not built-in)
- File cabinets
- Equipment
- See Room Equipment Matrix

# **Special Conditions**

• Doors with windows

# LOCKER ROOM REQUIREMENTS

### **General Requirements**

- Boys Locker Room and Girls Locker Room
- Connection to PE Offices for supervision
- Connection to Gymnasium
- Adjacent restroom and optional shower amenities
- Small shower area with individual stalls for privacy
- Afterhours use by community programs and coaches
- Screened/configured for privacy from public access

#### Functions

- Place for student to change for PE classes and storage personal belongings
- Shower amenities

#### Location

- Near the main gymnasium with direct access
- Additional access from hallway or circulation path preferred

#### Relationships

• Gymnasium, outdoor playfields

#### Storage

• Lockers: 105- 1/2 height vandal proof lockers, vented doors and hasp for padlocks preferred; otherwise 105 lockable stacked baskets with 50 to 60-1/2 lockers for changing. Number of lockers/ stacked baskets will need to adjust to meet varying planning enrollments.

#### Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring. Consider acoustics, teacher and staff movement, ease of cleaning and type of instruction when selecting flooring materials.

# Walls

- Minimum of (1) 4'x8' magnetic white board
- Durable wall material/construction

#### Windows

• Visual supervision for teachers/coaches via interior windows (relites); Provide ability to monitor student changing area while maintaining student privacy

#### Plumbing

- Restroom: Provide sinks and toilets (and urinals where appropriate): quantity to be determined by Building Code
- Optional shower: 2-4 shower heads in shower area or as determined by design team in conjunction with PPS Facilities and Asset Management
- Floor drains in locker room, shower area and toilet rooms

# Power Requirements/Low Voltage

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century learning environment, and the potential to stream video.

# Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.



# LOCKER ROOM REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)

# Acoustics

• Acoustics should be designed to increase the ability to hear well throughout the space. Acoustic isolation should be considered for this space.

# Furniture

- Benches
- Equipment
- See Room Equipment Matrix

# **Special Conditions**

- Doors with windows at coaches office
- Room layout addresses potential sightline issues via walls, hallways, etc.
- All doors to have kickplates

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# Middle School - Physical Education



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# **RECEPTION / SECRETARY REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

- Main entry to the building
- Handled by students and parent volunteers, and staff
- Ample space to accommodate traffic of student, staff, parents and visitors
- Visibility/supervision to front door for security
- Transparency/visibility
- Inspirational space
- Ability to provide navigation and wayfinding to those entering the building, in multiple languages
- Passive supervision
- Ability to view camera monitors of main entry

#### Functions

- Greeting visitors
- Providing information
- Monitoring/supervision
- Place to fill out forms, waiting
- Student management area

#### Location

• Near main entry to school

# Relationships

- Principal
- Secretaries
- Front door/main entry
- Attendance/Bookkeeper
- Parent and volunteer space
- Mediation room

#### Storage N/A

#### Floors

• Consider acoustics, movement, ease of cleaning and durability when selecting flooring materials

#### Walls

- Interior window into main office area for additional supervision
- Provide durable wall construction/finish
- Provide space for display and/or signage
- Windows to be located to provide views and an abundance of natural light.

#### Windows

- Windows sized to provide ample natural light
- Ability to control natural light when necessary

#### Plumbing N/A

# **RECEPTION / SECRETARY REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)**

#### Power Requirements/Low Voltage

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century learning environment, and the potential to stream video.

# Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

#### **Acoustics**

• Acoustics should be designed to increase the ability to hear well throughout the space

#### Furniture

- Seating (chairs, soft seating and/or benches)
- Ability to accommodate desktop computers

# Equipment

• See Room Equipment Matrix

# **Special Conditions**

- Door openers for accessibility
- Door(s) with window(s)

# **HEALTH AREA REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

- Health Office to accommodate (2) part time nurses
- Sick Room
- Toilet Room
- Visible from Reception for additional supervision
- Good ventilation

# Functions

- Provide place for ill students to rest or wait until released from school
- First aid and medicine dispensing
- Office area for staff to do paperwork and store personal items

#### Location

• In the Administration Area

#### Relationships

- Health office should be accessible by reception area and secretary
- Sick Room and toilet should be adjacent to Health Office

#### Storage

- Lockable cabinet for medicine storage
- Lockable drawers or cabinets in Health Office
- Clothes closet (cabinet with coat rod or shelves for bins)
- Wheelchair storage
- Cabinets to have doors whenever possible

# Floors

- Provide hard surface flooring. Consider acoustics, staff movement, and ease of cleaning when selecting flooring materials
- Flooring to be slip resistant in toilet area and sick room

#### Walls

• Walls to have durable finish (i.e. paint) or wainscot (tile preferred)

#### Windows

• Interior window/connection from sick room to health office and/or main office space for supervision

#### Plumbing

- Sinks and Toilet in Toilet Room
- Sink in Sick Room
- Refrigerator
- Floor drains may be desirable

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power devices and equipment

# HEALTH AREA REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)

# Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

# Acoustics

• Acoustics should be designed to increase the ability to hear well throughout the space

# Furniture

- Health Office:
  - Desk (if not built in)
  - Chairs
    - Mobile file cabinets
- Sick Room:
  - Cots/beds
  - Privacy curtain(s)

# Equipment

- Computer
- Paper towel dispensers
- Toilet paper dispensers
- Soap dispensers
- See Room Equipment Matrix

# **Special Conditions**

• Door with window at Health Office and Sick Room

# Size

- Health Office per Area Program
- Sick Room per Area Program

# PRINCIPAL'S OFFICE REQUIREMENTS

#### **General Requirements**

- Private office space with door
- Acoustical isolation
- Space within office to meet with (2) or more people

### Functions

- Space for private conferences and calls
- Individual workspace for Principal
- Supervision to front entry and/or parking area
- Interaction with students and parents
- Ability to video conference

#### Location

• In administration/office area

#### Relationships

- Principal's Secretary
- Reception/Lobby
- Vice Principal(s)

#### Storage

- Built-in file drawers and cabinets
- Lockable coat closet
- Provide cabinets with doors wherever possible
- Open shelving for storage
- Countertop/desk space (either built-in or mobile)
- Lockable

# Floors

• Provide carpet flooring. Consider acoustics, teacher and staff movement, and ease of cleaning when selecting flooring materials.

#### Walls

- Minimum of (1) 4'x4' tack board or (1) wall of tackable wall surface
- (1) 4'x4' (minimum ) magnetic white board
- Windows to be located to provide views and an abundance of natural light
- Interior window for connection to secretary/office area

#### Windows

- Windows sized to provide ample natural light
- Ability to control natural light when necessary
- Operable windows for circulation

#### Plumbing N/A

#### Power Requirements/Low Voltage

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century learning environment, and the potential to stream video. Power required to operable specialty equipment and devices.

# PRINCIPAL'S OFFICE REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)

# Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

# Acoustics

- Acoustics should be designed to increase the ability to hear well throughout the room
- Room should be acoustically separated

### Furniture

- Desk (built-in or mobile)
- Bookshelves
- Chairs
- File cabinets
- Provide durable and comfortable furniture
- Ability to accommodate desktop computer

#### Equipment

- Computer; laptop preferred
- See Room Equipment Matrix

#### **Special Conditions**

- Second exit/access
- Connectivity to Assistant Principal(s)
- After-hours access

# ASSISTANT PRINCIPAL OFFICE REQUIREMENTS

### **General Requirements**

- Provide office per area program
- Acoustic isolation
- Space within office to meet with (2) or more people

# Functions

- Interaction with students and parents
- Dealing with disciplinary issues
- Interaction with Principal
- Individual workspace for Assistant Principal
- Space for private conferences and calls

#### Location

- Near Principal and video monitoring
- In administration/office area

#### Relationships

- Secretaries
- Principal's office
- Reception/Lobby
- Optional Mediation/Tutorial Room
- Security

# Storage

- Built-in file drawers and cabinets
- Lockable coat closet
- Provide cabinets with doors wherever possible
- Open shelving for storage
- Countertop/desk space (either built-in or mobile)
- Lockable

# Floors

• Provide carpet flooring. Consider acoustics, teacher and staff movement, and ease of cleaning when selecting flooring materials.

# Walls

- Minimum of (1) 4'x4' tack board or (1) wall of tackable wall surface
- (1) 4'x4' (minimum ) magnetic white board
- Windows to be located to provide views and an abundance of natural light
- Interior window on for connection to secretary/office area

#### Windows

- Windows sized to provide ample natural light
- Ability to control natural light when necessary
- Operable windows for circulation

# **ASSISTANT PRINCIPAL OFFICE REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)**

#### Plumbing N/A

#### Power Requirements/Low Voltage

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century learning environment, and the potential to stream video. Power required to operable specialty equipment and devices.

#### Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

#### Acoustics

- Acoustics should be designed to increase the ability to hear well throughout the space
- Space should be acoustically separated

#### Furniture

- Desk (built-in or mobile)
- Bookshelves
- Chairs
- File cabinets (mobile)
- Provide durable and comfortable furniture
- Ability to accommodate desktop computer

#### Equipment

- Computer; laptop
- See Room Equipment Matrix

#### **Special Conditions**

- Second exit/access
- Connectivity to Principal and other Assistant Principals
- After-hours access

# MAIL / WORKROOM REQUIREMENTS

#### **General Requirements**

- Mailboxes for all staff members for internal and external mail
- Counter space
- Recycling/trash receptacles, copiers
- Accessed without walking through main office/reception area

### Functions

- Dedicated area for distribution and receiving of internal and external mail for staff
- Making copies, supply storage
- Countertop areas to support a variety of support and production for teachers and staff

#### Location

- Within the Administration area but with secondary access for staff
- Adjacent to secretarial spaces

#### Relationships

- Secretaries
- Staff areas

#### Storage

- Single or double sided mailboxes (dependent upon room layout); provide enough quantities/slots for staff
- Cabinets/shelving for oversize packages; cabinets should have doors wherever possible
- Countertop space
- Maximized shelving/storage on all walls
- Recycling bins

#### Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring. Consider acoustics, teacher and staff movement, and ease of cleaning when selecting flooring materials.

#### Walls

• Provide tackable wall surface on all walls

### Windows N/A

#### Plumbing N/A

# **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century learning environment. See PPS Design Guidelines for wiring details/requirements.

# Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

#### Acoustics

• Acoustics should be designed to increase the ability to hear well throughout the space

# Furniture

Chairs/stool

# Equipment

• See Room Equipment Matrix

# **STAFF ROOM REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

- Capacity for small and large groups of faculty at one time
- Provide a relaxed, comfortable atmosphere for staff
- Accessible without entering main office area
- Food preparation area
- Located for potential use during and after school hours through the District's Civic Use of Buildings

#### Functions

- Ample space for individuals and/or groups to work on projects
- Community space
- Social interaction for lunch and break times for staff
- Dining space
- Meeting space
- Food preparation and storage
- Telephone room/alcove

#### Location

- Near/adjacent to administration work room
- Within Administration Area
- Exterior/courtyard access

### Relationships

- Work Room
- Gender neutral toilets

# Storage

- Upper and lower cabinets for food storage, dishes, glassware
- Drawers for kitchen accessories/supplies
- All cabinets to have doors whenever possible
- Ample countertop space
- Adjustable shelving in all cabinets
- Lockable

#### Floors

• Consider acoustics, teacher and staff movement, and ease of cleaning when selecting floor materials

#### Walls

- Tackable wall surface on a minimum of (1) wall
- Minimum of (1) wall with windows
- Windows to be located to provide views and an abundance of natural light

# Windows

- Windows sized to provide ample natural light
- Ability to control natural light when necessary
- Operable windows for ventilation

# **STAFF ROOM REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)**

### Plumbing

- Double sink
- Dishwasher
- Refrigerator

### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century learning environment, and the potential to stream video. Power required to operable specialty equipment and devices.

# Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

#### Acoustics

• Acoustic separation from other adjacent rooms

#### Furniture

- Tables
- Chairs
- Soft seating (couches, chairs, etc.)

#### Equipment

- Vending/soda machines
- Paper towel dispensers
- Toilet paper dispensers
- Soap dispensers
- See equipment matrix

# **Special Conditions**

• Small phone room or alcove within staff room for private phone calls
## **CONFERENCE ROOM REQUIREMENTS**

## **General Requirements**

- Meeting spaces for a variety of functions and individuals
- Enclosed space
- Flexible space
- Transparency

## Functions

- Separate meeting area for staff
- Make-up testing room

## Location

• In Administration Area

## Relationships

- Reception/Lobby
- Secretary
- Principal's Office

## Storage

• Lockable cabinets with doors for general storage

## Floors N/A

## Walls

- Tackable wall surface on a minimum of (1) wall
- Windows to be located to provide views and an abundance of natural light (dependent upon room placement/layout)
- (1) 4'x8' magnetic white board (to be used as screen)
- Glass walls for transparency and connection to other spaces (dependent upon room placement/layout)

### Windows

- Windows sized to provide ample natural light (dependent upon plan layout)
- Ability to control natural light when necessary (dependent upon plan layout)
- Operable windows for circulation

## Plumbing N/A

## **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century learning environment, and the potential to stream video

## Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

#### Acoustics

- Acoustics should be designed to increase the ability to hear well throughout the space
- Room should be acoustically separated from adjacent spaces

## **CONFERENCE ROOM REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)**

## Furniture

- Tables
- Chairs
- Furniture should be flexible/adjustable to accommodate different meeting types and sizes
- Provide durable and comfortable seating/furniture

## Equipment

- Ability to accommodate desktop computer
- Optional: ability to accommodate projector and presentation space
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## SINGLE USER RESTROOM REQUIREMENTS

#### **General Requirements**

- Single user, gender neutral restroom facility
- (2) in Administration area
- Ability for staff to store toiletries and freshen-up

#### Functions

• Private, staff-only restrooms

#### Location

• Within administration area

#### Relationships

• Administrative offices, staff and workroom

## Storage

• Optional: Half-height lockers or wire baskets; provide hasps for locks

## Floors

- Provide hard surface flooring
- Flooring should be slip resistant

## Walls

• Walls should have paneling or protective wainscot (tile preferred), minimum of 4'-0" high

#### Windows N/A

#### Plumbing

- Toilet (quantities to be determined by Building Code)
- Sinks (quantities to be determined by Building Code)
- Floor drains if desirable

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power devices and equipment

## Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

## Acoustics

• Consider providing acoustic isolation

#### Furniture N/A

## Equipment

- Full length mirror
- Paper towel dispensers
- Toilet paper dispensers
- Soap dispensers
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## LOST & FOUND STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

## **General Requirements**

- Provide dedicated room for storage
- Secured access (lockable)

#### **Functions**

• Place to house lost and found clothing, bags, sports equipment, etc.

#### Location

- In the Administration/Staff Area
- Easy access to all staff

## Relationships

Reception

## Storage

- Adjustable shelving, clothes rod
- Lockable cabinet, for jewelry and phones

## Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring, site specific choice

## Walls

- Durable wall construction/finishes
- Shelving on at least (2) walls

## Windows N/A

#### Plumbing N/A

## Power Requirements/Low Voltage

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power devices and equipment

## Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

#### **Acoustics**

• Furniture

## Equipment

• See Room Equipment Matrix

#### **Special Conditions**

• Door with window

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## PPS Middle School Grades 6 through 8

Area	Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total
COUNSELING			
Counselor's Office	2	120	240
Record Storage	1	100	100
Mediation/Tutorial Room	1	120	120
Conference Room	1	200	200
Preferred			200
Subtotal REQUIRED			460
Subtotal required + preferred			660
SPECIAL EDUCATION			
Learning Center <sup>19</sup>	1	800	800
Itinerant Offices (Psych/Speech Path/Flex Office) <sup>20</sup>	3	80	240
Special Needs Toilet	1	120	120
Sensory Support Room		150	150
Life Skills Room <sup>21</sup>	1	980	980
Preferred			1.130
Subtotal REQUIRED			1,160
Subtotal required + preferred			2,290
COMMUNITY SUPPORT			
Parent/Volunteer Room	1	200	200
Parent/Family/Community Resource Room	1	800	800
Parent/Family Resource Offices 22	1	120	120
Subtotal REQUIRED			1,120

Notes:

<sup>19</sup> Number of Learning Centers dependent on SPED population within school; One 800 SF Learning Center required; additional Learning Centers may be smaller, min. of 600 SF

<sup>20</sup> Three 80 SF Itinerant Office required; three offices at 120 SF preferred

<sup>21</sup> Need for Life Skills room dependent on the needs of the student population

<sup>22</sup> One 120 SF Parent/Family Resource Office required; two 120 SF offices preferred

## **COUNSELING OFFICES REQUIREMENTS**

## **General Requirements**

- Counseling offices per area program
- Work station space
- Ample space to meet with several people within individual office
- Soundproof/acoustic isolation for privacy
- Lockable storage
- Offices should all be located together

## Functions

- Private student and/or parent conferences
- Private phone calls
- Ability to video conference

## Location

- Near Administration and Entry area
- Centralized location

## Relationships

- Main entry (for parent access)
- Records Storage

## Storage

- Built-in file drawers and cabinets
- Lockable coat closet
- Provide cabinets with doors wherever possible
- Open shelving for storage
- Countertop/desk space (either built-in or mobile)
- Lockable

#### Floors

• Provide carpet flooring. Consider acoustics, teacher and staff movement, ease of cleaning and type of instruction when selecting floor materials.

## Walls

- Minimum of (1) 4'x4' tack board or (1) wall of tackable wall surface
- (1) 4'x4' (minimum ) magnetic white board
- Windows to be located to provide views and an abundance of natural light

#### Windows

- Windows sized to provide ample natural light
- Ability to control natural light when necessary
- Operable windows for ventilation

#### **Plumbing** N/A

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century learning environment, and the potential to stream video.



## **COUNSELING OFFICES REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)**

## Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

#### Acoustics

- Acoustics should be designed to increase the ability to hear well throughout the space
- Space should be acoustically separated

## Furniture

- Desk (built-in or mobile)
- Bookshelves
- Chairs
- File cabinets
- Provide durable and comfortable furniture
- Ability to accommodate desktop computer

## Equipment

- Computer; laptop with secure storage preferred
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## **Special Conditions**

- Door with window or relite
- After-hours access
- All windows should have blinds or shades for privacy

## **STUDENT MEDIATION / TUTORIAL ROOM REQUIREMENTS**

## **General Requirements**

- Capacity of 15-20 students at a time
- Classroom size space
- Transparency/supervision
- Space for student monitor/staff

## Functions

- Dedicated space for students with disciplinary issues
- Ability to observe behavior via security camera

## Location

Administration Area

## Relationships

- Secretary
- Resource Officer

## Storage N/A

#### Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring. Consider acoustics, teacher and staff movement, ease of cleaning and type of instruction when selecting flooring materials.

#### Walls

- Provide tackable wall surface on all walls
- Minimum of (1) 4'x8' magnetic white board

## Windows

• Interior windows for supervision

## Plumbing

## Power Requirements/Low Voltage

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century learning environment, and the potential to stream video.

## Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

## Acoustics

• Acoustics should be designed to increase the ability to hear well throughout the space

#### Furniture

- Tables/desks (teacher and students)
- Chairs
- Equipment
- Security camera
- See Room Equipment Matrix

#### **Special Conditions**

• Door with window or relite

## **RECORD STORAGE REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

- Secure room
- Space for multiple file cabinets
- Space for viewing files
- Meet Oregon Department of Education's requirements to securely store student records on site

## Functions

• Separate, secure location for student files and other school records

## Location

- Administration area
- Relationships
- Principal
- Secretaries
- Assistant Principals
- Counselors

## Storage

• Lockable file cabinets

## Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring

#### Walls

• Durable wall construction/finishes

#### Windows N/A

#### Plumbing N/A

## Power Requirements/Low Voltage

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment

#### Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

#### Acoustics N/A

#### Furniture

- Table
- Chair

## Equipment

• See Room Equipment Matrix

## **Special Conditions**

• Fireproof cabinets required; fireproof room construction preferred

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# Middle School - Administration Area



## LEARNING CENTER REQUIREMENTS

## **General Requirements**

- Number of Learning Centers dependent on student demographics and enrollment, see Area Program
- Located in learning suites
- Transparency and openness
- Safe and secure
- Calming environment

## Functions

• Integrated classroom space for students with varying disabilities

## Location

• Dispersed throughout classroom clusters with other core academic areas

## Relationships

- Classrooms
- Life Skills
- Speech Pathologist
- Psychologist

## Storage

- Tall cabinets
- Upper and lower cabinetry
- Cabinets to have doors wherever possible
- Adjustable shelving
- Countertops

## Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring. Consider acoustics, teacher and staff movement, ease of cleaning and type of instruction when selecting flooring materials.

#### Walls

- Walls to have durable finish/wainscot
- Minimum of (1) wall with windows
- Windows to be located to provide views and an abundance of natural light.
- Tackable wall surface covering
- (1) minimum 4' x8' magnetic white board on teaching wall

#### Windows

- Windows sized to provide ample natural light
- Ability to control natural light when necessary
- Operable windows for circulation

#### Plumbing One sink

## Power Requirements/Low Voltage

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century learning environment, and the potential to stream video.

## LEARNING CENTER REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)

## Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

## **Acoustics**

- Acoustics should be designed to increase the ability to hear well throughout the space.
- Space should be acoustically separated

## Furniture

- One teacher's table and chair
- Tables and chairs
- Mobile file cabinets
- Portable room partitions
- Cleanable soft seating
- Furniture should be durable and mobile

## Equipment

- Laptops or mobile computer cart preferred
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## **Special Conditions**

• Door with relite

## **ITINERANT OFFICE REQUIREMENTS**

## **General Requirements**

- Number of offices per Area Program
- Secure space
- Private
- Lockable/secure storage

## Functions

- Office space for speech therapist, psychologist, etc.
- Space to work with students

## Location

• Within or adjacent to Life Skills

## Relationships

- Administrative offices
- Life Skills
- Psychologist
- Learning Center

## Storage

- Lockable file cabinets for student files
- Tall cabinet for personal items
- All cabinets to have doors whenever possible

## Floors

• Provide carpet flooring. Consider acoustics, teacher and staff movement, ease of cleaning and type of instruction when selecting flooring materials.

## Walls

- Windows to be located to provide views and an abundance of natural light.
- Tackable wall surface covering minimum (1) wall
- (1) minimum 4' x4' magnetic white board

#### Windows

- Windows sized to provide ample natural light
- Ability to control natural light when necessary
- Operable windows for circulation

## Plumbing N/A

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century learning environment, and the potential to stream video.

## Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

## **ITINERANT OFFICE REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)**

## Acoustics

- Acoustics should be designed to increase the ability to hear well throughout the space.
- Acoustic isolation of this space for privacy

## Furniture

- Desk (if not built-in)
- Table with chairs
- Mobile file cabinets
- Ability to accommodate desktop computer

## Equipment

- Computer; laptop with secure storage preferred
- Adaptive and assistive technology
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## **Special Conditions**

• Door with relite

## SPECIAL NEEDS TOILET REQUIREMENTS

#### **General Requirements**

- Provide Multipurpose Toilet/Shower Room
- Provide required fixtures and amenities

#### Functions

• Provide a private room for restroom use

#### Location

• Locate near Special Education

#### Relationships

• Near Learning Center, Itinerant offices, and Life Skills rooms (where applicable)

#### Storage

• None required.

## Floors

• Provide sanitary, hard surface flooring. Consider ease of cleaning.

#### Walls

• Provide sanitary, hard surface wall covering. Consider acoustics and ease of cleaning.

#### Windows

• None required

#### Plumbing

• Number of plumbing fixtures dependent on room layout

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Sufficient to power equipment

## Lighting

• Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout the room appropriate for tasks as well as utilizing the overall space

## Acoustics

• Acoustic isolation between rooms

#### Equipment

- Paper towel dispensers
- Toilet paper dispensers
- Soap dispensers
- Toilet seat cover dispensers
- Mirrors
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## **PARENT / VOLUNTEER ROOM REQUIREMENTS**

## **General Requirements**

- Support volunteer activities at the school
- Lockable storage for volunteer's personal belongings
- Flexible space

## Functions

- Projects
- Small meeting space
- Workspace
- Volunteer support space
- Storage
- Usable space for parents and families, volunteers, PTA, boosters, alumni, etc.

## Location

- Close to front entrance, main office or community area
- Relationships
- Work Room
- Classrooms
- Reception/Lobby

## Storage

- Lockable cabinets (upper and lower)
- Cabinets to have doors wherever possible
- Open shelving for supplies
- Lockable coat closet or lockers for personal belongings

#### Floors

• Carpet

## Walls

• Tackable wall covering on a minimum of (1) wall

#### Windows

• Windows for generous natural daylight

#### Plumbing N/A

### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century learning environment, and the potential to stream video.

#### Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

## Acoustics

Acoustics should be designed to increase the ability to hear well throughout the space

## PARENT / VOLUNTEER ROOM REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)

## Furniture

- Tables
- Chairs

## Equipment

- Computer; laptop(s) with secure storage preferred
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## **Special Conditions**

• Door with relite

## PARENT / FAMILY / COMMUNITY RESOURCE ROOM REQUIREMENTS

## **General Requirements**

- Support parents and families with access to computers and community resources at the school
- Lockable storage for volunteer's personal belongings
- Flexible space

## Functions

- Small meeting space
- Workspace with computers
- Support space
- Usable space for parents and families, volunteers, PTA, boosters, alumni, etc.

## Location

- Close to front entrance, main office or community area
- Relationships
- Workroom, Volunteer room
- Reception/Lobby

## Storage

- Lockable cabinets (upper and lower)
- Open shelving for supplies
- Floors
- Carpet

#### Walls

• Tackable wall covering on a minimum of (1) wall

#### Windows

• Windows for generous natural daylight

#### Plumbing

#### Power Requirements/Low Voltage

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century learning environment, and the potential to stream video.

#### Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

#### Acoustics

• Acoustics should be designed to increase the ability to hear well throughout the space

## Furniture

• Tables, chairs

## Equipment

- Computer; laptop(s) with secure storage preferred
- See Room Equipment Matrix
- Special Conditions
- Door with relite

## **PARENT / FAMILY / RESOURCE OFFICE REQUIREMENTS**

## **General Requirements**

- Support parents and families with access to computers and community resources at the school
- Support for family with young children while they gain access to a computer and community information
- Flexible space

## Functions

- Small meeting space
- Workspace with computer
- Support space
- Usable space for parents and families, volunteers, PTA, boosters, alumni, etc.

## Location

• Close to front entrance, main office or community area

## Relationships

- Workroom, Community Resource room, Volunteer room
- Reception/Lobby

## Storage

- Lockable cabinets (upper and lower)
- Open shelving for supplies

#### Floors

• Carpet

## Walls

• Tackable wall covering on a minimum of (1) wall

## Windows

• Windows for generous natural daylight

## Plumbing N/A

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century learning environment, and the potential to stream video.

#### Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

#### Acoustics

Acoustics should be designed to increase the ability to hear well throughout the space

## Furniture

• Table, chairs

## Equipment

- Computer; laptop(s) with secure storage preferred
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## **Special Conditions**

• Door with relite



#### PPS Middle School Grades 6 through 8

Area	Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total
CAFETERIA/COMMONS			
Cafeteria <sup>23</sup>	1	4,250	4,250
Kitchen	1	800	800
Dishwashing <sup>24</sup>	1	250	250
Kitchen Freezer/Cooler <sup>25</sup>	0	140	0
Kitchen Office Alcove <sup>26</sup>	1	60	60
Servery <sup>27</sup>	1	900	900
Kitchen Staff Lockers 28	1	20	20
Kitchen Restroom <sup>29</sup>	1	45	45
Table/Chair Storage	1	200	200
Kitchen Storage	1	150	150
Stage <sup>30</sup>		1,000	1,000
Stage Storage <sup>31</sup>		200	200
			4 000
Preferred			1,200
Subtotal REQUIRED			6,675
Subtotal required + preferred			7,875

Notes:

<sup>23</sup> 4,500 SF Cafeteria preferred; three lunch periods allowed; two lunch periods preferred when scheduling allows

- <sup>24</sup> Separate dishwashing area not required if kitchen over 1,000 SF
- <sup>25</sup> Separate freezer/cooler area not required if installed in kitchen and kitchen is over 800 SF
- <sup>26</sup> 60 SF Kitchen Office Alcove required; 100 SF preferred
- <sup>27</sup> Smaller servery allowed if more than two lunches served
- <sup>28</sup> 20 SF for staff lockers required; 100 SF preferred
- <sup>29</sup> 45 SF single user, gender neutral Kitchen Restroom required; 64 SF preferred
- <sup>30</sup> Music room to double as stage is preferred; Music Room and stage should have close proximity to cafeteria to allow space for spectators
- <sup>31</sup> For tables and chairs to support stage function. For installation of stage adjacent cafeteria only: preferred in/adjacent to cafeteria; alternatively install adjacent to music room if it includes a stage function.

## **CAFETERIA / COMMONS REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

- Heart of the school
- Feels like an open and comfortable living room
- Large, open and comfortable area, durable without feeling industrial
- Supports a variety of seating arrangements, casual meeting area
- Display areas for student work/ interactive devices i.e. monitors, TV's etc.
- Food court feel
- Flexible floor space
- Large volume space with natural light
- Connectivity to outdoors
- Integrate food service and instruction into commons space
- Open and transparent
- Three (3) lunch periods; two (2) lunch periods preferred when scheduling allows
- Space for tables/chairs/equipment for special events

## Functions

- Social space for students to congregate and interact
- Meeting space
- Space for meals
- Additional study space
- Raised area for performance/presentations, per site specific design committee

#### Location

- Should be centrally located to student areas
- Adjacent to exterior eating spaces

#### Relationships

- Exterior courtyard with seating for 100
- Kitchen
- Gymnasium

#### Storage

- Recycling bins or built-in recycling station
- Tables/chairs and equipment for special events

#### Floors

- Provide hard surface flooring. Consider acoustics, teacher and staff movement and ease of cleaning when selecting flooring materials.
- No rubber or carpet

#### Walls

- Windows to be located to provide views and an abundance of natural light
- Minimum (1) full wall of tackable wall surface or dispersed throughout the commons area
- Wainscoting

## **CAFETERIA / COMMONS REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)**

## Windows

- Windows or skylights sized to provide ample natural light
- Ability to control natural light when necessary
- Operable windows for circulation

## Plumbing

- Hand washing sink(s)
- Drinking fountains designed to also fill water bottles

## **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

- Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century learning environment, and the potential to stream video. Power required to operable specialty equipment and devices.
- Power and data in student gathering areas and available for public speaking

## Lighting

- Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.
- Natural lighting is preferred

## Acoustics

• Acoustics should be designed to increase the ability to hear well throughout the space. Acoustic isolation should be considered for this space.

#### Furniture

- Each design team will have flexibility in choosing FF&E ; approval of furniture by PPS Facilities and Asset Management
- Provide furniture for different activity types. Provide durable, comfortable and mobile furniture that does not scratch the floor. Allow for student movement.
- Provide mobile storage units for food, beverage, entrees and cashier stations units
- Tables (various heights and sizes)
- Chairs sufficient for the number and ages of students served at lunch
- Benches
- Soft seating
- Kiosks/mobile stations
- Outdoor access and seating in a variety of ways
- Consider mobility of furniture with thresholds and scratching, also wainscoting. No space for student food prep (microwaves).

#### Equipment

- Lighting for small productions
- See Room Equipment Matrix

#### **Special Conditions**

- Doors with windows
- Outdoor space for social congregation
- Area for garbage cans should be enclosed; recycling stations are preferred if space allows

## **KITCHEN REQUIREMENTS**

## **General Requirements**

- Ample floor area for specialty food preparation equipment
- Secondary access for kitchen staff
- Adequate ventilation
- Storage
- Cleanable floor and wall surfaces
- Ability to be used as instructional space (without violation of applicable health codes)
- Transparent/Visible

## Functions

- Food production facility for school
- Preparing and warming food

## Location

- Within the Kitchen area of the school
- Outdoor access
- Loading dock area

## Relationships

- Main Servery
- Commons
- Staff Room

## Storage

- Specialty storage shelving and racks
- Specialty storage as determined by food service consultant

#### Floors

- Provide hard surface flooring. Consider acoustics, staff movement, ease of cleaning and usage when selecting flooring materials.
- Flooring needs to be slip resistant
- See PPS Design Guidelines and Standards for allowed flooring types

#### Walls

- As determined by equipment manufacturer
- All other wall space should have durable and cleanable surfacing/finish at a minimum of 4'-0" high
- See Room Equipment Matrix

#### Windows

- Windows sized to provide ample natural light
- Ability to control natural light when necessary
- Operable windows for circulation

#### Plumbing

• Review with Food Service consultant

### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

· Power required to operate specialty equipment and devices

## **KITCHEN REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)**

## Lighting

- Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.
- Lighting should be gasketed

## **Acoustics**

• Cleanable acoustic ceiling tile

## Furniture N/A

## Equipment

- Specialty kitchen equipment
- Paper towel dispensers
- Toilet paper dispensers
- Soap dispensers
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## **Special Conditions**

- Floor slab may need to be recessed depending upon selected floor material
- Loading dock/delivery area adjacency
- Provide ceiling appropriate for food service application
- Doors to have kickplates

## **DISHWASHING REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

- Durable surfaces
- Adequate ventilation
- Sanitary
- Counter space; enough space for 'clean' and 'dirty'. Exit from this area should be located in the 'clean' area.

## Functions

• Provides space for dishwashing equipment

## Location

• Within the kitchen

## Relationships

- Food Prep and Kitchen
- Main Servery near the exit of the dining room/student center

## Storage

• As determined by food service consultant

## Floors

- Provide hard surface flooring. Consider acoustics, staff movement, ease of cleaning and usage when selecting flooring materials.
- Flooring needs to be slip resistant

## Walls

- As determined by equipment manufacturer
- All other wall space should have paneling (i.e. FRP) at a minimum of 4'-0" high

## Windows N/A

## Plumbing

• Review with Food Service consultant

## Power Requirements/Low Voltage

• Power required to operable specialty equipment and devices

#### Lighting

- Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.
- Lighting should be gasketed

## Acoustics N/A

## Furniture N/A

## Equipment

• See Room Equipment Matrix

#### **Special Conditions**

- Provide ceiling appropriate for food service application
- Dish return window should be 36" wide, sill height 1" higher than dish table

## FREEZER & COOLER REQUIREMENTS

### **General Requirements**

- Sanitary
- Secure
- Durable surfaces
- Ability to monitor temperature from outside of freezer or cooler

## Functions

• Walk-in freezer and cooler for storage of food and liquids

## Location

• Within the kitchen area of the school

## Relationships

- Adjacent to Kitchen
- Cooler
- Loading dock area

## Storage

- Dunnage racks or shelves for food storage
- Aisles 36"-48"

#### Floors

- Provide hard surface flooring. Consider acoustics, staff movement, ease of cleaning and usage when selecting flooring materials.
- Flooring needs to be slip resistant

#### Walls

• As determined by equipment manufacturer

## Windows N/A

## Plumbing

• Review with Food Service consultant

## Power Requirements/Low Voltage

• Power required to operable specialty equipment and devices

#### Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

#### Acoustics N/A

## Furniture N/A

## Equipment

• See Room Equipment Matrix

#### **Special Conditions**

• Slab needs to be recessed (to be determined by cooler manufacturer and food service consultant)

## **KITCHEN OFFICE / WORK AREA REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

- Secure
- Work area space

## Functions

- Office space for kitchen staff
- Visibility to kitchen productions as well as receiving area

## Location

• Within the kitchen area of the school

## Relationships

Kitchen

## Storage

- Cabinets or drawers
- Provide cabinets with doors wherever possible

## Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring. Consider acoustics, staff movement, ease of cleaning and usage when selecting flooring materials.

## Walls

- Durable construction/finish
- Minimum of (1) 4'x4' tack board

## Windows

- Natural light
- Shading devices

## Plumbing N/A

## **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment

## Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

## Furniture

- Desk, if not built-in
- Chair

## Equipment

- Computer
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## **Special Conditions**

• Door with window

## SERVERY REQUIREMENTS

#### **General Requirements**

- Inviting/Appealing
- Open
- Secure/lockable (coiling doors and/or windows)
- Transparent/Visible
- Interactive; doubles as instructional space
- Provide many options for students
- Provide seamless service to all students regardless of meal payment status
- "Food Court" atmosphere
- Designed to provide fast service

## **Functions**

- Provides space for food to be served to the students
- Integrated part of commons

## Location

- Adjacent to Commons
- Adjacent to Kitchen
- Relationships
- Commons
- Kitchen and Food/Prep
- Dishwashing

#### Storage

· Serving line/stations as determined by food service consultant

#### Floors

- Provide hard surface flooring. Consider acoustics, student movement, ease of cleaning and type of instruction when selecting flooring materials.
- Floor should be slip resistant

#### Walls

• All walls should have paneling or durable finish that is easy to clean

#### Windows

• Provide coiling doors or grille to secure space in off/after hours.

#### Plumbing

• Review with Food Service consultant

## Power Requirements/Low Voltage

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century learning environment, and the potential to stream video. Power required to operable specialty equipment and devices.

## Lighting

- Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.
- Natural lighting is preferred

## **SERVERY REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)**

## **Acoustics**

• Acoustics should be designed to increase the ability to hear well throughout the space

## Furniture

## Equipment

- Specialty food service equipment (serving line, etc. to be determined by food service consultant)
- Pay stations/kiosks/ computers where applicable
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## **Special Conditions**

- Doors with vision windows and kickplates
- Provide appropriate ceiling type for food service application

## **KITCHEN STAFF LOCKERS REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

- Secure, private
- Storage
- Accommodate kitchen staff

#### Functions

• Provides separate storage area for kitchen staff

#### Location

• Within the kitchen area of the school

#### Relationships

- Kitchen
- Kitchen office

## Storage

• Provide a minimum of (6) 1/2 height lockers. Lockers to have solid doors and hasps for padlocks.

## Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring. Consider acoustics, staff movement, ease of cleaning and type of instruction when selecting flooring materials.

## Walls

• Durable wall construction/finish

#### Windows N/A

#### Plumbing N/A

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment. See PPS Design Guidelines and Standards for wiring requirements.

#### Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

#### Acoustics N/A

#### Furniture

- Small table
- Chairs

#### Equipment

• See Room Equipment Matrix

#### **Special Conditions**

None

## **KITCHEN RESTROOM REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

- (1) in Kitchen area
- Ability for staff to store toiletries and freshen-up
- Single user, gender neutral restroom

## Functions

• Private, kitchen staff-only restroom

## Location

• Within kitchen area

## Relationships

• Adjacent to Kitchen Staff Lockers, near Kitchen Office

## Storage

• Cabinet

## Floors

- Provide hard surface flooring
- Flooring should be slip resistant

## Walls

• Walls should have paneling or protective durable, cleanable wainscot, minimum of 4'-0" high

## Windows N/A

## Plumbing

- Toilet
- Sinks (quantities to be determined by Building Code)
- Floor drains if desirable

## **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power devices and equipment

## Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

## Acoustics

• Consider providing acoustic isolation

## Furniture N/A

## Equipment

- Paper towel dispersers
- Toilet paper dispensers
- Soap dispensers
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## Special Conditions N/A

## **TABLE / CHAIR STORAGE ROOM REQUIREMENTS**

## **General Requirements**

- Large doors
- Durable surfaces
- Secure

## Functions

• Storage for tables and chairs for the Cafeteria/Commons

## Location

• Adjacent to the Cafeteria/Commons

## Relationships

• Cafeteria/Commons

## Storage

• Ample floor space to store tables and or other commons seating/furniture

## Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring. Consider acoustics, teacher and staff movement, ease of cleaning and type of instruction when selecting flooring materials.

## Walls

• Durable wall materials and finishes

## Windows N/A

#### Plumbing N/A

## **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power devices

## Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

## Acoustics N/A

## Furniture

• Tables, seating (chairs, stools, etc.)

#### Equipment

• See Room Equipment Matrix

#### **Special Conditions**

• Double doors that swing 180 degrees

# Middle School - Commons & Cafeteria



#### PPS Middle School Grades 6 through 8

Area	Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total
BUILDING SUPPORT			
Restrooms <sup>32</sup>	6	45	270
Toilets - Boys <sup>33</sup>	3	200	600
Toilets - Girls <sup>33</sup>	3	200	600
Custodial Rooms <sup>34</sup>	4	100	400
Custodial Office/Lockers <sup>35</sup>	1	150	150
Materials Storage <sup>36</sup>	1	350	350
Custodial Storage (Just-in-Time) 37	1	350	350
Building Storage/Receiving <sup>38</sup>	1	650	650
MDF Room <sup>39</sup>	1	160	160
IDF Rooms 40	3	80	240
Electrical Room <sup>41</sup>	1	180	180
Central Mechanical Room 42	1	600	600
Electrical Generator Room 43	0	200	0
Corridors 44	Variable		
Custodial Work Area		180	180
Outdoor Equipment Storage		200	200
Concessions	1	100	100
Preferred			480
Subtotal Required			4.550
Subtotal Required + Preferred			5,030

Notes:

<sup>32</sup> Six 45 SF gender neutral restrooms required; six 64 SF restrooms preferred. Provide at least one gender neutral restroom on each floor and near gym facilities. Also ensure at least one gender inclusive and one accessible restroom are included within each area to be accessed outside regular school hours.

- <sup>33</sup> Three 200 SF toilet rooms for boys and girls for grades 6-8 required or as required by applicable plumbing code
- <sup>34</sup> Four 100 SF Custodial Rooms required; Five 100 SF rooms preferred
- <sup>35</sup> 150 SF Custodial Office/Lockers required; 180 SF preferred
- <sup>36</sup> 350 SF Materials Storage required; 400 SF preferred
- <sup>37</sup> 350 SF Custodial Storage required; 400 SF preferred
- <sup>38</sup> 650 SF Building Storage/Receiving required; 800 SF preferred
- <sup>39</sup> 160 SF MDF Room required; 180 SF preferred
- <sup>40</sup> Three 80 SF IDF Rooms required; three 100 SF rooms preferred
- <sup>41</sup> One 180 SF Electrical Room required; 200 SF preferred
- <sup>42</sup> One 600 SF Central Mechanical Room required; 800 SF preferred
- <sup>43</sup> Can be located outside building if site conditions allow; inside building preferred
- <sup>44</sup> See Corridor Characteristics
## **RESTROOM REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

- Located throughout school; number per area program
- Ability for staff to store toiletries and freshen-up
- Single user, gender neutral restroom

#### Functions

• Private, staff-only restrooms

#### Location

· Within administration area in area accessible only by staff

#### Relationships

• Administrative offices, staff and workroom

#### Storage

• Half-height lockers; provide hasps for locks

#### Floors

- Provide hard surface flooring
- Flooring should be slip resistant

#### Walls

• Walls should have paneling or protective wainscot (i.e. tile), minimum of 4'-0" high

#### Windows N/A

#### Plumbing

- Toilet (quantities to be determined by Building Code)
- Sinks (quantities to be determined by Building Code)
- Floor drains if desirable

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power devices and equipment

#### Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

#### Acoustics

• Consider providing acoustic isolation

#### Furniture N/A

- Full length mirror
- Paper towel dispensers
- Toilet paper dispensers
- Soap dispensers
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## STUDENT TOILET ROOMS REQUIREMENTS

#### **General Requirements**

- Provide (6) total Student Toilet Rooms (3 boys and 3 girls) or as required by latest edition of applicable plumbing code
- Provide gender specific fixtures and amenities

#### Functions

- Provide a private/semi-private room for restroom use
- Doorless entry to restrooms is preferred

#### Location

• Distributed throughout building

#### Relationships

- Classroom clusters
- Media center
- Conference/meeting rooms

#### Storage N/A

#### Floors

• Provide sanitary, hard surface flooring. Consider acoustics and ease of cleaning.

#### Walls

• Provide sanitary, hard surface wall covering. Consider acoustics and ease of cleaning.

#### Windows N/A

#### Plumbing

• Number of plumbing fixtures dependent on room layout

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Sufficient to power equipment

#### Lighting

• Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout the room appropriate for tasks as well as utilizing the overall space

#### **Acoustics**

• Acoustic isolation between rooms

- Paper towel dispensers
- Toilet paper dispensers
- Soap dispensers
- Toilet seat cover dispensers
- Mirrors
- Gender specific equipment
- See Room Equipment Matrix

# **CUSTODIAL ROOMS REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

- Provide Custodial Rooms
- Custodial mop sink in floor
- Access to area limited to custodial staff only
- Good ventilation
- Large enough to contain large custodial cart

#### Functions

- Cleaning and sanitation supply storage
- Cleaning and sanitation staging area
- Design to receive just in time delivery for custodial supplies

#### Location

• Distributed throughout building; minimum of one per floor

#### Relationships

- Custodial office
- Building storage
- Materials storage
- Learning suites, commons, gym

#### Storage

- Open racks for cleaning supplies
- Mop rack
- Large custodial cart

#### Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring. Sealed concrete preferred.

#### Walls

• Durable

#### Windows N/A

#### Plumbing

- In-floor mop sink
- · Hot and cold water supply

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power equipment

#### Lighting

• Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout the room appropriate for tasks as well as utilizing the overall space

#### Acoustics

• Acoustic isolation between rooms

- Specialized equipment (bulk supply of cleaning agents, soaps, etc.)
- Height to accommodate ladders
- See Room Equipment Matrix
- 142 AREA PROGRAM & ROOM INFORMATION

## **CUSTODIAL OFFICE REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

• Provide (1) Custodial Office

#### **Functions**

• Administrative work space for custodial staff

#### Location

• Custodial suite-custodial storage, materials storage, receiving, mechanical room

#### Relationships

- Kitchen
- Building storage
- Material storage
- Receiving area

#### Storage

- Cabinets with doors and drawers of various sizes. Some to hold oversized materials.
- Adjustable shelves in cabinets
- Space for portable file cabinet
- Shelving specific to storage needs

#### Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring. Consider acoustics and ability to move furniture and ease of cleaning.

#### Walls

- Durable
- Minimum of (1) 4'x8' magnetic white board

#### Windows

- Generous natural light w/sunshade to minimize glare
- High and low operable windows for air circulation
- Operable window shades to control natural light as needed

#### Plumbing

• Number of plumbing fixtures dependent on room function and layout

#### Power Requirements/Low Voltage

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment

#### Lighting

• Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout the room appropriate for tasks as well as utilizing the overall space

#### Acoustics

· Acoustic treatment as needed throughout the room to reduce or eliminate background noise

- Space for desktop computer
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## MATERIAL STORAGE ROOM REQUIREMENTS

#### **General Requirements**

• Provide (1) Materials Storage Room

#### Functions

• Storage space for facility materials such as paper, office supplies, etc.

#### Location

• Custodial suite

#### Relationships

- Custodial office
- Building storage

#### Storage

- Heavy duty open racks
- Cabinets with doors and drawers of various sizes. Some to hold oversized materials.
- Adjustable shelving in cabinets

#### Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring. Sealed concrete preferred.

#### Walls

• Durable

#### Windows N/A

#### Plumbing N/A

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment

#### Lighting

• Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout the room appropriate for tasks as well as utilizing the overall space

#### Acoustics

• Acoustic isolation between rooms

- Computer; laptop with secure storage preferred
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## **CUSTODIAL STORAGE ROOM REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

• Provide (1) Custodial Storage Room (just-in-time)

#### Functions

• Storage space for facility materials such as building repair materials, cleaning supplies and equipment, etc.

#### Location

• Custodial suite

#### Relationships

- Custodial office
- Materials storage
- Building storage
- Adjacent to receiving area
- Exterior dumpster/recycling area

#### Storage

- Heavy duty open racks
- Cabinets with doors and drawers of various sizes. Some to hold oversized materials.
- Adjustable shelving in cabinets
- Heavy-duty open shelving sized for various sized storage needs
- Flammable storage

#### Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring. Sealed concrete preferred.

#### Walls

• Durable

#### Windows N/A

#### Plumbing N/A

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment

#### Lighting

• Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout the room appropriate for tasks as well as utilizing the overall space

#### Acoustics

• Acoustic isolation between rooms

#### Equipment

- Computer; laptop with secure storage preferred
- See Room Equipment Matrix

#### **Special Conditions**

• Double doors that swing 180 degrees

## **BUILDING STORAGE & RECEIVING ROOM REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

- Provide (1) Building Storage Room
- Work station for furnishings repair
- Easy access
- Height 16'+/-

#### Functions

• Storage space for excess furnishings

#### Location

Custodial suite

#### Relationships

- Custodial office
- Materials storage

#### Storage

• Heavy duty open racks

#### Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring. Sealed concrete preferred.

#### Walls

• Durable

#### Windows N/A

### Plumbing N/A

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment

#### Lighting

• Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout the room appropriate for tasks as well as utilizing the overall space

#### **Acoustics**

• Acoustic isolation between rooms

- Specialized equipment
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## **TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT ROOMS REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

- Provide (1) MDF Room as required by PPS IT infrastructure network at each school
- Provide IDF Rooms as required by PPS IT infrastructure network at each school
- Excellent ventilation

#### Functions

• Location for the data distribution systems for the building

#### Location

- MDF centralized on site
- IDFs distributed as required from MDF

#### Relationships

- MDF should be connected to district network using 50 micron, laser optimized fiber optic connections, or most current standard
- MDFs and IDFs should be connected to each other using 50 micron, laser optimized fiber optic connections, or most current standard
- Related to the service function of the school away from main entry if possible, with easy access to classroom communities

#### Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring.

#### Walls

• Durable

#### Windows $\ensuremath{\mathsf{N/A}}$

#### Plumbing N/A

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Sufficient to power specialized equipment

#### Lighting

• Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout the room appropriate for tasks as well as utilizing the overall space

#### Acoustics

• Acoustic isolation between rooms

#### Equipment

- Racks, network switches, routers, backup uninterruptible power, etc
- See equipment matrix

#### **Special Conditions**

• Provide conditioned ventilation to prevent overheating of equipment

# **ELECTRICAL ROOM REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

- Provide Main Electrical Room as required by building electrical infrastructure and/or building code
- Excellent ventilation
- Easy access to panel locations
- Wall mounted copy of building electrical service near main switch gear

#### Functions

• Building infrastructure for electrical distribution

#### Location

Custodial suite for Main Electrical Room

#### Storage N/A

#### Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring. Sealed concrete preferred.

#### Walls

• Durable; fire-rated

#### Windows N/A

#### Plumbing N/A

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Specialized power requirements

#### Lighting

• Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout the room appropriate for tasks as well as utilizing the overall space

#### Acoustics

• Acoustic isolation between rooms

- Specialized electrical equipment
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## **CENTRAL MECHANICAL ROOM REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

• Provide (1) Mechanical Rooms

#### Functions

• Building infrastructure for HVAC distribution

#### Location

- Near Building Storage and Custodial Suite
- Building design specific. May be located on a mechanical mezzanines/lofts

#### Relationships

- Building Infrastructure
- Electrical rooms

### Storage N/A

#### Floors

- Provide hard surface flooring. Sealed concrete preferred.
- Acoustic isolation for mechanical units located above sensitive areas

#### Walls

• Durable

#### Windows N/A

#### Plumbing

• Specialized plumbing or HVAC use

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Sufficient to power equipment

#### Lighting

• Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout the room appropriate for tasks as well as utilizing the overall space

#### **Acoustics**

- Acoustic isolation between rooms including floor structure where rooms are located above sensitive areas
- Acoustic treatment throughout the room to reduce or eliminate background noise

#### Equipment

- Specialized HVAC equipment
- See equipment matrix

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## **ELECTRICAL GENERATOR ROOM REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

- Provide (1) Generator Room per the area program
- Proper ventilation

#### Functions

• Back-up generator to provide electrical power essential equipment in the event of a power failure

#### Location

- Near Mechanical, Building Storage and Custodial Suite
- Building design specific

#### Relationships

- Building Infrastructure
- Electrical room

#### Storage N/A

#### Floors

- Provide hard surface flooring. Sealed concrete preferred. Consider acoustics and ease of cleaning.
- Acoustic isolation for mechanical units located near occupied building areas

#### Walls

• Durable

#### Windows N/A

#### Plumbing

• Specialized plumbing or HVAC use

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Sufficient to power equipment

#### Lighting

• Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout the room appropriate for tasks as well as utilizing the overall space

#### Acoustics

• Acoustic isolation between rooms including floor structure where rooms are located near sensitive areas

#### Equipment

- Specialized HVAC equipment
- See equipment matrix

#### **Special Conditions**

• See PPS Design Guidelines and Standards for details on emergency generator specifications

## **CORRIDOR CHARACTERISTICS**

#### **General Requirements**

• Provide corridor access to all instructional, indoor athletic and building support spaces

#### **Functions**

- Sufficient spaces for users of the building to circulate between spaces
- Sufficient spaces to exit building during emergencies
- Light and air to circulation area
- Area for student lockers/storage
- Way finding opportunities
- · Areas for display of student art, student/school awards, school and community announcements
- Space and opportunities for conversation
- Visual connection between classrooms
- Ability to limit access to different zones of the building

#### Location

• Throughout building

#### Relationships

• Adjacent all instructional, athletic, and building support spaces

#### Storage

- Student lockers
- Access to custodial Rooms

#### Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring. Consider acoustics and east of cleaning.

#### Walls

• Durable

#### Windows

• Provide as much natural daylight as possible within the constraints of security requirements and privacy of neighboring property owners

#### Plumbing

• Floor drains as required

#### Power Requirements/Low Voltage

- Sufficient to power instructional and custodial equipment used in corridors
- Data port access where required for digital kiosks

#### Lighting

- Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout each corridor appropriate for pedestrian circulation
- · Specialized lighting appropriate to the display of students work

#### Acoustics N/A

#### Furniture N/A

#### Equipment

• HVAC equipment

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#### PPS Middle School Grades 6 through 8

Area	Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total
COMMUNITY & PARTNER USES			
Partner Program Office	1	150	150
Pantry <sup>45</sup>	1	200	200
Clothes Closet	1	120	120
After school instruction <sup>46</sup>		500	1,000
Desferred	_		4 000
Preterrea			1,000
Subtotal REQUIRED			470
Subtotal required + preferred			1,470
PPS Middle School Grades 6 through 8			
SUB-TOTAL MIDDLE SCHOOL AREA (Required - Covered Play)			65,934
Net to gross ratio of 29% 47			19,121
MIDDLE SCHOOL PROGRAM TOTAL REQUIRED AREA			85,055
MIDDLE SCHOOL PROGRAM TOTAL PREFERRED AREA			7,280
MIDDLE SCHOOL PROGRAM TOTAL REQUIRED + PREFERRED AREA			92,335
Net to gross ratio of 29% <sup>47</sup>			26,777
MIDDLE SCHOOL PROGRAM TOTAL REQUIRED + PREFERRED AREA TOTAL			119,112

#### Notes:

<sup>45</sup> 200 SF Pantry required; 300 SF preferred

<sup>46</sup> Number of after school instructional spaces to be determined in conjunction with program provider and PPS Facilities and Asset Management

<sup>47</sup> Gross area includes walls, corridors and circulation areas; 29% net to gross for new construction; ratio for modernization projects will vary depending on extent of work

## PARTNER PROGRAM OFFICE REQUIREMENTS

#### **General Requirements**

- Provide (1) office for a partner program
- Accessible to public

#### Functions

• Student & community support services

#### Location

• Near Administration area

#### Relationships

- Meeting/conference room
- Restrooms
- Main Office

#### Storage

- Cabinets with doors and drawers of various sizes, some to hold oversized materials with adjustable shelves
- Space for portable file cabinet

#### Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring. Consider acoustics, ability to move furniture and ease of cleaning.

#### Walls

- Minimum of one wall with windows
- Tackable wall surface covering all walls
- Minimum of (1) 4'x8' magnetic white board

#### Windows

- Windows sized to provide ample natural light
- Ability to control natural light when necessary
- Operable windows for circulation

#### Plumbing

• Sink if not installed in other community/partner area

## Power Requirements/Low Voltage

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment

#### Lighting

• Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout the room appropriate for tasks as well as utilizing the overall space

#### Acoustics

• Acoustic treatment throughout the room to reduce or eliminate background noise. Large and small group discussion

#### Furniture

• Chairs and tables

- See equipment matrix
- Special Conditions
- Door with window or relite

## PANTRY ROOM REQUIREMENTS

#### **General Requirements**

- Provide (1) Pantry Room
- Easy access

#### Functions

• Storage space for food, clothing and other materials stored by school or partner programs

#### Location

• Near Custodial suite

#### Relationships

- Custodial office
- Materials storage

#### Storage

· Heavy duty open racks

#### Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring

#### Walls

• Durable

### Windows N/A

#### Plumbing N/A

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and other equipment to be housed in this area

### Lighting

• Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout the room appropriate for tasks as well as utilizing the overall space

#### Acoustics

• Acoustic isolation between rooms

- Specialized equipment
- See Room Equipment Matrix

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#### PPS Middle School Grades 6 through 8

Area	Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total
COMMUNITY & PARTNER USES			
Partner Program Office	1	150	150
Pantry <sup>45</sup>	1	200	200
Clothes Closet	1	120	120
After school instruction <sup>46</sup>		500	1,000
Desferred			4 000
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#### Notes:

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<sup>46</sup> Number of after school instructional spaces to be determined in conjunction with program provider and PPS Facilities and Asset Management

<sup>47</sup> Gross area includes walls, corridors and circulation areas; 29% net to gross for new construction; ratio for modernization projects will vary depending on extent of work

## **COVERED PLAY AREA REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

- After hours accessibility
- Nondestructive walls, where applicable
- Community and physical education instructional use
- Tall roof to accommodate a variety of sports and fitness activities

#### Functions

- Physical education classes
- Outdoor recess on rainy days
- Community use (Parks and Rec)

#### Location

- Close to outdoor fields/play equipment
- Near to gymnasium and auxiliary gym (if installed)

#### Relationships

- Locker Rooms and/or restrooms
- Access to fields and gymnasium
- P.E. Offices

### Storage N/A

#### Floors

- Concrete preferred, asphalt acceptable
- Surface striping for basketball, and other sports as determined by building design team

#### Walls

• Not required but can be useful for some playground games

#### Windows N/A

#### Plumbing

- Downspouts as required
- Power Requirements/Low Voltage
- Optional

#### Lighting

Optional

#### Acoustics N/A

#### Furniture N/A

#### Equipment

- Basketball hoops
- See Room Equipment Matrix

#### **Special Conditions**

• Specific to building design team

# **COMMUNITY & PARTNER OFFICES REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

- Community offices per area program
- Work station space
- Ample space to meet with several people within individual office
- Soundproof/acoustic isolation for privacy
- Lockable storage
- Offices should all be located together
- Design and furnishings of spaces in conjunction with PPS Facilities and Asset Management

#### Functions

- Private student and/or parent conferences
- Private phone calls
- Ability to video conference

#### Location

- Near Administration and Entry area
- Centralized location

#### Relationships

- Main entry (for parent access)
- Records Storage

#### Storage

- Built-in file drawers and cabinets
- Lockable coat closet
- Provide cabinets with doors wherever possible
- Open shelving for storage
- Countertop/desk space (either built-in or mobile)
- Lockable

#### Floors

• Provide carpet flooring. Consider acoustics, teacher and staff movement, ease of cleaning and type of instruction when selecting flooring materials.

#### Walls

- Minimum of (1) 4'x4' tack board
- (1) 4'x4' (minimum ) magnetic white board
- Windows to be located to provide views and an abundance of natural light

#### Windows

- Windows sized to provide ample natural light
- Ability to control natural light when necessary
- Operable windows for ventilation

#### Plumbing N/A

## Power Requirements/Low Voltage

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century learning environment, and the potential to stream video

## **COMMUNITY & PARTNER OFFICES REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)**

### Lighting

• Provide lighting appropriate for tasks and activities. Lighting should be consistent to allow access to all parts of the space.

### **Acoustics**

- Acoustics should be designed to increase the ability to hear well throughout the space
- Space should be acoustically separated

#### Furniture

- Desk (built-in or mobile)
- Bookshelves
- Chairs
- File cabinets
- Provide durable and comfortable furniture
- Ability to accommodate desktop computer

#### Equipment

- Computer; laptop with secure storage preferred
- See Room Equipment Matrix

#### **Special Conditions**

- Door with window or relite
- After-hours access
- All windows should have blinds or shades for privacy

## AFTER SCHOOL INSTRUCTION CHARACTERISTICS

#### **General Requirements**

- Provide classroom size per area program
- Number of classrooms dependent on student population and program requirements
- · Classrooms must be designed as learner-centered environments
- Space primarily reserved for after school instruction by school or partner program

#### Functions

- Flexible for different types of modern learning and instruction: large group, small group and individual inquires/study
- Display of instructional materials and student work
- Allow flexibility of storage and display area through determination at time of master planning

#### Location

• Cluster classrooms adjacent to commons/extended learning area

#### Relationships

- Adjacent, with transparency to classroom commons/extended learning area
- "Open up" to classroom commons/extended learning area
- Partner Program Offices
- Restrooms
- Single user restrooms
- Relationships may vary depending on program needs
- · Ability to control or 'zone' access to classrooms from other parts of school after school hours

#### Storage

- Cabinets with doors and drawers of various sizes. Some to hold oversized materials. Size and quantity to be determined during master planning of individual schools.
- Teacher cabinet with locking doors
- Adjustable shelves in cabinets
- Cabinets with open shelves to house materials that students use and access, designed appropriate for age group
- Space for portable file cabinet
- See Room Equipment Matrix for preferred amount of cabinets

#### Floors

- Consider acoustics, teacher and student comfort, ability to move furniture and ease of cleaning.
- Carpeted area for 'floor time'; carpet tiles large enough to accommodate a class.

## Walls

- Minimum of one wall with windows
- Tackable wall surface available on all walls
- Minimum of (2) 4'x8' magnetic white boards on teaching wall per PPS Design Guidelines and Standards

## Windows

- Generous natural light with sunshade to minimize glare
- High and low operable windows for air circulation
- Operable window shades to control natural light as needed
- Lighting shelves allowed if appropriate and feasible

# **AFTER SCHOOL INSTRUCTION CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)**

#### Plumbing

• Built-in counter with sink

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment in the 21st century classroom and the potential to stream video to and from classrooms

#### Lighting

- Natural daylighting
- Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout the room appropriate for tasks as well as utilizing the overall space

#### Acoustics

- Acoustic isolation between rooms
- Acoustic treatment throughout the room to reduce or eliminate background noise
- Ability to simultaneously conduct large and small group instruction
- Selection of ceiling material is an important component

#### Furniture

- Allow for student movement while seated to increase learning (kinetic furniture)
- Allow for a variety of teaching and learning styles
- Desks, chairs, tables per number of students programmed for each classroom and sized for age appropriateness
- Selection of furniture and equipment to be made at individual school level in consultation with PPS Facilities

#### Equipment

- TVs and projectors at the discretion of individual school administration and design team
- Computers: laptops or mobile computer cart preferred; appropriate to grade level and curriculum requirements
- Capability to install classroom cameras and security
- Teachers desk, chair & computer
- •
- Paper towel dispensers
- Toilet paper dispensers
- Soap dispensers
- See Room Equipment Matrix

#### **Special Conditions**

• Door with window or relite

## AFTER SCHOOL PROGRAM STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

#### **General Requirements**

- Provide Storage Room per area program
- Easy access

#### Functions

• Storage space for After School Program materials and equipment

#### Location

• Easily accessible to program, dedicated

#### Relationships

- Adjacent to after school instruction areas
- Near after school offices

#### Storage

• Heavy duty open racks

#### Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring

#### Walls

• Durable

#### Windows N/A

#### Plumbing N/A

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment

### Lighting

• Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout the room appropriate for tasks as well as utilizing the overall space

#### Acoustics

• Acoustic isolation between rooms

- Specialized equipment
- See Room Equipment Matrix

## **HEALTH CLINIC REQUIREMENTS**

#### **General Requirements**

- Provide (1) Health Clinic
- Accessible to public; Separated access from school building.

#### Functions

• Student & community support services

#### Location

• Administration area

#### Relationships

- Family Resource Room
- Child care
- Counseling
- Restrooms

#### Storage

- Secure specialized storage racks
- Cabinets with doors and drawers of various sizes. Some to hold oversized materials
- Adjustable shelves in cabinets
- Space for portable file cabinets

#### Floors

• Provide hard surface flooring. Consider acoustics, ability to move furniture and ease of cleaning

#### Walls

- Minimum of one wall with windows
- Sanitary, durable walls.
- Minimum of (1) 4'x4' magnetic white board
- Tack surface

#### Windows

- Generous natural light w/sunshade to minimize glare
- High and low operable windows for air circulation
- Operable window shades to control natural light as needed

#### Plumbing

• Number of plumbing fixtures dependent on room function and layout

#### **Power Requirements/Low Voltage**

• Outlets provided and spaced sufficient to power computing devices and equipment

#### Lighting

• Provide consistent direct and indirect lighting throughout the room appropriate for tasks as well as utilizing the overall space

## Acoustics

- Acoustic isolation between rooms
- Acoustic treatment throughout the room to reduce or eliminate background noise

# HEALTH CLINIC REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)

### Furniture

- Chairs
- Tables

### Equipment

- Specialized medical equipment
- Computers
- Paper towel dispensers
- Toilet paper dispensers
- Soap dispensers
- See equipment matrix

### **Special Conditions**

- Private setting
- Accessible to public during school hours
- Parking as required by the City of Portland's zoning code

# SITE AND BUILDING CODE REQUIREMENTS

### **General Site Requirements**

- Provide on-site vehicle and covered bicycle parking for personnel and students per city code requirements
- Provide (1) Softball Field
- Provide (1) Soccer Field (can overlay the Softball Field)
- Play Equipment Area for 6th to 8th Grade
- Hardsurface Play Area for 6th to 8th Grade
- Separate Bus Drop-off Area
- Parking area for school personnel and visitors per the City of Portland Zoning Code
- Separate staff and visitors parking if possible
- Play/practice for baseball, soccer and running trail

### Location

• On school site

#### Relationships

- Parking adjacent to city streets
- Connect to transit access (where applicable)
- Provide separate service entry access drive if possible
- Locate fields near gym
- Locate play areas near cafeteria and gym
- Locate visitor parking so as to be viewable from admin. office

#### **General Building Code Requirements**

- School building facilities to be designed and constructed to the latest edition of the Oregon Structural Specialty Code (OSSC) and subsequent amendments
- School building facilities to be designed and constructed to the latest edition of the State of Oregon Fire Code and subsequent amendments
- School building facilities to be designed and constructed to the latest edition of the State of Oregon Mechanical Specialty Code and subsequent amendments, and State Historic Preservation Office requirements
- Site planning to conform to the City of Portland Planning, Land Use and Environmental, Transportation, and Historic Preservation regulations and requirements
- PPS policies and directives related to preservation of historic buildings and the development of new buildings.

**ROOM EQUIPMENT MATRIX** 

## PPS ED SPEC

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Room	Marker board	Marker board with Musical Staff	Tackable Surfaces	Shelving	Large Format Storage	Storage Racks	Heavy Duty Racks	Cabinets	Teacher Locking Storage	Moune Carvourage Snace for file cabinet	Demonstration station	Loading Dock	Sink	Power/Data Outlets	Wireless Access Point	Projection Screen	Wall Mounted Short Throw Project	Wall Mounted TV	Video Display	Document Camera	Audio reinforcement	Speaker Sound System	Clock/Intercom	Copier	Window Shades	Fume Hoods	Refrigerator	Freezer Ing Machine	Dishwasher	Microwave	Flammable Storage Cabinet	Chemical Storage Cabinet	2D Printer	3D Printer	Kin	Photo Enlarger	Development Tanks	Audio Playback System Dortshla Roha Racks	Portable Clothing Racks	Theater Lighting	Audio Mixing Board	Lighting Mixing Board	Rigging	Curtain(s)	Scrim/Teasers
CLASSROOMS Gr. 6-8 Classroom ESL Classroom	X		X X	X	X X			X X	X X X				X	12 12	X		X X			X X	x x x	x x x			X										+	-	+	-	+					$\neg$	
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#### PPS ED SPEC EQUIPMENT SUMMARY

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Room	Marker board	Marker board with Musical Staff	Tackable Surfaces	Shelving	Large Format Storage	Storage Racks	Heavy Duty Racks	Cabinets	Teacher Locking Storage	Mobile Cart/Storage	Space for file cabinet	Demonstration station	Loading Dock	Sink	Power/Data Outlets	Wireless Access Point	Projection Screen	Wall Mounted Short Throw Projector	Wall Mounted TV	Video Disolav	Document Camera	Audio reinforcement	Sheaker Sound System	Telenhone	ClockIntermm	Conier	Window Shadee		Fume Hoods Definerator	reirigerator Freezer	Ice Machine	Dishwasher	Microwave	Flammable Storage Cabinet	Chemical Storage Cabinet	2D Printer	3D Printer	Kiin	Photo Enlarger	Development Tanks	Audio Playback System	Portable Robe Racks	Portable Clothing Racks	Theater Lighting	Audio Mixing Board	Lighting Mixing Board	Rigging	Curtain(s)	Scrim/Teasers
Electrical Rooms															Х									X																									
Central Mechanical Room															х																								-		1	1	-	-					_
Electrical Generator Room															Х																																		
Custodial Work Area				X	X									х	Х									X	X	:																							
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After school instruction	X		X	X	X			X	X	X	X				X	X		X			X	X	X	X	X																								
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Electrical Rooms				-		_		-	_	-	-		-		-	- /	-	-	-							_	-	- 1	-	-	-		-	-		<u> </u>		m	—		<b>-</b>		F	
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All rooms required per Area Program unless noted as preferred or optional; room quantity and size per area program

Required equipment (unless noted as preferred or optional) Х quipment preferred (not required X Details per PPS Design Guidelines & Standards Number of required items

See Area Program for designation of rooms/spaces that are preferred and optional. Equipment specification is provided for rooms that are preferred/optional in the event they are installed.

#### Determination of who furnishes and installs equipment made by PPS Cabinets: moveable preferred per DG&S

Minimum preferred lengths: General Classroom: 20 lineal feet ; Science classrooms: 100 LF base w/doors; 50 SF upper w/doors ; Science Prep: 40 LF base w/doors; 40 LF upper w/doors; Offices: 20 LF; Art: base cabinet wisink 18/32 LF; Upper cabinet locking 18/16 LF; Band: 50 LF for instruments; base cabinet 5 LF; upper cabinet 5 LF; Control room: 5 LF upper;

#### Tall lockable storage = 6 ft. preferred File cabinet = two (2) four-drawer unless otherwise noted

Provide teacher locking storage in classrooms if teacher offices are not provided Bookshelves: Office: System furniture available through FF&E; Library: Based on collection + 20% excess

#### Shelving Min.:

Art: 9 LF shelving; flat file storage for 42" X 36" materials;

Custodial Rooms: secured cabinets sufficient to accommodate supplies and equipment needed to service the number of rooms assigned to each custodial room. Storage for large format building plans Science classrooms:

#### Four (4) sinks in each science classroom, optional demonstration station

Self-contained science classrooms delivering science curriculum for grades 6-8 should provide at least two sinks, counter space and power outlets sufficient to allow six to eight small groups of four students to use equipment and portable computing devices

#### Science Prepa

Consult with school faculty for specialty shelving needs Tackable Surfaces: Min. (2) 4' X 8' boards; wall surfaces preferred

Magnetic White Boards: Instructional Spaces: Min (2) 4' X 8' boards w/ map rail

#### Offices including custodial: optional w/ 4' X 8' preferred or as space allows

Power/data outlets: Provide general access outlets in all spaces or as needed for specialty equipment

Classrooms generally: 2 per non-teaching wall co-located with data preferred unless specified other wise; additional outlets as required by technology bundle, clocks, audio reinforcement;

Science Classroom: power outlets sufficient to power equipment required by science curriculum - science classroom and other classrooms teaching science curriculum for grades 6-8 spaced to allow groups of 2 to 4 students use equipment and mobile computing device on counter top area; science classrooms < 800 SF may provide overhead power for student work stations Gym: dedicated power for bleacher seating, scoreboard and control, shot clock, divider curtain, phone, intercom, sound system, clock; four outlets on non-bleacher walls

Sinks:

Utility sinks in Art, Media Center, Music Room, stage storage, laundry room, custodial rooms; floor drain w/clay trap in Art; on-floor mop sink required in custodial rooms

Card Key Access: access to exterior entry doors, MDF and IDF rooms only Countertops: Life skills: Min. 50 LF; reception/lobby length of public reception - height to accommodate ADA requirements

#### Food Service Equipment:

Kitchen: cold storage room, double-stack combi-oven/steamer, reach in fridges and freezers, dishwasher-conveyor, hose reel, walk-in cooler, walk-in cooler, food warmer cabinet; double stack full-size convection oven (gas preferred), tilting kettle, titling skillet, 2-burner cook top range, pizza conveyor oven, robot-coupe food processor, Panini sandwich grill.

Servery: mobile milk coolers, mobile POS station, serving lines with counter and hot/cold wells, water station, three compartment sinks, vegetable prep sinks, hand sinks condiment bar, 3-sided venue

#### Tennis Courts: Min. of 4 courts; 6 preferred

Computers

Classrooms generally: appropriate to grade level and curriculum requirements. One (1) laptop per teacher; one (1) desktop (PC) per classroom; mobile computer cart for laptops or other devices is preferred in classrooms. Specifications of the number and type of computers per classroom to be made in consultation with PPS IT, PPS Project Manager and school administration. Charging kiosks for laptops and/or mobile cart required; when mobile computer carts are assigned to a room, they need to be secured in permanent casework.

Offices: Administrative/counseling: individual school decision re. desktop or laptop computers. Desks should be able to accommodate desktop computer; Departmental offices should accommodate laptop computers.

Speaker Sound System: Provide to the extent needed to support sound reinforcement systems, assistive listening as needed and as required by ADAAG

#### Furniture Preference:

FF&E to be specified at individual school level and is dependent on available budget and ability to reuse furniture and equipment; soft furniture in student commons and administrative area is allowed; rolling furniture is acceptable; in student commons area General classrooms: student tables and chairs per class size and appropriate to age level; computer tables where desktop computers are provided; teacher table/desk/mobile storage cart; technology bundle mobile cart/cabinet; mobile A/V cabinet; printer table/cabinet; Science Classrooms : student tables and chairs per class size; teacher chairs; tech bundle mobile cart/cabinet; printer table/cabinet; Life Skills (alternative to GC classroom); ADA accessible student tables and chairs to accommodate program size; computer tables for 25% of students; 2D Art: student tables and stools; teacher table and stool; computer tables for classroom desktops; printer table; Band Room: teacher podium; 80 student music chairs and stands; Office generally: systems furniture to support office environment: lockable desk (sized for desktop computer), office chair, side chair, file cabinet(s), lockable storage; book shelving 30 LF preferred; Office management: additionally small conference table and chairs; Library/Media Center (non-classroom): Student tables and chairs to accommodate two classes; casual reading chairs; mobile circulation desk (space for 2 computers) w/ book return cart; librarian chair/stool; printer table; bookshelves to accommodate school collection + 20% additional; mobile periodical and newspaper racks

**APPENDIX** 

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## **APPENDIX A**

## PROCESS FOR MASTER PLANNING THE SPACE NEEDS OF SERVICE PROVIDERS, PARTNERS, AND COMMUNITY USERS IN DISTRICT SCHOOLS

The Area Program for PPS Educational Specifications identifies space for service providers and partners/community uses. For the purposes of District-wide Educational Specifications they are defined as:

**Service Provider:** PPS, non-profit agency, federal, state, or local government that provides a service to improve the health, welfare, and/or safety of students, families, or staff of the school they reside in and/or eliminating barriers to student success. Examples include county health clinic, early head start program, SUN program, and food and clothes closets.

**Partner/Community User:** PPS, non-profit agency, parent group/association, business association, higher education partners, etc. providing students, families, staff, community members with access to programs geared to boost academic performance, college level instruction, support of athletic teams, and access to career and employment resources. Examples of spaces used by partners/community users include office space for school PTA, Boosters, shared classroom space for college level instruction, office space for college recruiters.

**Space needs:** Service providers and partner/community users will have need for space dedicated to their specific uses as well as be able to share existing spaces within schools. The PPS Ed Spec identifies the space requirements of users with unique/dedicated space needs as well as users able to share spaces within the school building.

Planning for the space needs of service providers and partner/community users will occur during the master planning process for each school undergoing capital bond full modernization or replacement work. The tier levels established below identify which spaces will be considered in the master planning process, under what circumstances, and by whom.

Tier 1: Automatically included in the master planning process

#### **Considerations:**

• What is the appropriate size for each tier one space based on the needs of the space users and District resources to provide the space?

Tier 2: Considered/negotiated during master planning process

#### **Considerations:**

- Would the user of the space meet the intent of service provider or partner/community user defined above?
- If Tier 2 spaces require unique or dedicated spaces, priority should be given to spaces for service providers that serve the greatest need or greatest number of students
- Are District resources available to help pay for the space? The capital bond project budget for each school is available for Tier 2 spaces ONLY after spaces for required academic programming is developed
- Has (or can) the space user developed a proposal including space requirement, cost, and authority to proceed by space user's organization?
Tier 3: Developed in concert with capital partner

#### **Considerations:**

- Would the user of the space meet the intent of service provider or partner/community user defined above?
- Would the users of the space provide a significant benefit to the school/families/ community?
- Has (or can) the space user developed a proposal including space requirement, cost, and authority to proceed by space user's organization?
- Are District resources available to incorporate the Tier 3 space into the rest of the facility? What are the District capital and operational obligations?
- How easily will the proposed space integrate with the rest of the facility?
- If Tier 3 spaces require unique or dedicated spaces, those spaces should be configured so the District is able to reuse the space in the future.

## **APPENDIX B: MEETING NOTES**

PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOLS Educational Visioning and Specifications Middle School Ed Specs Teachers Conversation Summary

Date: July 17, 2013

Participants:

Name	Affiliation	Name	Affiliation
Karl Newsome	Astor School	Dave Blanchard	Vestal School
Ashley Coltin	Faubion School	Carla Oesterle	Vestal School
Takiyah Williams	Faubion School	Gretchen Rowland	Vestal School
Sandra Boon	Faubion School	Lavell Wood	Vestal School
Jeff Gentile	Roseway Heights School	Nancy Hamilton	DOWA-IBI Group

## **1. Overview and Presentation**

To begin the meeting John presented diagrams reflecting input from committees July 10 meeting. The key themes identified from that meeting included:

- Age appropriate scale
- Controlled movement
- A school zoned to accommodate various age groups but feel like a whole and complete school
- School organization
- Community of professionals
- Classroom organization
- Enough space
- Variety of technology platforms
- Flexible and agile space
- Transparency

The committee offered the following clarifying comments:

In addition to age appropriate scale in the vertical direction (i.e. Cabinets, drinking fountains, etc) room size should be different depending on the students' age. Larger spaces are required for younger students to accommodate the variety of instructional programs provided them.

Maybe space shape is something to consider. Classrooms are generally rectangles but are there other shapes that create greater flexibility and educational opportunity.

Middle School is a "school family", which is a unique characteristic of Middle School.

The idea of creating a center of school, a commons area, opens up other options. It could be a place where the Friday Snack Shack is located. Maybe the library is adjacent to the central space which provides a logical place for a book return. Maybe the library is conjoined with the center space or is an extension of that space.

The more we open up the school acoustics becomes important. The ability to dampen and reduce unwanted sound is important.

The ability to arrange students in various sizes or groups (small, medium and large) near or within the classroom is much more desirable than moving students throughout the school to places that provide that capability.

Currently our wireless system is slow particularly when large groups of students access it all the same time. In the future, it is desirable that data capacity is large enough to allow increased speed, more access by large groups of students and is configured to accommodate a variety of technology platforms.

Transparency and connectiveness provides not only the ability to see and learn from peers but to observe how students are learning.

The ability to control views into classrooms from corridors and the building exterior for lockdowns needs to be considered.

If the building has long wings of classrooms consider creating secondary pathways at the end of the wings to link the ends together. This helps reduce the amount of travel time within the school for those specialists who are constantly moving about the building.

## Exterior

It would be desirable to have covered walkways from the parking lot to the building. A cover at the student drop off and bus drop off is also desirable.

We do need covered play area(s) for students and ways to allow them to que under cover before recess and after recess before entering the building.

Consider multiple play areas for students that are age appropriate. Size and arrange play equipment based on age. Even older students like climbing on play equipment. These areas should be separated to allow different age groups to form "ownership" of their play area.

It seems that most play equipment is designed to be risk adverse. It would be nice if the equipment was not so "watered down".

An amphitheater seating area would be beneficial.

Service delivery should be placed so it does not interfere with student play and circulation areas.

In the playground area, provide areas to post "playground expectations".

One school visited in Walla Walla had wings. There was a play structure off the K-2 wing and a more complicated (wall like) play structure off the 6-8 wing. The 6-8 wing was closest to the large soccer and play fields.

Play structures today have a lot of engineering and safety built into them. They have been developed over a long period of time to address safety issues that were not present in earlier structures. There are also a large variety of play structures available and many are designed to be age appropriate.

The management of the playground ultimately is about the school culture. In some Middle School's all students are playing together; others divide recess by age groups. But school culture and expectations best determine how effectively a school play area is used.

It would be nice to have an area where a whole class could sit and meet outside. Consider a circle of concrete benches. Parents would like an area to sit when watching kids in the play area.

Oversized stairs also creates seating or amphitheater opportunities.

One existing building in PPS has 2 light wells open to the sky and are unused. Maybe they could be covered and turned into an indoor naturally lit eating and seating area.

## 2. Draft Area Program

John presented a "draft" area program for a Middle School. It was based on typical Middle School's in the Northwest. The categories of spaces (i.e. classrooms, SPED, etc.) are a placeholder at this point and the functions/spaces are a first attempted to identify what is required in a typical Middle School. John noted that there are more than likely adjustments required. For example prior to this Middle School meeting John and Paul met with the SPED department at PPS. That meeting further clarified the SPED spaces needed in a Middle School which the program distributed does not represent.

John asked everyone to review the program and identify modifications, adjustments or additions. The following was noted: (see attached program)

The quantity of specialists classrooms varies across the district depending on need.

To accommodate changes in enrollment consider zoning the school to allow the ability to "close" a portion (turn off the heat and lights) to address reduced enrollment.

It would be nice if math and reading specialists had a regular classroom. The specialists typically divide the classroom into zones with furniture and bookcases.

There are some programs that the district funds that need space like the Portland Reading Foundation. They support PPS reading specialists and usually share space but it would be desirable if they have their own space.

Community partners can vary between schools and change within schools over time. It would be desirable if partners are provided a space to set up a small office/work area and store supplies.

Currently before and after school programs use existing classroom's. It would be desirable to provide a separate space for those programs.

An office near the entry for Partner Programs like SUN is important. SUN coordinates numerous volunteers, employees and participants. At Faubion SUN uses the cafeteria, gym and 10-15 classrooms. The office would best be placed where programs are delivered and easily viewable to people entering the school.

The school should be zoned to accommodate before and after school programs without accessing the entire school.

Currently there is a discussion that all schools will have SUN or similar programs.

Before and after school child care is another program that shares space.

MDF (main distribution frame) and IDF (independent distribution frame) are technology network rooms required in a school for the data system.

Maybe the cafeteria could be provided with moveable walls to create smaller spaces that would accommodate partner program or specialty programs when the cafeteria is not is uses.

PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOLS Educational Visioning and Specifications Middle School Ed Specs Teachers Conversation Summary

Date: July 10, 2013 Location: Tubman School Participants:

Name	Affiliation	Name	Affiliation
Carla Oesterle	Vestal School	Ashley Coltin	Faubion School
Dave Blanchard	Vestal School	Takiyah Williams	Faubion School
Gretcgeb Rowland-Horrigan	Vestal School	Meredith Caldwell	Faubion School
Lavell Wood	Vestal School	Nancy Hamilton	DOWA-IBI Group
Jennifer Birch	Astor School	John Weekes	DOWA-IBI Group

## 1. Welcome, Introductions, and Overview

PPS Project Manager Paul Cathcart welcomed committee members to the first of three meetings. A review of the process that will lead to the development of Middle School educational specifications (ed specs), or building design criteria was discussed. The district-wide criteria will guide the site-specific designs of future Middle School projects. This is the second phase in the Educational visioning and Specifications process. The visioning phase culminated at the end of May in a summit that convened more than 130 people, following 15 "community conversations" that involved approximately 360 people over the last three months.

Paul introduced the DOWA-IBI team that facilitated the community conversations: John Weekes, DOWA-IBI Group and Nancy Hamilton, Nancy Hamilton Consulting. Committee members introduced themselves.

DOWA-IBI provided an overview of the ed specs process.

- The district has embarked on a substantial effort to remodel three high schools and replace Faubion Elementary School. Our team has been hired to facilitate and document the first two segments in a long chain of work: developing a vision about what future PPS facilities should look and feel like in the decades ahead, and then identifying the building design characteristics, or ed specs. One leads to the next, and this committee's work will lead to the design of specific projects.
- This phase is about words, not drawings. (That's the next phase). We will talk about the nature of spaces and the relationships among them, without considering how these buildings are currently arranged. Every school is different, and we will collect those differences; our document will provide space for school-specific considerations, but these will be applied later, in the designs for specific modernization projects.
- Teachers who participate in an ed specs process often describe it as a powerful experience, and we want you to feel that way too. This is important work because it will affect multiple schools over several bonds.
- It's important to have the diverse perspectives associated with different specializations, but it's also important that committee members step outside their own areas of interest and help us think about the entire school in a collaborative way.
- This is an opportunity to step out of your comfort zone and to look to the future. If we talk only about what we know, we will end up where we are today and it's evident from the visioning phase that this is not what our community needs.

## 2. Committee Conversation

John began by asking participants what are the key characteristics that define and differentiate a Middle School? What is an ideal Middle School?

A Middle School physical environment takes into account the different physical needs of students depending on their age and size.

The essence of a Middle School is finding the appropriate way to have students of different ages housed in the same building and finding ways of creating a whole environment for all and strategically separating students by age and size.

In a Middle School (unlike a middle school where I see 120 students a day) I work with 40-45 students. That affords me a more focused relationship with my students.

Early Middle School's were designed along the lines of the "Factory Model". One of the challenges is to consider movement of students of different ages. Conceptually it would be desirable if older students would move about the school without interfering with the younger students.

Consider the idea that there is a central space common to the whole school. Possibly the older students are located on the upper level and younger students are located on the main level. The central space provides a way to help with large movements of students creates a whole school feeling but allows students of different ages to be located so that they do not interfere with one another.

Consider acoustics. It is the nature of students to be loud. But this can disrupt instruction. Find ways to allow students the ability to make noise without disrupting instructional activity.

One of the unique characteristics of a Middle School is the ability for older students to be mentors for younger students, develop leadership skills and to stay connected to the kindergarten or first grade teacher. A key characteristic of a Middle School is the ability to nurture. A Middle School is a family.

Think about the cafeteria. The furniture needs to be different for different ages. Older students like to socialize so consider how a cafeteria is laid out to support their needs.

We should consider providing additional space for mentoring or buddy classrooms.

The Cafeteria should be separated from the gym. The overall use of the school would be more efficient.

Spaces should have more than one use, functions or multiple uses.

Provide covered outdoor space to play

K-5 are younger students and 6-8 are older students. If you were to zone a school by age it would be best to create three zones: K-2, 3-5, 6-8. That allows the school to be scaled for each age group including furniture.

Consider how to display "student expectations" in the school.

Maybe the school is like a venn diagram. The center is where functions that all students use are located (gym, cafeteria, library). The pedals of the venn diagram are where grade specific classrooms are located.

Sexton Mountain Elementary School in Beaverton is an interesting layout. The library is the center of the school and is open. It is surrounded by classroom pods that consist of 4-6 classrooms which open to a shared common area. The common area opens onto the library. Acoustics is not an

issue even though it is an open environment. Sexton Mountain is all one level. A two story adaptation of Sexton Mountain in Beaverton is Nancy Ryles ES.

It is interesting that in the United States teachers own their rooms. In France students own the classrooms and teachers move between the classrooms.

How do you create a community of professionals?

- Create a daily schedule that allows teachers to meet
- Provide the right mix of space in the school to allow students to be scheduled in a way that allows teachers to meet. Need separate music rooms, art rooms, and cafeteria and gym space. This allows multiple opportunities to schedule students.
- Provide a place where teachers can meet formally. Conference rooms, seminar rooms, etc.
- Provide a place where teachers can meet informally. For example, a small table with chairs, discussion area in the workroom, mailroom are ways to allow in formal conversations
- Consider providing large teacher prep/office space. A space with desks, production materials/equipment; and toilet.
- Provide a teacher's lounge. It should be separate from the school workroom.

Make sure there are enough electrical outlets and evenly distributed throughout the classrooms.

Due to the evolving nature of technology, provide a mixture of computer labs, computer laptop carts and a few big box computers in every classroom. Overtime, PPS will move to one device per student, the device being an iPad or similar. A mixture of technology setup allows teachers to accommodate a variety of student learning and testing needs.

It would be beneficial if the computer lab was not part of the library. Currently when students are being tested they close our library.

A place for parent to access computers would be beneficial. At Rosa Parks School they provided a Family Resource Center, especially for parents or guardians. It has computers, meeting spaces, conference space, a small kitchen and soft furniture space.

In the school consider the multiple ways students learn. They are kinetic and auditory. Sometimes they work in groups and sometimes individually. The classroom should be organized and sized to accommodate these multiple learning needs. In our current schools it is hard to accommodate this variety. Outlets need to be distributed and space adjacent to the classroom should be provided for specific pull out activities. All rooms should have sinks.

As a concept maybe space can be like a transformer, a place that changes from direct instruction to a free learning space.

I like the idea of a central entry for a school. At Lane you enter the school into a main space which is the cafeteria. During the day the tables are stored elsewhere but the entry experience is very nice.

What is the center or hear of the school?

- It could be the library
- Maybe it's a social space like the cafeteria
- Maybe the library and cafeteria are combined like Barnes & Noble

Displaying student work in the school is important. It should be located throughout the school and in the central common areas.

It is important that learning is on display. You should be able to see into spaces and between spaces. Maybe at the school entry there are video screens showing classrooms and live teaching taking place.

Transparency and connection between spaces is important. We should see what is going on in rooms and throughout the school.

If we want our schools to be center of our community then we need to provide space for the community. For example, health clinics or a Multnomah County Library Branch. Or consider creating flexible space for the community to use as they may need on a rotating basis.

## PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOLS Educational Visioning and Specifications Middle School Ed Specs Teachers Conversation Summary

Date: August 6, 2013 Location: BESC Participants:

Name	Affiliation	Name	Affiliation
Paul Cathcart	FAM/BECS	Carla Oesterle	Vestal School
Kristin Wells	FAM	Nancy Hamilton	DOWA-IBI Group
Sarah Lewins	Roseway Heights School	John Weekes	DOWA-IBI Group

## **Overview**

John provided an overview of the process to date. To start the Middle School meetings have focused on the unique cultural, educational and organizational characteristics that define a Middle School. Additionally participants have identified, reviewed refined spaces and clarified functions that are required in a Middle School. Based on this input conceptual organizational diagrams for a Middle School have been created and a preliminary functional program developed. Previous meetings have helped to clarify functional needs but further discussion and review is desired.

The following was discussed regarding the Draft Area Program:

Select toilets and sinks so their height and size are age appropriate.

Pre-K classrooms need to be accommodated in a Middle School. A Pre-K classroom is similar in size to a Kindergarten classroom. Because most students spend most of their time on the floor, it should have a solid surface and be easily cleanable. Wall to wall carpet should be avoidable. Small area carpets on top of the hard surface is acceptable. The district is headed towards full day programs. Currently, most Pre-K programs are half day.

Pre-K students nap or rest. This is usually done in the classroom on portable mats. Storage area for mats is important.

There should be a toilet room attached to the Pre-K & Kindergarten classroom with 2-3 toilets and a sink. The toilet room should have a small changing area because some students use diapers.

The Pre-K classroom should also have a sink.

The exterior play area for Pre-K can share grades K-2 play area.

In some Pre-K programs food is cooked in the classroom. There is a need for a storage closet for food and a microwave.

In the Pre-K classroom consider a small "amphitheater" or risers for kids to gather. Furniture should be sized for the student. White boards and bulletin boards should be low on the wall. Some teachers like carpet throughout except where water or sand tables are located. Bookshelves should be sized to hold large books. Storage for tricycles, big balls and resting maps should be provided.

Pre-K parents like to see their kids during the day so provide relites or two-way glass into the classroom to support this need.

The Pre-K & Kindergarten Classroom is full of different equipment that is organized to create learning stations. The students are usually moving between different zones within the classroom defined by these stations. Students tend to be very active.

Head Start has requirements that limit the number of students per adult in the classroom. The most students the more adults (teachers) required.

Class size for Pre-K varies to providing a large classroom space that can hold a larger student capacity provides the most flexibility.

Provide a kiln room for the Art room. In the Art room, clay is stored in the classroom. Provide a closet with storage racks for this purpose.

In Grade 7 & 8 Science room, provide a fume hood. In the Prep room provide sinks, chemical storage cabinets, fire cabinets and a small stove.

Most grade levels in a Middle School use water. For maximum flexibility all classrooms in a Middle School should have sinks.

More and more schools have a food pantry located in them. The pantry program is run by church groups and other organizations. Sometimes they run daily and some open of Friday, after school, to distribute food to students for the weekend.

The ideal location for the pantry would be a room with access directly to the exterior. Exterior overhead canopies to protect participants from the rain as they line up is desirable. Possibly locate the pantry adjacent to the covered play structure.

The pantry should have shelves for storage of bulk food products and a refrigerator for perishable items.

Sometimes schools use a classroom for a pantry if the room has an exterior door. Because there often afterschool activities running in the cafeteria or gym, these spaces cannot be used for pantry needs.

There are also weekend and afterschool music programs that use space. Ethos is common in schools. They have musical instruments (mostly percussion) that need to be stored. The Portland Youth Symphony uses Roseway Heights for their program. They pay to rent space but generally use every large space in the school during the weekend. Up to 300 students participate in this program though at any one time 100 to 150 are present since most of the practices are staggered.

The Youth Symphony has large musical instruments that need to be stored. Mostly percussion instruments, bases and pianos. Other instruments (violins, cellos, brass and woodwind) are carried by the student musicians.

Portland Parks and Recreation use school facilities, particularly the gyms, almost every night and on the weekends. They transport their own equipment and on-site storage is not necessary.

There are a number of educational support programs that are run by volunteers like SMART reading. It would be desirable to have a flex classroom available for these partners. Consider locating it adjacent to the library and/or accessible from the library as it is not used to accommodate other needs when space is tight.

The Specialty Classrooms identified in the Area Program don't need to be regular size classrooms. They hold 10-15 students at a time. A half-size space is adequate. It doesn't need to have typical classroom storage and sinks.

At Faubion, the librarian is only 2 hours per day. A major portion of their time is maintaining technology.

Maybe we should think about classroom shape. What if a classroom had a "small tail". A small bump out that could be used for pullout activities or small group instruction. It could also be a place where a school specialists could work with students right in the classroom.

Maybe the classroom is "L" shaped.

Consider exterior space needs like covered play areas, multiple play equipment zones (age appropriate), separate bus, pedestrian/car drop off zones, bicycle racks and separation between modes of transportation (bicycle, pedestrian, vehicular)

Currently health clinics are located in the largest Middle School's. We should consider having clinics in all Middle School's.

Provide a Parent/Family Resource Room with computers, conferencing, small children play area and soft furniture. It is a space that is available to parents and has programs that support their needs including career resource/support, parent/teacher meetings, PTA meetings and an adult social area.

Bicycle storage should be lockable. Consider a bicycle parking compound surrounded by a fence that contains bicycle racks and is locked up and secured during the school day.

Vehicle parking requirements vary between campuses and is set by the City of Portland's Development Code depending on available mass transit options.

Most schools lack enough parking stalls for teachers and a safe/covered path from those stalls to the school in order to park and carry supplies, projects, work, etc.

Looking at the proposed science components, there is not a need for separate chemical, prep and storage rooms. These can be combined into one prep room.

Showers are not required in the boys and girls locker room. There is not enough time to provide the required PE curriculum and also provide time for showers.

Staff showers are desired. In the current program there is a coaches office provided. Currently there are no PPS athletic programs at the middle school or Middle School level. A coaches office is not required. A shower in the PE offices that can be used by PE and school staff is acceptable.

The PE office shower could also be used by students if there was a specific need.

Athletic programs at the MS/Middle School level are clubs run by Portland Parks and Recreation. They do not require an office but there are storage needs for these programs.

At large school site concessions and a storage building for exterior fields is desirable. The clubs that use those fields maintain them and mow them.

Provide an In-School Suspension Room located adjacent to the Vice Principals office.

A Counseling Secretary is not required.

Records Storage should be located adjacent to the admin secretaries.

More than one computer lab is desirable. Especially when testing is going on and make-up testing is needed. Maybe there are small computer grouping in the specialties rooms that can be used for make-up testing.

In a Middle School one copier is not enough. In addition to the main workroom in the office one or two remote smaller workrooms with copiers is necessary. They should be spread out in the school and located centrally to allow efficient use by as many teachers as possible.

A large AV storage room is not necessary. Since classroom's will each have a full array of digital teaching tools (i.e. TV, digital projector, digital overhead, etc.) a room to store school-wide AV equipment is necessary (i.e. digital projector/laptop cart, audio systems, cords, cables, etc.)

A Project Storage Room is not required. A place to store student art projects in the student Art Room is required.

Middle School's don't have wood shop, metal shop, drafting, computer web design, etc. programs.

Coat storage: Provide cubbies or hooks in the classroom for grades Pre-K thru 3. Provide corridor lockers for Grades 4-8.

For the younger grades having coat storage in the classroom helps in classroom management and communications. It's easier for teachers to see if "take home" papers, notices and homework are being placed in backpacks and properly on their way after school.

Provide a Clothing Closet. It holds donated clothes, coats and shoes for students who come to school with missing clothing items.

Either the gym or cafeteria needs to be sized to hold an all school assembly. It's an important contributor to a Middle School culture.

The stage should be located adjacent to the large assembly space.

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# KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOLS PROGRAMMING REPORT

**KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL** 6909 SE Powell Blvd. Portland, OR 97206

Version B 11/20/17







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## Project

Portland Public Schools Kellogg Middle School 6909 SE Powell Blvd Portland, OR 97206

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# Part 1 - Executive Summary

# **1.1 Project Intent**

The purpose of this report is to present master planning and programming analysis for Kellogg Middle School, a new educational facility for Portland Public Schools (PPS). Oh planning + design, architecture (OHP+D) has collaborated with PPS on Education Specifications and building requirements, documenting key planning and design characteristics with Kellogg Middle School serving as a key model for future PPS middle grade buildings. This document will present the desired organization characteristics of PPS middle schools, the interrelationships of spaces, specific room requirements and square footages, and most importantly, represent the core educational values of PPS

## **Source Documentation**

The following documents have been provided by the District, and have been utilized to guide the design process:

- 2017 Health, Safety and Modernization Bond
- \$32 million construction budget per 2017 Health, Safety, and Modernization Bond
- 2015 PPS Middle School Educational Specifications
- PPS Design Guidelines & Standards
- Middle Grades Framework Draft Document (Dated 4/14/2017)
- PPS Long Range Facilities Plan
- Site Survey
- Geotechnical Engineering Report
- Phase II Environmental Site Assessment

## **Kellogg Middle School**

Kellogg Middle School, built in 1917 and currently a vacant building for the last decade, will be demolished and rebuilt from the ground up to accommodate the growing population in Portland Public School District boundaries. Located on S.E. 69th and Powell Boulevard, Kellogg Middle School will act as a cornerstone for subsequent school building projects and renovations by head-starting innovative ideas and creating an overall building-as-education experience. Programming for Kellogg Middle School takes into consideration Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) and sustainable design strategies such as solar energy, stormwater capture, and natural daylighting, and analyzes them with the newest educational curriculum trends such as collaborative, active learning environments, cutting-edge STEAM laboratories and exploratory programs, and multi-purpose interior and exterior spaces.

The overall goal of this new middle school building is to incorporate the programmatic and educational goals of PPS while meeting all current building codes to ensure the life, safety, and welfare of all students and faculty. The school will also engage with the local neighborhood and its residents, providing a framework that is student centered, culturally relevant, and intellectually, socially, and emotionally engaging. The building itself will contribute to the middle school curriculum, providing the most cutting-edge design solutions meant to support the Portland Public School system as it strives to lead in innovative course opportunities, modern technologies, and progressive community partnerships.

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## **PPS Bond and Funding Allotment**

The 2017 PPS Health, Safety & Modernization Bond has established a \$32 Million dollar construction budget for the new Kellogg Middle School. After the successful bond campaign, PPS has worked with OHP+D to plan the best use of this dollar amount in regard to square footage and space allotment. This process has involved reconciling program areas by engaging internal stakeholders at PPS.

Per the programming efforts (see section 3 of this report), it has been determined that 100,412 square feet is the preferred size for the new Kellogg Middle School. It has been established that a \$327.86/sf budget is in line with current market trends, and will be used as the target project cost.

## **Budget Alignment Next Steps**

Based on the current market-rate of \$327.86/SF for construction, and Kellogg Middle School Program area of 100,412 SF, the project is approximately \$920,668 over budget. In order to align the project goals with the budget, some adjustments will need to be made to the program in order to reduce program space areas by approximately 3,300 SF. Options for reduced areas will be presented to internal and external stakeholders to determine the outcomes that best meet the programming needs.

The chart below compares the educational specifications square footage range to the 2017 bond budget and shows the square footage outcome of a building based on the current market-rate for construction.

## **Project Schedule**

PPS MIDDLE SCHOOL EDUCATIONAL SPECIFICATION	PROJECT IS BUDGET	POSSIBLE OUTCOMES
School Square Footage Range 100,412 SF Kellogg Space Program	\$32,920,668 Program Estimate	\$327.86/sf
Student Design Capacity: 675	Includes \$500,000 offsite improvements \$2,533,991 demolition costs \$1,843,855 site improvements \$28,042,822 building (279/sf) \$2,766,657 estimating contingency	Schematic Design (SD) Goals         - Reduce scope by \$920,668         - Reduce building area (3,300 sf)         Example (980 sf computer lab)         - Provide deductive options at SD         - Reduce demolition salvage

The schedule below indicates the current project progress. This programming report concludes the Pre Design phase. Budget alignment is scheduled at the end of all the major phase milestones and the midpoint of the Construction Documents phase. A detailed schedule is available upon request.





1.1 Project Intent

1.2 Program Analysis

#### Internal Stakeholders

Internal stakeholder meetings have been organized with various District departments to gain an understanding of the District's needs, key components, and most valuable assets to the new Kellogg facility and the educational experience. OHP+D is in the process of working directly with consulting groups to take these design challenges and create tangible solutions.



**EXECUTIVE SUMMARY** 1.3 Evidence Based Design and Active Learning SITE AND MASTER PLAN SPACE PROGRAM LEED AND SUSTAINABILITY APPENDIX



The following outcomes from the Focus Group meetings have been summarized. See the meeting minutes in the appendix for additional information:

## ATHLETICS

- Locker rooms will not be provided at Kellogg Middle School since students do not dress down for PE class and they are not required for athletic support at middle school sites.
- Middle school athletic programs utilize high school facilities and fields in their cluster.
- The covered play area will be attached to a solid, flat wall of the school to benefit PE curriculum.

#### FACILITIES & ASSET MANAGEMENT (FAM) - PLANNING & PARTNERSHIPS

- Kellogg will provide spaces for the District's main general partners Schools Uniting Neighborhoods (SUN) and the Parent Teacher Association (PTA) - and will have the potential for other 3rd party groups from the business community and neighborhood to lease after hours for training through the civic use of buildings (CUB) program.
- The community spaces will be adaptable to multi-use functions and shared amenities.
- The community space will have direct access to the parking lot.

#### MAINTENANCE - MECHANICAL / ELECTRICAL / PLUMBING (MEP)

- The District's energy standards will be updated with current aspirations and goals for Kellogg Middle School.
- Convenient access will be provided for mechanical systems, keyed shut-off valves, alarm panels, and lighting.
- The mechanical system will be selected to limit air pollution concerns from SE Powell Blvd.

#### FACILITIES & OPERATIONS

- The loading dock will provide space for (2) five yard garbage and (1) five yard recycling containers and a delivery area.
- The mechanical room and equipment will be located on the ground floor with direct access to the exterior.
- Building operations supplies are delivered by 26 foot box truck, 1-3 times per month.

#### MAINTENANCE - GROUNDS

- Landscape features and trees will be spaced at a minimum of 10 feet to provide clearances for landscaping equipment
- The site plan will provide straight on access to garbage and recycling containers that do not have wheels and are not in a gated enclosure.
- No lawns on site will be sloped over 15%.

#### **INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (IT)**

- The District's latest access control software and programming standards will be integrated into the school design.
- Technology storage and support will be considered in the classroom layouts and data/power locations.
- The Office of Teaching and Learning (OTL) and IT will define technology needs in the classroom during the Schematic Design phase.

#### MAINTENANCE - MULTI-CRAFT / FINISHES

- Durable finish materials selected to limit maintenance demands on the minimal PPS maintenance staff.
- All finish selections will be reviewed by PPS to allow for maintenance input.
- Provide roof parapets instead of fall protection systems that require training for custodians.

1.1 Project Intent

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#### NUTRITION SERVICES

- Kitchen supplies are delivered by a 26 foot freezer truck, approximately nine deliveries per week occur between 4:30 am and noon, but not during student drop off time.
- Cashiers with two pin pad/card scanners per cashier will be provided for each of the three serving stations at Kellogg.
- The square footages of the cafeteria, servery, and kitchen will be balanced proportionally to insure proper use of spaces.

#### OFFICE OF TEACHING & LEARNING (OTL)

- Flexible learning environments and programming increases to shared spaces allow Kellogg to support a student enrollment capacity range from 600 to 810 students.
- 30 students per classroom has been used for scheduling and planning capacities.
- Gymnasium will be used as an assembly/performance space at Kellogg, not the cafeteria/commons.
- The cafeteria, servery, and kitchen will be sized to provide lunch in two periods for the maximum student enrollment.
- Student lockers will be replaced by cubbies in classrooms for student storage. A limited number of day lockers will be provided for student and community use.

## SECURITY

- The number of access doors will be reviewed by Security and all exit only doors will not have exterior door hardware.
- Security camera locations will be reviewed and labeled with the District's approval.
- Clear and secure zoning of the building will allow extended access hours to the community for events and civic use of buildings (CUB).
- Single occupancy, gender neutral restrooms will open into a hallway for supervised use.

#### SPECIAL EDUCATION

- The Special Education program at Kellogg will create a classroom experience for students.
- Special Education spaces will be adjacent to classrooms and centrally located close to services and the outdoors.
- Special Education spaces will be flexible to meet shifting programming needs.

#### STUDENT TRANSPORTATION

- Bus parking will be parallel to a straight curb, not angled on a curve, to allow safe drop off
- Bike racks will be clearly separated from the bus drop off loop.
- Provide Special Education bus drop off area adjacent to the main ADA entrance.



OHP+D also holds the following consultants to provide a comprehensive design team:

- Interface Engineering: Mechanical/Electrical/Plumbing (MEP)
- KPFF Consulting Engineers: Structural & Civil Survey
- EcoTone: Landscape Architect
- Listen Acoustics: Acoustical
- Halliday: Kitchen Specialist
- Green Building Services: LEED & Commissioning
- GeoEngineers: Environmental Consultant
- Cost Estimating: Cumming



## **Priorities and Objectives**

Project goals based on the 2017 bond priorities and objectives have been developed into four categories: Environmental & Health, Learning Environments, Flexibility, and Identity. These goals will be vetted and confirmed by the District and the public through the programming and public engagement phase.





## External Stakeholders

PPS and OHPD will work with the Design Advisory Group (DAG) throughout the process to ensure public concerns and aspirations are consistently understood and considered. The DAG consist of members of neighborhood associations, business leaders, government employees, parents, teachers, and engaged community members.

The primary intentions of surveying and involving the community in the process are to create opportunities for previously under-served demographics and low-income residents, creating a culturally relevant and inclusive learning environment. Effective school and family partnerships result in healthier, engaging practices and support services that aid in personal and social youth development. The Design Advisory Group (DAG) for PPS is the most prominent external stakeholder for the discussion of design elements for Kellogg School. The group is working directly with PPS and OHP+D, collaborating in various design-related discussions and assisting in problem-solving and brainstorming creative and practical design solutions.

The first two Design Advisory Group meetings were held on October 26th and November 9th at 6:30 pm at Franklin High School.

DAG meeting # 1 gave the DAG members an introduction and orientation to where the Kellogg project is to date, including budget, timelines, and expectations for upcoming meetings. The DAG's roll is to present the public concerns and aspirations so that these factors can be considered throughout the process while providing feedback on alternative options. Input was received from the DAG members from Comment Cards and from an activity where the members were asked to circle five (5) words from four category that represent goals and objectives for the new school. The full results of these two activities can be found in the appendix under, 'DAG #1 Comment Card Results,' and, 'DAG #1 Project Goals Results'.



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DAG meeting # 2 gave a short recap of the previous meeting, and addressed questions and comments identified from the Comment Cards from meeting 1. The main focus of DAG # 2 focued on site planning and blocking, discussing site related concerns and considerations such as pedestrian and bike safety, fencing, neighborhood and vicinity concerns, outdoor educational spaces and sports fields, traffic, parking and bus loop space, and the overall impact of the new building on students, staff, and community members. The DAG members participated in a site blocking activity that involved arranging the required program spaces on the site, so to identify building footprint opportunities or concerns. The DAG was able to share their experience as parents, educators, and community members as feedback on what the community would like to see throughout this design process. The full results of the activity, along with the comment card results can be found in Part 5 - Appendix under, 'DAG #2 Site Design Summary,' and, 'DAG #2 Comment Card Results,' respectively.

#### DAG Group Diagram Examples



There are 7 meetings scheduled with the community and DAG to gain community input. The topics for each meeting are listed below. These topics and dates may change as the community informs PPS and OHP+D of their priorities for Kellogg Middle School.

DAG Meeting 1: Oct. 26th, 2017 - Kick-off, orientation & expectations.
DAG Meeting 2: Nov. 9th, 2017 - Site
DAG Meeting 3: Nov. 21st, 2017 - Budget, Educational Specifications, review plans
DAG Meeting 4: Dec. 7th, 2017 - Update plans, blocking activity, massing
DAG Meeting 5: Dec. 21st, 2017 - Update plans, massing, eco update, systems
DAG Meeting 6: Mar. 8, 2018 - Site, stormwater, site lighting, access, parking, fields
DAG Meeting 7: Mar. 22nd, 2018 - Building envelope and materials, LEED update



## **1.2 Program Analysis**

## The Middle School Curriculum Framework

The PPS Middle School Framework dated April 17, 2017 combined with the PPS Middle School Educational Specifications was used as the basis for the programming of the new Kellogg Middle School

PPS will be using Kellogg School, not only as a cornerstone for all future middle school development and construction projects, but as a way to set into motion a modern, active learning based classroom curriculum. PPS places importance on all aspects of the classroom, including: demonstration equipment, classroom acoustics, and community involvement. In looking at the PPS curriculum, it is most important in the Programming phase to look at preferred classroom size and teacher preferences, so as to allot the proper square footages in alignment with PPS goals.

## **Square Footage Requirements**

## **Capacity Calculations**

The planning capacity for Kellogg Middle School based on the PPS Educational Specifications is 675 students. The typical PPS classroom is 980 square feet for 30 students (33 square feet per student). Using the long range facility plan utilization rate of 75% and 30 classroom spaces with a capacity of 30 students, the 675 student enrollment is achieved.



The minimum capacity of 600 students considers only the 27 classrooms with a capacity of 30 students and the utilization rate of 75%



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The maximum capacity of 810 students is reached by calculating the 6 Extended Learning spaces as 6 general classrooms with a 30 student per classroom capacity. When the school capacity is increased, shared spaces such as the cafeteria, servery, kitchen, and assembly spaces must be designed to meet the needs of an increased student enrollment.



## **Educational Specifications**

PPS has developed an Educational Specification baseline that discusses the interrelationships of spaces, overriding themes and values, and specific room requirements expected for development of all new educational facilities. These Educational Specifications, in relationship with the project budget, develop the most comprehensive program that aligns PPS square footage requirements with realistic goals.

## **Kellogg Space Program**

The following major spatial designations, based on input from PPS Educational Specifications, focus groups, and stakeholders, have been determined as requirements for Kellogg Middle School, and are defined in greater detail in Part 3:

- Classrooms: 36,452 SF
- Exploratory: 6,220 SF
- Media/Technology: 3,600 SF
- Athletics: 9,360 SF
- Administration: 2,328 SF
- Counselling: 660 SF
- Special Education: 2,680 SF
- Community Support: 1,240 SF
- Cafeteria/Commons: 8,919 SF
- Community/Partner: 950 SF
- Building Support: 5,430 SF
- Circulation: 22,573 SF

TOTAL KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL PROGRAM GROSS AREA: 100,412 SF



## 1.3 Evidence Based Design and Active Learning

The process of using research and data as the pilot for making informed design decisions is known as Evidence Based Design (EBD). This concept takes a critical thinking mind to analyze results and performance from previous projects and their influences on human interaction, performance, and satisfaction. In education, EBD is critical when executing building layouts and spacial elements; children spend most of their lives inside a school setting, and as developing adolescents, are susceptible to being impacted by their surroundings.

One way to look at EBD for education is to consider the building as curriculum. Every interior and exterior space is a potential place for learning and discovery. Incorporating both public and private spaces, multi-purpose classrooms, wayfinding, sustainability, and overall building layout and design created a welcoming, community driven environment that allows students to thrive and have the freedom to take education into their own hands. No two students think or behave in the same way, so the building must be able to accommodate a variety of teaching and learning styles. Considering this throughout the architectural design process leads to innovative advancements in building technologies that lead to improved student performance, higher test scores, and overall student health improvements.

Main points EBD has proven educational environments need to strategically be aware of and incorporate:

- Natural Daylighting and Views: daylit spaces have shown an 18% • improvement in studies and increased test scores over artificially lit spaces
- Green Space and Outdoor Classrooms: exposure to the outdoors and vitamin D can boost cognitive outcomes in children and lead to better focus and participation
- Sustainable and Clean Indoor Air Quality: cleaner air benefits overall student well-being, decreases fatigue and improves demeanor and has shown a decrease in absenteeism.
- Acoustical Considerations: proper acoustic control reduces distractions enabling students to better focus, resulting in higher test scores
- Ergonomics and Furniture Flexibility: allows students to find personal • comfort, which results in improved posture, better overall comfort, and increased test scores
- Color Theory for Emotional and Physical Response: color has been shown to connect neuropathways in the brain, and can strongly influence creativity, focus, happiness and memory. Lack of color has shown an IQ decrease of 10 points.

Active Learning Environments involve modular tables and seating to support a multitude of different teaching and learning styles. The idea of building as curriculum considers every aspect of the classroom used as an interactive teaching tool that can adapt to lessons and student preference. Collaborative furniture that includes hard and soft seating, group tables, and adjustable sit-stand workstations allow students to take learning into their own hands and be more active and involved in the classroom. Incorporating technology is a necessary part of the modern classroom, including Smart Boards and projection screens, individual student laptops, and a variety of equipment and machinery for Maker Spaces, STEAM Labs, Science classes, Arts classes, and Media Centers. Many studies prove the benefits of a flexible, collaborative environment.

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## **1.4 LEED and Sustainability**

## **LEED Gold Certification**

Per the PPS Design Guidelines & Standards, Appendix P, this project will be designed to meet Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) Gold standards, at a minimum. Wherever possible, the sustainable design practices will be put on display so they can be used as teaching tools. The following are a few key areas of LEED that this project will focus on to create a healthy learning environment.

## Demolition and Salvage

A major factor of LEED is the sustainable management of building materials, both new and demolished. While the original Kellogg Middle School is not established as having historical significance, it is an important building to many, and has a story to tell. In demolishing the building, the goal is to preserve pieces that will help keep this history alive. This will also be used as learning and teaching tools throughout the new facility. Materials such as the wood flooring and bleacher boards will be salvaged and re-used in the new school. A large maple tree on the site can be cut into rounds to teach students about tree growth patterns and to mark historic events.

## Daylighting

A key part to creating healthy spaces is providing adequate, natural daylight, which is encouraged by LEED. Effective daylighting in classroom spaces is critical for developing students, and has been shown to improve learning abilities and test scores, as well as physical health. A strong emphasis will be placed on providing natural daylight into as many spaces as possible, through the building layout and orientation. It is also important that rooms are not overlit causing glare, so shading devices and other strategies will be implemented where necessary.

## **Rainwater Management**

In addition to sustainable building practices, LEED also encourages sustainable site development and management of resources. Bioswales will be included in the parking lot planters, bus turn around, and other areas on site to effectively capture and treat rainwater before it returns to the ground.

## **Net Zero Energy**

When a building consumes zero energy in operation and maintenance, it is considered a Net Zero Energy building. This is accomplished through incorporating sustainable, renewable energy sources into the building systems, including electrical, mechanical, and plumbing. This ultimately releases fewer greenhouse gasses into the atmosphere, and is an excellent design concept to follow when planning a LEED Certified building. Net Zero buildings are both sustainable in material and finance, as operation costs are typically lower when incorporating renewable energy sources such as solar and wind power and rainwater capture.



# Part 2 - Site and Master Plan

# 2.1 Zoning and Neighborhood

## **Neighborhood Context**

Kellogg Middle School is located in the South Tabor neighbor which is bounded by SE Division St., SE 50th Ave., SE 82nd Ave., and SE Powell Blvd. The southern end of the site abuts the Foster-Powell Neighborhood which is bounded by SE Powell Blvd., SE Foster Rd., and SE 82nd Ave. South Tabor and Foster-Powell are primarily single family residential neighborhoods with multifamily units and commercial structures along Powell Blvd., Division St., and Foster Rd. The site is adjacent to multiple business districts and the Jade District, which are mostly commercial areas. Incorporating neighborhood culture into the design of the new Kellogg middle school is important in creating a welcoming, inclusive space for all students and staff.

## **Neighborhood Demographics**

To the east of the Kellogg Middle School site there is a large Chinese influence in the commercial properties on Powell Blvd., 82nd Ave., and Division St. Neighborhood demographics include a large Asian and Pacific Islander population (~14% according to the 2010 census).

## Site Data

• The school site consists of 3 lots at 5.31 acres, 0.45 acres, and 0.24 acres, for a total of 6.18 acres.

- The existing school is setback over 250 feet from SE Powell Blvd., which is • categorized as a Transit Street by the City of Portland.
- There is service access from SE Franklin Street at the existing site.



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Fields

Drainage

**KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL** 



## **Neighborhood Associations**

The south property line of the Kellogg Middle School site coincides with the neighborhood boundary between the South Tabor Neighborhood and the Foster-Powell Neighborhood. Meetings are scheduled on November 13th, 2017 for Foster-Powell and November 16th, 2017 for South Tabor to update the associations on the Kellogg Middle School project progress.

## **Business Districts**

The school is located within the 82nd Avenue Business District and adjacent to the Foster Area Business District, two overlapping districts [Foster Area and 82nd Ave Business District and Lents and 82nd Ave Business District], and the Jade District.





## SE Powell Blvd. Concerns

SE Powell Blvd. is a state highway and major source of motor vehicle traffic that must be addressed. Specific concerns have been identified for school's adjacency to the 4 lane highway:

## Air Quality

Motor vehicles are a major source of air pollution. The EPA has found the highest level of motor vehicle pollutant concentrations within the first 500 feet of a roadway and reaching background levels within 2,000 feet of a roadway. Near road pollution can be reduced by ventilation, filtration, proper intake locations, vegetation, and proper actions by building occupants

#### Noise

SE Powell Blvd. is a major source of noise pollution. Noise pollution can be reduced through acoustical building treatments and creating physical barriers between the roadway and the school.

#### Safety

The site will be secured from activity on SE Powell Blvd. by locating all school entrances off of SE 69th Ave., providing a secure perimeter with walls and fencing, and by not installing exterior door hardware on all exit only doors.

## Traffic

All student drop off areas will be accessed from SE 69th Ave. and multiple access points will be provided to the site away from SE Powell Blvd.













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**KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL** 



#### Zoning

The site is zoned R1 / R2 (multi-dwelling residential) and R5 (single dwelling residential) zones per Title 33 Planning and Zoning code for the City of Portland. The site plan below illustrates the required maximum setback distance of 20'-0" at SE Powell Blvd. for 50% of the structure's frontage and the landscaping and screening requirements. The north and east property lines will require landscaping that forms a high screen that creates a physical and visual separation. This can be accomplished with 6 ft. high evergreen shrubs and one large tree every 30 lf. The south and west property lines will require general landscaping. This can be in the form of one large tree every 30 lf and two low shrubs per 400 sf.





EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT 11/20/17

2.1 Zoning and Neighborhood

## 2.2 Preferred Site Plan

The preferred site layout aligns the bus loop, visitor and staff parking, and bike parking along the west property line. The organization of the transportation zone separates the buses from car traffic which allows students to safely access the buses or the parent drop off in the parking lot. The north-south orientation of the bus loop increases student safety by preventing students from ever crossing in front of or between buses. The creation of a vertical transportation zone allows greater connection between the school's gymnasium and the covered play area and outdoor fields to the north. This allows the students to walk out of the gym to the covered play or the fields without crossing any vehicle drives. This direct connection creates a waiting area either inside the gymnasium or under the covered play area for students during bad weather.




# 2.3 Building Orientation

The building has been located on the site to meet the city's requirements and maximize design strategies. The influencing factors for building orientation are:

- An East-West building orientation for the classroom building (Learning Suites) takes advantage of passive (daylighting, solar heat gain) and active (solar collectors) solar strategies.
- The city's required maximum setback of 20 feet on SE Powell Blvd. allows the building frontage to create a protected courtyard for site circulation at the building's main entry off of SE 69th Ave.
- The offset Learning Suites maximize daylighting and shape a private courtyard for an outdoor gathering and play area adjacent to the classrooms and commons and frame a student garden and outdoor gathering area south of the classrooms.
- The location of the school's administration and secure vestibule creates good visibility to bus and parent drop off areas and approaching visitors from a distance. This central control point allows access control to classroom suites and afterhours use of the gymnasium and commons.
- Required emergency vehicle access shared by delivery and garbage vehicles creates a service zone accessing the site from SE Franklin St. which eliminates vehicles crossing the site in areas of student activity.
- Stacking the Learning Suites achieves a greater site density to increase the size of athletic and playfields on-site.
- Locating the gymnasium to the north allows a direction connection to an attached covered play area and the protected athletic and playfields.

## 2.4 Transportation

Since SE Powell Blvd. is a major transit route and is under the jurisdiction of the Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT), no site access will be provided from it. The main site access including pedestrian, bicycle, and bus drop off and parent drop off will be from the west on SE 69th Avenue. Per the Early Assistance Meeting PBOT is requiring a cul-de-sac to be located at the end of Franklin Street along with a ROW dedication, or a concrete strip would be allowed if approved by the Public Works Alternative Review Committee.

#### **Emergency Vehicles**

Fire apparatus access shall be provided to within 250 feet of all portions of the building. Access roads shall be within 150 feet of all portions of the exterior of the building; an approved turnaround is required if a dead end access road is more than 150 feet.

#### **Bus Drop off**

Space for eight, 40 foot student buses is required by the District. All buses must be able to drop off students parallel to the curb. It is preferred that the Bus drop off and vehicle parking area for staff and visitors is separated for safety

#### Delivery/Garbage Pick up/Loading Dock

Access to kitchen, mechanical, and building storage space is required for delivery trucks. Recycling and garbage containers must be directly accessible by service vehicles

#### **Vehicle Parking**

The city requires a minimum of 34 and a maximum of 51 parking stalls for staff and visitors.

#### **Bicycles**

136 bicycle parking spots are required based upon the number of classroom by the City of Portland.

SUMMARY

#### **KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL** PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT 11/20/17

In addition to the required elements, the District and the City have additional site preferences.

- On-site storm water treatment areas must be provided.
- For safety, the bus loop and the parking should be clearly separated and the buses should not be stacked.
- Access to the site should be aligned with the existing streets and the buses ٠ cannot drop off students at the curb cut that previously served the school.
- Buses should stay out of the neighborhood by accessing the site from SE • Powell on SE 69th Ave. and return to the light at the intersection.
- There should be a planned special education bus drop off area located close to • the main entrance.
- Limit the amount of cross site traffic from trash and deliveries that occur . throughout the day.
- Bike commuting is encouraged with biking routes that are clearly distinguished • from the vehicle movement areas

The preferred site layout aligns the bus loop, visitor and staff parking, and bike parking along the west property line. The creation of a vertical transportation zone allows greater connection between the school's gymnasium and the covered play area and outdoor fields to the north.



#### **Delivery and Emergency Access**

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# 2.5 Outdoor Gathering and Student Gardens

#### **Outdoor Gathering**

The concept of incorporating an outdoor classroom into the building program allows students to get up and out of their seats, into a new, interactive setting that promotes hands-on learning. The Kellogg master plan includes a variety of outdoor activity locations with secure fencing and views from classroom or administration spaces. Studies show that the incorporation of nature and natural elements have extremely beneficial health factors on students.

#### **Student Gardens**

Student Gardens are common in school settings as they provide a variety of educational tools and opportunities for students. Gardens promote student collaboration and interaction, allowing them to learn about health and nutrition. The foods the students grow can then be studied in a science classroom setting, or be used in healthy cafeteria meals.



Enlarged Site Plan of Outdoor Gathering Spaces



**EXECUTIVE SUMMARY** 

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KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT 11/20/17

# there are multiple zones, the space is open to allow for visual security for its users. The bioswale at the south end of the space provides a noise and security buffer from Powell Blvd. The bermed seating around the fire access turn around also provides a sound barrier from the surrounding neighborhood. \* Building shown as reference only. 2.1 Zoning and Neighborhood \* Building design is in Schematic Design 2.2 Preferred Site Plan 2.3 Building Orientation 2.4 Transportation 2.5 Outdoor Gathering and Student Gardens 2.6 Sports and Play Fields 2.7 Stormwater and Drainage Eastern Outdoor Gathering Looking South Eastern Outdoor Gathering Looking West Eastern Outdoor Gathering Looking East **KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL**

The outdoor learning space at the east side of the site is adjacent to the Commons as

well as being overlooked by the Learning Suites. The outdoor area has multiple zones with differing scales to allow for multiple classes and learning opportunities. Although

**East Outdoor Learning** 



#### West Outdoor Learning

The outdoor learning space at the southern end of the site is overlooked by the Learning Suites which contains a mixture of extended learning, classrooms, and science classrooms. This space provides a safe and private environment for students with the 10 feet high wall enclosing it from Powell Blvd. The outdoor area has multiple zones to allow for multiple classes and learning opportunities. Although there are multiple zones, the space is open to allow for visual security for its users. On the west end, there is an option for three water storage tanks that hold water harvested from the roofs to irrigate the gardens. The raised planters can be used for urban gardening. The east end of the outdoor learning area is a rain garden with nature play integrated, another teaching tool.







KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL



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KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT 11/20/17

# 2.6 Sports and Play

#### **Sports Fields**

The main sports fields is located at the north end of the site away from the traffic of SE Powell Blvd. The softball and soccer field overlap however they are the largest fields the site can accommodates; 210' x 135' soccer field and 200' softball field. All practice and events for organized sports will be at the high school, these fields are to be used primarily for physical education.

#### **Covered Play**

PPS curriculum incorporates outdoor play or recess as part of their physical education requirements. Incorporating a covered play area lets students get outside for a longer period throughout the year, something that would not be otherwise possible due to weather restrictions. The preferred location for the covered play is next to the gymnasium in order to use the wall for games and the ease of access in bad weather.



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#### **Nature Play**

Nature Play areas use landscape development and other natural elements as play and teaching tools instead of metal or plastic play structures. Nature play areas give children more opportunity to define their play, encouraging imagination and creativity through physical action. Logs, boulders, bridges, and trees are just a few of the elements that can be incorporated into a Nature Playground.

### 2.7 Stormwater and Drainage

Per the City of Portland Public Improvements Ordinance 17 Kellogg is required to infiltrate the maximum amount of storm water on site that is feasibly possible. Three locations are being looked at, the south eastern corner of the site, within the parking stall median strip, and in the north west corner. The south-eastern location will create a barrier between Powell Blvd. and access onto the site for safety and will allow a teaching opportunity by the outdoor learning space. The other two locations are designed to address the parking lot and the bus drive lane impervious surfaces. The next step is for the civil engineer to calculate the proper size and location for the on-site bioswales.



#### **Stormwater Strategies**

Bioswale



# Part 3 - Space Program

# 3.1 Kellogg Program

The PPS Middle School Educational Specifications were used as the starting point for the Kellogg Middle School Program. The needs of various internal stakeholders and focus groups were reviewed in meetings that provided recommendation for deviations from the current Middle School Educational Specifications' standards. The revisions to the Educational Specifications for the Kellogg Middle School program have been made for primarily 2 reasons:

- Accommodate future student enrollment growth
- Allow for flexible use of the facility

For example, the square footage of the Cafeteria/Commons space has been increased to allow the student enrollment to increase from 675 students up to 810 students, to accomodate future growth. The square footage of the special education Learning Center has been increased from 800 SF to 980 SF to match the size of a typical classroom so it can be converted to a general classroom if need in the future. Spaces such as Community and Special Education have been evaluated and adjusted to meet current needs. The full program and deviations from the Educational Specification are included on the following pages.

#### **Square Footage Requirements**

An important aspect of school building planning is taking into consideration future district growth and increases in capacity. While the baseline for Kellogg Middle School encompasses spatial requirements for 675 students, expected growth over the next decade must reflect an anticipated increase to 810 students. With that expectation, the Educational Specification square footages and classroom counts attribute to the required number and types of classroom spaces.

The following building and site programs list the type of spaces that will be incorporated into Kellogg Middle School according to the PPS Educational Specifications. Black text represents items required by the specifications, the red text represents a Scope Add that is not identified in the Educational Specifications, and the blue text represents a Preferred Add that is listed as an optional space in the Educational Specifications.

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#### **OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE**

**KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL PROGRAM** 

Oh

PROJECT NAME:	PROJECT NO .:	90031
Portland Public Schools - Kellogg Middle School	DATE:	10/30/2017

\* Planning capacity for Middle School program is 675 students

\* Target: 600 students

\* Maximum: 810 Students

		Kellogg Middle School Program				Notes	
				Unit /			
Room Type	Room Name	Qty	Cap.	student	Unit (SF)	Area (ASF)	
Classrooms	Classroom	22	30	32.7	980	21,560	A,B
	ESL Classroom	1	15	65.3	900	900	С
Scope Add	ESL Classroom ADD	1			80	80	1
	Science Classroom	5	30	43.3	1,300	6,500	
	Science Prep	1			150	150	
Scope Add	Science Prep	2			150	300	2
	Science Storage	1			64	64	
Scope Add	Science Storage	2			64	128	2
	Extended Learning Area	6	30	33.3	1,000	6,000	D
	Student Lockers	3			190	570	
Preferred	Conference Room	1			200	200	
Subtotal ASF	al ASF 36,452						
Exploratory	Music (Band & Choir) Rm	1			1,400	1,400	Е
	Music Office	1			120	120	
	Art	1			1,200	1,200	
	Art Storage	1			120	120	
	Computer Lab	1			980	980	
Preferred	STEAM Lab	1			1,200	1,200	F
Preferred	Kiln Room	1			100	100	
Preferred	Dance	1			980	980	G,H
Preferred	Music/instrument Storage	1			120	120	
Subtotal ASF						6,220	
Media/Technology	Media Center	1			1,650	1,650	
Preferred	Media Center	1			1,550	1,550	3
	Media Workroom	1			200	200	
	Conference/Group Study	1			200	200	
Subtotal ASF						3,600	



		Kellogg Middle School Program					Notes
				Unit /			
Room Type	Room Name	Qty	Cap.	student	Unit (SF)	Area (ASF)	
Athletics	Gym	1	60	113	6,800	6,800	
	Athletics Storage	2			200	400	
	Club Storage	3			80	240	
	PE Office	1			120	120	
	Boy's Locker Room	1			800	800	
	Girl's Locker Room	1			800	800	
Scope Add	Table/Chair Storage	1			200	200	4
Subtotal ASF						9,360	
Administration	Reception/Secretary	1			450	450	
	Health Room/Toilet	1			200	200	
	Principal's Office	1			180	180	
	Assist. Princ. Office	1			120	120	
	Workroom/Mail	1			350	350	
	Staff Room	1			500	500	
	Conference Room	1			180	180	
Preferred	Conference Room ADD	1			20	20	6
	Restroom	2			45	90	
Preferred	Restroom ADD	2			19	38	7
	Lost & Found	1			50	50	
Preferred	Records Office	1			150	150	J
Subtotal ASF						2,328	
Counseling	Counselor's Office	2			120	240	
	Record Storage	1			100	100	
	Mediation/Tutorial Room	1			120	120	
Preferred	Conference Room	1			200	200	
Subtotal ASF						660	
Special Education	Learning Center	1			800	800	К
Scope Add	Learning Center ADD	1			180	180	8
Scope Add	Sensory Sup/Offices	3			150	450	9
	Special Needs Toilet	1			120	120	
Preferred	Sensory Support Room	1			150	150	
Preferred	Life Skills Room	1			980	980	L
Subtotal ASF		1				2,680	
Community Support	Parent/Volunteer Room	1			200	200	
	Parent/Community Room	1			800	800	Μ
Scope Add	Parent/Comm Room ADD	1			120	120	10
	Parent/Family Offices	1			120	120	
Subtotal ASF						1,240	



		Kellogg Middle School Program				ram	Notes
				Unit /			
Room Type	Room Name	Qty	Cap.	student	Unit (SF)	Area (ASF)	
Cafeteria/Commons	Cafeteria	1	283	15	4,250	4,250	
Preferred	Cafeteria ADD	1	17	15	250	250	11
Scope Add	Cafeteria ADD	1	105	15	1,580	1,580	12
	Kitchen	1			800	800	
	Dishwashing	1			250	250	
	Kitchen Freezer/Cooler				140		
	Kitchen Office/Alcove	1			60	60	
	Servery	1			900	900	
Scope Add	Servery ADD	1			315	315	13
	Kitchen Staff Lockers	1			20	20	
Preferred	Kitchen Staff Lockers ADD	1			80	80	14
	Kitchen Restroom	1			45	45	
Preferred	Kitchen Restroom ADD	1			19	19	15
	Table/Chair Storage	1			200	200	
	Kitchen Storage	1			150	150	
Subtotal ASF					8,919		
Community/Partner	Partner Program Office	2			150	300	16
	Pantry	1			200	200	
Preferred	Partner Prog. Stor/Office	4			88	350	17
Preferred	Laundry Room	1			100	100	18
Subtotal ASF						950	
Building Support	Restrooms	6			45	270	
	Toilets - Boys	3			200	600	
	Toilets - Girls	3			200	600	
	Custodial Rooms	4			100	400	
	Custodial Office/Lockers	1			150	150	
	Materials Storage	1			350	350	
	Custodial Storage	1			350	350	
	Building Stor./Receiving	1			650	650	
	MDF Room	1			160	160	
Preferred	MDF Room ADD	1			20	20	19
	IDF Rooms	3			80	240	
Preferred	IDF Rooms ADD	3			20	60	20
	Electrical Room	1			180	180	
Preferred	Electrical Room ADD	1			20	20	21
	Central Mechanical Room	1			600	600	
Preferred	Central Mechanical ADD	1			200	200	22
Preferred	Custodial Work Area	1			180	180	
Preferred	Electrical Generator Room	1			200	200	Ν
Preferred	Outdoor Equipment Stor.	1			200	200	
Subtotal ASF						5,430	



			Kellogg Middle School Program						
Room Type	Room Name	Qty	Cap.	Unit / student	Unit (SF)	Area (ASF)			
MS Program Total									
						67,119			
MS Program Total -PREFERRED AREA						7,267			
MS Program Total -SCOPE ADD AREA						3,453			
Total Net Square Footage 77,839									
New Construction (Net to Gross ratio	- Building Circulation 29%)					22,573			
TOTAL MIDDLE SCHOOL PROGRAM GROSS SQUARE FOOTAGE 100,412									

#### SEE SEPARATE KELLOGG MS SITE PROGRAM SPREADSHEET FOR SITE REQUIREMENTS

Notes

- A "Specialist" classroom functions such as Title I, Reading, and Math to be
- accommodated in "Extended Learning" areas B Self-contained classrooms that deliver science curriculum for grades 6-8 need
- to be large enough to provide the additional sinks.
- C Room should be divisible into two smaller classrooms
- D One Commons/Extended Learning Area @ 1,500 SF required per classroom type (grades 6,7,8). Two per classroom type @ 1,000 E Music room should incorporate instrument storage if not built separately
- F Dance Room with stage to be elevated 18-30 inches above adjacent gymnasium; separate with acoustic/operable wall that opens to gymnasium; stage to provide space for dance
- G Science Technology Engineering Arts and Math (STEAM) lab equipped to
- accommodate science curriculum as well as fabrication
- H Dance is part of the core program. J Records Office reprogrammed out of Educational Specifications provided
- Records Storage space per OTL direction K Number of Learning Centers dependent on SPED population within school; (1)
- 800 SF Learning Center required; additional Learning Centers may be smaller, min. of 600 SF
- L Intensive Skills room dependent on the needs of the student population
- M Includes Clothes Closet storage area N Can be located outside building if site conditions allow; inside building preferred
- 1 80 sf added to ESL to provide future flexibility per OTL direction 2 (2) Science Prep and (2) Science Storage spaces added - One provided for
- each floor per OTL direction
- 3 3,200 sf Media Center preferred per Educational Specifications
- 4 200 sf added for chair storage to accommodate a capacity of 800 for a
- performance in the gymnasium per OTL direction 5 200 sf added for theater storage to accommodate the stage performances in the gymnasium per OTL direction
- 6 200 sf Conference Room preferred per Educational Specifications

- 7 64 sf single user preferred and gender neutral restrooms required per Educational Specifications
- 8 180 sf added to Learning Center to provide future flexibility per OTL direction 9 (3) additional Sensory Support Room/Offices added - One provided for each
- floor per OTL direction 10 120 sf Clothes Closet provided in Educational Specifications added to Parent / Community Room per OTL direction - Secure storage provided for Clothes
- Closet storage
- 11 4,500 sf Cafeteria and two lunch periods preferred per Educational Specifications
- 12 1,580 SF added to meet Educational Specifications preferred two lunch periods
- for an 810 student enrollment 13 315 sf added to meet Educational Specifications preferred two lunch periods for
  - an 810 student enrollment
- 14 100 sf for staff lockers preferred per Educational Specifications
- 15 64 sf single user, gender neutral Kitchen Restroom preferred 16 (1) 150 sf Partner Program Office reprogrammed out the Educational
- Specifications preferred After School Instructional Space (500 sf) per OTL direction
- 17 (4) Additional 88 sf Partner Program Storage / Offices reprogrammed out of Educational Specifications preferred After School Instructional Space (500 sf) per OTL direction
- 18 100 sf Laundry Room reprogrammed out of Educational Specifications
- preferred Pantry space addition (100 sf) per OTL direction 19 180 sf MDF Room preferred per Educational Specifications
- 20 (3) 100 sf IDF Rooms preferred per Educational Specifications
- 21 200 sf Electrical Room preferred per Educational Specifications
- 22 800 sf Central Mechanical Room preferred per Educational Specifications

The following preferred rooms and area increases to required rooms (Add) in the 2015 Educational Specifications have been removed per OTL direction: Practice Rooms, Student Project Storage, Media Office, Boy's and Girls Locker Room (Add), PE Office (Add), Flex Office, Principal's Office (Add), Asst. Princ. Office (Add), Itinerant Offices (Add), Parent/Family Office (Add), Stage, Stage Storage, Kitchen Office (Add), After School Instruction, Concessions, Restrooms (Add), Custodial Rooms (Add), Custodial Office (Add), Materials Storage (Add), Custodial Storage (Add), Building Storage (Add)



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#### **OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE**

# KELLOGG MS SITE PROGRAM

Oh

PROJECT NAME: F	PROJECT NO.:	90031
Portland Public Schools - Kellogg Middle School	DATE:	10/30/2017

\* Planning capacity for Middle School program is 675 students

\* Target: 600 students

\* Maximum: 810 Students

		Kellogg Middle School Program				Notes	
Room Type	Room Name	Qty	Cap.	Unit / student	Unit (SF)	Area (ASF)	
Site/Athletics	Covered Play Area	1	30	133	4,000	4,000	
	Athletic Fields					0	
						0	
SITE TOTAL GROSS SQUARE FOOTAGE 4,000							



# 3.2 Evidence Based Design

The concept of Evidence Based Design (EBD) is derived from using data and research to determine the best possible solutions to design problems. EBD uses critical thinking to measure the influence of various design factors and their outcomes on user performance and satisfaction. Research is not only activity based, but client specific as well; in relation to educational environments, this strategy takes a look at the key influences on student performance, interaction, and health within the school. In order to make the best informed design decisions, it is crucial to take the existing research and apply it directly to the project at hand - in this case, Kellogg Middle School - and compare it to site findings, survey results, community input, demographics, and the PPS curriculum.

#### **Natural Lighting**

There is exceptional evidence in the correlation between the amount of natural daylight in the classroom and student performance. Studies find that classrooms with the most daylight, which typically include large windows or skylights, show students excel in their studies up to 18% more than those who learn in artificially lit spaces. Testing scores also increase when the windows are operable and give direct access to the outdoor environment.

STRATEGY : In spaces allowing, we aim to design for ample daylighting with use of exterior glazing throughout but also use shading elements and positioning to avoid glare and minimize effects of heat gain and loss. Additionally, glazing between interior partitions allows natural light into internal corridors and encourages collaborative learning.



NATURAL DAYLIGHTING USING CLERESTORY WINDOWS AND LIGHT SHELF

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#### **Green Space**

Plant life and green space is a crucial factor in adolescent development. Studies show that green spaces, including outdoor learning spaces, community gardens, and recess or play areas, boost cognitive outcomes in children and lead to better focus and participation. A connection to nature allows students to leave the traditional, indoor classroom environment and connect with themselves and their surroundings, while being immersed in natural, quality air and Vitamin D. Indoor classrooms also benefit from expansive views of the natural outdoors.

**STRATEGY**: Design and integrate multi-functional outdoor gathering and learning spaces within the site. Capture views from interior learning spaces to the outdoors. Ample exterior glazing also helps to blur boundaries between the interior and exterior which can create a connection to the outside while enjoying indoor comforts.



NATURE PLAY OUTDOOR STUDENT AREA



OUTDOOR LEARNING SPACE

#### **Indoor Air Quality**

A sustainable HVAC system in the school can have extremely beneficial health benefits. By circulating out carbon dioxide, germs, and other airborne contaminants, an increased quality in breathable air has shown decreased student absenteeism, while poor air quality has proven to increase health risks including asthma and other respiratory issues. Overall student wellbeing and attainment benefits from clean air, improving student demeanor and decreasing fatigue.

**STRATEGY**: Design a robust mechanical system to filter out environmental contaminants. Sensors in the system will alert staff when levels are unsatisfactory. Weather permitting, operable exterior glazing can promote natural airflow. The mechanical system can also be highlighted either in part or throughout presenting an opportunity to transform the building into an instrument for curriculum.

#### Acoustics

A key factor for engagement is noise. External noises can be very distracting when students are trying to focus and concentrate, and is a stress factor that can increase blood pressure and shorten attention spans. Softer classroom environments that include installing carpets or acoustical ceiling tiles that absorb sound have proven to produce students with better focus and concentration, and overall higher test scores.

**STRATEGY**: Design with finishes appropriate to the use of the space such as soft and sound absorptive materials like carpet and acoustic ceiling for classrooms, media, and offices where sound would be disruptive to learning and activities. Use materials with high Noise Reduction Coefficients (NRC), such as acoustic ceiling clouds and wall panels to dampen noise and activities from spaces such as corridors, music classroom, and the gymnasium.



**FIVE SUMMARY** 

KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT 11/20/17

#### **Ergonomics and Flexibility**

Just as no two students learn the same way, no two students respond to the physical environment the same way. Classrooms have traditionally consisted of a simple desk and chair environment, with everyone sitting in rows and facing the front of the classroom. Traditional classroom furniture is on the way out and being replaced with adjustable, flexible furniture including group tables, sit/stand desks, and a variety of options for chairs and stools. Studies find that students using adjustable furniture receive higher testing scores by encouraging better postures and increasing health benefits, leading to better overall comfort.

**STRATEGY**: Design an array of spaces ranging from private nooks for a moment of solitude to larger gathering spaces which support learning in and out of the classroom and encourage multi-disciplinary, collaborative learning. Provide flexible furniture which allows for multiple teaching styles and individual control of comfort.



THIS STEAM LAB DEMONSTRATES MULTIPLE DESK AND SEATING OPTIONS

#### **Color Theory**

Color can help connect the neuropathways in the brain. Connecting with hormone regulating endocrine glands, the brain absorbs color information and translates it into emotional, psychological, and even physical responses. Many studies show relationships between color preferences and student performance, influencing creativity, focus, happiness, and memory. Color can even impact participation and absenteeism, and physical responses such as heart rate and respiration. Conversely, a lack of color, or an excess of black, white, and greys, has been proven to lower IQ about 10 points. Strategically placing certain colors in specific spaces, such as orange in common spaces or cafeterias and blues and greens in critical thinking and concentration spaces such as mathematics, history, and science classrooms can shape student disposition in these environments.

**STRATEGY**: Design with specific tones and colors to enhance the intended learning and activity within each space. Color will also be used throughout the building to define zones and spaces, and to assist in wayfinding.

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Here I		SITE AND MASTER PLAN	
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	3.4 The Learning Suite	SPA	
-	3.5 Flexible Solutions		
1	3.6 Room Data Sheets	~	

AND SUSTAINABILIT

EED /

APPENDIX



#### The Finnish Example

Finland has some of the best schools in the world, consistently ranking at the top of the Program for International Student Assessments (PISA). What we can learn from their schools:





# 3.3 Active Learning, Extended Learning and Multi-Purpose

Classrooms are not only spaces for students to learn, but can be used as interactive teaching tools and active environments that promote exploration. Extended Learning spaces have been programmed into each Learning Suite (two per floor), and serve as multi-use spaces where students can get out of a traditional desk-chair classroom layout and into a modular, interactive space with soft, flexible seating and a variety of technology and teaching tools. The flexible space allows the faculty to reserve the extended learning spaces for a day or longer to meet project and teaching style demands.

Extended Learning spaces are beneficial when a school is challenged for square footage. They create a space that can be used for multiple disciplines and specialists to reduce required square footage and provide a variety of teaching environments.

The concept of Active Learning classroom styles uses interactive and modular furniture as a teaching tool, used to group students into teams and promote collaborative problem solving and learning.

The research behind Active Learning classrooms and Extended Learning spaces advocates for the many benefits of a flexible, collaborate environment. Not only are these spaces available for student but also for faculty and can accommodate small groups to larger project activities.

A Maker space/STEAM Lab is included in the Kellogg program to provide an interactive enviroment for student projects and group collaboration. In contrast to the extended learning spaces, the maker space can be taken over by a teacher and class for a longer period of time and facilitate fabrication and other interactive learning techniques.



ACTIVE LEARNING ALLOWS MULTIPLE FURNITURE SOLUTIONS FOR STUDENT ENGAGEMENT

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#### **Furniture Solutions**

Mobile, modular furniture that incorporates a variety of desk sizes and configurations, as well as casual soft seating allows for students to really take control of their environment. No two students learn the same way, so allowing for variation within the learning environment lets students be more involved in the classroom and more excited to participate in classroom discussions.

# 3.4 The Learning Suite

Innovate building orientation and classroom layout is important in creating a sense of identity for students and staff in a building. Creating a welcoming feeling of community is crucial for adolescent development, as children spend the majority of their days in a school environment.









# **3.5 Flexible Solutions**

When looking at a building program and classroom design, it is often the case that the allowed square footage cannot accommodate all the spaces required by the curriculum. Creative solutions to this problem involve multipurpose, flexible spaces that can be used for a variety of purposes and classes.

#### **Outdoor Gathering Spaces**

Studies show that natural lighting provides a variety of benefits to students, including fighting fatigue, promoting positive mental health, and stimulating interest and interaction within the classroom. The option for an exterior learning environment, community garden, or natural play space gets students outside and active, and provides hands-on learning opportunities that would not be available in a traditional classroom environment.

#### Gymnatorium

Finding a location to accommodate an entire school assembly can be difficult when space is limited. Gymnasiums, which are typically planned to hold full sized courts and spectator seating, can be creatively designed to transform into an auditorium space for assemblies, school plays, musicals, and band performances. Adjacencies are crucial when developing this space, aligning the gymnasium, performance stage, and music room for a cohesive flow that coordinates with classroom schedule and curriculum.

#### Cafeteria/Commons

The cafeteria is not only a space where people eat, connect, and socialize, but a space where community groups can hold meetings, teachers can collaborate, and concessions can be held for plays and performances. Providing a variety of seating also allows the space to be used as an Extended Learning environment where students can get out and take a break from typical classroom monotony. This common space is important to be centrally located in the building so as to accommodate the many flexible uses.



CAFETERIA DOUBLES AS EXTENDED LEARNING SPACE



GRAND STAIRCASE TO CONNECT CORE SPACES



#### STEAM and Makerspace

STEAM Labs are spaces that focus on Science, Technology, Engineering, Arts, and Mathematics. The concept of using STEAM as part of the curriculum transform the way classrooms are designed, focusing on technology as a prominent teaching tool and encourages communicating project data in a creative manner.

Often incorporated into the design of a STEAM Lab is Makerspace requirements. A Makerspace is the modern equivalent of a shop class, utilizing technologies such as 3D printers, soldering irons, CADD and drafting programs, and other building tools as a platform for hands-on creation of anything from architectural models to robots and drones.

The Modern STEAM Lab and Makerspace consists of modular, collaboration style seating and table layouts that allow for a multitude of lessons and teaching styles. This allows students to work as a group or independently, usually with teacher assistance and hands-on demonstrations. Incorporating technology into the classroom can be done in many ways, typically through projection screens or Smart Boards, mobile laptop computer carts for student use, and ceiling mounted cord reel outlets for equipment.



STEAM CLASSROOM

### **3.6 Room Data Sheets**

The following Room Data Sheets (RDS) provide an example of the ideal spacial layout of individual spaces, and were developed from PPS focus group input. The RDS look at square footage, capacity, furniture and equipment requirements, and general space planning.

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#### (22) TYPICAL CLASSROOM - 980 SF

- MATHEMATICS, ENGLISH LANGUAGE, WORLD LANGUAGE, HISTORY
- 30 STUDENT/CLASS
- 2 STUDENT DESKS @ 60" X 24"
- SINK PROVIDED NOT INCLUDED IN EDUCATIONAL SPECIFICATIONS

#### (1) ESL CLASSROOM - 980 SF

REQUIRED - 900 SF

SCOPE ADD - 80 SF FOR FUTURE FLEXIBILITY

#### **REQUIRED ADJACENCIES:**

- COMMONS / EXTENDED LEARNING
- "ZONED" ACCESS
- RESTROOMS
- GENDER NEUTRAL RESTROOM 1 PER FLOOR



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#### **REQUIRED PROGRAM**

#### (6) EXTENDED LEARNING - 1000 SF

- MOBILE PARTITIONS WITH STC RATING 45-50
- ONE MOBILE COMPUTER CART PER 2 CLASSROOMS

#### (3) REQUIRED ADJACENCIES:

- CENTRALLY LOCATED
- ONE PER LEARNING SUITE 6 TOTAL





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#### **REQUIRED PROGRAM**

#### (5) SCIENCE CLASSROOM - 1300 SF

- EARTH SCIENCE, BIOLOGY, CHEMISTRY
- 30 STUDENTS/CLASS
- (3) SCIENCE PREP 75 SF -SCOPE ADD OF (2) SCIENCE PREP 75 SF EA.

#### (3) SCIENCE STORAGE - 64 SF

- SCOPE ADD OF (2) SCIENCE STORAGE - 64 SF EA.





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#### PREFERRED PROGRAM

#### (1) STEAM LAB / MAKERSPACE - 1200 SF

#### **REQUIRED ADJACENCIES:**

- SCIENCE CLASSROOMS
- RESTROOMS

#### REQUIRED EQUIPMENT

- LAPTOPS / COMPUTER CARTS - VIDEO PROJECTION SCREEN - FIRE EXTINGUISHER

#### PREFERRED EQUIPMENT

- BLANKET CABINET
- GOGGLE SANITIZER
- BEAKER DRYING RACK
- MICROWAVE
- HOT PLATES

SCHOOL SPECIFIC MAKERSPACE / STEAM EQUIPMENT TO BE DETERMINED





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RDS 4

STEAM / MAKERSPACE

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#### REQUIRED PROGRAM

#### **LEARNING CENTER - 800 SF**

SCOPE ADD 180 SF FOR FUTURE FLEXIBILITY AS GENERAL CLASSROOM PSYCHOLOGY OFFICE - 150 SF RESTROOM - 120 SF

#### PREFERRED PROGRAM

#### **INTENSIVE SKILLS - 980 SF**

- TYP. 12 STUDENTS / CLASS
  - ADA FIXTURES INCLUDING SINK AND SINK ACCESSORIES
  - 4' DOORS WITH OPERATOR
  - 3 TEACHER / AIDE DESKS (SPECS REQUIRE 4 TEACHER/AIDS)

#### (3) OFFICES / SENSORY SUPPORT - 150 SF EA.

- SCOPE ADD TO INCREASE SIZE OF (3) OFFICES TO 150 SF - 210 SF TOTAL

#### **REQUIRED ADJACENCIES:**

- PSYCHOLOGY ADJACENT TO INTENSIVE SKILLS
- OFFICE / SENSORY SUPPORT ROOM ON EACH FLOOR (3 TOTAL)
- LEARNING CENTER TO BE PART OF 2ND FLOOR LEARNING SUITE

NOT INCLUDED - SOCIAL-EMOTIONAL SKILLS CLASSROOM, PER SPECIAL EDUCATION MIDDLE SCHOOL PLANNING DOCUMENT, FALL 2017-18









- REQUIRED PROGRAM
- CAFETERIA 2 PERIOD LUNCH 6,080 SF
  - REQUIRED 4,250 SF
  - SCOPE ADD 1,580 SF
  - PREFERRED ADD 250

#### KITCHEN - 800 SF

**DISHWASHING - 250 SF** 

#### SERVERY - 1,215 SF

- REQUIRED 900 SF
- SCOPE ADD 315 SF

#### TABLE STORAGE - 200 SF

KITCHEN STORAGE - 150 SF FREEZER - 140 SF

#### STAFF LOCKERS - 100

- REQUIRED 20 SF
  - PREFERRED ADD 80 SF

-SALAD BAR-

**CURRENT 675 STUDENT CAPACITY** 

- 2 PERIODS = 338 STUDENTS / PERIOD

FRFF7FR

140 SF

STORAGE

150 SF

()()

RECEIVING ≺

OCKER WC 100 SF 64 SI

#### **RESTROOM - 64 SF**

- REQUIRED - 45 SF -PREFERRED ADD - 19 SF

#### OFFICE/ALCOVE - 60 SF

KITCHEN

800 SF

2 LUNCH CURRENT - 338 STUDENTS 6080 SF

ISHWASHIN

250 SF

#### **REQUIRED ADJACENCIES:**

- CENTRALLY LOCATED
- MEDIA CENTER
- ADMIN / ATRIUM
- COMMUNITY SPACES
- RECEIVING
- COURTYARD
- MUSIC SUITE
- GYMNASIUM
- STUDENT LOCKERS 20% CAPACITY REQUIRED, CENTRALLY LOCATED ADJACENT TO CAFETERIA / COMMONS



#### FUTURE 810 STUDENT CAPACITY - 2 PERIODS = 405 STUDENTS / PERIOD TABLES

TABLES 20 ROUND @ 8 STUDENTS = 160 STUDENTS 18 LINEAR @ 10 STUDENTS = 180 STUDENTS

21 ROUND @ 8 STUDENTS = 168 STUDENTS 24 LINEAR @ 10 STUDENTS = 240 STUDENTS



OFFICE / ALCOVE

60 SF

TABLE STOR /

STUDENT STORE

200 SF




















KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL



# REQUIRED PROGRAM

# MUSIC ROOM - 1400 SF

- BAND, CHOIR, THEATER OFFICE - 120 SF INSTRUMENT STORAGE - 120 SF

# PREFERRED PROGRAM

## DANCE / STAGE - 980 SF

- DANCE HAS BEEN SELECTED TO REPLACE MUSIC AS THE LEARNING SPACE SHARED BY THE STAGE DUE TO ACOUSTICAL CONCERNS

# **PREFERRED PROGRAM - STORAGE - 120 SF**

# **REQUIRED ADJACENCIES:**

- MUSIC OFFICES
- GYMNASIUM
- PRACTICE ROOMS





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## **REQUIRED PROGRAM**

## ART CLASSROOM - 1200 SF STORAGE - 120 SF

# PREFERRED PROGRAM

KILN ROOM - 100 SF

# **REQUIRED ADJACENCIES:**

- EXTENDED LEARNING / COMMONS
- STORAGE ROOMS
- RESTROOMS / GENDER NEUTRAL RESTROOMS
- OTHER ARTS CLASSROOMS / STEAM ROOM





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RDS 9 FINE ARTS

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**REQUIRED PROGRAM** 

# **MEDIA CENTER - 3200 SF**

- REQUIRED PROGRAM - 1650 SF

- PREFERRED ADD 1550 SF
- MEDIA WORKROOM 200 SF CONFERENCE ROOM - 200 SF

# **REQUIRED ADJACENCIES**

- CENTRALLY LOCATED
- 2ND FLOOR, OVERLOOKING COMMONS
- VIEWS OR ACCESS TO COURTYARD
- RESTROOMS / GENDER NEUTRAL RESTROOM
- SECURITY CONTROLS (IF USED AFTER HOURS)



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MEDIA CENTER

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# **COMMUNITY SUPPORT**

# **REQUIRED PROGRAM**

(1) PARENT / COMMUNITY ROOM - 980 SF - PROGRAM - 800 SF

- SCOPE ADD 180 SF
- (1) PARENT / FAMILY OFFICE 120 SF

# (1) PARENT / VOLUNTEER ROOM - 200 SF

- CENTRALLY LOCATED
- NEAR MAIN ENTRANCE
- NEAR MAIN OFFICE / ADMINISTRATION
- NEAR RESTROOMS / SINGLE USER RESTROOM
- ALL COMMUNITY AREAS TO BE ADJACENT TO EACH OTHER
- EASY ACCESS TO CUSTODIAL
- PARENT / COMMUNITY ROOM OPTION FOR DUAL USE AS CLASSROOM





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# COMMUNITY / PARTNER (GRAY)

# **REQUIRED PROGRAM**

(2) PARTNER PROGRAM OFFICE - 150 SF EA. (1) PANTRY - 200 SF SCOPE ADD - (1) LAUNDRY - 100 SF PREFERRED ADD - (4) STORAGE / OFFICE - 88 SF EA.







# COUNSELING

# **REQUIRED PROGRAM**

(2) COUNSELOR'S OFFICE - 120 SF RECORD STORAGE - 100 SF MEDIATION / TUTORIAL ROOM - 120 SF

# PREFERRED PROGRAM

# **CONFERENCE ROOM - 200 SF**

# **REQUIRED ADJACENCIES**

- MAIN OFFICE / ADMINISTRATION
- RESTROOMS
- COMMUNITY SPACES





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## **ADMINISTRATION**

### **REQUIRED PROGRAM**

RECEPTION / SECRETARY - 450 SF HEALTH ROOM / TOILET - 200 SF PRINCIPAL - 180 SF ASSISTANT PRINCIPAL - 120 SF WORKROOM / MAIL - 350 SF STAFF ROOM - 500 SF CONFERENCE ROOM - 200 SF - REQUIRED PROGRAM - 180 SF - PREFERRED ADD - 20 SF (2) RESTROOM - 64 SF EA. - REQUIRED PROGRAM - 45 SF - PREFERRED ADD - 19 SF LOST AND FOUND - 50 SF

# PREFERRED PROGRAM

## **SECURE RECORD STORAGE - 150 SF**

### **REQUIRED ADJACENCIES:**

- CENTRALLY LOCATED

- MAIN ENTRANCE
- COMMUNITY SPACES
- LOBBY / ATRIUM







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# RESTROOMS

# **REQUIRED PROGRAM**

# BOYS AND GIRLS - 200 SF EA. SINGLE USER GENDER-NEUTRAL - 45 SF EA.

- CENTRALLY LOCATED
- ONE RESTROOM CLUSTER PER FLOOR







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**RDS 14** RESTROOMS

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# **PRE-DESIGN** 11-02-2017







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**EXECUTIVE SUMMARY** 

PLAN

AND MASTER

SITE

SPACE PROGRAM

AND SUSTAINABILITY

EED /

APPENDIX

4.1 LEED Gold

4.2 Demolition and

4.3 Daylighting Analysis

4.4 Stormwater Capture

Material Salvage

KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT 11/20/17

# Part 4 - LEED and Sustainability

This project will place a high emphasis on sustainable design features. This section provides an overview of a few of the primary areas of focus, and is not an inclusive list of all practices that will be implemented.

# 4.1 LEED Gold

LEED (Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design) is a green building certification program that recognizes sustainable building strategies and practices. To receive LEED certification, projects must satisfy prerequisites and earn points to achieve different levels of certification. There are four levels of certification: LEED Certified is the base level and requires 40-49 points, LEED Silver is achieved with 50-59 points, LEED Gold is earned with 60-70 points, and LEED Platinum, the highest level, indicates a building that obtained 80 or more points. By integrating technical and living systems, Kellogg Middle School can achieve high levels of building performance, human performance, and environmental benefits. The building will also be used as a teaching tool for the students to learn about the sustainable practices in effect. This project is currently targeting LEED Gold certification.

LEED is broken into multiple credit categories, based on the focus of the credits. The categories are:



• Location & Transportation (LT): Rewards thoughtful decision about building location, access to transportation, and connection to amenities.



• Sustainable Sites (SS): Provide credits with emphasis on the vital relationship between buildings and ecosystems.

- Water Efficiency (WE): Addresses water holistically, including indoor, outdoor and process uses, with an emphasis on water conservation.
- Energy and Atmosphere (EA): Provides credits for energy use reduction measures, energy-efficient design strategies, and renewable energy sources.
  - Materials and Resources (MR): Focuses on minimizing the embodies energy and other impacts of building materials, and promotes resource efficiency.

• Indoor Environmental Quality (EQ): Rewards credits for good indoor air quality, thermal, visual, and acoustic comfort.



• Innovation in Design (ID): This category recognizes innovative building features and sustainable practices that exceed or are not addressed in other categories.



• Regional Priority (RP): Rewards projects for focusing on geographically specific environmental, social equity, and public health priorities.

The preliminary scorecard on the following page is an example of how Kellogg Middle School can be rated in order to reach LEED Gold Certification.



# Kellogg School - New Construction Option LEED v4 for New Construction Scorecard



Date: 10/17/2017

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2	1	2	1	LTC	D	High Priority Site
5	1	3	1	LIC	D	Surrounding Density and Diverse Uses
4	1	2	1	LIC		Access to Quality Transit
1	1			LTC		Dicycle Facilities
1	1			LTC	D	Green Vehicles
15	6	7	2	line		
	-		-			SUSTAINABLE SITES
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0	¥ 1			SSp		Environmental Site Assessment
1	1			SSC	D	Site Assessment
2	2	1		SSC		Site Development: Protect or Restore Habitat
1	2	1		SSc	D	Open Space
3	2	1		SSc	D	Rainwater Management
2	2	1		SSC	D	Heat Island Reduction
1	1	1		SSC	D	
1	1			SSC	D	Site Master Plan
12	1	2		SSC	D	Joint Use of Facilities
12	9	3				
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0	Y			WEp	D	Outdoor Water Use Reduction
0	Y			WEp	D	Indoor Water Use Reduction
0	Y			WEp	D	Building-level Water Metering
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PRELIMINARY LEED SCORECARD (1/2)

APPENDIX

**KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL** PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT 11/20/17

# Kellogg School - New Construction Option LEED v4 for New Construction Scorecard

## Date: 10/17/2017

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<b>110</b> Curi	61 rent Le	40 evel: 0	9 Gold		Total Points Attempting Total Points Possible (Certified: 40-49, Silver: 50-59, Gold: 60-79, Platinum: 80+) PRELIMINARY LEED SCORECARD (2/2)		LEED AND S	









# 4.2 Demolition and Material Salvage

One of the goals of LEED is to reduce the amount of construction and demolition waste that makes its way to landfills, by recovering, reducing and reusing as many products possible. Examples of materials that can be reused in the new building and site include, among others: wood flooring and bleacher boards for new feature walls; concrete for use as retaining walls; architectural terra cotta panels as benches and rain garden features; and existing trees milled into slabs for benches and teaching tools.



EXISTING GYMNASIUM WOOD FLOORING AS FEATURE WALL

For materials that cannot be directly reused in the new school building, alternative waste streams have been identified to prevent them from going to landfills. This includes recycling materials at appropriate facilities, and donating products that are still usable but not necessary for the new school.





# 4.3 Daylighting Analysis

Providing adequate, natural daylight is a crucial element in creating positive, healthy learning environments. Students spend up to 90% of their time indoors, and up to 40 hours a week in school buildings. Countless studies have shown that daylighting can improve academic performance, help resist fatigue, and gain better work habits. Students in daylit rooms have even been found to have fewer cavities and grow in height more than students in poorly lit classrooms. Daylighting strategies will be thoroughly evaluated throughout the design phases to ensure lighting needs are met, while still maintaining desired privacy, energy performance, and budget. In addition to the general benefits of good daylighting, points are available towards LEED certification.

In order to earn LEED points, the project must meet daylight level thresholds for at least 55-75% of all regularly occupied spaces. This includes all learning spaces, as well as offices, food services, the gymnasium and all common shared spaces. Restrooms and other support spaces are excluded from the requirement. The preliminary analysis of a classroom wing below shows that one LEED point may be earned. This analysis is based on windows with 5' high privacy sills, and approximately 30% of the facade area glazed. Additional evaluation will be required to determine if other spaces will meet the requirements for LEED credits, and what strategies may be required.







# 4.4 Stormwater Capture

The LEED program requirements for rainwater management include components for both quantity control and quality control. The intent is to use infiltration facilities to manage stormwater runoff to meet both LEED quantity and quality standards. Several possible infiltration facility locations include the bus turn around and parking lot planters. Detailed calculations will be performed to determine the exact sizes and locations required as the site plan elements are further developed.

By utilizing bioswales, the stormwater system can be put on display and used as an interactive teaching tool for students. These spaces can be actively used by science classes to study the ecology first hand. Signage can also be installed to inform and educate the general student population and public of the purpose and benefits of the swales.



**BIOSWALE EXAMPLE** 



# Part 5 - Appendix EXECUTIVE SUMMARY 5.1 List of Documents a. Gender Neutral Restrooms - Memorandum b. Zero Net Energy - Memorandum c. Color Theory - Memorandum SITE AND MASTER PLAN d. Focus Group Meeting Minutes and Memorandums - OTL Framework Meeting - Facilities and Operations Meeting - Nutrition Services Meeting - Grounds Meeting - Transportation Meeting - Multicraft Meeting - IT Meeting - MEP Meeting SPACE PROGRAM - Athletics Meeting - Security Meeting - OTL Meeting #2 - SPED Meeting - OTL Meeting #3 - OTL Meeting #4 - OTL Meeting #5 **. EED AND SUSTAINABILITY** - Partnership Meeting - OTL Meeting #6 - Dual Language Meeting - OTL Meeting #7 - DAG Meeting #1 - DAG Meeting # 2 5.1 List of Documents APPENDIX



Architecture

Planning Design

LEED Consulting

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# MEMORANDUM Gender Neutral Restrooms

# OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

Oh Project No.:	90031	
Project Name: To: Prepared by: Distribution:	Portland Public Schools – Kellogg Middle School Deb France – OHPD, Tim Ayersman - OHPD Juan Carlos Gaduno – OHPD, Bryan Thompson - OHPD	Date: 08/10/2017

The purpose of this memorandum is to review gender neutral restrooms, their programmatic use and impact, their special design and construction requirements, and cost implications for the Kellogg Middle School design.

# Item 1. Traditional Restrooms – "Gang Style" Restrooms

- A. Typical public restroom layout
  - 1. Male and Female only design various layout types
  - 2. Rows of stalls installed opposite rows of wash basins
  - 3. Involve predictable plumbing, mechanical exhaust, and fixture costs
  - 4. Short doors and divider walls for passive behavior monitoring
  - 5. Option of programmatically grouping male-female restrooms
    - a. Although, these do not have to be grouped

# Item 2. Gender Neutral Restrooms

- A. An all user public restroom (gender neutral or all gender restroom) is a restroom that anyone of any gender can use.
  - 1. Can be single occupant or multi-room/stall
  - 2. Benefits and serves many groups, including
    - a. Parents with children of a different gender
    - b. People with disabilities who may require the accompaniment of a different gender
    - c. Transgender and diverse people
- B. Gender policing/bullying reduced/eliminated



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### 1. When transgender and gender diverse students use a gendered restroom, they may experience

harassment and even violence because other people perceive them to be in the wrong

restroom.



## Gender Neutral Restrooms - Case Studies



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- 2. Two entry layout decreases opportunities for bullying by eliminating dead-end restroom
- 3. Gender neutral restrooms increase feelings of inclusion
- C. Design Layout
  - 1. Male and Female shared lavatories with private restrooms/stalls various layout types
- 2. Open restroom access no entry doors/vestibules
- 3. Passive behavior monitoring from hallway through open entry
- 4. Use by students and staff to increase security
- 5. Shared handwashing stations
- 6. All private, fully-enclosed single-occupancy restrooms/stalls requires:
  - a. (1) Full Wood/Steel Door, Full Height Tile/Waterproof Walls, (1) Exhaust Fan/Vent, (1) Floor
     Drain, (1) Toilet with accessories, no urinals provided urinals use less water
- 7. Single-Occupancy ADA restrooms/stalls require:
  - a. (1) Full Wood/Steel Door, Full Height Tile/Waterproof Walls, (1) Exhaust Fan/Vent, (1) Floor
     Drain, (1) Toilet with accessories, (1) Set of Grab Bars, (1) Sink with accessories, (1) Mirror
- 8. Option for a Full ADA restroom/stall that includes a sink with accessories and a mirror
- 9. Creates program flexibility and equity in facilities
- D. Architectural Requirements in Addition to a Typical Restroom
  - 1. Additional construction requirements for gender neutral restrooms
    - a. Full height walls with water resistant finishes
    - b. Full solid door
    - c. Door hardware and lockset
    - d. Floor drain and associated plumbing
    - e. Light fixture
    - f. Vent/exhaust fan
- E. Additional Associated Costs Analysis
  - 1. Based on a comparison of a 4 Occupant/Stall (275 SF) restroom:
    - a. Traditional Girls Gang Restroom
    - Total Construction Cost: \$56,344.00
    - Total Construction Cost per SF: \$ 204.89
    - Total Construction Cost per Stall: \$14,086.00
    - b. Traditional Boys Gang Restroom
    - Total Construction Cost: \$54,144.00



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- Total Construction Cost per SF: \$ 196.89
- Total Construction Cost per Stall: \$13,536.00
- c. Gender Neutral Restroom
- Total Construction Cost: \$77,757.00
- Total Construction Cost per SF: \$ 282.75
- Total Construction Cost per Stall: \$19,439.00
- d. Potential Variance
- An additional \$77.86 per SF compared to a Girls restroom (\$21,413 total for 275 SF example)
- An additional \$85.86 per SF compared to a Boys restroom (\$23,613 total for 275 SF example)
- An additional \$5,353 for Girls and \$6,028 for Boys per stall
- Trending around 40% more for the gender neutral option on a \$ per SF basis (38% more for girls restroom example shown and 43.6% more for boys restroom example)
- 2. Based on a comparison of a Single Occupancy (50 SF) restroom:
  - a. Traditional Single Occupancy Restroom
    - Total Construction Cost: \$18,708
  - Total Construction Cost per SF: \$ 374.15
  - b. Gender Neutral Single Occupancy Restroom
  - Total Construction Cost: \$18,933
  - Total Construction Cost per SF: \$ 378.65
  - c. Potential Variance
  - An additional \$4.50 per SF
  - Trending at 1-2% more for the gender neutral option on a \$ per SF basis (1.2% more for example shown)
  - d. See attached Construction Cost Summary from Cumming.
- F. Who Benefits from Gender Neutral Restrooms?
- 1. People who are uncomfortable in men's or women's rooms for many reasons; for example, people who are gender nonconforming.
- 2. Students who want more privacy
- 3. Parents/caregivers whose children are different gender from them
- 4. People with caregivers or personal attendants who are a different gender from them.



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### Item 3. Oregon Law

### A. June 11, 2013

- 1. Multhomah County Chair Jeff Cogen signed an executive rule to require gender-neutral restrooms when upgrading or building new county facilities.
- B. May 2016
- Oregon Department of Education issued document "suggestions" for Oregon educators. The document provides guidelines to have an inclusive gender neutral educational facility (including gender neutral restrooms, dress code, self-identification, etc).

C. July 2017

1. Oregon becomes the first state in the U.S. to issue a gender-neutral driver's license, learner permit or identity card.

#### Item 4. Code

#### A. Current Conflicts

- Code requirements in the International Building Code (IBC) and plumbing and accessibility codes may present conflict with gender neutral bathroom configurations and requirements.
  - a. Some state and municipal plumbing codes mandate that all bathrooms be gender specific.
  - b. These codes also have requirements for the number of male and female plumbing fixtures depending on the occupancy and nature of a business. It may be necessary to amend some plumbing codes and provide clarification as to how the gender neutral bathrooms impact formulas for fixtures.
- B. Local/Municipal Rules
- Cities and municipalities have been passing ordinances and amendments pertaining to human rights, to state that individuals have the right to use gender-specific restrooms in keeping with their gender identity, whether single or multiple stall restrooms. Laws have been adopted requiring gender neutral restrooms in new city buildings.
- These ordinances have stated that where conflicts arise between municipal ordinances and the IBC or state plumbing code, the municipality's gender neutral requirements will control.
- C. International Building Code
  - The 2018 edition of IBC is anticipated to include provisions for gender neutral bathrooms. "The use of single-user toilets has become increasingly beneficial system of providing not only better facilities, but more user-friendly facilities," the proposed policy change recommends. "A higher



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level of privacy is achieved, the facilities are typically better maintained by the users, and the efficiencies of having unisex facilities where the users are of a dominate sex are significantly increased."

- D. Plumbing Code
  - Plumbing codes need amended from requiring separate facilities for each gender, to specify that the fixtures in a gender neutral single—occupancy restroom can be included in the number of fixtures required by the Plumbing Code.
  - New York City's code previously required separate facilities for each gender. The New York City
    amendments removed this requirement and specify that the fixtures in a gender neutral singleoccupancy bathroom can be included in the number of fixtures required by the Plumbing Code.
- 3. This can become a problem for municipalities when the state code presents issues/conflicts.
  - a. For example, one design to facilitate gender neutral bathrooms places a shared sink in a common area outside the bathrooms. However, this is a violation of the Illinois Plumbing Code Section 890.810(a)(2)(C) that specifies all of the required plumbing fixtures must be placed within the restroom. The plumbing codes need to be revised to accommodate gender neutral bathrooms.

#### Item 5. Case Studies

- A. Grant High School, Portland Oregon 1,700 student enrollment
- Garnered national attention in 2013 when it created gender neutral bathrooms for students and staff out of existing single use staff restrooms
  - a. That arrangement still singles out students who use gender-neutral restrooms
- 2. All bathrooms will be gender neutral when current school renovation is complete in 2019
  - a. All "gang-style" bathrooms will be replaced
  - b. Communal restrooms with no boys or girls label
  - c. Corner room with two entrances without doors to allow easier supervision for teachers
  - d. Individual stalls with floor to ceiling doors
  - e. Signage to identify type of bathroom facilities in each stall such as a toilet
  - f. Equitable toilet facilities
  - g. Decision was reached after careful consideration by the deign advisory group and community input meetings
- 3. Termed "inclusive restrooms" by the school principal



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- B. University of Oregon, Eugene Oregon
  - 1. Is nationally ranked on Campus Pride's top 25 list of LGBTQ-friendly campuses nationwide
- 2. Designated 111 single-user restrooms as "Gender-Inclusive Restrooms" for use by all.
- 3. Example shown is for a residence hall
- Multi-stall gender neutral restrooms are located in or planned to be located in (14) U of O building projects
  - a. Student union, athletic facilities, stadiums, residence halls, libraries

### Item 6. Gender Neutral Restrooms - Related topics

- A. Gender neutrality = gender equality
- B. Code update
  - 1. ADA code would apply as normal
- 2. Single user restroom code would apply to single user stall.
- C. Construction cost difference
  - Expense to accommodate gender neutral restrooms would apply mostly to new design and construction.
- 2. Single user restrooms can automatically be used as gender neutral restrooms.
- 3. Existing gender specific restrooms would remain as such unless they undergo careful re-design and renovation.
- D. Addressing Safety and Security Concerns Perceived and Real
  - 1. Do gender neutral bathrooms make people less safe?
    - According to the Heartland Trans Wellness Group, segregated restrooms are not accessible spaces that everyone can use and do not make people safer.
    - Existing gender specific restrooms do not prevent sexual assaults. There are no physical barriers to potential predators.
    - Existing restrooms are secured only by the gender label and do not have a secured "locking" system in place.
    - Multiple person gender neutral restrooms could provide more safety (if carefully designed) since there would be more public spaces and make it less likely that a woman would be alone (self-behavior monitoring).
    - Gender neutral restrooms provide a floor-to ceiling fully enclosed stall (with a lockable door) compared to the typical half height metal/plastic stall with a low-tech locking device.



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Sources:

METROPOLIS

http://www.metropolismag.com/architecture/educational-architecture/why-architects-must-rethink-restroom-design-in-schools/

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Heartland Trans Wellness Group http://transwellness.org/resources/educational-materials/gender-neutral-bathrooms/

American School & University

http://www.asumag.com/washrooms-locker-rooms/renovation-portland-ore-high-school-will-make-all-restrooms-gender-neutral

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END OF MEMORANDUM



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Planning Design

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# MEMORANDUM Net-Zero Energy Building

# OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

Oh Project No.:	90031	
Project Name: To: Prepared by: Distribution:	Portland Public Schools – Kellogg Middle School Deb France – OHPD, Tim Ayersman - OHPD Tuan Kiet Do – OHPD, Juan Carlos Garduno – OHPD, Bryan Thompson - OHPD	Date: 07/20/2017

The purpose of this memorandum is to provide an overview of Net-Zero Energy building design and construction as applied to Portland Public School's Kellogg Middle School project.

# Item 1. Why Net-Zero / Living Building Challenge, what are the benefits to PPS

A. Living Building Challenge (net zero energy and water) is identified as a sustainability metric goal by

the District. Achieving this goal within the project budget through design, partnerships, and

creativity would set a new standard for the future District projects.

- B. Proven Performance Proven savings
- 1. Net-Zero Energy Building Certification is based on actual building performance data.
- 2. School Energy Use Reduction Energy Use Index (EUI):
  - Typical Education Building: EUI = 62.3
  - Current building and energy codes: EUI = approximately 55
  - Proposed Kellogg Full Replacement: EUI = 44
  - Integrating all net zero best practices: EUI = approximately 18.
- 3. According to U.S. Department of Energy's analysis by the Pacific Northwest National Laboratory,

there is an 11.4% cost savings between a Primary School with an EUI of 62.3 and and EUI of 55.5.

- 4. In many schools in America, spending on energy is second only to salaries (more than \$6 billion a year)
  - a. Schools spend more on electricity and natural gas than on textbooks and computers.
  - b. Net zero energy schools virtually eliminate operating expense
  - c. Most schools could save 25% of these costs by being smart about energy use alone which is taught, encouraged, and considered in a net zero school



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- 5. Performance Case studies: Changes ranging from everyday occupant behaviors to operational protocols to complete retrofits have saved individual schools thousands of dollars annually.
  - a. Seattle School District saved \$20,000 a year by turning off the lights in its 250 vending machines.
  - b. Oquirrh Hills Elementary School, Utah, has saved \$22,521 a year in electrical and gas bills by undertaking energy retrofits.
  - c. Daniel Boone High School in Washington County, TN, has achieved a 34% reduction in annual energy cost and has saved an average of \$82,000 annually since 1995 when it installed a geothermal heating and cooling system.
- C. Improved Learning Environments
  - 1. Early examples and analysis show that net-zero school are more beneficial to districts, occupants, and the environment
    - a. Improved health Indoor air quality
    - b. Increased productivity Daylighting, thermal comfort
    - c. Innovative education opportunities Building as a learning lab high level of design,
      - technology integration, and measuring and monitoring of building systems
- D. Sustainability and Climate Leadership
- 1. Kellogg Middle School could be the first Zero Net Energy verified school in Oregon
  - a. There were (2) total Zero Net Energy Verified buildings in Oregon as of 2016
  - Pringle Creek Painter's Hall Salem, OR Public Assembly 3,959 SF
  - Hood River Middle School Net-Zero Addition Hood River, OR Education 5,331 SF
- 2. Supports climate leadership and educates tomorrow's leaders
- 3. Student can act as tour guides and ambassadors of net zero building design and systems
- E. Designing for an Uncertain Future
- 1. Net-Zero energy buildings are proven to be resilient.
  - a. Design features incorporate climate change adaptation and resiliency to extreme weather events that also reduce the building's dependency on aging infrastructure
  - b. They can continue to function with their own power and can effectively serve as a community center in a natural disaster
  - c. No dependence on volatile utility and fuel costs
  - d. Net-Zero buildings consume only as much energy and water as produced, achieving sustainable balance and eliminating waste sent to landfill.



# Item 2. Challenges – Perceived and Real

- A. Cost Upfront costs for improved energy efficient construction, building systems, and renewable energy systems.
- 1. Because of advances in solar technology, LEDs, other equipment and design techniques, the initial cost of a net zero school need be no higher than that of a conventional building.
- 2. The single largest cost is photovoltaic energy systems, however the solar panel system costs continue to fall
  - a. Solar panel system costs are 9% lower in 2017 than a year ago.
  - b. Oregon is below the national average for system installation (\$3.16/watt) by average cost per watt by state
- The return on investment varies depending on the local cost of electricity, but can be achieved in a decade on average.
- From 2003 to 2014, Electrical rates increased by 43.5% in Oregon on average. According to the Portland Business Journal, Portland General Electric is seeking a rate increase
- 5. An overall cost increase for school construction is not readily available.
  - As a comparable, with cost-effective design and construction, the energy saving features and solar collectors for a zero energy home may add 5 to 10% over the cost of a similar-sized home built to code after incentives.
  - According to a 2013 study on large (office/apartment) buildings in Washington D.C., the Cost Premium Range were:

	Energy Conservation Measures	Net Zero Energy (Renewables with ECMs)
Office New Construction	1-6%	5-10%
Multifamily New Construction	2-7%	7-12%
Office Renovation	7-12%	14-19%

- \*ECM Energy Cost Measures
- B. Not every building can be net zero Why schools are the most promising net zero building type
- 1. Kellogg Middle School is a good candidate for a net zero building
  - a. Low energy demand during 9 months of the year and for limited hours
  - b. Predictable and constant occupant loads with low plug loads

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- c. Big footprint for photovoltaic panels relative to square footage served most demand during the day when the sun generates electricity. One to two stories preferred.
- d. School boards have long-term interest in reducing utility expenses and they possess bonding authority to fund long range projects.
- C. Complicated Technologies and Systems monitoring systems and building controls are an integral piece of net zero success
  - 1. An integrated design team must be engaged from the start of the design project it is necessary for the integrated design processes to deploy more time, energy, and resources up front to ensure smooth project delivery.
  - 2. Building control problems rarely seamless. These systems are here to stay so early energy targeting, installation and understanding is increasing
- 3. New systems may be unfamiliar to facilities managers and require training. Controls contractor and the building operator should get involved early in the design stage, during commissioning and after occupancy to ensure the smoothest transition possible.
- D. Lack of Familiarity of Net Zero design
  - 1. The biggest roadblock isn't technology or cost, it is a lack of engagement and familiarity from school officials.
  - 2. Local building officials must be engaged and local rules and regulations must be examined and understood to educate and promote net zero energy buildings.
  - 3. An integrated design process must be utilized to engage all professionals and share knowledge to think outside of the box.
  - 4. "To create this kind of construction you need to be passionate about the project, well informed and courageous. Energy Efficiency in buildings is about attitude – the attitude to invest money."

### Item 3. Cost and Design Approaches and Partnerships

- A. Upfront and Operational Cost Solutions
  - 1. Cost effective design strategies to achieve net zero energy, water, and waste goals
    - a. Properly insulated and airtight envelope and roof
    - b. Proper ventilation utilizing a heat-recovery ventilator
    - c. Passive sun heating: building orientation
    - d. Passive natural ventilation and lighting when available: operable windows, stack ventilation


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- e. Decrease the use of electricity by utilizing high performance building appliances and fixtures: LED lighting, automated/sensor lighting and appliances
- f. Minimize total water consumption by using high performance, low flow, plumbing fixtures
- g. Maximize alternative water sources by harvesting rainwater, storm-water, and foundation water (sump pump). Onsite water storage and treatment
- h. Minimize wastewater discharge from the building and return water to the original water source: grey water system
- i. Design waste systems to reduce, reuse, and recover waste streams to convert them to valuable resources with zero solid waste sent to landfills
- j. Thoughtful design and construction modules to reduce or eliminate the production of waste during design, deconstruction, construction, operation, and end of building life.
- 2. Operational cost reductions
  - a. Automatic HVAC system: automated/sensor HVAC
  - b. Produce on-site electricity with photovoltaic panels
    - Offsite exemptions may include electricity produced from solar panels, wind farms, or hydroelectricity
- B. Partnerships
  - Solar 4R Schools: PPS has had past solar installation partnerships with Portland General Electric, Energy Trust of Oregon, MLS (Major League Soccer) WORKS, Gunderson, Pacific Power Blue Sky Renewable Energy, and Continental Tire. Potential partnerships include Bonneville Power Administration,
  - 2. City of Portland
- 3. Multnomah County
- 4. PGE
- 5. Other PPS Schools in 2016 Bond Lincoln, Madison, Benson
- 6. Community/Business Partners

### Item 4. What is Net-Zero

- A. Net-Zero Energy certification is achieved when one hundred percent of the building's energy needs on a net annual basis must be supplied by on-site renewable energy. The energy created can be achieved by various building systems and strategies.
  - 1. Offsite renewable exceptions are granted under special conditions.



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a. These exceptions to energy sources must be supplied from regional sources.

### **B.** Certification Process

- 1. Net Zero Energy Building Certification (NZEB) is certified by the International Living Future Institute (ILFI).
  - a. NZEB is one of three certification paths under the Living Building Challenge.
  - Path 1 Living Building Certification: Regenerative building: Highest standard
  - Path 2 Petal Certification: Above Net-Zero building: Medium standard
  - Path 3 Net Zero Energy Building Certification: Energy used equals energy produced by building: Base standard
- 2. Registration
  - a. Fee: \$900
  - b. International Living Future Institute registration/membership is required
- 3. Documentation and Audit
  - a. Project documentation begins as early as the pre-design process and ends 12 months after building has been fully occupied.
  - b. Preliminary Audit
  - Occurs prior to building construction
  - Reviews documentation
  - c. Final Audit
  - Occurs after 12 months of building occupancy to verify Net-Zero Energy usage.
  - The building will not be certified if it does not meet Net-Zero Energy standards
  - Final Audit and Net-Zero Certification fee: Commercial, Institutional, and Multi-Family Residential
    - i. \$4,000 for a 53,820sf 107,639sf building
  - ii. \$9,000 for a 107,640sf 538,194sf building
- C. Benefits
  - 1. A 1999 study by energy consulting firm Heschong Mahone Group revealed a correlation between the use of daylighting and improved student performance.
    - a. In the Capistrano school district (California) students in classrooms featuring daylighting strategies, large windows, or a well-designed skylight performed 19-26 percent better on standardized reading than students in classrooms without these features.



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- 2. School as a "Living Lab" engaged students reduce consumption of energy and materials
- 3. Digital interactive displays, smart tools and meters, exposed structures, and ground-level

photovoltaic installations demonstrate the building systems and sustainable features







# Item 5. Net-Zero // LEED // Carbon Neutral

A. Does Net Zero qualify for LEED? NO, but the concept differs from LEED due to the fact that the assessment is done by measuring the amount of renewable energy overtime rather than giving points to systems that may work, but in the long run will not provide the same amount of energy savings overtime.



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- B. Is Net Zero the same as Carbon Neutral? NO, most of the 'green' building standards like LEED or GRIHA cover many aspects of the building design like recycled reclaimed material use or occupant comfort and well-being. Carbon Neutral and NZB focus on the energy use of the building.
- C. What other project goals/certifications are out there?

Platinum: 80 points and above, Gold 60-79 points, Silver 50-59 points, Certified 40-49 points

1. Living Building Challenge

All Living Challenge Projects have a twelve-month performance period and are audited by third party before they can receive certification.

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The Kendeda Fund http://livingbuilding.kendedafund.org/2017/04/11/net-zero-energy-schools-roadmap/

Institute for Building Efficiency

THE MOVE TOWARD NET ZERO ENERGY BUILDINGS, Experiences and Lessons from Early Adopters



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<u>http://www.buildingefficiencyinitiative.org/sites/default/files/legacy/InstituteBE/media/Library/Resources/Exi</u> <u>sting-Building-Retrofits/Issue-Brief-Moving-to-Net-Zero-Energy-Buildings.pdf</u>

END OF MEMORANDUM



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## OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

# **MEMORANDUM**

Oh Project Number:	90031
Project Name:	Portland Public Schools – Kellogg Middle School
To:	
Date:	August, 2017
Subject:	Color Psychology in Education Environments
Prepared by:	Samantha Aleo

The purpose of this memorandum is to consider color as a definitive factor in brain stimulation in a middle school learning environment. This memorandum will look at color in the classroom as well as common spaces, and its relationship to memory, alertness, and overall disposition of both students and faculty.

### **Color Psychology – Introduction**

Color psychology is the study of hues as influencing factors on human behavior. In creative fields, such as marketing, graphic design, architecture, and interior design, color choice can directly impact users' thoughts and feelings when interacting with a space or brand. Specifically in architecture and interior design, a space's utilization of color is crucial in influencing behavior and interaction. One critical application in architecture and design that is impacted greatly by color and material choice is in the education sector, where students of all ages are constantly being influenced by the information they take in, including the built environment around them.



### **Adolescent Brain Development**

Color can help connect the neuropathways in the brain. Connecting with hormone regulating endocrine glands, the brain absorbs color information and translates it into emotional, psychological, and even physical responses. Color information travels throughout the brain, impacting areas that detect motion, shapes, edges, and transitions, allowing people to develop a nuanced view of the world.

For adolescent brains constantly pulsing and absorbing new information, color can greatly impact daily experiences and behavior, as well as brain function in general. Many studies show relationships between color preferences and student performance, influencing creativity, focus, happiness, and memory. Color can even impact participation and absenteeism, and physical responses such as heart rate and respiration. Conversely, a lack of color, or an excess of black, white, and greys, has been proven to lower IQ about 10 points.



### **Color and Pattern Recognition**

By the age of 3, children have already begun identifying and matching colors. Students performed up to 10% better on pattern recognition tests administered in color than black and white, boosting memory over time. Using color for wayfinding in educational facilities can further develop color and pattern recognition and aid in directing students throughout various spaces. Through graphic means, signage, furniture, or overall paint colors, designers can help distinguish various types of spaces by separating or emphasizing using color. Color can also aid in developing place identity and create a system of order within a school, especially to help classify smaller learning communities within a larger space. Studies suggest this comes from primal environmental reactions, giving various responses in indicating food, shelter, and danger.



Color used for wayfinding signage



This map uses colors to distinguish different classroom grades.



KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL



## **Eye Fatigue**

Introducing natural light into schools through expansive windows or skylights has proven to be beneficial in increasing energy, creativity, and an overall positive disposition of students and staff. However, an uncontrolled brightness, or glare, can lead to eye strain, especially in classrooms that use technology and screens as the



Offset colors to provide relief for student eyes

### **Color Psychology at a Glance**

Studies show that different colors effect the brain in different ways. While individuals are partial to their favorite colors, studies show trends in how specific colors impact emotional and physical responses. Below are some typical responses to the brain analyzing color information:

**Reds** – Intensify adrenal glands, give energy, identify threat. Can improve focus, performance, attention to detail, and repetition in small doses. In large doses can become unnerving. Increases heart rate.

**Oranges** – Encourages critical thinking and enhances memory. Promotes appetite, stimulation, and energy. Mood lifting and positivity.

Yellows - Promotes happiness, and creativity, but in large doses can cause stress or overstimulation. Greens – Proven to be relaxing and calming. Good for multitasking and concentration, and is reminiscent of the natural world.

**Blues** – Stimulate creativity, productivity, and concentration. Slows heart rate for calmness and relaxation.

**Violets**- Attention grabbing, stimulates attraction, creativity, and imagination, and gives a sense of calmness.

**Browns and Neutrals**- Give a sense of security and relaxation. Reduces fatigue, but can be negative for children who typically prefer bright colors.

Black, White, Grey-lowers IQ, dulls learning.

Off-Whites – Calls attention, positivity.

relieve the eyes and prevent overstimulation. This allows students to take a break from their work, and refocus more efficiently.

passive

primary teaching tools. Eye strain is the result tightening of the ciliary muscle of the eye, and can lead to pupil overdilation, increased blinking and inability to focus, headaches, and eye pain. To combat eye fatigue in students, color plays an important role in reflecting, absorbing, or redirecting light in the classroom. One way to strategically color a space to reduce eye strain is to use a muted or pale color on the teaching wall, with more vibrant colors on the back wall, or as accents. Dull, darker, or muted colors on the sides



## **Color in Learning Environments**

Considering color's emotional stimulations, use of color in education environments can create spaces that are finely tuned to the type of study or activity per each classroom. Below are theory-recommended practices for various types of learning environments:

## **Science and Mathematics**

Blues lower heart rate and create a setting of calmness and concentration. Concentration and attention are needed in both mathematics and sciences studies, so shades of blue create the perfect environment to keep students grounded and focused. Throwing in a contrasting color, such as red or orange, can help in creating a bold, contrasting focal point to stimulate students.





# History, Social Sciences, Counselling, and Libraries

Greens are great for multi-tasking, as they provide both the calmness of blue and creativity of yellow. Critical thinking and concentration are heightened in green environments, and with colors reminiscent of the natural world, greens provide a sense of security. For critical thinking courses such as history and research, greens are beneficial in providing and environment that stimulates brainwaves for the tasks at hand.















# Languages, Fine Arts, Culinary Arts, Music and Dance

Yellows and purples are the colors of creativity. They stimulate the mind and draw attraction, creating an uplifting and imaginative environment. Great for music and arts classrooms, as well as English language arts and foreign language classes, as they can promote students to think outside the box. However, these colors should be used in moderation so to not overexcite or cause distraction. A strategic way to incorporate these bold colors would be to incorporate them through suggestive natural elements, such as pine or alder.















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# Athletics, Drama, Media, and Cafeterias

Oranges and reds are at the stimulating end of the color wheel, and thus are great for active and common spaces such as cafeterias, gymnasiums, and auditoriums. These colors will raise heart rate, increase appetite, and promote activity and interaction. Oranges in particular can be imitated by strategic use of natural woods, such as cherry or walnut, to achieve a warm and inviting atmosphere.





# **Entrances and Hallways**

Bold, bright colors should be used in common areas such as hallways and atriums to excite students between classes. A bright, fun statement piece in a lobby or mezzanine will draw students in, and make them excited to start their day.





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# **MEETING MINUTES OTL - Framework**

# OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

Oh Project No.:	90031		
Project Name:	Portland Public Schools - Kellogg Middle School Replacement		
Date & Location:	08/31/17 @ CR-BESC-Building Services (15) 1 <sup>st</sup> Floor		
Prepared by:	Tim Ayersman		
Present:	PPS: OHP+D:	Steve Effros (SE) Brenda Fox (BF) John Hines (JH) Paul Cathcart (PC) Deb France (DF) Tim Ayersman (TA) Bryan Thompson (BT)	
Distribution:	Attendees	5	

The purpose of the meeting was to describe the pre-design process that brought the Kellogg project to where it is now and review the Middle School Framework in detail with Portland Public Schools' (PPS) Office of Teaching and Learning (OTL).

Item 1. Middle School Framework Discussion

- The District is moving from K-8 model to middle school model. Α.
  - OTL has received different levels of input from over 250 people within the District to I. date.
  - Ш. The annual State instructional minutes exceeds PPS schedule.
  - III. A committee will be formed by OTL to refine areas such as STEAM, CTE, Health and Wellness, to name a few.
  - IV. All day meeting is scheduled for September 27th with all advisory groups. Meeting to be hands on interactive meeting to engage the groups.
- Standards are being worked on for Middle School B.
  - For science, they will now have biology, chemistry, physics all during each year instead of Ι. one per year. This will affect the space requirement and add to the need for flexible spaces to having all three subjects in one room.
  - Sixth grade may be self-contained in one room with the class going to a separate room Ш. for subjects such as art or science.



OTL/OSM/FAM Meeting #3 PPS Kellogg Page 2

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- IV. PPS teachers do not want to share classroom spaces. The only exception is the special education space.
- V. The preferred class size is 25-30, currently many Middle School classes in the District are at 35.
- VI. The ESL should be the same size as a general classroom. (BF) Emerging bilingual ideal number of students is 20-25 and includes a second teacher work space. This room should be located with the general classrooms.
- VII. Classroom sizes below 500 SF are hard to program and should be avoided. (BF) The average PPS class size in the District is 675-700 SF.
- VIII. The Media Library serves as a teaching space and should have seating for one classroom at a minimum. Staff meeting occur in this space. The books are moving to a storage space with the schools using more digital books. The adjacency of the maker spaces should be with the media space. The maker space should have storage for equipment such as a 3D printer.
- IX. Computer labs are not being used as much, mobile laptop carts are preferred. Each classroom should have a location dedicated for charging and storing a mobile cart.
- X. Kellogg should have a vertical alignment with Franklin HS programs that are offered.(BF)
- C. School, Family, and Community Partnerships
  - I. PPS prefers that all the partner services and programs are in one central location and with an entrance that can be monitored by staff. This helps with safety and security by know who is in the building and where.
  - II. Partner services should be located near the exterior of the building so those going to these services don't have to go too deep into the building. This also provides after hours separate entrance if needed.
  - III. Many of these programs are grant based and will come and go over the years so the space should be flexible. Each PPS school currently has 5-10 partners.
  - IV. Main program currently is SUN program, they use the school after hours and have a dedicated room typically. They require space for a food bank, clothing storage, and back pack programs.
  - V. A common conference room that seats 10-20 is prefered for all the partner programs to share. It should include a sink and a washer and dryer. Partner programs can share work space but need separate office space for confidentiality.
  - VI. A health clinic would be good to have, the area around Kellogg has a great need for this and Middle School families are not as comfortable going to the High School for these services. (BF)
- Item 2. Kellogg Middle School Pre-Design Review
  - A. Case studies used for comparing current layouts in middle schools were reviewed.
    - I. Timberland MS placed the extended learning adjacent to the classrooms, Faubion placed the extended learning centrally located to the classrooms, and Eastbrook placed extended learning with in the corridor.



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#### KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL - EXTENDED LEARNING STUDIES

PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOLS



Topic – Sample Extended Learning





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Topic - Adjacencies Options Applied To Kellogg Middle School

- B. The site zoning diagram illustrating the existing conditions and requirements were reviewed.
  - I. The zoning requires that the building be located within 20' of Powell only. The classroom wing in the due diligence report was all along Powel Blvd. Options have been looked at to meet this requirement but pull one of the two wings back.
  - II. The first option has both wings along Powel Blvd. the second option pulls the west wing back creating a courtyard at the corner of Powel and 69th. The third option pulls the east wing back and creates an outdoor learning space around the large existing tree on site.
  - III. The first floor along Powel can also have higher windows with a mural along the street level for less visibility into the classrooms.
  - IV. An alternative is locating community partners and after hour spaces on the first floor adjacent to Powel. This would create better access for the community and move the classroom wings up, away from the street level.



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Item 3. Next Steps and Action Items

- I. Brenda will send OHPD the strands in Franklin for our review.
- II. OTL will attend the break out focus groups as their schedule allows. Steve will set up weekly OTL meetings.
- III. The Focus Group Kick Off meeting is scheduled for September 6<sup>th</sup>, 10:00 am at PPS.
- IV. OHPD to attend September 27<sup>th</sup> OTL committee meetings.

### END OF MEETING MINUTES



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# MEETING MINUTES FACILITIES & OPERATIONS

## OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

Oh Project No.:	90031		
Project Name:	Portland Public Schools - Kellogg Middle School Replacement		
Date & Location:	09/12/17 @ CR-BESC-Mezzanine (15) 2 <sup>nd</sup> Floor		
Prepared by:	Bryan Thompson		
Present:	PPS:	Jere High (JH) – Director – Maintenance and Operations, Portland Public Schools Frank Leavitt (FL)– Senior Manager – Facilities and Operations, Portland Public Schools Daniel Lemay (DL) - Facilities Operations Manager (FOM) – Franklin Cluster, PPS Steven Nitsch (SN) – Mechanical, Senior Manager, Portland Public Schools Glen Harrison (GH) – Warehousing – Manager, Supply & Logistics, PPS Brian Taylor (BT) – Electrical, Manager, Portland Public Schools Stephen Effros (SE) – Project Manager	
	OHPD:	Tim Ayersman (TA) Bryan A. Thompson (BAT)	
Distribution:	Attendees; Dan Jung – PPS; Ken Fisher – Heery; Deb France – OHPD		

The purpose of the meeting was to kick off the pre-design process by engaging PPS focus groups to prompt input, recommendations, and responses to questions addressing Facilities & Operations at Kellogg Middle School.

### Item 1. Custodial (DL)

- A. Educational Specifications meet needs for custodial closets and storage
- B. Custodial closets to have electrical outlets for charging equipment and a mop sink with lip (not a waist high sink) New Marysville (10 x 10) closets have preferred layout Jen Sohm to provide standard layout options
- C. Confirm a pallet jack is accessible to custodial storage
- D. Deliveries 1-3 times per month 26'-0" box truck
- E. Preference for a wide loading dock with garbage on it (2) 5-yard garbage and (1) 5-yard recycling containers
- F. Use only standard restroom and science classroom dispensers
- G. Preference for locking doors at restrooms for security/after-hours control maintenance door to allow for open access design
- H. Preference for (6-8) stall bathrooms allows efficient cleaning
- I. Gymnasium/afterhours to be self-contained with restrooms, etc.
- J. Hand dryers being explored by a PPS committee led by Jen Sohm they would be a supplement to paper towels custodial has expressed concerns for mechanical failure and vandalism
- K. Preference for recessed LED light fixtures with occupancy sensors discourage pendant fixtures which require cleaning on top
- L. Limit interior glass for maintenance/cleaning concerns



Facilities & Operations Meeting #1 PPS Kellogg Page 2

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- M. Preference for storage space for instructional spaces temporary storage at building receiving adjacent to loading dock (GH)
- N. Preference for an alarm panel in custodial office, MDF room, and main office custodians responsible for disarming alarm
- O. Do not use white paint
- P. Provide a custodian space near kitchen/cafeteria
- Q. Consider maintenance and access when selecting light fixtures in high ceilings
- R. Identify, with signage, the ratings for stages and floors where lifts are required for maintenance
- S. Coordinate doors sizes with lift access/movement requirements
- Item 2. Mechanical (SN)
  - A. Prefer uniformity in equipment and controls selection (3) different boilers in the (3) new schools [FHS, RHS, Faubion]
  - B. PPS to provide direction on aligning equipment and controls across school sites
  - C. Preference for equipment on ground floor with direct exterior access (overhead door) design with replacement in mind current equipment has shorter life span
- Item 3. Electrical (BT)
  - A. Replacing LED lighting fixtures is an electrical operations duty no longer bulb changing by custodians
  - B. Determine the amount of light fixture overstock to replace failures.
- Item 4. Lessons Learned
  - A. Franklin High School
    - I. Overhang at loading dock is too low
    - II. Do not design school with multiple (2-3) stall bathrooms requires more labor to clean
    - III. Mezzanine in gymnasium blocks lift access to light fixture for maintenance and replacement
    - IV. Do not place mechanical equipment on roof requiring crane access
    - V. Do not mount electrical panel in ceiling or @ 6'-0" requiring ladder access
    - VI. Design team to note diagrammatic drawings to reflect potential misinterpretations/conflicts by subcontractors. For example: Shut off valves to be located within easy access – not feet above a drop ceiling
    - VII. Contractor has left behind construction debris in sewage pipes GC to monitor/prevent
  - B. Faubion
    - I. Plumbing and electrical is exposed at bathroom sinks provide tamperproof/keyed valves
    - II. Flooring at cafeteria and servery have different maintenance requirements
    - III. Sprinkler heads are located within reach of students on stairs
    - IV. Locker room walls and corners are split face block/brick safety concern
    - Fall protection is installed because parapets are not high enough make parapets high enough so fall protection is not required.
  - C. Grant High School
    - I. Concerns over cleaning/labor/safety at gender neutral bathrooms.
  - D. Roosevelt High School



Facilities & Operations Meeting #1 PPS Kellogg Page 3

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- I. Durable plaster walls with special finish design team to consider this approach.
- E. Consider the creation of diagrams for delivery and equipment movement access show the route for a pallet jack from building receiving to storage areas to avoid conflicts and inefficiencies

Item 5. Action Items

- A. Daniel (Maintenance) to provide preferred 10 x 10 custodian closet layout developed by Jen Sohm to OHPD
- B. Daniel (Maintenance) to confirm desired width of interior corridors/doorways for pallet jack access on delivery route and provide to OHPD
- C. Daniel (Maintenance) to provide minimum overhang height at loading dock to prevent conflict with delivery/garbage trucks and provide to OHPD
- D. Steve (Mechanical) and Daniel/maintenance to follow-up on hand dryer committee findings with District/Jen Sohm and provide findings to OHPD
- E. Steve (Mechanical) to provide preferred boiler and controls systems to the District and OHPD
- F. Bryan (Electrical) to recommend the amount of LED light fixture overstock for failure replacement to the District and OHPD
- G. OHPD to incorporate comments into schematic design for Facilities & Operations review

END OF MEETING MINUTES



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# MEETING MINUTES NUTRITION SERVICES

## OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

Oh Project No.:	90031		
Project Name:	Portland Public Schools - Kellogg Middle School Replacement		
Date & Location:	09/12/17 @ CK-BESC-INENBIEM (15) L1		
Prepared by:	Bryan Thompson		
Present:	PPS:	Whitney Ellersick (WE) – Interim Director Nutrition Services	
		Ben Dandeneau (BD) – Assistant Director, Nutrition Services	
		Stephen Effros (SE) – Project Manager	
	OHPD:	Tim Ayersman (TA)	
		Bryan Thompson (BT)	
Distribution:	Attendees	;; Dan Jung – PPS; Ken Fisher – Heery; Deb France – OHPD;	
	Laura Bourland – HAI; Kyle Mechling - Interface		

The purpose of the meeting was to kick off the pre-design process by engaging PPS focus groups to prompt input, recommendations, and responses to questions addressing Nutrition Services at Kellogg Middle School.

### Item 1. Deliveries

- A. Programmatic Flow Deliveries move from service dock to building receiving to kitchen dry storage or freezer/cooler to prep area to cooking area to serving area
- B. (2) Trucks make deliveries: 25'-0" Freezer Truck and local dairy truck (Alpenrose)
- C. Trucks can deliver to elevated loading dock or on ground no preference
- D. No stairs from point of delivery to building receiving area
- E. Routing deliveries through the school is not preferred elevators are problematic make sure route is wide enough
- Item 2. Frequency of Deliveries for 675 students
  - A. Freezer truck deliveries daily start at 4:30 am and end at noon Trucks reload around 8 am to avoid student drop off at school sites
  - B. Alpenrose milk truck delivers every other week
  - C. General supplies delivered weekly
  - D. Approximately (9) deliveries per week
  - E. School provides 3-4 meal programs per day
- Item 3. Kitchen Servery Cafeteria
  - A. Open No doors between servery and kitchen.
  - B. Wall off kitchen functions from server for presentation or thoughtful design to provide educational opportunity



Nutrition Services Meeting #1 PPS Kellogg Page 2

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- C. Overhead doors between servery and cafeteria/commons to restrict student access during off-hours
- D. Locate merchandising/display coolers and all equipment behind secure overhead doors
- E. Pass through merchandisers preferred in new kitchens
- F. Provide (3) serving stations with the same food options in each
- G. Cashier to be located at the end of the serving line at each station with (2) pin pad/card scanners per cashier
- H. Provide balance of space between cafeteria, server, and kitchen if cafeteria seats 200 students, size kitchen and server to serve 200 students imbalance creates improper use
- Locate cafeteria with a buffer between classrooms music room, maker space as buffer space for noise and activity
- J. Encourage the kitchen and cafeteria as a classroom and social space design for noisy social interactions
- K. Cafeteria can be used as a flex space robotics, sewing, study hall, after hours program
- L. Exterior areas at high schools have gas hook-ups which limits use of kitchen equipment during community events
- M. Provide power to all dedicated work spaces
- Item 4. Lunch Schedule/Cafeteria Capacity
  - A. Prefer each grade to have a lunch (3) periods for middle school
  - B. No school successfully has over 200 students per lunch period monitoring the space is the problem
    - I. Confirm preferred size / number of students per period with Brenda Fox
  - C. (4) lunch periods are OK for a large school Harrison Park serves from 11am to 1:30pm

Item 5. Tables

- A. Nutrition Services not involved in decisions but would like to be
- B. Prefer different shapes and variety not institutional type
- Item 6. Lessons Learned
  - A. Roosevelt
    - I. Serving line not a good example short and linear
    - II. No electrical connections for hot wells
    - III. Budget alignment/VE led to equipment clearance conflicts with walls (Dishwasher)
  - B. Roosevelt and Franklin have too many tables and table types which is a maintenance concern

Item 7. Action Items

- A. Nutrition Services to confirm desired width of interior corridors/doorways for delivery route and provide to OHPD
- B. OHPD to confirm maximum student capacity in cafeteria with Brenda Fox of OTL
- C. OHPD to incorporate comments into schematic design for nutrition services review

### END OF MEETING MINUTES



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# MEETING MINUTES GROUNDS

## OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

Oh Project No.: 90031 Project Name: Portland Public Schools - Kellogg Middle School Replacement Date & Location: 09/13/17 @ CR-BESC-Nehalem (15) L1 Prepared by: Bryan Thompson Present: PPS: Jere High (JH)- Director - Maintenance and Operations, Portland Public Schools Mark Franklin (MF) - Portland Public Schools Nancy Bond (NB) - Coordinator, Resource Conservation - Planning and Asset Management, Portland Public Schools Diane Lucas - Portland Public Schools Samantha Spring (SS) – AmeriCorp Environmental Projects Coordinator, PPS Stephen Effros (SE) – Project Manager Jerry Vincent (JV) - Chief Operating Office, PPS OHPD: Deb France (DF) Tim Ayersman (TA) Bryan A. Thompson (BAT) Ecotone: Daniel Edwards (DE) Distribution: Attendees; Dan Jung - PPS; Ken Fisher - Heery; Jen Sohm - PPS

The purpose of the meeting was to kick off the pre-design process by engaging PPS focus groups to prompt input, recommendations, and responses to questions addressing Grounds at Kellogg Middle School.

Item 1. Grounds Maintenance (MF)

- A. (6) grounds crews for district  $-2^{nd}$  largest land owner in Portland
- B. Grounds crews maintain trees and mow fields only bio-swales are maintained on a contract basis
- C. Equipment is trailered to the site nothing is stored on site
- D. Provide minimum 10'-0" between landscaping features, trees
- E. Custodians need storage space for leaf blower, weed eater, and small equipment
- F. 15% slope max for mowing
- G. Provide a mowing strip at fence lines
- H. Upgraded level of fencing for privacy at Powell
- I. If it can be vandalized it will be vandalized

Item 2. Storm water (NB)

- A. Preference to explore the option to capture and reuse storm water for toilets, irrigation, etc.
  - I. This has been explored at Humboldt School tank for toilets and garden
- B. No grey water use in the district at this time



Grounds Meeting #1 PPS Kellogg Page 2

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- C. OHPD to provide analysis: Costs, life span, weighing advantages White Stag Building as case study
- D. There would be additional maintenance for these systems on a contract basis
- E. Possible on-site water reuse for green roof, green wall, school garden
- F. Preference to include an educational system micro version for learning if a full-scale system is not feasible (JV)
- G. Review success of green roofs at Multnomah county buildings Mead Building

Item 3. Synthetic Fields (MF)

- A. 9-10 year life span
- B. District currently has multiple manufacturers FieldTurf is one
- C. Plan for future installation by providing plumbing to field (JV)
- D. (3) local soccer associates should be contacted as partners (JV)
- E. Event (Football) fields to be synthetic baseball field type to be determined by situation/coach
- F. Preference to provide storage for field infill material (rubber pellets) currently different for each field storage space for overstock and machine to spread – locked
- Item 4. Loading Dock Trash (NB)
  - A. Requires straight on access to garbage/recycling containers for ease of daily access
  - B. No gate on trash enclosure preference is for driver to not exit cab
  - C. No wheels on containers
  - D. Provide a hose bib with a sewage drain, not a storm drain preference for a sign to indicate drain usage (JV)
- Item 5. Greening School Yards (NB)
  - A. Nature play areas intentional boulders and logs for play with appropriate surfaces for falls See installations at Sabin and Lewis
  - B. School garden space: Raised juniper beds with pathways, ADA height planters access to water, not irrigated
  - C. Composting: Using city services (24) schools using it right now provide 60 gallon container
  - D. Nutrition Services accepts food grown in the school garden
  - E. If a school garden is not part of the initial design plan a space and infrastructure for a future garden
  - F. Limit paving
  - G. Native plant gardens/arboretums have been used at other schools
  - H. Mark to provide preferred tree species and turf mix
  - I. Provide shade trees placed to maximize on-site shading
  - J. Mark and Nancy to provide input for design standard revisions
  - K. Mark to analyze the large maple in the south field at Kellogg to determine if it is worth keeping
  - L. Saving trees must be well thought out and intentional
  - M. PPS to provide guidelines for trees by fields
  - N. Nancy to connect design team to Bonneville Environmental Foundation (BEF) for renewable energy programs and their kiosk requirements
- Item 6. Irrigation
  - A. Most is not working not required at school gardens



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- B. Central controls systems Prefer IMMS (Irrigation Management & Monitoring System) by Hunter
- C. Systems managed by Mark in his office
- D. Sub-meter provided at every school
- E. Coordinate efficiency target with Aaron Presburg at PPS
- F. Gate valves at drain
- G. MP rotators: I25 not I40 Hunter preferred
- H. Make network connection before trench is filled
- Item 7. Lessons Learned
  - A. Faubion
    - I. Steep bank at football field eliminate, mowing concern unnecessary burden
    - II. Synthetic turf under play areas is a great substitution for play chips looks good lower maintenance
    - III. Concrete path material selection not confirmed with PPS
  - B. Franklin High School
    - I. Provide 45-degree corners on walkways do not have 90 degree turns. Prevents damage to sprinkler heads and eliminates corner cutting damage to grounds
    - II. Embed large rocks/boulders into concrete do not leave loose
    - III. The loading dock is not successful
- Item 8. Action Items
  - A. OHPD to provide storm water capture analysis: Costs, life span, weighing advantages White Stag Building as case study
  - B. Mark (Grounds Maintenance) to provide preferred synthetic field manufacturer to District and OHPD
  - C. Mark (Grounds Maintenance) to provide storage requirements for synthetic field fill and machinery to District and OHPD
  - D. Mark (Grounds Maintenance) to provide preferred tree species and turf mix to District and landscape architect Daniel
  - E. Mark and Nancy to provide input for design standard revisions to District and OHPD
  - F. Mark (Grounds Maintenance) to analyze the large maple in the south field at Kellogg to determine if it is worth keeping
  - G. Mark (Grounds Maintenance) to confirm PPS guidelines for trees near synthetic fields and provide to OHPD
  - H. Nancy (resource Conservation) to connect design team/OHPD to Bonneville Environmental Foundation for renewable energy programs and their kiosk requirements
  - I. Mark (Grounds Maintenance) and OHPD to coordinate irrigation efficiency with Aaron Presburg
  - J. District to contact local soccer association for field partnership.

#### END OF MEETING MINUTES



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Oh

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# MEETING MINUTES STUDENT TRANSPORTATION

# OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

Oh Project No.:	90031		
Project Name:	Portland Public Schools - Kellogg Middle School Replacement		
Date & Location:	09/13/17 @ CR-BESC-Wapati (10) L1		
Prepared by:	Bryan Thompson		
Present:	PPS:	Sandy vanBaggen (SV) – Senior Training and Safety Specialist, PPS Stephen Effros (SE) – Project Manager	
	OHPD:	Deb France (DF) Tim Ayersman (TA) Bryan A. Thompson (BA	
Distribution:	Attendees; Teri Brady – PPS; Dan Jung – PPS; Ken Fisher – Heery; Jen Sohm – PPS; Deb France – OHPD		

The purpose of the meeting was to kick off the pre-design process by engaging PPS focus groups to prompt input, recommendations, and responses to questions addressing Student Transportation at Kellogg Middle School.

Item 1. Kellogg Site Plan (SV)

- A. Nutrition services and transportation vehicle schedules do not interfere or overlap bus loop can be shared for access to building receiving
- B. Preference to partner with Safe Routes to School
- C. Staff and students perform crosswalk duties
- D. Students have option to use Trimet stop located adjacent to the school.
- E. Do not show buses parked on the corners of the plan bus loop should be able to pull parallel to curb
- F. Leave 3'-0" clear between buses
- G. Need Special Education bus drop off area adjacent to ADA entrance
- H. SE Kelly St. was used by buses at former site to loop back to SE Powell limiting volume of traffic in neighborhood is encouraged
- I. During arrival and release, plan on bulk of student traffic to enter through one open door gymnasium or cafeteria is common
- J. Sandy's City of Portland contact for early assistance is Robert Haley, PBOT
- K. Jen Sohm is developing design standards for site plan best practices
- Item 2. Vehicle Parking (SV)
  - A. Planning for maximum of 51 parking stalls, (2) accessible spaces and (1) van accessible space Minimum of 34 per city code
  - B. City will be reluctant to take away parking from the front of homes



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C. Special needs parking and access is program dependent – locate ADA entrance as close to drop off as possible

Item 3. Bicycle Parking (SV)

- A. Planning for 136 bicycle parking spaces (4 per classroom)
- B. Do not locate bike racks by the bus loop and drop off Beverly Cleary/ Fernwood bike racks are located in bus loading area and doesn't work
- C. Prefer bike racks by front doors in a position visible to administration staff (Ockley Green is a good example)
- D. Limit opportunities for bicyclists to create short-cuts across the site
- E. Clearly identify the bike route and parking locations coordinate signage and stripping (green paint) with the city
- Item 4. Designing for Expansion (SV)
  - A. Planning for a student capacity of 675 students
  - B. Definitive student transportation needs cannot be determined until DBRAC process is complete
  - C. Steve to provide information on former boundary and student populations
  - D. Double stacking buses is not preferred, but an option buses do not move until all students are unloaded
  - E. Staggered bell times is an option, but not preferred
  - F. Bus loop can be used for afterhours parking
  - G. Local churches have been used as partners to increase parking for evening events
  - H. Asphalt covered play area are used for parking at other school sites
  - I. Explore the option of providing a curb cut similar to the old bus drop-off configuration in conjunction with a new bus loop to account for expansion
- Item 5. Lessons Learned (SV)
  - A. Faubion
    - I. Site plan working Sandy has not visited yet
    - II. Sandy to report back after the school year has begun
  - B. Roosevelt
    - I. Good special education bus access
    - II. Design intent was not communicated with staff, leading to improper use of site
    - III. A straight through drop off lane was designed for big buses but they used the small buss drop off loop when
      - the facility opened removable bollards were blocking the access
  - C. Franklin
    - I. Communication lacking between district and construction
- Item 6. Action Items
  - A. Sandy to provide standards developed by Jen Sohm to OHPD
  - B. Steve to provide former Kellogg School boundary to OHPD
  - C. Sandy to provide feedback on Faubion and other 2012 Bond schools successes and lessons learned as the sites get used
  - D. OHPD to incorporate comments into schematic design for Student Transportation review

END OF MEETING MINUTES



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# MEETING MINUTES MULTICRAFT - FINISHES

## OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

Oh Project No.:	90031		
Project Name:	Portland Public Schools - Kellogg Middle School Replacement		
Date & Location:	09/14/17 @ CR-BESC-Building Services (15) 1 <sup>st</sup> Floor		
Prepared by:	Bryan Thompson		
Present:	PPS:	Jere High (JH) – Director – Maintenance and Operations, PPS Mike Smithey (MS) – Senior Maintenance Manager – FAM Multicraft Shop, PPS Patrick McMenomy (PM) – Foreman – FAM Multicraft Shop, Portland Public Schools Stephen Effros (SE) – Project Manager, PPS Dan Jung (DJ) – Senior Director of Office of School Modernization, PPS	
	OHPD:	Deb France (DF) Tim Ayersman (TA) Bryan Thompson (BT)	
Distribution:	Attendees; Ken Fisher – Heery; Gene Osborn – Assistant Foreman – FAM Multicraft Shop, Portland Public Schools		

The purpose of the meeting was to kick off the pre-design process by engaging PPS focus groups to prompt input, recommendations, and responses to questions addressing Multicraft - Finishes at Kellogg Middle School.

### Item 1. Floors (MS, PM)

- A. Polished concrete preferred sealed concrete used at Grant no preference on sealer finish was provided, matte vs. glossy
- B. Do not specify marmoleum it is too soft
- C. Do not use VCT
- D. Floors are stripped in the summer so they meet expectations to shine at the beginning of the year there is not sufficient staff for this process
- E. Mondo rubber flooring has been used in classrooms by OHPD (DF) OHPD to provide choices for consideration
- F. Poured epoxy flooring with an integral cove base is preferred over the quarry tile (which does break) specified in the design standards for Kitchens (PM) – you can use the same maintenance methods as a VCT floor, mopping
- G. Is terrazzo an option for PPS? (MS) Tends to be more expensive, but a very good investment, durable over time

### Item 2. Walls

- A. PPS standard plaster veneer over high impact resistant gypsum board is preferred to other materials used for 2012 bond work
- B. Multicraft to keep OHPD informed on how installed surfaces work out in the new schools (DF)
- C. Exposed concrete walls are acceptable



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- D. Glass corridor walls challenging for maintenance not desirable (PM). What are translucent glass options. Design team to provide options to Multicraft if interior glass is designed
- E. Only use FRP in custodian closets

### Item 3. Roof

- A. Single Ply is not the PPS Design Standard
- B. Provide proper slope to drain. The District prefers ½" per foot roof slope for all new roofs, with ¼" per foot slope allowed in areas that do not require crickets or roof valleys to direct water to drain collectors Oregon code requires ¼" per foot minimum with no exceptions for valleys
- C. Do not like interior drains (MS) freeze and leak maintenance problems with exterior drains too Both MS and PM prefer exterior drains
- D. Skylights are not preferred maintenance nightmare. Schools like Vestal have lightwells with no access
- E. Provide a stairway/ships ladder to roof access. Size appropriately for rooftop equipment and maintenance needs
- F. Parapet is best option for fall protection custodians are not trained to use fall protection
- G. An analysis is required on harvesting rainwater an underground collection tank in a vault with filtration costs money to maintain see Sunnyside school collection system
- Item 4. Ceilings
  - A. Exposed ceilings with clouds can catch flying objects
  - B. No 4x4 ceiling tiles preference for 2x4 tiles, easy to change
  - C. Consider how to access lights for maintenance
- Item 5. Paint/Finishes
  - A. White is not a practical paint color
  - B. Before colors were standardized excess amount of paints were stored high paint costs limit the amount of colors
  - C. OHPD to start with PPS standards and explore options base upon educational performance
- Item 6. Door and Hardware
  - A. Keycard access at all perimeter doors preferred make them vandal proof protected by a piece of glass, recessed
  - B. Focus approach on the points of access, the daily flow of students and staff
  - C. The cost of re-keying annually is high
  - D. Hardwire all exterior doors for future considerations (PM)
  - E. Discuss with Jaime Olsen at PPS

#### Item 7. Exterior

- A. Expect broken windows and graffiti design to reduce opportunities
- B. Anti-graffiti is sacrificial PPS to provide preferred product. PROVIDED: Bare Brick Stone & Masonry Remover (BBSM), Product Code WB0010 by Urban Restoration Group.
- C. Provide good sight lines for safety Grant HS has a sunken courtyard that is not visible
- D. Salvage (2) pallets of brick from existing building (~1,000 bricks)


Multicraft Meeting #1 PPS Kellogg Page 3

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#### Item 8. General Notes

- A. If building use is not apparent or understood, it will be used incorrectly consider providing a user manual for the building how to move walls, modify space operational manual
- B. PPS does not have enough employees for proper maintenance assume that it will get neglected design and make selections for finishes to last as long as possible with minimal maintenance.
- C. Solid Surface countertops preferred Plastic laminate is a maintenance problem, prefer wood cabinets
- D. Label material storage space to prevent incorrect use
- E. Diagram service routes and requirements for lift and delivery access
- F. Suggestion to use electronic screen to show off student work at CTE, Art, etc. (See attachment)
- G. Get input from Multicraft on finish selections

#### Item 9. Lessons Learned

- A. Faubion
  - I. Access to skylights will be difficult
  - II. Exterior door hardware coordination not successful interior classroom hardware acceptable
  - III. Display cases below relight windows on interior are problematic for maintenance
- B. Franklin High School
  - I. Standards were ignored or material selections were changed during VE process without proper vetting wall protection
- C. Roosevelt High School
  - I. PPS wall finish standards (Veneer Plaster) were dropped during the project (DJ)
  - II. No reasonable way to change lights in Auditorium

Item 10. Action Items

- A. OHPD to provide rubber flooring choices for consideration by the District in DD
- B. Multicraft to keep OHPD informed on how installed surfaces work out in the new schools
- C. OHPD to provide options to Multicraft if interior glass is used in SD
- D. OHPD to provide examples of successful student work shown on tv screens Aloha (attached)
- E. Multicraft to provide anti-graffiti product COMPLETED (attached)



## ALOHA HIGH SCHOOL CTE



Visual Dispay Panels at Main Lobby Entry for Maker Space, CAD Classroom, and Construction Lab (2) - 80" HDR (Ultra HD) Home Theater Display





Visual Display Panels at Computer Programming and Film & Media Classroom Entries (4) - 50" HDR (Ultra HD) Home Theater Displays



OGG MIDDLE SCHOOL PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT 11/20/17



## **Bare Brick Stone & Masonry Remover**

For the quick, safe and non damaging removal of GRAFFITI, GREASE and GRIME

Page 1 of 4

## Product Code: WB0010

Issued: August 8, 2016

## **Product Data Sheet** PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

BARE BRICK STONE & MASONRY REMOVER (BBSM) is a highly effective, economical and biodegradable remover for spray can paints, paint over spray, grease, grime smoke and oil stains as well as other marks on porous brick, stone and concrete surfaces including cinder block, split face block and exposed aggregate.





### **FEATURES & BENEFITS**

· Easily rinsed with a small pressure washer requiring very little rinsing water. Any resultant run-off is a readily biodegradable gray water soap that can be left to biodegrade, recycled or further diluted for use in gardens etc.

· No shadows, no damage, no harsh scrubbing required.

· Pleasant smelling and non toxic.

· Safe and effective to use on all types of natural stone (such as limestone, granite and marble), stainless steel, trees, plastics and playground equipment.

• May be used on painted surfaces as well as natural building surfaces after first wetting surface with water. See product use instructions for further details.



Achieve professional results first time, every time!

FOR EXPERT TECHNICAL ADVICE ON YOUR REMOVAL JOB, PLEASE CALL 1-818-247-2555 OR EMAIL SALES@GRAFFITIREMOVALINC.COM



#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE: REMOVING GRAFFITI FROM BRICK, STONE & MASONRY SURFACES

BBSM is applied to the surface with a nylon brush, broom or pump-up sprayer, 3 times at 3 minute intervals, liberally flooding the graffiti / stain with the product.

For typical graffiti, approximately three minutes after the final application, rinse using a hot or cold pressure washer (hot is best) at low pressure. If one is not available then a stiff nylon brush and bucket of water may suffice.

Agitation, as you apply this product, can be of great assistance. Continued experience with the product will enable the user to judge how many applications are necessary for varying surfaces and particular spray cans.

On older / thicker graffiti, patience is the key. Keep the graffiti wet with the product, as long as possible before rinsing.



Brush on





Broom on

Spray on

Remember, a pressure washer in this instance is used as a quick release rinse of the dissolved graffiti, and not the primary means of cleaning.

Ideally use 1500 - 2000 psi with a 15° or 25° fan jet at about 6 inches from the surface.



Urban Restoration Group US Inc. (URG US INC) maintains Safety Data Sheets (SDS) on all of its products. These sheets contain information that you may need to protect your employees and customers against health or safety hazards associated with our product. URG US INC recommends that you obtain a copy of the respective SDS sheet prior to using or transporting our products. The information in this Product Data Sheet is based on data we believe to be reliable. It is offered in good faith, but without guarantee, as ultimately the conditions and methods of the use of our products are beyond our control.

URBAN RESTORATION GROUP US INC MAIL: 1146 N Central Ave. #531, Glendale CA 91202 USA. WAREHOUSE: 5439 San Fernando Rd. W, Los Angeles CA 90039 USA. TEL: 1-818-247-2555. FAX: 1-818-247-2515. EMAIL: sales@graffitiremovalinc.com. WEB: www.graffitiremovalinc.com





## Bare Brick Stone & Masonry Remover For the quick, safe and non damaging removal of

GRAFFITI, GREASE and GRIME

2 of 1 \_

9			Page 2	2 of 4
Product Data Sheet	Product Co	ode: WB0010	Issued: August 8,	2016
When rinsing dissolved graffiti with a pressure try to remove a LITTLE of the graffiti from the the tag without wetting the whole area. If satis proceed to full scale. Wash the whole area fro bottom.	e washer e bottom of sfied, then om top to	on the wall (if safe to do) Return in the morning an solved with another appli <b>TIP 3</b> As a general rule	ensuring maximum dwell tim d the problem will usually be cation and a wash-off. , avoid trying to remove spra	e. y
Remember if the remover has not done its job amount of 'blasting' will fix the problem. Failur usually a result of not flood coating adequated leaving product on long enough and cannot b by blasting too close or at higher pressures.	b then no res are ly and not be resolved	walls are facing the hot s try to work in the shade of On days when there is a drying out within minutes oughly wet with water firs	ummer sun. Wherever possil or during a cooler time of day. likelihood of the graffiti remov or less, the wall can be thor- st and towel patted dry BEFO	ble, ver RE
Do not use 'turbo' type nozzles, or blast too c may cause damage and will possibly only ren a small percentage more.	lose, as you nove	INSTRUCTIONS FOR U	SE: REMOVING GRAFFITI CES	
		Some larger tags on pre- removed without damage described below. Of cour match and repaint, but if follows;	painted acrylic walls, can be using BBSM and the technic se the best alternative is to c this is not an option, proceed	que olor as
Though cold water pressure washers wil suffice, hot water yields the best res	ll usually sults.	2. Using a soft nylon b containing BBSM, apply of the graffiti until approx	oom and a rectangular bucke and agitate about 10 square imately half disappears (the g	et feet graf-
TIPS FOR EFFECTIVE USE OF BARE BRIC MASONRY REMOVER	CK STONE &	fiti is dissolving and runn	ing).	
<b>TIP 1</b> Some spray cans such as reds can s Other spray cans change colors once Bare B Masonry Remover has been applied. For con total removal of these stains use our FELTPE after or while BBSM is still on the stain.	tain surfaces. rick Stone & nplete and EN FADEOUT	<ol> <li>Using low pressure, and thoroughly wet dowr next section. Approximat should be gone. If you fir ing paint, you will have to time. The reason you sto</li> </ol>	quickly rinse the treated area ahead to repeat the same of ely 95% of the spray can grat d that it is affecting the unde shorten your initial application p at approximately half disso	a, n the ffiti rly- on lved
<b>TIP 2</b> If you are fixing someone else's forme may be having problems, then BBSM can be	er failure and left overnight	is because the rinsing ter than you have.	nds to remove another 50% r	nore
	ALL ALL	Balt		
Red spray can Broom on 3 FPFC bubble writing coats of BBSM - do	D brushed on es the trick!	Broom on BBSM, off with cold wa	rinse Rinsing large er graffiti after appl BBSM	r ying



Urban Restoration Group US Inc. (URG US INC) maintains Safety Data Sheets (SDS) on all of its products. These sheets contain information that you may need to protect your employees and customers against health or safety hazards associated with our product. URG US INC recommends that you obtain a copy of the respective SDS sheet prior to using or transporting our products. The information in this Product Data Sheet is based on data we believe to be reliable. It is offered in good faith, but without guarantee, as ultimately the conditions and methods of the use of our products. are beyond our control.

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PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT 11/20/17



# Bare Brick Stone & Masonry Remover For the quick, safe and non damaging removal of GRAFFITI, GREASE and GRIME

Page 3 of 4

F			
Product Data Sheet	Product Code: WB0010	Issued: August 8, 2016	
4. Carefully spot clean any uncleaned area SENSITIVE SURFACE REMOVER.	as using whilst adding mor is dissolved, then the stain (hot wat	e applications. When satisfied that all oil use high pressure water to rinse away er is best)	
If the dissolved graffiti has stained the wall, a cation of FELTPEN FADEOUT will return it to glory. With this technique never use hot wate blister the underlying paint)	a dilute appli- b its former er! (It will GHOSTS')	REMOVING CHEWING GUM RESIDUAL ('GUM GHOSTS')	
REMOVING GRAFFITI FROM WOODEN FE	ENCES	ter or steam. Brush BBSM onto the resi-	
If color matching and painting is not a prefera BBSM may be used to clean a wooden fence test first in an inconspicuous area to ensure t discoloration. Use BBSM per instructions for and masonry surfaces above. You will most I clean patch when rinsing with a pressure was you to rinse an entire section of fence.	able option, e. Always there is no brick, stone ikely leave a sher requiring	The forward wash. <b>CALC</b> Sector And A Sector And A Sector A Secto	
If BBSM appears to darken the surface on your TRANSGEL may be a better option. <b>REMOVING GRAFFITI FROM TREES</b> Brush on BBSM and agitate with the brush as Depending on the type of graffiti, you may nee one coat and a little dwell time between coats the spray can is fully dissolved before rinsing Once the graffiti has dissolved, use a pressurinse, taking care not to blast too close to the not to remove any bark or etch the surface. Ut 15° tip, or green 20° tip, stand back as much and keep the wand moving along the tree to age, as seen in the photos below; Alternative bristled nylon scrub brush and a bucket of was used to rinse the tree's surface. <b>REMOVING OIL STAINS FROM PAVEMENT</b> <b>DISTING COMPANY ON THE DISTING OIL STAINS FROM PAVEMENT</b> Product at BBSM onto oil stains on concrete	<ul> <li>SAFETY ISSUES BARE BRICK ST safe to use in cor ucts. However, th waxes and oils from much more aggre every day cleane</li> <li>If the intended us menting the safet do not use the pro- 1. Always wear and long sleeve 2. Be sunsmart are outside.</li> <li>Always know splash.</li> <li>Carry a sparn nated clothing of 5. Use in well-v</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>CNE &amp; MASONRY REMOVER is very nparison to most graffiti removal prode e intended use is for stripping paint, on building surfaces and is thus naturally essive on skin and eyes than normal rs.</li> <li>er is not familiar or confident in impley precautions below, we urge that they oducts.</li> <li>solvent alkali protective gloves, goggles a clothing.</li> <li>Wear a wide brimmed hat; after all, you where water is available in case of a e set of clothing. Do not leave contamion.</li> <li>entilated areas.</li> </ul>	
Urban Restoration Group US Inc. (UR	G US INC) maintains Safety Data Sheets (SDS)	on all of its products. These sheets contain information that	



you may need to protect your employees and customers against reality instantion safety instantions associated with our product. One use not recommends that you obtain a copy of the respective SDS sheet prior to using or transporting our products. The information in this Product Data Sheet is based on data we believe to be reliable. It is offered in good faith, but without guarantee, as ultimately the conditions and methods of the use of our products are beyond our control.

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**KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL** PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT 11/20/17

## Bare Brick Stone & Masonry Remover For the quick, safe and non damaging removal of

GRAFFITI, GREASE and GRIME

Page 4 of 4

Product Data Sheet	Product Code: WB00	10Issued: August 8, 2016
<ul> <li>LIMITATIONS</li> <li>BBSM can occasionally mark aluminum of steel surfaces.</li> <li>Use synthetic brushes and plastic bucker damage natural fibers like hair or wool.</li> <li>Do not spray BBSM unless determined s</li> <li>Do not dilute BBSM (use as supplied).</li> </ul>	or galvanized ts. BBSM can safe to do so.	winter months we will sometimes apply BBSM everal times and then leave TRANSGEL on over helps it stay wetter for longer and eats through er bits of graffiti as well as penetrating and from behind. arger graffiti removal projects are best left for pather return and (frequine conditione
<b>CAUTION</b> Before commencing any large scale use, alw in an inconspicuous area. This product is de remove all types of markers and stains, and unpredictable or even damaging result on ce made or stained surfaces. If necessary, wait dry to ensure perfect results.	ways test first signed to may have an ertain man- t for surface to water solut and fully di easily from	AL DATA ion Stone & Masonry Remover is a premium aro- I blended from natural alcohols, citrus oils and ole surfactants. BBSM is designed to penetrate ssolve graffiti and other marks, then rinse away these surfaces.
<ul> <li>1 gallon of BBSM will remove approx.:</li> <li>200 sq ft of typical graffiti on concrete, br masonry surfaces.</li> <li>80 sq ft per gallon on sandstone, limesto soft absorbent surfaces (per 3 flood coat a 1000 sq ft per gallon on painted / coated Exact coverage varies depending on type of porosity of surface material.</li> <li>TEMPERATURE USAGE Hot weather removals: Where possible avor removals in direct sunlight on very hot days. down first and apply BBSM per the above in damp (not dripping wet) wall. This speeds up process considerably.</li> <li>Cold weather removals: Allow for longer dw cold weather. Expect considerably slower re in weather below 40° F / 5°C. Dwell times ne times longer to yield the same results, and it ful to leave product on much longer than tha</li> </ul>	rick, block or ne and other application). surfaces. f stain and the oid large scale . Wet surface structions to p the removal well times in eaction times eed to be 2-3 t's often help- at. <b>Properties</b> Color: Ora Odor: Citru PH: ~ 12-1 Storage: S flames. Shelf Life: . unopened Precaution DOT Marki requiring v be collecte We believe precious st	inge Brown liquid. Is solvent odor. 4 tore in a cold dry place away from heat or Approximately 2 years but up to 5 years in container. : Flammable. ngs: UN2924, Flammable liquid, corrosive,, yl Alcohol, Potassium Hydroxide), 3, (8), PG III <b>VENTAL CARE</b> iodegradable and conforms to all statutory envi- requirements for graffiti removal including VOC gned to be fast, effective and non damaging ery little rinsing water. If necessary, water can d using a wet vac and disposed of safely. e nothing other than rainwater should enter our form water systems.
It helps to keep the product indoors and ever car so that the products are at room temperary you apply them. Use a hot water pressure washer / steam cle ble. Sometimes it helps to use it to first heat of graffiti before removing it.	en inside the ature when eaner if possi- up a section See SDS f CONTACT Urban Res 5439 San I Tel: +1-818 Email: sale Web: www	or further information. MANUFACTURER toration Group US Inc. Fernando Rd. W., Los Angeles CA 90039 USA 3-247-2555. Fax: +1-818-247-2515 s@graffitiremovalinc.com .graffitiremovalinc.com



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## MEETING MINUTES

## OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

Oh Project No.: 90031 Portland Public Schools - Kellogg Middle School Replacement Project Name: Date & Location: 09/19/17 @ CR-BESC-Nehalem (15) L1 Prepared by: Bryan Thompson Present: PPS: Mark Lancaster (ML) - Network Administrator Supervisor, Portland Public Schools Ryan Morales (RM) – Director of Technical Operations, Portland Public Schools Stephen Effros (SE) - Project Manager Jerry Vincent (JV) - Chief Operating Officer, PPS OHPD: Tim Ayersman (TA) Bryan A. Thompson (BAT) Distribution: Attendees; Laura Parker - Chief Information Officer, PPS; Candi Malone - Information Technology, PPS; Stacey Jung – Senior Manager-Security & Change Control, PPS; Dan Jung – PPS; Ken Fisher – Heery; Deb France - OHPD

The purpose of the meeting was to kick off the pre-design process by engaging PPS focus groups to prompt input, recommendations, and responses to questions addressing IT at Kellogg Middle School.

#### Item 1. Access controls (ML)

- A. Access controls require IT coordination of access control software systems with door hardware and security requirements
- B. Security (separate focus group meeting) will provide guidance on access control locations
- C. Rick Jermain with Allegion is a good resource who performs both door hardware and access controls duties
- D. The District wants an electrical single-line diagram to communicate design intent at main access doors
- E. PPS to develop software and programming standards for access control
- F. PPS to identify the District's hardware representative and bring them into discussion on access controls
- G. Seek consultant for recommendation on physical security platform standards Dan and Ken to participate in security meetings for a unified direction there are not established standards at the District
- H. Can PPS develop patterns/protocols with the city for physical security PPS is not an expert on this topic

Item 2. School Technology (RM)

- A. Mark is the district resource for infrastructure
- B. IT and OTL need to connect and define technology in the classroom
- C. Middle School Classroom Innovation Ryan developing model classroom prototype and standards IT to be included in OTL classroom types/options
- D. PPS is planning on self-funding a grant for a school to demonstrate new technology in a classroom during next spring identifying top teachers to participate in the mock-up



IT Meeting #1 PPS Kellogg Page 2

9/25/17

- E. The District should provide the backbone for interactive technology (JV)
- Item 3. Technology Carts (ML, RM)
  - A. In a new school, provide an assigned space for technology carts (dashed on plans in documents) Space and support for technology carts is not currently considered in classroom/furniture layouts and data/power locations
  - B. PPS prefers all classrooms have assigned technology cart locations
  - C. Female wall connection is not working, too fragile provide flexibility to connect to TV or projector
  - D. Wireless connection is not an option
- Item 4. General Notes
  - A. Provide an IDF on each floor in a multiple floor school (ML)
  - B. The fiber backbone is a single mode 1310 nano see update to Division 27 (September 2017)
  - C. Provide badge control into all IT spaces
  - D. A responsibility, RACI (Responsible, accountable, consulted and informed) matrix must be created to clarify the hand off and responsibilities who is paying, installing, configuring for the equipment and systems
  - E. If the district standard IP based Valcom system is VE'd, IT must be consulted
  - F. Preference for a separate room for telecommunications systems 4-post racks
- Item 5. Lessons Learned
  - A. 2012 Bond
    - I. There are multiple areas of ownership for access controls and physical security requires (3) department coordination define who is the primary customer: school or security services
    - II. Currently dealing with ADA door access issues
    - III. Lightspeed wireless speaker systems are installed in Faubion, Franklin, and Roosevelt but are not being used connecting to wireless devices is problematic and creates service calls that cannot be responded to
- Item 6. Action Items
  - A. The District to develop software and programming standards for access control and provide to OHPD
  - B. PPS to identify the District's hardware representative and provide OHPD with contact information



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## **MEETING MINUTES MEP - FAM**

## OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

Oh Project No.: 90031 Portland Public Schools - Kellogg Middle School Replacement Project Name: Date & Location: 09/19/17 @ CR-BESC-Nehalem (15) L1 Prepared by: **Bryan Thompson** Present: PPS: Jere High (JH) - Director - Maintenance and Operations, PPS Mechanical Steven Nitsch (SN) - Senior Maintenance Manager - FAM Mechanical Shop, PPS Wyatt Whitson (WW) - Foreman - FAM Mechanical Shop, Portland Public Schools Electrical Stacy Milnes (SM) - Assistant Foreman - FAM Electrical Shop, PPS Brian Taylor - Forman - FAM Electrical Shop, Portland Public Schools Plumbing Steven Nitsch – Senior Maintenance Manager – FAM Mechanical Shop, PPS Jerry Turney - Foreman - FAM Plumbing Shop, Portland Public Schools Energy Aaron Presberg (AP) - Energy Program Manager - FAM, Portland Public Schools Stephen Effros (SE) – Project Manager OHPD: Tim Ayersman (TA) Bryan A. Thompson (BAT) Interface: Kyle Mechling (KM) – Mechanical Engineer Jeffrey Glanville (JG) - Electrical Engineer Distribution: Attendees; Dan Jung - PPS; Jen Sohm - PPS; Ken Fisher - Heery; Deb France - OHPD

The purpose of the meeting was to kick off the pre-design process by engaging PPS focus groups to prompt input, recommendations, and responses to questions addressing MEP- FAM at Kellogg Middle School.

Item 1. Mechanical (SN, WW)

- A. Inconsistent boiler and mechanical system controls selections Delta Controls is a preferred vendor used at 80% of school sites (SN)
- B. Preference to access boiler from ground floor units are disposable 10-15-year life span
- C. Provide convenient access to shut off valves keynote documents to indicate limits of valve location above ceiling grid
- D. Consider size of mechanical curbs if equipment is high off floor, provide platform for access ladder access is not acceptable
- E. For roof top equipment, locate in areas where fall protection is not required Preference for parapets tall enough to eliminate fall protection requirements
- F. Provide signage to indicate floor ratings for maintenance equipment, lifts. Post signage on walls/columns structural engineers have had to review floors in existing schools



MEP - FAM Meeting #1 PPS Kellogg Page 2

9/25/17

#### Item 2. Plumbing (SN, JT)

- A. Provide keyed shut off valves in bathrooms no handles
- B. Prevent major repairs to plumbing by detailing connections at wall with IPS nipples, not compression valves. Provide a stronger sacrificial connection – add keynotes or details in documents
- C. PPS to clarify water connection location preference to make new connection at street vaults are not up to date city is requiring higher standards
- D. Radiant flooring systems have been installed in the (3) 2012 bond schools' cafeterias to offset floor temperature of the concrete floors – Provide redundancies in case of failure. Older systems are challenging with their carbon steel medium, leaks
- E. Provide sub-meter on irrigation system to prevent sewer charges

Item 3. Electrical (BT, SM)

- A. Jen Sohm is working on changes to electrical specifications PPS to pass along changes to OHPD
- B. PPS to require LED fixtures in revised electrical specifications
- C. Recessed lighting is preferred
- D. Provide generators with integral fuel polishing system experiencing bad fuel issues caused by bio-diesel
- E. Provide seismic upgrades for generators quick disconnect. Evaluate whether generators are connected to enough equipment for District needs – kitchen equipment, refrigeration, freezer, large assembly areas, mechanical systems, heating.
- F. OHPD studying resilience possibilities get full picture, budget implications early in the process

#### Item 4. Energy (AP)

- A. The Districts Standards are outdated and do not contain current aspirations and goals Aaron is looking into project requirements
- B. LEED checklists cover many items that the District is requiring
- C. There is no uniformity across the District Roosevelt has web based lighting controls, other 2012 projects do not
- D. Preference for Eaton lighting controls VisionTouch web-based controls user interface software
- E. All schools to have properly sized cooling systems
- F. Solar feasibility study to be performed by the Energy Trust of Oregon
- G. Energy Trust coordination is required to pursue incentives of up to \$500,000 make sure systems (lighting) qualifies for incentives maximizing solar
- H. Locate solar panels to protect from vandalism, damage from gym balls
- Provide monitoring system for production data Bonneville Environmental Foundation URL dashboard is a user friendly, educational component – iPad kiosk that can monitor all schools in the District – this system is being added to all (3) schools after construction
- J. PPS has no EUI standards target 40 EUI, provide full energy modeling (AP)
- Item 5. Engineering / Basis of Design (KM, JG)
  - A. Displacement ventilation removes contaminants and more efficient than standard VAV system, runs at 52-65 degrees, not 55 degrees fin tubes for skin load at perimeter radiant slab at larger spaces, using fin tubes/cabinet heaters



MEP - FAM Meeting #1 PPS Kellogg Page 3

9/25/17

- B. Classrooms: Displacement ventilation with (2) AHU's Gym on dedicated system as a shelter with full capabilities After hours dedicated unit (4) total units, package roof top units with screening
- C. High efficiency boiler at ground level cooling through displacement ventilation DX cooling in package units
- D. Access plans to be provided for each piece of equipment with clearance paths
- E. Separate water heaters throughout building domestic water is on its own system
- F. Redundant systems End plus one for boilers and water systems
- G. If proposed geothermal system is shutdown, boiler takes load
- H. Design HVAC to handle heating as back-up system fans for heating mode in displacement ventilation as an alternative
- I. Can ceiling fans (natural ventilation) be used for cooling with this system? Fans do not benefit a displacement system for cooling system relies on stratified air and mixed is not wanted
- J. Air pollution on Powell Design to locate air handler in-takes away from pollution natural ventilation would be limited or ruled out for pollution concerns filters need negative pressure
- Item 6. General Notes
  - A. Involve PPS MEP staff in site visits during construction
  - B. PPS Design Standards did not make it into project specifications for 2012 bond work
  - C. Provide alarm panel in main office, MDF, and custodian office
  - D. Intrusion Panel listed in Design standards is being phased out replace DSC 4020 main panel with DSCDNeo
  - E. Alarm notification devices (Potter units) should have "ALERT" not "FIRE" on the strobe.
  - F. Drinking fountain standards will be revised (SE)
- Item 7. Lessons Learned
  - A. Faubion
    - I. Did not install motion sensor for intrusion relying on access control a window break-in is not detectable
    - II. Roof is leaking No walking/protection pads provided at pathways or equipment on single ply roof
    - III. HVAC controls in rooms not tamper proof recess controls
    - IV. Counter weighted arm barrier gate is a safety concern no weight sensor or protection on counterweight
  - B. Franklin High School
    - I. Inaccessible pumps mounted up in ceiling at 15'-0"
    - II. Electrical room sized for storage and equipment but was not separated
    - III. A 40-year-old generator was installed for savings
    - IV. Redundancy piping for water heaters not installed correctly a seamless transition is not possible when a repair or replacement is required provide detailed notes in documents to prevent
    - V. Mechanical equipment is on the roof difficult access
    - VI. Main fire panel was installed in the hallway of the main office, not in the MDF the District is moving the fire panel in other schools. Document cabinet not provided
    - VII. No sub-meter provided on irrigation system



MEP - FAM Meeting #1 PPS Kellogg Page 4

9/25/17

- VIII. Franklin did not get full Energy Trust funds (\$200,000 of \$500,000) due to portion of 1.5% solar requirement covering structural requirements for panels – maximize production of panels. Chiller also added to project to decrease incentive amount
- IX. No tracking system for energy usage/production
- X. No pull station covers provided
- C. Roosevelt
  - I. Clearances around boiler not sufficient for replacement must be placed on its side to remove and install a new unit (SN)
  - II. Generator challenges with GC, pad thickness, bolting, inconsistencies, document language
  - III. Roosevelt did not get full Energy Trust funds (\$300,000 of \$500,000) maximize production of panels

## Item 8. Action Items

- A. PPS MEP to provide OHPD with updated electrical standards that Jen Sohm is compiling
- B. PPS Energy (Aaron Presburg) to clarify energy standards for the project



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Oh Project No.:

## **MEETING MINUTES ATHLETICS**

## OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

90031

Project Name: Portland Public Schools - Kellogg Middle School Replacement Date & Location: 09/20/17 @ CR-BESC-Columbia 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor Prepared by: Bryan Thompson Present: PPS: Marshall Haskins (MH) - District Athletic Director, Portland Public Schools Marci McGillivray (MM) - Senior Manager Athletics, Portland Public Schools Jerry Vincent (JV) - Chief Operating Officer, PPS Via Phone: Angel Humphrey (AH) – Physical Education Specialist at Cesar Chavez School (K-8) Stephen Effros (SE) - Project Manager, PPS OHPD: Tim Ayersman (TA) Bryan Thompson (BT) Distribution: Attendees; Dan Jung - PPS; Ken Fisher - Heery; Deb France - OHPD; Mark Wharry - KPFF Civil; Danielle Pruett – KPFF Civil; Daniel Edwards – Ecotone Environmental

The purpose of the meeting was to kick off the pre-design process by engaging PPS focus groups to prompt input, recommendations, and responses to questions addressing Athletics at Kellogg Middle School.

#### Item 1. Typical PPS Middle School (MM)

- A. Gymnasiums are used for:
  - I. Fall volleyball
  - II. Winter girls and boys basketball
  - III. Spring no designated use, basketball teams want to use it for their spring leagues (AAU, Portland City League, 5<sup>th</sup> grade practice) – Civic use of Buildings (CUB) will use gym
- B. Outdoor fields are used for practice Middle school athletics use outdoor high school facilities in their cluster. Cross country uses parks or high school grounds, football (added to middle school this fall) practice in parks or at high schools.
  - I. No locker room needs for athletics players do not gear up at middle school
  - II. Baseball and softball fields will be used if on site right now middle school students use high school's fields
- C. PE Storage vs. Athletics Storage separate facilities needed. No storage for teams, coaches are expected to bring equipment
- D. Other districts have tracks PPS does not commonly have tracks at middle schools
- Item 2. Kellogg Site Plan (MH)
  - A. PPS does not have specifications for athletic / PE fields
  - B. Kellogg fields will be used for practice
  - C. The District is currently short on facilities right now renting gym space for \$30,000 / year



Athletics Meeting #1 PPS Kellogg Page 2

10/4/17

- D. Multiple stakeholders will be using the Kellogg facilities (8) volleyball teams, (10) basketball teams one gym will not be sufficient
- E. Athletics prefers the gym to be configured for (2) full basketball courts preference for (2) gyms and a full soccer field
- F. Educational Specifications do not require (2) gymnasiums or a full soccer field
- G. Football practice is current occurring at Kellogg field
- H. A community track would benefit PE Preference for a 100 meter straight away and an overall length that is a divisible by a ¼ or ½ mile.
- Item 3. Gymnasium (MH)
  - A. Typical middle school PE activities: badminton, volleyball, pickle ball, floor hockey, basketball, futsal.
  - B. PPS to provide the District's intent in meeting the state's PE requirements (SE) 225 minutes per week
  - C. There is never enough PE storage provided need space for hockey equipment, sports balls, etc.
  - D. Typically, there are (3) separate storage needs Athletics (team storage), PE, and Other (SUN Schools programs, PE teacher storage) SUN programs provide their own equipment/balls
  - E. Educational Specifications only call out Athletic Storage (240 SF) and PE Storage (400 SF)
- Item 4. Covered Play / Outdoor Activities (MH, AH)
  - A. Covered play lined for basketball provide border line around perimeter (2) modified half courts side by side, not a full court (4) hoops
  - B. Angel Humphreys, PE Teacher from Cesar Chavez provided recommendation over the phone: Four square court; side by side basketball courts sideways to the full length of the structure; provide a solid flat wall on one side of covered play for wall ball, tennis, etc. 30 feet wide 15 feet high can have a gap between the wall and the roof prefer east side to block east winds; kids love tetherball portable tetherball has worked; consider 6 foot high transverse rockwall; a covered play area is required to make schedules work
- Item 5. Lessons Learned
  - A. Franklin High School
    - I. Overall, the gymnasium has been a better experience for students than Roosevelt you can feel the difference students can't wait to get there it feels special and new
    - II. Facility has (4) courts as opposed to the (3) at Roosevelt
  - B. Roosevelt High School
    - I. The gymnasium cannot seat the full bleacher capacity of 1,750 for a game because the bleachers extend onto the court maximum capacity for a basketball/volleyball game is 900
    - II. Wood backboards were installed with the project that had to be replaced through soliciting donations for glass backboards
    - III. Facility has (3) courts as opposed to (4) courts at Franklin
- Item 6. Action Items
  - A. PPS (SE) to provide the District's intent on how a new facility will meet the State of Oregon's PE requirements



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## MEETING MINUTES SECURITY

## OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

Oh Project No.:	90031		
Project Name:	Portland P	ublic Schools - Kellogg Middle School Replacement	
Date & Location:	09/20/17 @ CR-BESC-Building Services 1 <sup>st</sup> Floor		
Prepared by: Bryan Thompson		npson	
Present:	PPS:	John Payne – Security Manager, Portland Public Schools	
		Mark Lancaster – IT Network Administrator Supervisor, Portland Public Schools	
		Don Rath – IT Network Services/Systems Manager, Portland Public Schools	
		Jonathan Gilbert – IT Analyst / Coordinator, PPS	
		Stephen Effros (SE) – Project Manager, PPS	
	OHPD:	Deb France (DF)	
		Tim Ayersman (TA)	
		Bryan Thompson (BT)	
Distribution: Attendees; Dan Jung – PPS; Ken Fisher – Heery; Molly Emmons – Emergency Preparedne PPS; Stacy Milnes – Assistant Foreman – FAM Electrical Shop, PPS; Allen Carpenter – FAM Manager, PPS		Jung – PPS; Ken Fisher – Heery; Molly Emmons – Emergency Preparedness Manager, es – Assistant Foreman – FAM Electrical Shop, PPS; Allen Carpenter – FAM Project	

The purpose of the meeting was to kick off the pre-design process by engaging PPS focus groups to prompt input, recommendations, and responses to questions addressing Security at Kellogg Middle School.

### Item 1. Introductions

- A. Jonathan Gilbert Provides programming for access controls
- B. Mark Lancaster Supervises telecom/IT, Lead on hardware support and software, partners with facilities and security security systems are on IP network Division 28 should be expanded upon
- C. John Payne Responsible for criminal background checks law enforcement background, human threat mitigation access to all monitors/cameras for investigation, high quality video is the goal, spec cameras by manufacturer
- D. Donald Rath IT, surveillance, phone, emergency broadcast messages inconsistent systems and equipment across school sites, New to organization, familiarizing himself with Division 28 specifications, standardization, and the (3) completed bond schools

Item 2. Security

- A. Include language in specifications to require PPS approval on surveillance camera set-up, labeling, and locations invite John Payne to review number of cameras and installation locations
- B. Concise labeling of cameras allows efficient review when event is being investigated
- C. 10 days of camera recording storage is standard for PPS
- D. Standardize ADA door operators across the build so they can be secured (locked down) / released (lock out) during an event contractors are currently interpreting the standard differently



Security Meeting #1 PPS Kellogg Page 2

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- E. Extended access hours to buildings are being provided by the district, requires clear and secure separations
- F. Provide proper zoning of afterhours areas roll down door at Rosa Parks are successful to separate school from girls and boys club
- G. Security recommends a secondary access point for student arrival and release entrance monitored by staff
- H. If exit only doors to the exterior are provided, do not install exterior hardware
- I. Consider card readers in stairs to limit access during afterhours successfully used in Roosevelt
- J. Preference for card reader access over keyed access
- K. Preference for Operations and Maintenance manual to be issued when building is turned over to the district
- L. Systems need to be functional if the system is turned over before O&M is provided Pass off between contractor and the District must be coordinated
- M. The human threat is the greater than natural disaster threats security views the school design through this lens
- Item 3. Gender Neutral Restrooms
  - A. There is no crime data on this subject
  - B. Security has concerns with full height locking doors
  - C. Shyness or anxiety can exclude students with this configuration
  - D. Security recommends a single occupancy gender neutral restroom that opens into a hallway
  - E. Steve Effros to confirm PPS single occupancy use policy
- Item 4. Lessons Learned
  - A. Faubion
    - I. No motion detection sensors on alarm system
    - II. Multi-use segregation and zoning of alarm systems was a failure unclear who signed off on the changes process needs refined Providing a checklist for review process would be beneficial
    - III. School layout allows for comingling of public (community partner spaces) and students during the school day at main (north) entry vestibule
    - IV. Students arrive at gymnasium/cafeteria entry with staff monitors JP recommends this approach which separates students at arrival and release.
    - V. Inconsistencies in door hardware selection, some are on auto closers, some are not, card readers on both sides of the door. Principal and teachers does not understand the design intent for the building how do we close the loop
    - VI. Why are ADA operators installed at single use bathrooms, nursing rooms?
    - VII. Handover of responsibilities for access controls system is lacking in definition, vague process. Where does PPS programming start and where does contractor's responsibilities end – too many parties responsible for delivery - currently (4) contractors required for (1) door installation – Can specifications require the contractor to bring the (4) groups together prior to commencement of work
    - VIII. Recommendation for IT and Facilities to be park of commissioning procedures
    - IX. Hidden power supplies for ADA operators not marked on ceiling tiles
  - B. Roosevelt High School
    - I. No separation between public and students at clinic Entrance at Ida Street needs to be divided for the separate used



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II. Roll down gates to prevent access to school during afterhours events/civic use of building (CUB) activity were VE'd. \$600,000 worth of damage could have been prevented

Item 5. Action Items

A. Steve Effros to confirm PPS single occupancy use policy and design implications



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## MEETING MINUTES OTL MEETING #2

## OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

Oh Project No.:	90031	
Project Name:	Portland I	Public Schools - Kellogg Middle School Replacement
Date & Location: 09/25/17 @ CR-BESC-Nehalem L1		
Prepared by: Bryan Thompson		
Present:	PPS:	Brenda Fox (BF) – Office of Teaching and Learning, Portland Public Schools Paul Cathcart (PC) – Senior Project Manager – Office of School Modernization, PPS
		Stephen Effros (SE) – Project Manager
	OHP+D:	Deb France (DF)
		Tim Ayersman (TA)
		Bryan Thompson (BT)
Distribution:	Attendee	s; Dan Jung – PPS; John Hinds – PPS; Ken Fisher – Heery

The purpose of the meeting is to review the Middle School Framework and Educational Specifications in detail with Portland Public Schools' (PPS) Office of Teaching and Learning (OTL).

#### Item 1. Budget Alignment

- A. Planning and Programming prioritization to be reviewed by planning principals Brenda to ask all Middle School principals to review content
- B. 98,500 SF is a realistic building square footage for the project budget additional areas are provided as options (PC)
- Item 2. Project Goals
  - A. PPS to give feedback on project goals graphic provided by OHPD ask to circle 5 goals in each category
- Item 3. School Capacity
  - A. Middle School Educational Specification indicates 675 student enrollment this number was established in the District's Long-Range Facility Plan – based on a 25 students per classroom model and an overall staffing/student ratio – does not include special education (PC)
  - B. The framework is being used by Paul to discuss changes to educational specifications
  - C. What are the opportunities in the Educational Specifications to achieve the enrollment numbers flexible spaces, extended learning spaces what are the creative solutions?
  - D. Extended learning spaces have potential to be general classrooms at times of high enrollment
- Item 4. School Schedule
  - A. To meet school board mandates, a modified block schedule is being used (BF)
    - I. 63 minutes of Language Arts and Math are taught everyday
    - II. Social Studies and Science on alternating days



OTL Framework Meeting #2 PPS Kellogg Page 2

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- III. Specialized services, PE (3 quarters PE 1 quarter Health) everyday
- B. Paul has requested a mock-up of a schedule from OTL
- C. Scheduling committee starts next month for middle schools Antonio [confirm last name, Lopez?] is directing the process (BF)
- D. (3) schedules for middle schools to choose from is anticipated Immersion schools and size of school are factors (BF)
- E. 30 students per classroom is used for scheduling Cap classes at 32 Schools that have 36 students in a classroom for this school year are being encouraged to make changes (BF)
- Item 5. Classroom Capacity
  - A. The Educational Specifications indicate 980 SF classrooms, which is tight on space for an active learning classroom of 30 students, 26 is optimal An active learning layout gives teachers options in the classroom teachers want to create work areas, flexible areas
  - B. Sample classroom layouts will be provided by OHPD to get feedback from principals
  - C. A classroom must have space for teacher's storage and student's storage (pack packs, hoodies, coats, etc.)
  - D. Preference for small group instruction in classrooms no small table shown in sample room layouts presented by OHPD

Item 6. Classroom Furniture/Equipment/Storage (BF)

- A. Preference for round or rectangular table in classrooms for small group instruction do not use half round table
- B. Teaching carts are the current classroom technology obstruct students view, power strips are not ideal What will be the IT solution in the new school?
- C. Backpacks in the classrooms is the current model provide cubbies
- D. Lockers are not used by today's students (BF)
- E. High schools are going away from lockers Half size lockers are an option (PC)
- F. Day use lockers can be provided close to administration and available for afterhours use (DF)
- G. Music instrument storage should be provided in the hallway to increase access not in music room
- H. Student's do not dress down for PE, so lockers rooms are not needed most showers in the District are turned off (BF)
- I. Middle school athletics are conducted at High School sites are locker rooms rented or used by Civic Use of Buildings (CUB)
- J. Chair-desk combinations are not preferred

Item 7. School Organization

- A. Organizing school by suites/clusters/units provides flexibility with enrollment per grade
- B. Should the school be grouped by content/subject area or by grade can the ground floor be an active learning area with Science Classrooms, extended learning areas, creating a cross use of the entire building
- C. Room data sheets that show classroom areas, capacities, layouts, and subject presented by OHPD to gain an understanding for PPS's preferences for space layouts and specifics
- D. What is the driver for school organization academy model or grade separation (PC)
- E. Preference for the subject grouping model (BF)



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- F. When we bring smaller learning communities together, students improve the houses/suites model is the direction of PPS (BF)
- G. Extended learning in the hallway is not preferred (BF)
- Item 8. Cafeteria
  - A. Two lunch periods are optimal and preferred valuable administrative time is lost to supervising lunches (BF)
  - B. An overcrowded cafeteria (of any size) is harder to supervise than a large (not-overcrowded) cafeteria
  - C. When salad bars are located in the seating area of the cafeteria, administrative supervision is required preference for salad bar to be located within the servery
  - D. Observing and supervising more than 200 students is not a problem (BF) Nutrition Services said 200 is a problem Brenda denied that statement
  - E. (2) period lunch scheduling options: Staggered lunch (3) servings in (2) period timeframe; Mixed lunch 6<sup>th</sup> grade alone, 7<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup> together
  - F. Educational specifications present a contradiction by saying that (2) periods is preferred, but only provides space for 1/3 of the enrollment
  - G. Brenda prefers round tables round cafeteria tables reduce discipline problems
  - Expect push back from custodial and facilities on table selection validate selections by providing proper storage
  - I. Faubion (K-8) is getting complaints that the cafeteria is too small
  - J. OHPD to diagram cafeteria service flow
- Item 9. Gymnasium as Auditorium/Theater Space
  - A. Preference for Gymnasium to double as auditorium/theater space, not the cafeteria (BF)
  - B. The gymnasium is easier to schedule school assemblies in cafeteria has limited timeframes of availability
  - C. The stage can be used as an additional learning space if doors are provided on the stage
  - D. If mixed use spaces are part of the design, provide storage spaces for each
  - E. Students do not dress down for PE class (BF) potentially eliminating the need for locker rooms adjacent to gymnasium
- Item 10. Teachers on Special Assignment (TOSA)
  - A. Introduction meeting scheduled on Friday with Van Truong Assistant Superintendent of Teaching and Learning provide vertical alignment with Franklin High School
  - B. What is the larger context of TOSA?
- Item 11. Design Advisory Group (DAG)
  - A. Brenda's input for DAG will be critical OTL's attendance is encouraged
  - B. Stakeholders to tour local school facilities to gain look and feel for spaces Virtual Reality experiences will be promoted by OHPD
  - C. The Association for Learning Environments (A4LE) has released its schedule for local school tours OHPD will provide information on relevant tours
  - D. Both Deb and Tim are board members at A4LE
- Item 12. Action Items
  - A. Paul and Brenda to provide capacity analysis for classrooms and middle school.



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- B. Middle School principal survey/engagement to be compiled by OHPD for distribution by Brenda (COMPLETE) Provided to Steve Effros on 9/27/17
- C. OTL to provide feedback in (2) weeks on Educational Specifications "Preferred" space, classroom/school arrangement and organization, lockers, project goals Included in MS Principal survey
- D. Brenda to provide strands from Franklin High School Programs to OHPD
- E. OHPD to provide cafeteria service flow diagram
- F. Schedule weekly meeting between OHPD and OTL
- G. OHPD to provide information on upcoming A4LE school tours



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## MEETING MINUTES SPECIAL EDUCATION

## OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

Oh Project No.:	90031		
Project Name:	Portland P	ublic Schools - Kellogg Middle School Replacement	
Prepared by:	te & Location: 09/26/17 @ CR-BESC-Wapiti L1 epared by: Bryan Thompson		
Present:	PPS:	Robert Cantwell – Director Special Education, Portland Public Schools Jerry Vincent – Chief Operating Officer, Portland Public Schools Paul Cathcart - Senior Project Manager – Office of School Modernization, PPS Stephen Effros (SE) – Project Manager, Portland Public Schools	
	OHPD:	Deb France (DF) Tim Ayersman (TA) Bryan Thompson (BT)	
Distribution:	Attendees; Mary Pearson – PPS; Dan Jung – PPS; Ken Fisher – Heery		

The purpose of the meeting was to kick off the pre-design process by engaging PPS focus groups to prompt input, recommendations, and responses to questions addressing Special Education at Kellogg Middle School.

Item 1. Special Education Implementation (RC)

- A. The goal is to keep kids close to neighborhood (home) school if possible by providing for needs within the facility Provide a full continuum of service for students with needs
- B. Kellogg is an opportunity to set up an example of how every school should be organized
- C. There are geographic implications for the Kellogg Middle School SPED program Pioneer School, the PPS Special School Program, is close.
- D. The primary focal point for the special education program is to create a classroom experience for the students
- Item 2. Special Educational at Surrounding Schools (RC)
  - A. Pioneer Campus [Holladay (K-6), Youngson (5-9), Pioneer HS] District wide program with only special education students with intense needs (mental health, stress, anxiety, therapeutic support) preference for students to be there temporarily and return to home school
  - B. Atkinson Elementary (2) intensive skills classrooms (pediatric nursing, Providence kids program)
  - C. Mt. Tabor Middle (1) focus classroom Columbia regional Deaf and Hard of Hearing program
  - D. Arleta K-8 Social and emotional skills classroom (6-8) program 13 students, (1) teacher, (2) paraeducators per 10-15 students SES classroom
- Item 3. Program Needs
  - A. A full understanding of all program needs is requested of Robert so the design can shift gears if needed Flexible design is required at Kellogg (JV)



Special Education Meeting #1 PPS Kellogg Page 2

10/4/17

- B. Staffing needs and student capacities are not included in the current special education specifications utilized for Tubman (Former 6-12 facility that is currently closed) and Roseway Heights (Current K-8 Schools to be converted to Middle Schools). Robert to add this information to understand student to teacher ratio
- C. Learning Center teachers need their own dedicated space (RC)
- D. Two critical adjacency options for Special Education: Student spaces on each floor adjacent to classrooms -orlocated close to services, outdoors, gymnasium, etc.
- E. Social, emotional rooms should be adjacent to general classrooms. They provide access to special education teachers and spaces to receive special instruction, strategies Social, emotional skills room is adjacent to therapeutic rooms at Vernon Elementary School creates an isolation of behavioral students
- F. Preference for a regular size classroom for (15) students, (1) teacher, and (2) paraeducators next to general education classrooms with sensory room – providing immediate access to a quiet space away from other students
- G. Preference for a dual-purpose office among floors as quite space
- H. Special education should be located centrally (2<sup>nd</sup> floor at new Kellogg) Not far from the drop off area
- I. Provide a covered element for the special education bus drop off area
- J. Robert to provide an assumption of the SPED population to OHPD to coordinate SPED transportation needs
- K. Robert to provide thoughts on current Educational Specifications

Item 4. Lessons Learned

- A. Faubion K-8
  - I. Early Childhood development wing is a good example of a program co-located by Kindergarten with access to outdoor play
  - II. Inclusive practices are executed in the middle school grade levels theses spaces need to be seen, not located in the corner of the building 6<sup>th</sup> graders with special needs must to be with 6<sup>th</sup> graders
  - III. Successful use of natural light, common areas between spaces, visual connections into classrooms, small group learning is encouraged with tables and chairs for both kids and adults
- B. Franklin High School
  - Location of Special Education program was criticized by a staff member and the public perception is that it is in the corner of the building, in the basement – engage community on decision making process – DAG to address these issues
  - II. OHPD to provide diagrams for Special Education layout engagement
  - III. Teachers must be engaged in the selection of equipment a special education teacher at a feeder school could be engaged for Kellogg
  - IV. Consider how a room will be converted for medically fragile students restroom and life skills functions
- C. Roosevelt High School
  - I. Pullout counseling area with washer and dryer, shower area is successful perception was that it is not needed, but the facility is prepared for future considerations it is a forward-thinking facility

#### Item 5. Action Items

- A. Robert to provide Special Education program requirements to Steve/OHPD
- B. Robert to provide Special Education specifications for recent middle school conversions (Tubman and Roseway Heights) and add staffing and student capacity information
- C. Robert to provide an assumption of the SPED population to OHPD to coordinate SPED transportation needs



Special Education Meeting #1 PPS Kellogg Page 3

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- D. Robert to provide thoughts on current Educational Specifications
- E. OHPD to provide diagrams for Special Education layout engagement with Robert
- F. OHPD and the District to engage the DAG and inform the community on special education decisions location, services



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## MEETING MINUTES OTL MEETING #3

## OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

Oh Project No.: 90031 Portland Public Schools - Kellogg Middle School Replacement Project Name: Date & Location: 09/29/17 @ CR-BESC-Nehalem L1 Bryan Thompson Prepared by: Present: PPS: Kehaulani Haupu (KH) - Assistant Director - ESL, Portland Public Schools Glennon Stratton (GS) - MakerSpace Project Manager, Portland Public Schools Stephen Effros (SE) - Project Manager OHP+D: Tim Ayersman (TA) Bryan Thompson (BT) Distribution: Attendees; Van Truong - PPS, Dan Jung - PPS; John Hinds - PPS; Ken Fisher - Heery; Deb France – OHP+D

The purpose of the meeting is to discuss Kellogg Middle school programming and planning with Portland Public Schools' (PPS) Office of Teaching and Learning (OTL).

#### Item 1. Introductions

- A. Kehaulani Haupu Senior Director, middle school planning, oversees maker space
- B. Glennon Stratton business operations analyst, maker space project director for 2012 bond
- Item 2. Educational Strategies (KH)
  - A. Van Truong, executive director of OTL, not in favor of TOSA's (Teachers On Special Assignment) working on Kellogg at this phase (Programming)
  - B. The District's new superintendent will review the middle school framework anticipate the skeletal framework to be redone, based on San Francisco United School Districts new middle school framework (KH)
  - C. There is no timeline on when the framework will be reviewed or revised with the superintendents input
  - D. The framework provides structure for the school, program offerings, transition times, imbedded programs (ESL, SPED), TAG structures, degrees of arts programs, CTE in middle schools, how is science taught in middle schools, etc. – Curriculum selection is principal driven
  - E. Master planning for Kellogg will begin at the end of October anticipate direction from OTL leadership by the end of October
  - F. A new building needs to operate differently than the other 100-year-old buildings in the District

Item 3. OTL Operation

- A. Van to sign off on critical decisions
- B. OTL hires principals to participate in the planning phase, these will be the principals at the new middle schools.



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- C. Natasha Butler is the planning principal for Tubman, charged with implementing and aligning student needs -Kathleen Ellwood is the planning principal for Roseway Heights, evaluating student population, dual language programs in feeder schools
- D. Kellogg may require a planning principal to be hired when the process requires it, this has yet to be determined by Van Truong
- E. These principals will be implementing the framework that Brenda Fox is responsible for
- F. New superintendent to work with Yousef at Panasonic Foundation on new framework in the next two weeks visioning work, Panasonic Foundation as a thought partner

#### Item 4. Dual language (KH)

- A. The principals at schools with dual language programs should be included in the planning feedback and surveys, Steve to confirm they have a good sense of how a facility helps or impedes the learning process dual language operates as a school within a school
- B. Schools with dual language programs Mt. Tabor (2 programs), Scott, Rigler, Richmond, Bridger, King, Woodstock
- C. Michael Bacon is the director of dual language
- D. Dual language programs understand flexibility and use multiple models the language component is driving changes in facilities
- Item 5. Maker Space (GS)
  - A. Should be included in the Kellogg Program as a standalone 1,200 SF space currently labeled as STEAM Lab in PPS Educational Specifications
  - B. The room is run by a technician who supports the general education teacher This space supplements general learning classes sign up to use the space on a rotational basis
  - C. Locate the maker space in a visible, encouraging, prominent part of the building that supports the focus of the school if it has one The welcome hall atrium at Faubion looks up into the maker space
  - D. Provide large windows to look in and excite staff, students, and visitors
  - E. Do not place it in a deep corner or in another building like older CTE programs
  - F. This is a noisy space the space does not need to be pared with the media center should not be located close to the Special Education Learning Center
  - G. Provide intentional adjacencies, rooms that use it the most should be close to it
  - H. At Faubion it is located next to the art and computer lab
  - I. At Roosevelt, the engineering and computer lab maker space is adjacent to the computer science lab 3D printer, laser engraver, CNC machine
  - J. Glennon to provide an equipment list Adrianne Howard of PPS Instructional Resources has knowledge of materials and structures for outfitting maker spaces
  - K. Glennon to send a link to an overview video of the program
- Item 6. Action Items
  - A. Van/Kehaulani to provide SFUSD middle school framework document to Steve/OHPD
  - B. Steve to confirm that dual language principals have been engaged in the planning, feedback, and principal surveys



OTL Meeting #3 PPS Kellogg Page 3

10/6/17

- C. Glennon to provide equipment list for maker spaces
- D. Glennon to provide the link to an overview of the maker space program



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## MEETING MINUTES OTL MEETING #4

## OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

90031 Oh Project No.: Portland Public Schools - Kellogg Middle School Replacement Project Name: Date & Location: 10/03/17 @ FAM Back Table L1 Prepared by: Bryan Thompson Present: **PPS** Brenda Fox (BF) – Office of Teaching and Learning, Portland Public Schools Paul Cathcart (PC) - Senior Project Manager - Office of School Modernization, PPS Stephen Effros (SE) – Project Manager OHP+D: Deb France (DF) Tim Ayersman (TA) Bryan Thompson (BT) Distribution: Attendees; Dan Jung - PPS; John Hinds - PPS; Ken Fisher - Heery

The purpose of the meeting is to review Kellogg Middle school programming progress with Portland Public Schools' (PPS) Office of Teaching and Learning (OTL).

## Item 1. School Capacity

- A. Basis of the 675 75% utilization Rate, home room, free period/hour 6-8 model with partial split day 8 period teaching day
- B. OHPD presented capacity scenarios for 600, 675, 810, & 864 student enrollments based on usage of (22) General Classrooms, (5) Science Classrooms, (1) ESL Classroom at half capacity, (2) Gym Classes, & (6) Converted Extended Learning Areas. Expansion is built-into the scenarios for classroom use, however the supporting spaces (cafeteria) will also be considered.
- C. The preferred approach at this time is to show the 600 model (attached to these minutes) with the expansion for 675 and 810 as the highest level of enrollment. These can be demonstrated to also have adequate support space for the enrollment growth.
- D. Per contract, 180 students per day is the caseload for teacher (30) students x (6) periods = 180 students per day (32) students per class increases caseload to 192 students Grading demands increase when caseloads are high PE and art teachers can have caseloads over 180
- E. 30 students/classroom is more likely than the 25 students/classroom that the PPS Long Range Facility Plan is based on ESL (15 students/classroom) and Gymnasium (2 classes per period) are justified as assigned spaces
- F. For overall building space modeling, 150 SF/student is used as a benchmark, a 675 student enrollment would result in a 101,250 SF school. At 125 SF/student is the result of expanding school enrollment to 810 students in a 101,250 SF school. The school at 810 students would be a tight sf/student ratio for middle school design, but it could be done.
- G. If 100% utilization rate is used, prep rooms for teacher will be required not currently included in the middle school educational specifications. Educators are about the real estate/space teachers do not want to share their classroom this is becoming an issue in collective bargaining



OTL Meeting #4 PPS Kellogg Page 2

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- H. ESL no longer utilizes the pull-out model it is being taught together with Language Arts
- I. English language development and English language arts are taught in the same size classroom ESL classroom is used for language arts
- J. The 900 SF ESL (per Educational Specifications) should be the standard classroom size 980 SF this adds flexibility
- K. The middle school gymnasiums are currently used every day for recess library is used for rainy day recess and every day recess – covered play typically not big enough for recess and dangerous (James John's covered play is small and has posts that cause injuries). Brenda confirmed that the gym can be used for recess and as an assigned classroom.

#### Item 2. Suites Model

- A. OHPD provided a suite layout with the agenda that shows (4) General Classrooms, (1) Science Classrooms, and (1) Extended Learning Extended learning spaces shown with stacking glass walls
- B. Movable walls will be on a track with film for levels of visibility movable walls were not movable in the past (BF) – active shooter scenario must be address, blinds are an option
- C. Opening the walls of the extended learning presents the opportunity for increased visibility, flexible use of space, and gathering the entire suite or grade at the same time
- D. Extended learning individual students will not be placed in the space without supervision, entire classes will use the space on a daily basis principals will monitor use of space and prevent teachers from claiming it AVID tutors and clubs can use the space after school programs could sign the space out if the

#### Item 3. OTL Protocols

- A. TOSA's will not be involved in the Kellogg process until floor plans have been developed in Schematic Design
- B. The middle school framework from the superintendent's former District (SFUSD) is similar to PPS's middle school frame work (BF)
- C. Van has requested a liaison to work with the design team
- D. Brenda is the OTL representative for the Kellogg project
- E. The superintendent must be given a chance to provide input Jerry Vincent will direct how information is discussed at the superintendent level through OSM Van will not be the intermediary
- F. Decision making process needs to be on a schedule to keep Kellogg project moving forward
- G. Brenda will be part of the DAG process
- Item 4. OTL Programming
  - A. OHPD to create a draft programming document to communicate decisions that are being made to PPS leadership
  - B. The building's programming and square footages need to be fixed before the design can begin there is a (3) week window for alignment
- Item 5. Special Education Prioritization
  - A. Special education offices do not need to be adjacent to the life skills room
  - B. The learning center should be pulled away from the life skills room locate on different floors preference to locate school psych next to life skills room
  - C. Typically, a life skills room and a behavioral classroom are not in the same building
  - D. Offices to be used as mixed-use spaces office as a sensory support room



OTL Meeting #4 PPS Kellogg Page 3

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### Item 6. Educational Specifications

- A. Brenda provided responses to principal survey prioritizing the preferred programming space
- B. These decisions will be used to create a Kellogg Middle School program
- C. The following preferred rooms and area increases to required rooms (see attached)

## Item 7. Project Goals

- A. Brenda indicated the following as project goal priorities in each of the (4) categories provided by OHPD
- B. Additional input on project goals and priorities will be received from the Principal's and the DAG.





75% UTILIZATION RATE indicated in the May 29, 2012 PPS LONG RANGE FACILITY PLAN (page V-7) does not appear to be factored into this calculation



Oh



## **KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL**

PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOLS

## MIDDLE SCHOOL CAPACITY

2012 LONG RANGE FACILITY PLAN | Portland Public Schools

	Floor	Target	Planning Capacity
Middle School	450	600	675

## CAPACITY CALCULATION | Oh planning+design,architecture

**Target Capacity** 



S PPS Oh






## KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL

PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOLS

# MIDDLE SCHOOL CAPACITY





## KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOLS MIDDLE SCHOOL CAPACITY

#### MAXIMUM CAPACITY CALCULATION | Oh Planning+design, architecture

[With 32 Student per Classroom - Extended Learning Areas Converted to General Classrooms]



PPS

Oh



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Oh Project No ·

## **MEETING MINUTES OTL MEETING #5**

#### OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

90031

OTTTOJECTNO	J00J1		
Project Name:	Portland	Public Schools - Kellogg Middle School Replacement	
riojectivanie.	Fortiand Fubic Schools - Keilogg Middle School Keplacement		
Date & Location:	10/10/17 @ FAM Back Table L1		
Prepared by:	Bryan Thompson		
Present:	PPS:	Brenda Fox (BF) – Office of Teaching and Learning, Portland Public Schools Paul Cathcart (PC) – Senior Project Manager – Office of School Modernization, PPS	
		Stephen Effros (SE) – Project Manager	
	OHP+D:	Tim Ayersman (TA)	
		Bryan Thompson (BT)	
Distribution:	Attendees; Dan Jung – PPS; John Hinds – PPS; Ken Fisher – Heery; Deb France		

The purpose of the meeting is to review Kellogg Middle school programming progress with Portland Public Schools' (PPS) Office of Teaching and Learning (OTL).

Item 1. Community Support and Community/Partner Spaces

- A. The program has a limited area for partners spaces. The nearly 2,000 sf of provided space allows for a meeting area and two offices.
- B. The Kellogg community/partner space will be geared toward existing/conventional PPS partnerships (SUN, PTA). These partnerships will be aligned during the Partnership Opportunities/Guidelines meeting with Sara King today.
- C. The community/partner space must be flexible since there are potential partnerships that the District has not already explored.
- D. The school must consider the clientele and the distractions that a potential partnership will attract and its effect on the student's experience (BF).
- E. The two separate groupings of spaces (Community Support and Community/Partner) in the Educational Specifications will function together (BF). Preference for one bigger, flexible space that can accommodate staff meetings and large group gatherings
- F. Educational Specifications do not include bathrooms or plumbing for any Community/Partner Spaces.
- G. Since the Food Pantry does not store much food on-site, re-program and move the 100 SF of preferred Pantry addition in the Educational Specifications into a separate Laundry Room for Kellogg Program (BF)
- H. OTL prefers the Parent/Community Room as a Dual-Purpose Space.
  - I. The clothes closet space and the laundry room will be combined into an expanded Parent/Community Room (BF).
  - II. Clothes closet does not hang clothes, they are stored in Rubbermaid bins that can be stored in cabinets (BF).
  - III. The Parent/Community Room will be adjacent to the Staff Room so they can share kitchenette access on opposite schedules.



OTL Meeting #5 PPS Kellogg Page 2

10/17/17

- Sharing of spaces is successful If community and partners are invited into areas that are designated as school spaces.
- IV. The Parent/Community Room user are not permitted to use the kitchen for afterhours events without Nutrition Services assistance
- V. Provide a residential quality to the space, not institutional (SE). A preference for an inviting living room feel to the space (BF)
- I. After School Instruction Space
  - I. The After School Space in current schools functions as ESL testing, SPED or TAG testing, DHS interview spaces during the school day (BF).
  - II. Since the current after school program (SUN) already uses 8-12 general classrooms, there is no need for a dedicated after school space (BF). Replace the After School Instruction space provided in the Educational Specifications with (1) Program Partner Office and (4) ±80 SF office/storage spaces adjacent to the other Partner Program Office (BF)
  - III. There is a need for privacy and storage for supplies and personal storage at the (4) office/storage spaces (BF).
  - IV. These spaces should be thought of as Tenant Improvement spaces that can be reconfigured when changes are needed (SE).
- Item 2. Special Education
  - A. Speech office needs to be 150 SF (BF).
  - B. Intensive Skills is the new name for Life Skills Room.
  - C. Steve to follow-up with Robert Cantwell for action items from Special Education meeting.
  - D. Doors are not located in the corners of the room to allow for teachers to use the room corners (TA, BF)
  - E. Seating along the perimeter of the room can be set up for independent computer use/online programming/personal space with privacy screens (BF).
  - F. Brenda will ask Special Education teachers their preferences on furniture types and layout
  - G. There will be (3) adults in the intensive skills room all (3) need desks and a place to lock their personal belongings (BF).
  - H. A carpeted area is preferred since the range of developmental need is wide in the Special Education program.
  - I. A sink and exterior door are preferred in the Intensive Skills room when a medically fragile student is present.
  - J. An Exterior door reduces stress and provides options for students with mobile impairment by eliminating movement through crowded hallways.
  - K. A centrally located Learning Center on the 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor that is part of the learning suite and provides access from First and Third floors is preferred to integrate the Learning Center students and staff with the general education students and staff.

#### Item 3. Site Plan

- A. Providing a separate SPED bus drop off area option close to the SPED classrooms and away from the other buses is preferred so the staff have options (BF).
- B. The parking stall count of 50 is not enough for a staff that will exceed 50 (BF). PPS facilities rarely offer enough parking for all staff (PC)
- C. At 6 acres, the Kellogg school site is small by national and local standards (TA). It is common for PPS to ask for modifications to parking requirements through the conditional use process but is not anticipated for Kellogg due to the lack of space on the site (PC).



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10/17/17

#### Item 4. Cafeteria

- A. A third serving station with (6) POS stations is the preference of Nutrition Services and OTL since food serving and selection is the slowest process in the cafeteria. A third station will be provided in an increased Servery area.
- B. Steve to confirm with Nutrition Services if they can staff (3) serving stations.
- C. OHPD to contact Kitchen Consultant for Space requirements for (3) serving stations Faubion has (2) serving stations with (4) POS stations
- D. Show salad bar inline of sight with serving station (BF) place with plenty of room around it so kids can serve food from it on all sides
- E. Brenda confirmed that locating lunch tables against the wall is an ok configuration for monitoring students clearance around entire table not required
- F. Each pay station can be accessed from both sides, creating (2) POSs per pay station
- G. Brenda confirmed that monitoring large amounts of students is not a problem in a properly size cafeteria
- H. The cafeteria will be increased to 6,080 SF to serve 405 students (half of a maximum 810 enrollment) since the Educational Specifications sized cafeteria (4,500 SF) can only serve 283 students and (3) lunch periods is not preferred by OTL.
- I. A designated recycling and trash area is not required since custodians locate garbage cans in the center of the cafeteria (BF)
- J. Participation rate was discussed the number of students bringing lunches to school is decreasing it fluctuates stay with full participation rate for planning

#### Item 5. Lockers

- A. The common space will have 20% of the required lockers as day use lockers (BF).
- B. Most books are kept in classrooms, eliminating students taking heavy backpacks home (BF).
- C. Cubbies can be included in classrooms for use each period (BF).

#### Item 6. Technology

- A. Vendors want to present technology options to the District (BF).
- B. Flexible planning must be done at Kellogg to allow for technology improvement (SE)
- C. Furniture can provide technology mounting solutions Vendors such as Steelcase have furniture to provide equal access to technology (TA)
- D. Steve to contact maintenance for comments and concerns on providing floor outlets for technology in learning environments.

#### Item 7. Action Items

- A. OHPD to revise Community Support and Community/Partner space program and provide adjacent kitchenette from Staff Room
- B. Steve to follow-up with Robert Cantwell's action items from Special Education meeting.
- C. Brenda will ask Special Education teachers their preferences on furniture types and layout.
- D. OHPD to contact Kitchen Consultant for Space requirements for (3) serving stations in SD.
- E. Steve to confirm if Nutrition Services can staff (3) serving stations.
- F. Steve to contact maintenance for comments and concerns on floor outlets.

END OF MEETING MINUTES



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## MEETING MINUTES DISTRICT PARTNERSHIPS

#### OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

Oh Project No.:	90031			
Project Name:	Portland	Public Schools - Kellogg Middle School Replacement		
Date & Location:	10/10/1/	10/10/17 @ BESC Wapiti L1		
Prepared by:	Bryan Th	Bryan Thompson		
Present:	PPS:	Sara King – Program Director Planning and Asset Management, Portland Public Schools Stephen Effros (SE) – Project Manager		
	TD&A	Tamara DeRidder (TD) – Land Use/Project Facility Planner, Tamara DeRidder & Assoc.		
	OHP+D:	Tim Ayersman (TA)		
		Bryan Thompson (BT)		
Distribution:	Attendee	s; Dan Jung – PPS; Jen Sohm – PPS; Ken Fisher – Heery; Deb France – OHP+D		

The purpose of the meeting is to discuss the Kellogg Middle school partnership opportunities with Portland Public Schools' (PPS) Director of Planning and Asset Management.

#### Item 1. General Partners

- A. General Partners are the District's typical organizations that support students and family.
- B. The main general partners for the District are Schools Uniting Neighborhoods (SUN), the Parent Teacher Association (PTA), Health Clinics, and PPS Head Start.
- C. Health clinics are preferred to be located at high schools and would require funding processes that should already have been started. A clinic will not be provided in the Kellogg program unless Steve confirms that funding processes have been started.
- D. PPS Head Start will not be included in the Kellogg Middle School project because it has federally mandated design standards and requirements that will not be able to be funded within the project budget.
- E. There is potential for other 3<sup>rd</sup> party groups from the business community and the neighborhood to lease spaces for after hour training through civic use of buildings (CUB). These will not require additional programming.

#### Item 2. Capital Partners

- A. Capital Partners are complicated partnerships that will not be utilized at Kellogg.
- B. District examples:
  - I. Rosa Parks School entered in a three-way condominium agreement with the Boys and Girls Club and a community center (separate HVAC, power systems, etc.)
  - II. Faubion is in a complicated agreement with Concordia University that meshed the two together in the building creating a difficult operational model.



District Partnership Meeting PPS Kellogg Page 2

10/19/17

#### Item 3. Partner/Community Space Programming

- A. A food pantry, clothes closet, partner offices, and a partner/community room are the main general partner spaces that are included in the Kellogg program. The community room will have direct access to parking lot.
- B. Community spaces should be adaptable to multi-use functions and shared amenities
- C. Security and utility zoning needs to be considered in a sharing facility.
- D. PPS may provide mobile clinics on site in parking lots. This would require power and water that is not currently included in the program for Kellogg.

#### Item 4. Action Items

- A. Steve to confirm that a clinic will not be included in the Kellogg program.
- B. Sara to provide heat maps for languages spoken in the District to Tamara.

#### END OF MEETING MINUTES



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## **MEETING MINUTES OTL MEETING #6**

#### OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

Oh Project No.:	90031		
Project Name:	Portland Public Schools - Kellogg Middle School Replacement		
Date & Location:	10/17/17 @ FAM Back Table L1		
Prepared by:	Bryan Thompson		
Present:	PPS: Brenda Fox (BF) – Office of Teaching and Learning, Portland Public Schools Stephen Effros (SE) – Project Manager		
	OHP+D: Deb France (DF) Tim Ayersman (TA) Bryan Thompson (BT)		
Distribution:	Attendees; Dan Jung – PPS; John Hinds – PPS; Paul Cathcart – PPS; Ken Fisher – Heery;		

The purpose of the meeting is to review Kellogg Middle school programming progress with Portland Public Schools' (PPS) Office of Teaching and Learning (OTL).

Item 1. Programming Document

A. A draft of the programming report will be submitted to Steve on Friday. The final programming report will be submitted on November 1<sup>st</sup>.

Item 2. Programming Recap

- A. Special Education
  - I. Brenda's preference is for the 800 SF Learning Center to be increased in size to match the 980 SF general classroom size for future program flexibility. This area addition will be shown as a preferred option in the Kellogg Program
  - II. 42-inch-wide doors with automatic door operators that swing out will be provided at the Intensive Skills Room.
  - III. Permanent carpet with transition strips will be provided at reading area in Intensive Skills room to reduce trip hazards. Do not provide area rugs.
  - IV. Brenda will provide photos of existing sensory spaces to inform the interior layout and shape of the space.
- B. Gymnasium
  - I. OHPD will show both the assembly/performance layout with an 800-student capacity and the athletics layout that maximizes the capacity for a sporting event.
  - II. The assembly layout may require placing chairs on the floor that will be stored in an adjacent chair storage room that will be added to the Kellogg program.
  - III. OHPD will confirm if telescoping bleachers are capable of being pulled out halfway to provide use for sporting events and assemblies.



OTL Meeting #6 PPS Kellogg Page 2

10/27/17

- IV. The dance room will be shown as the flexible stage space instead of the music room due to acoustic concerns for the movable partition between the gymnasium activities and the music/choir activities.
- V. Recessed theatrical lighting in the gymnasium ceiling is preferred.
- VI. A dedicated space for theater storage will be added to the Kellogg program for costumes and props.
- VII. Provide a double door from music room into dance/stage.
- VIII. Provide a sink in the music room, but not on the stage / in the dance room.
- IX. Do not provide access to the exterior from the locker rooms.
- X. There is a preference for a secure shower in a unisex bathroom for flexible use by the school. No showers will be provided in the locker rooms.
- C. General Classrooms
  - I. Provide lockable storage within the 6 to 8-foot-long built-in cabinets and countertop.
  - II. The classroom layout needs to allow teaching to occur on either the short or long wall of the classroom. Teachers have different preferences, so this must be flexible to accommodate projecting and teaching in multiple locations in the classroom.
  - III. Brenda prefers a sink in every classroom, but they are not required by the Educational Specifications.
  - IV. Locate the student storage cubbies near the door for convenience.
- D. Learning Suites
  - I. A gender-neutral restroom on every wing of every floor was discussed. The cost of remote plumbing will be prohibitive. Restroom layout will be explored in SD.
  - II. Provide storage space for one mobile technology cart for every two classrooms.
  - III. Brenda will provide the amount of text books that will be the basis of a book storage space.
- E. Administration
  - I. Space for (3) administrative assistants will be shown in the administrative reception area.
  - II. Principal's office must be adjacent to reception/administrative assistant space and Records Office.
  - III. Locate conference room between principal's office and assistant principal's office.
  - IV. Locate administrative records storage cabinets and teacher's mailboxes in the administrative work room
  - V. The 150 SF Records Storage space provide in the Educational Specifications will be a Records Office per Brenda's direction.
- F. Cafeteria
  - I. Install a Dutch door at the Table Storage room so it can double as a student store.
  - II. Day lockers to be located adjacent to the cafeteria/commons. 20% of the 675 student enrollment = 135 day lockers of various sizes.
- Item 3. Media Center Programming
  - A. Locate reception desk and media specialist station close to the door with an adjacent workroom.
  - B. Replace fixed computer stations with dedicated space for a mobile technology cart.
  - C. Shelving in the media center should not be full height, unless it is against the wall.
  - D. Since the media center is used as a testing space, provide spaces and furniture that are flexible and adaptable for various testing environments and an area where the media specialist can teach to a full class of 32 students.



OTL Meeting #6 PPS Kellogg Page 3

10/27/17

E. The library should not be open to the commons due to noise and distractions. Providing a visual connection is encouraged.

Item 4. Site Plan

- A. The site plan must consider fire drill and evacuation requirements. Steve to provide fire alarm drill and required evacuation distances.
- B. Eliminate site traffic by maintenance vehicles that crosses over student activities during the day. Site Plan 3 creates a pinch point where the delivery, maintenance, and disposal vehicles maneuver between the gymnasium and the playfield.
- C. Site Plan 5 with a north-south bus drop off loop and an attached covered play area is the preferred site plan.
- D. Outdoor gathering spaces need to be clearly programmed for school activities and be visible to mitigate safety concerns.





PPS



Oh

Item 5. Action Items

- A. Brenda will provide photos of existing sensory spaces to Steve.
- B. OHPD will confirm operational capabilities of telescoping bleachers
- C. Brenda will provide the amount of text books that will be the basis of a book storage space.

Oh

D. Steve to provide fire alarm drill and evacuation distance requirements.

END OF MEETING MINUTES



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## MEETING MINUTES DUAL LANGUAGE

#### OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

Oh Project No.:	90031			
Proiect Name:	Portland	Public Schools - Kellogg Middle School Replacement		
Date & Location:	10/19/17 @ BESC Wapiti L1			
Prepared by:	Tim Ayer	Tim Ayersman		
Present:	PPS:	Michael Bacon (MB) – Asst Dir - Acad Prog – Dual Languages Glennon Stratton (GS) – Business Program Ops Spec - Maker Space Project Manager Stephen Effros (SE) – Project Manager		
	OHP+D:	Deb France (DB) Tim Ayersman (TA)		
Distribution:	Attendee	s; Dan Jung – PPS; Jen Sohm – PPS; Ken Fisher – Heery		

The purpose of the meeting is to discuss the Kellogg Middle school dual language opportunities with Portland Public Schools' (PPS) Director of Planning and Asset Management.

Item 1. Typical Dual Language in Schools

- A. The specific types and number of languages that will be at Kellogg is dependent on the feeder schools. (MB) The feeder schools will be determined by DBRAC.
- B. Currently 20% of kindergarteners in PPS require dual language support. Kellogg is located in an area with the greatest number of dual language elementary schools.
- C. What is taught at a dual language school is the same as at any other Middle School it is just taught in two (or more) languages. (MB)
- D. A dual language school would be staffed with teachers and administrators that know both languages.
- E. For a dual language school changing the physical space is not as critical as making sure the students with different first languages are co-mingled. (MB)

Item 2. Design for Dual Language

- A. If there are more than two languages on signage it can make wayfinding confusing. (DF)
- B. The classrooms need to be designed to enhance the ability to hear. (MB)
- C. Dual language testing is web based, typically done on a laptop or mobile devices. The students need an area where they can focus.
  - I. Open spaces are a challenge for testing.
  - II. A little distance from each student is needed. Study carrels or screens can be used.
- D. One classroom per suite will be designed at a higher acoustic performance standard. (DF)



District Partnership Meeting PPS Kellogg Page 2

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#### Item 3. Action Items

A. Once the feeder schools and the number of languages for Kellogg have been determined. Oh will coordinate with PPS on the appropriate number of languages for wayfinding.

END OF MEETING MINUTES



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## MEETING MINUTES OTL MEETING #7

#### OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

Oh Project No.: 90031 Portland Public Schools - Kellogg Middle School Replacement Project Name: Date & Location: 10/24/17 @ FAM Back Table L1 Prepared by: Bryan Thompson PPS: Present: Stephen Effros (SE) – Project Manager OHP+D: Deb France (DF) Tim Ayersman (TA) Bryan Thompson (BT) Distribution: Attendees; Dan Jung – PPS; Brenda Fox – PPS; John Hinds – PPS; Paul Cathcart – PPS; Ken Fisher – Heerv:

The purpose of the meeting is to review Kellogg Middle school programming progress with Portland Public Schools' (PPS) Office of Teaching and Learning (OTL).

Item 1. Counseling Programming

- A. No waiting space is included in the counseling area.
- B. PPS to confirm the location of counseling in relationship to the main administration. Confirm if they will be separate and adjacent or combined into the same office suite/area.
- Item 2. Outdoor Gathering
  - A. PPS to provide programming goals for outdoor gathering areas.
  - B. PPS to provide requirements for outdoor furniture and equipment at programmed outdoor gathering areas.
- Item 3. Programming Report
  - A. The draft report will be sent to Brenda and Paul by Steve to review before next week's OTL meeting that will be the final review of the document.
  - B. The cost estimator is working off this draft document.
- Item 4. Bond Check in Process
  - A. School Board will vote on the Kellogg program at November 28th Board Meeting
  - B. Finance Accounting Operations (FAO) will review document before the board meeting.
  - C. Kellogg program will be finalized in the Programming Report document that is due to PPS on November 1st.
  - D. Bond Accountability Committee (BAC) is currently reviewing the Kellogg schedule. OHPD to update project schedule and schedule time to discuss with Ken Fisher.

Item 5. Action Items

A. PPS to provide programming goals and furniture and equipment requirements for outdoor gathering spaces



OTL Meeting #7 PPS Kellogg Page 2

11/3/17

- B. PPS to provide the number of staff anticipated at the new Kellogg Middle School.
- C. PPS to provide the programmatic "strands" that link Kellogg to Franklin High School.
- D. OHPD to update project schedule and meet with Ken Fisher.

END OF MEETING MINUTES



KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT 11/20/17

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## MEETING MINUTES DAG MEETING #1

#### OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

Oh Project No.:	90031				
Project Name:	Portland	Portland Public Schools - Kellogg Middle School Replacement			
Date & Location:	10/26/17	@ Franklin High School - Media Center			
Prepared by:	Tim Ayer	Tim Ayersman			
Present:	DAG:	(*: Present, A: Absent)			
		A Michael Burton (MB)	*Danielle Meyer (DM)		
		*Alicia O'Brien (AO)	A Kara Mortimer (KM)		
		*Scott Morris (SM)	*Lisa Kensel (LK)		
		*Christy Thomas (CT)	*Chuck Billedeaux (CB)		
		A Kathryn Schmidt (KS)	*Brian Harper (BH)		
		A Stephen Karmol (SK)	*Hannah Back (HB)		
		*Maija Anderson (MA)	*Kyla Tanaka (KT)		
		*Sarah Richardson Green (SR)	*Rick Toth (RT)		
		*Sarah Toth (ST)	*Collin Cordoza (CC)		
		*Aron Goffin (AG)	*Nathan Junkert (NJ)		
		*Tina Kimmey (TK)	*Kieran O'Donnell (KO)		
		*Noelle Harding (NH)	*Erin Telford (ET)		
		*Shelley Rouleau (SR)	A Ben Wixon (BW)		
		A Judy Hilsenteger (JH)	A Jaime Cale (JC)		
		*Jennifer Patterson (JP)	*Pam Joyner		
	PPS:	Derek Henderson (DH) – Senio	r Specialist-OSM Support		
		Stephen Effros (SE) – Project Manager			
		Mike Rosen (MR) – PPS Board Member			
	TDR:	Tamara DeRidder (TD) – Community Outreach Consultant			
	OHP+D:	Deb France (DF)	Tim Ayersman (TA)		
		Bryan Thompson (BT)	Christine Nelson (CN)		
		Juan Carlos Garduno (JG)	Samantha Aleo (SA)		
Distribution:	Attendee	Attendees; Dan Jung – PPS; John Hinds – PPS; Ken Fisher – Heery			

The purpose of the meeting is to give the Design Advisory Group (DAG) an orientation on the history, budget, and expectations of the members for the Kellogg Middle School DAG meetings.



11/2/17

Item 1. Introduction of project team and Design Advisory Group members.

Introductions

- A. The design team was introduced to the members of DAG and the list of consultants that will participate in the design were listed. (See Introduction Slide)
- B. The Internal stake holders groups were listed that have given input on the programming requirements. (See Introduction Slide)
- C. The members of the Design Advisory Group introduced themselves and described their interest in the new Kellogg Middle School.





KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOLS DAG 1 - October 26, 2017

Oh ₃

Introduction Slide



11/2/17

D. There are many factors that will influence the design of the new Middle School. One of these influences is the DAG team. A slide was presented showing the factors with the DAG teams participation highlighted. (See Factors Influencing Kellogg Slide)

E.

# Factors Influencing Kellogg Campus Master Plan



Factors Influencing Kellogg Slide



11/2/17

#### Item 2. Schedule and agendas for DAG meetings

- A. The schedule for the new Kellogg Middle School is for the programming and design phase to go from August 2017 to July 2018. There are seven (7) DAG meetings schedule over that time starting at the end of Pre-Design and continuing into early Design Development. The Permitting and Construction phase will begin in late summer 2018 and continue into fall of 2020. (See Kellogg Schedule Slide)
- B. A tentative agenda has been outlined for the next seven (7) DAG meetings. These agendas will be modified based on the concerns and priorities of the members.
  - I. DAG Meeting 1: October 26<sup>th</sup> 2017; Kick-off, orientation, budget, and expectations.
  - II. DAG Meeting 2: November 7<sup>th</sup> 2017; Site and Budget.
  - III. DAG Meeting 3: November 21<sup>st</sup> 2017; Faubion School tour.
  - IV. DAG Meeting 4: December 7th 2017; Plans, blocking activity, massing.
  - V. DAG Meeting 5: December 21<sup>st</sup> 2017; Updated plans, massing, eco updated, systems.
  - VI. DAG Meeting 6: March 8<sup>th</sup> 2018; Site, stormwater, site lighting, access, parking, fields.
  - VII. DAG Meeting 7: March 22<sup>nd</sup> 2018; Building envelope and materials, LEED update.
- C. It was pointed out that the tentative schedule for meeting 2 on November 9<sup>th</sup> is during PPS parent teacher conference. We have rescheduled it to November 7th.



## Schedule



11/2/17

#### Item 3. Discussion of DAG roles and spectrum of participation

A. The DAG's roll is to present the public concerns and aspirations so that these factor can be considered throughout the process while providing feed back on alternative options. (See Spectrum of Participation Slide)

# Spectrum of Participation

	Involve	Consult	Inform
Public participation goal	To work directly with the public throughout the process to ensure that public concerns and aspirations are consistently understood and considered.	To obtain public feedback on analysis, alternatives and/or decisions.	To provide the public with balanced and objective information to assist them in understanding the problem, alternatives, opportunities and/or solutions.
Promise to the public	We will work with you to ensure that your concerns and aspirations are directly reflected in the alternatives developed and provide feedback on how public input influenced the decision.	We will keep you informed, listen to and acknowledge concerns and aspirations, and provide feedback on how public input influenced the decision.	We will keep you informed.
Example techniques	Workshops, deliberative polling	Public comment, focus groups, surveys, public meetings	Fact sheets, web sites, open houses



KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOLS DAG 1 - October 26, 2017



Spectrum of Participation Slide



11/2/17

#### Item 4. Goals and guiding principles exercise.

- A. Keeping 'Learning' as the central focus, four categories have been identified for setting goals and priorities, they are;
  - I. Environmental and Health
  - II. Flexibility
  - III. Learning Environments
  - IV. Identity
- B. Activity:

Within these categories words that describe the priorities have been listed. (See Goals and Objective Slide) The DAG members were asked to circle five (5) words in each category that was their priority or to add a word that described it if needed. Refer to the attached Memo 'Project Goals Results' for the outcome of the activity.





RELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT 11/20/17

DAG Meeting PPS Kellogg Page 7

11/2/17

Item 5. Work progress to date.

- A. Factors that are influencing the design of the new middle school included the budget and programing requirements.
  - I. The PPS Educational Specifications gives a range of 84,919 sf to 100,452sf for a new Middle School with a capacity of 675 students.
  - II. The 2017 May bond that was passed by the voters was for a new Kellogg Middle School with a construction budget of 32 million.
  - III. The current market cost for construction a new Middle school is \$325 per square foot.
- B. These factors put the new Middle School size at 98,461 sf to be on budget. (See Scope and Budget Slide) The current design has the building over this size by 2000 sf.
- C. It was asked if Franklin High School was on budget and if we can share the Programing spread sheet. We will find out if Franklin was on budget and we will share the Programing spread sheet. (SE)

# Project Scope & Budget

PPS MIDDLE SCHOOL EDUCATIONAL SPECIFICATIONS School Square Footage Range	PROJECT BUDGET	POSSIBLE OUTCOMES \$/SF
84,919 SF - 100,452 SF Minimum Maximum w/ Preferred Area Student Design Capacity: 675	\$32 Million	\$325/SF [98,461 SF]



KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOLS DAG 1 - October 26, 2017



Scope and Budget



11/2/17

- D. During the Feasibility Study two options were reviewed for the bond, modernizing the existing facility and full replacement. Based e cost estimate for the new school being lower and the modernization requiring sacrifices in programing to fit within the existing building the PPS Board selected the full replacement for the 2017 May Bond Ballot. (See Site and Building Study Slide)
- E. It was asked if the roof could be used as outdoor space. We will review that option as we move forward with the design. (DF)

# Site and Building Study – 2016 Bond

Renovate 3D View

Proposed Replacement 3D View





KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOLS DAG 1 - October 26, 2017



Site and Building Study



11/2/17

- F. The Kellogg Middle School site is situated between the South Tabor Neighborhood on the north and Foster-Powel Neighborhood on the south.
- G. The elementary schools that will feed into the new middle school will be determined by the PPS District-wide Boundary Review Advisory Committee (DBRAC). These schools have not been identified at this time.





KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOLS DAG 1 - October 26, 2017



Neighborhood Context



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- H. The Kellogg property is located next to Powel Boulevard which is primarily a commercial street. Factors which requires careful review will be traffic, noise, air quality, and safety.
- I. It was asked if the speed limit will be lowered in this location and what the status of PBOT and ODOT transfer of Powel. We will look into these questions.

# Powell Blvd: Concerns & Opportunities



CONCERNS - TRAFFIC

- NOISE
- AIR QUALITY - SAFETY















**KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL** PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOLS DAG 1 - October 26, 2017



Powell Boulevard Slide



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- J. Demolition of the existing school will begin in early 2018. The intent is to have as little of the existing school go to the landfill as possible. Currently we estimate that only 1% will go to landfill, 9% will be hazardous material, 44% recycled, 36% donated, and 10% reused within the new building. (See Demolition Waste Management Slide)
- K. Some of the items intended for reuse include the gymnasium wood floors and bleacher seats as potential wall paneling. Reusing the terracotta lions and owls and the concrete floors stacked and used as retaining walls and outdoor seating.



**Demolition Waste Management Slide** 



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- L. There are many factors that have been reviewed for the site design.
  - I. Emergency vehicle access is required on the east side of the building. This requires a 90 foot turnaround.
  - II. Delivery access, parent drop off, and buss drop off all need to be separated for student safety.
  - III. The location of the fields and the covered play from the gymnasium.
  - IV. Locations for outdoor gathering spaces.
  - V. Site storm water management.





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- M. Using Evident Based Design and PPS focus group input room layouts have been developed to identify what is needed in these spaces and their required adjacencies to other rooms. In Schematic Design these rooms will be combined to explore the adjacencies and develop the building foot print.
- N. The classroom suite will be paired together and stacked up three floors this portion of the building will be able to be closed off from the remaining two story building for after hour security.



Item 6. Questions and Comments.

- A. Comment Cards were distributed to the DAG members with three questions;
  - I. Was this presentation useful?
  - II. What topics are important to you?
  - III. Questions and Comments.



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- B. The DAG members were asked to vote for a Chair and Co-Chair for the DAG and write their votes on the back of the Comment cards. Nominations for Chair were:
  - I. Shelly
  - II. Collin

Nominations for Co-Chair were:

- III. Collin
- IV. Brian
- V. Scott
- C. The DAG members were asked to fill out the cards and turn them in at the end of the meeting. These comments have been combined into one list and responses to the questions have been added. Refer to the attached Memo 'Comment Card Results'.
- Item 7. Action Items
  - A. Steve will post the PowerPoint on the Facebook site after the presentation.
  - B. Steve will send out notification of the date for the next DAG meeting to all members.

#### END OF MEETING MINUTES



Architecture Planning Design LEED Consulting





## MEMORANDUM Design Advisory Group Meeting #1 – Project Goals Results

#### OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

Oh Project No.:	90031	
Project Name:	Portland Public Schools – Kellogg Middle School	Date: 10/27/2017
To:	Steve Effros – PPS	
Prepared by:	Juan Carlos Garduno – OHPD	
Distribution:	file	

The purpose of this memorandum is to summarize D.A.G. Meeting #1 Project Goals "preferences" exercise. A total of 22 participant sheets were counted and tallied in this memorandum.

#### Item 1. OUTCOMES





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Listed from most votes to lower votes: **bold** = top 5 *bullet point* = added comments.

(between parenthesis) = added terms

#### Item 2. ENVIRONMENTAL & HEALTH

- "Very important for the planet."
- 1. Natural light = 19
- "In every classroom"
- 2. Energy efficient = 15
- 3. Outside learn = 12
  - "Outside space."
  - "And outdoor gathering places: courtyards, gardens away from the streets, etc."
  - "Students LOVE outdoor/learning; experiential"
- 4. Natural ventilation = 10
- 5. Resilient = 10
- 6. Environment = 9
- 7. Lead free = 6
- "This should not be an option"
- 8. Net Zero = 6
- 9. LEED Gold = 5
- "Or whatever level is appropriate to aspire to."
- "Does this certification unlock additional funding?"
- 10. High performance = 4
- "Consistent heating and cooling."
- 11. Building system = 4
- 12. (Sensitive to neighbors) = 3
- 13. (Storage) = 3
- 14. (Garden) = 2
- 15. (Heating and cooling) = 1

#### Item 2. FLEXIBILITY

• "Needs to be able to grow with the community, city, PPS."

1. Adaptable = 14

- 2. Community use = 14
  - "How can we better engage with our communities to create connections for families?"
  - "Bringing community into space will bring resources and aid in diversity as well."
- 3. After school program = 13
- 4. Growth = 11
- 5. Partnership = 8
  - "How do we assure our kids have all the resources they need?"



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### 6. Extended learning = 8

- 7. Visual connection = 7
- "Intuitive wayfinding and layout."
- "Less white majority norms; culture represented in space."
- 8. Engagement = 7
- 9. 21<sup>st</sup> Century = 7
- "Enough outlets, wifi, to meet needs in tech heavy spaces."
- 10. Security = 5
- 11. Transparency = 5
- 12. Shared = 4
- "Teachers moving? not ideal for MS students!"
- 13. (Multi-purpose) = 3
- 14. (Bike parking) = 2
- 15. (Dog field) = 1

#### Item 3. LEARNING ENVIRONMENT

- "How to create an environment to keep students healthy and fair."
- 1. Equity = 14
  - "How do we assure fairness and justice for every student?"
  - "Especially access to tools that may be unaffordable."
- "Unclear how equity (bridging racial achievement gap) is addressed for the learning environment vs space for programs."
- 2. Accessible = 13
- "How do we serve SPED/504 student needs in general education spaces?"
- 3. Diversity = 13
- 4. Experiential = 12
- 5. Maker space = 12
- 6. Technology = 9
- 7. Building as curriculum = 9
- "Especially outdoor rooftop? Greenhouse?"
- 8. Innovation = 8
- 9. Student performance = 8
- 10. Fitness = 7
- "Physical activity and play"
- 11. Programing = 5
- 12. (Acoustics) = 4
- 13. (Play) = 1
- 14. (Rooftop) = 1
- 15. (Green house) = 1
- 16. (Immersion program) = 1



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#### 17. (Teacher collaboration space) = 1

• "Any focus on teachers/people that will work at Kellogg."

#### Item 4. IDENTITY

- "The identity of the school Kellogg is the sustainable school."
- 1. Future = 16
  - "This building won't be built again for a long time. We must be forward thinking in our design to meet the needs of students decades from now."
- "How will spaces/design seem dated or timeless?"
- 2. Sustainable = 15
- 3. Inclusive = 15
- 4. Serve the community = 15
  - "Recognize community relationship with existing building and site (history)."
  - "And how does traffic impact? Could we have a bus drop-off loop on the property? Parking?
- 5. Equality = 14
- "How does this mean connected to identity?"
- 6. Inviting = 10
- 7. Middle school = 10
- *"Embrace not being a k-8"*
- "How are you connecting to current MS teachers/admin/parents for views from people in 6-8 environments already?"
- 8. (Inspirational) = 7
- 9. (History) = 4
- "Historic nature of building"
- 10. Leadership = 3
- 11. (Teachers) = 3
- 12. District standards = 2
- 13. (Parents) = 1
- 14. (Administration) = 1



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#### Item 5. Project Goals - scanned responses



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#### KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT 11/20/17

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#### KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT 11/20/17

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# MEMORANDUM Design Advisory Group Meeting #1 – Comment Card Results

#### OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

Oh Project No.:	90031	
Project Name:	Portland Public Schools – Kellogg Middle School	Date: 10/30/2017
To:	Steve Effros – PPS	
Prepared by:	Sheena Hewett – OHPD	
Distribution:	File	

The purpose of this memorandum is to summarize D.A.G. Meeting #1 comment card results and identify themes to follow up in next discussions.

#### Item 1. RESULTS

Was this presentation What topics are		What topics are			
ļ		useful?	important to you?	Questions and Comments	Responses
	1	Yes	Site design, impacts to the neighborhing communities	Good for any day the week of Nov 9th	-
	2	Yes	Making sure that students remain our focus	Nov 9th + Nov 21st are challenging meeting dates due to school conflicts	The next DAG meeting has been rescheduled for November 7th to accommodate conflicts with District-wide Teacher-Parent conferences
	3	Somewhat. Lots of exposition, which is not unexpected for a 1st meeting. Probably good for others not familiar w/ these type of processes	Site Layout. Information about past projects and how much "value engineering" occurred on them.	Is there a similar Middle School Project in PPS (or other district) that we could see cost details on? Are we confident that the \$32million is enough? Can we get some ideas on how the soccer/baseball field will be constructed? Turf? Grass?	Cost comparisons will be provided at a future DAG meeting. The \$32 million budget will not detract from the goal of delivering a healthy, safe, and innovative facility for students to learn, grow, and connect with the community. The field construction will be a material decisions to be made in future phases. The DAG is encouraged to inform this decision.
	4	Absolutely. Excellent intro to our roles + the process	olutely. Excellent to our roles + the process Student + environment student + environment (Environment)Microphone would be helpful, Space tables to allow more room, Receiving PPT presentation ahead of time +/or in print. Nov 9th>Not available the 7th, the 9th works as does the 8th		Microphones will be used at the next DAG meeting. The next DAG meeting will be conducted in the Commons to improve seating arrangements. The Power Point presentation will be distributed to DAG members after the next meeting.



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L		1		next meeting.
	Good Information, for never having gone through this before	Classroom Environment, sinks, drinking fountains, storage and carpenting	The next meeting (site) is during my Parent/Teacher conferences. What to do when I really wanted to be here for it. I could do the Tuesday(the 9th) before, or the next week (Not	See response to Question 1
	6 Yes	Learning suites/classroom design	Nov 9th - need to check Parent- Teacher Conference Schedule. Possibly just arriving a bit late.	See response to Question 1
	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	Site plan, programming considerations "Focus on student" schematic priorities	l appreciated the positive vibe of the presenter	Thank you! It was a pleasure to meet and interact with all of the engaged DAG members
	8 Yes	Community connection to site + school prioritizing learning experience + healthy environment	Available Nov 6th, 8th, 9th. Not available Nov 7th	See response to Question 1
	Yes. It seems like the site plan is already set. It seems like the buildings have already been designed for the most part	I think we all need to visit + walk the site prior to the next meeting.	Can we do an actual site visit as a group?-This seems very important! Are we (DAG) really the deciding body in the design. I thought I'd read that we only gave input. I didn't think we made decisions. What influence, if any, does the historic building + materials, history of the existing school have on the design of the new school building? What neighborhood does Kellogg school fall into?	You are welcome to walk the exterior of the Kellogg Site, but due to safety concerns, entry is restricted. Coordinating a visit for 30+ people is not practical. Thank you for this clarification. The roles of the DAG (Involve, Consult, Inform) are described in the Levels of Public Participation handout. You are correct, decisions are not made by the DAG. The history of the building and the site will be honored in the new facility as a teaching tool through salvage, reuse, and documention. The DAG input will inform these efforts. Kellogg is in the South Tabor Neighborhood.
	10 Yes	Building energy, LEED and beyond, innovation	Due to proximity of spring break, can the last meeting be rescheduled? Audio is fine, slide font needs to be bigger. Can you maximize roof for outdoor play space? Nov 9th meeting:Mon or Wed work for me.	Moving the date for DAG Meeting #7 is under consideration. The slide font will be increased for the next DAG meeting. Roof space will be used for solar installations but can be considered for other uses during the upcoming schematic design.
:	Yes, a lot of great information	Environmental needs for site, students & staff environmental education as well	If we want to minimize height, could we have some parts of the building underground? Currently there is a planned storage unit (3 floors high) @ 7 Dees sites. Nov 9 mtg-best days that week;Nov 7,8, & 10	Building below grade has not been considered due to significant cost increases and providing daylighting to these spaces. Thank you for bringing the self-storage unit on SE 60th and SE Powell to our attention.



_				
1:	2 _	Community Partnership- Creating a Free community space and commitment to the community. How do we encourage cross participation teachers, students, and parents through design? Green space-How can we encourage green space and outdoor learning? Technology-Top of the line technology should be available.	How do we connect families w/resources?	During design, the activation of the Kellogg website will create opportunites for community engagement and the exchange of information. On completion of construction, partnerships and community programs will benefit from the Civic Use of Buildings (CUB) at the Kellogg site.
1	Yes-good to understand our role in the overall process	Education Philosophy & how it is incorporated into the design. Health & wellness of the kiddos	Nov 9th availability is flexible for the entire week.	
14	Yes! I would love to see the presentations online after meetings. As you look @ ideal space/classroom sizes, how do address class size @ other middle schools?	How will the school reach out & serve the larger community? Not clear how equity (PPS defined as eliminating racial achievement gap) and equality are being used in design docs & building planning.	How are communities of color included in the planning & stakeholder process? Only one person of color(obviously) on committee, How does the building meet the social- emotional needs of young adolescents? Is anyone from equity dept. participating? -Is there flexibility in 11/9(PPS Conferences),11/21(Thanksgiving week),12/21(Winter break-PPS), M/T would be preferred that week.	The district continues to reach out to include all members of the community as well as impacted families within the projected boundaries. DAG outreach included specific groups such as APANO, Latino Network, VNCO, Multi-Cultural Collaborative, IRCO, and Coalition of Communities of Color for example. We Welcome suggestions on engaging communities of color. We can also attach the presentation to each set of meeting notes. Spaces and services will be provided for social-emotional support within the school (Sensory Support Spaces, Psychology Office).
1	5 -	Physical spaces and learning environments other than traditional classrooms. How to plan for neighborhood population growth, create adaptabe design so it won't feel overcrowded	Concern that next meeting conflicts with PPS. Would love to talk lots about powell safety & preventing night camping(current Kellogg site is prime camping). {Flexible any other evening that week 11/8-11/10}	Activating and securing the site for safety is a primary objective of all PPS projects. The DAG will continue to discuss safety objectives.
1	S Yes	It's all important	I am available to re-schedule meetings to help the teachers who are in parent- teacher meetings (or other members w/ other engagements)(?)	
1		NAVIAL VALANA ANA AN ITAKA		



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1	7 Yes	Multi-use space-light, Green Building & Gardens as well as outdoor classroom/Multi-use space	Nov 9th, alt availability: Monday night & Friday evening works for me. Not available Tues evening.	
1	Yes, very informative & inclusive	Thinking beyond the next ten years for this space/school	Any night 6:30-8 the week of 11/6 works for me.	
1	9 Yes	Site Plan,Site Lighting- Associated traffic routes,Preservation of historic nature of building, Privacy.	Why was DAG not given opportunity to influence decision to renovate or rebuild?	The decision to renovate vs. rebuild was approved by the school board and voted on as a part of the 2017 bond initiative. The recommendation to rebuild was based on safety, seismic hazards, learning environments, cost, and the condition of the existing building that has been vacant for over a decade.
2(	Yes!	Budget/Project Delivery MethodCommunity Involvement	I'll be out of town 11/9	
2	1 Yes	Design	Open Availibility	

	18 Yes, very informative & inclusive	Thinking beyond the next ten years for this space/school	Any night 6:30-8 the week of 11/6 works for me.	
	19 Yes	Site Plan,Site Lighting- Associated traffic routes,Preservation of historic nature of building, Privacy.	Why was DAG not given opportunity to influence decision to renovate or rebuild?	The decision to renovate vs. rebuild was an ongoing study over a number of years and was necessary to initiate the bond process which was voted on by the school board.
	20 Yes!	Budget/Project Delivery MethodCommunity Involvement	I'll be out of town 11/9	
ĺ	21 Yes	Design	Open Availibility	

#### Item 2. EMERGING THEMES

- <u>Impacts to the surrounding neighborhood</u> Identify and understand sensitivities of the neighbors then address and produce strategies and solutions.
- <u>Community connections</u> Kellogg MS is an opportunity to connect the student population, teachers, families, and the community beyond all amongst their own circles but also across the circles. How do we organize and design spaces which foster these connections while ensuring welfare and safety of each user?



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- <u>Learning environment</u> Classrooms, flexible learning spaces, student resources, and explorative studies shall be accessible and conducive to educational equity by providing a healthy environment and innovative technology.
- <u>Efficiency and built to last</u> The facility and site should be designed and built to maximize resources, use minimal energy, perform as a learning tool, and provide a healthy place for people to congregate and learn for a long time to come.

END OF MEMORANDUM



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Oh

#### OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

90031 Oh Project No.:

Project Name:	Portland F	chool Replacement	
Date & Location:	11/07/17	@ Franklin High School	
Prepared by:	Tim Ayers	man	
Present:	DAG:	(*: Present, A: Absent)	
		*Michael Burton (MB)	*Danielle Meyer (DM)
		A Alicia O'Brien (AO)	* Kara Mortimer (KM)
		*Scott Morris (SM)	A Lisa Kensel (LK)
		*Christy Thomas (CT)	*Chuck Billedeaux (CB)
		* Kathryn Schmidt (KS)	*Brian Harper (BH)
		A Stephen Karmol (SK)	*Hannah Back (HB)
		A Maija Anderson (MA)	*Kyla Tanaka (KT)
		*Sarah Richardson Green (SR)	*Rick Toth (RT)
		*Sarah Toth (ST)	*Collin Cordoza (CC)
		A Aron Goffin (AG)	*Nathan Junkert (NJ)
		*Tina Kimmey (TK)	*Kieran O'Donnell (KO)
		*Noelle Harding (NH)	*Erin Telford (ET)
		A Shelley Rouleau (SR)	A Ben Wixon (BW)
		* Judy Hilsenteger (JH)	A Jaime Cale (JC)
		A Pam Joyner (PJ)	A Toby Nicastro (TN)
	PPS:	Derek Henderson (DH) - Senior	Specialist-OSM Support
		Stephen Effros (SE) – Project M	anager
		Dan Jung (DJ) – PPS Senior Dire	ctor, OSM
	TDR:	Tamara DeRidder (TD) – Comm	unity Outreach Consultant
	OHP+D:	Deb France (DF)	Tim Ayersman (TA)
		Bryan Thompson (BT)	Christine Nelson (CN)
		Juan Carlos Garduno (JG)	Samantha Aleo (SA)
		Colin McNamara (CM)	
Distribution:	Attendees	s; Dan Jung – PPS; John Hinds – F	PPS; Ken Fisher – Heery; file

The purpose of the meeting is to discuss the budget status and host a site planning activity with the Design Advisory Group (DAG).



11/13/17

Item 1. DAG Meeting 1 Recap (goals activity & comments).

- A. The DAG's roll is to present the public concerns and aspirations so that these factor can be considered throughout the process while providing feedback on alternative options. (See Spectrum of Participation Slide)
- B. It was asked if the DAG is a neutral group representing the community? From a community member's experience on the Grant DAG, there were tensions on understanding responsibilities. It was Clarified that the DAG role is not to make specific design decisions; more about process and issues for the community. The DAG members report to a larger group that they represent, and that they share the information with their larger groups outside the DAG.
- C. It was asked why were 2 similar site plans included in minutes from DAG 1? Is the DAG just to review and approve? The site plans were included to show process and progress that had been made. The DAG will be reviewing the site plan today for input (DF).
- D. A community member asked why they (the community) was not included in the decision to keep or remove the existing building? The decision was needed to be made pre-bond, based on the feasibility study in order to set the bond budget. The options of replacing the school or modernizing the existing were presented to the Board and the replacement option was selected. (SE)



#### Spectrum of Participation Slide



11/13/17

- E. A tentative agenda has been outlined for the next DAG meetings. These agendas will be modified based on the concerns and priorities of the members. The DAG meeting 7 was on the 29<sup>nd</sup> but will be moved to be after PPS spring break, tentatively scheduled for April 5th.
  - I. DAG Meeting 1: October 26<sup>th</sup> 2017; Kick-off, orientation, budget, and expectations. DONE
  - II. DAG Meeting 2: November 7<sup>th</sup> 2017; Site and Budget. DONE
  - III. DAG Meeting 3: November 21<sup>st</sup> 2017; Faubion School tour.
  - IV. DAG Meeting 4: December 7th 2017; Plans, blocking activity, massing.
  - V. DAG Meeting 5: December 21<sup>st</sup> 2017; Updated plans, massing, eco updated, systems.
  - VI. DAG Meeting 6: March 8<sup>th</sup> 2018; Site, stormwater, site lighting, access, parking, fields.
  - VII. DAG Meeting 7: April 5th 2018; Building envelope and materials, LEED update.
- F. It was asked when the Demolition phasing would be made available and when demolition is planned to begin. The phasing plan will be made available once the contractor is selected. The demolition is scheduled to be bid by February.





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G. The results of the goals and objective activity was reviewed. This activity had the DAG members review four categories; Environment and Health, Flexibility, Learning Environments, and Identity. With in these categories were words that describe the priorities. See 'Goals and Objective Slide'. The DAG members were asked to circle five (5) words in each category that was their priority or to add a word that described it if needed. The results are shown in the slide 'Goals and Objective Results'.



Goals and Objective original slide.



Goals and Objective DAG Results slide



11/13/17

- H. A few of the questions from the DAG meeting 1 comment cards were review.
  - I. Can the building be reduced in height by placing part of the building underground? Answer: The classrooms need daylighting and going underground would eliminate that. (DF)
  - II. How do we connect minorities families and resources? Answer: Tamara explained her role for community out reached and the groups she has contacted and meet with.
  - III. It was mentioned by a community member that until the District map is finalized and feeder schools are determined, it is going to be difficult to get community members involved. They will care more if they know their kids will be going to Kellogg.
- I. The full list of questions and responses from the DAG 1 comment cards can be found in the 'DAG 1 Meeting Minutes'.



11/13/17

#### Item 2. Budget Alignment Update

- A. The budget for the new Kellogg middle school is \$32,000,000, the programming cost estimate has come in at \$32,920,668. This includes \$500,000 for offsite improvements, \$2,533,991 for demolition/salvage cost, along with an estimate contingency of \$2,766,657.
- B. The goal in Schematic Design is to reduce the scope by \$920,668. Options for this included reducing the building size, reducing the demolition salvage, and deductive options. (See Scope and Budget Update slide)

	PPS MIDDLE SCHOOL EDUCATIONAL SPECIFICATION School Square Footage Range	PROJECT NS BUDGET	POSSIBLE OUTCOMES \$/SF	
	100,412 SF Kellogg Space Program	\$32,920,668 Program Estimate	\$327.86/sf	
	Student Design Capacity: 675	Includes \$500,000 offsite improvements \$2,533,991 demolition costs \$1,843,855 site improvements \$28,042,822 building (279/sf) \$2,766,657 estimating contingency	Schematic Design (SD) Goals   - Reduce scope by \$920,668   - Reduce building area (3,300 sf)   Example (980 sf computer lab)   - Provide deductive options at SD   - Reduce demolition salvage	
S PPS		KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL PORTLANDPUBLICSCHOOLS DAG 1 - October 24, 2017	Oh 1	2

# Project Scope & Budget Update

Project Scope and Budget Update slide



11/13/17

#### Item 3. Kellogg Programming Report

- A. The programming phase is completed and the schematic design phase is beginning. The programing phase reviewed the learning spaces with the focus groups. These spaces were;
  - I. Learning spaces contributing to the 675 capacity.
    - 22 Standard classrooms.
    - 5 Science classrooms.
    - 1 ESL classroom
    - 2 Gym classes in the gymnasium
  - II. Non-capacity contributing instructional spaces include;
    - 6 Exploratory learning spaces.
    - 1 Music room.
    - 1 Dance room.
    - 1 Art room
    - 1 STEAM / Maker Space lab
    - 1 SPED learning center.
    - 1 SPED intensive skills .
    - 3 SPED sensory support rooms.
    - 1 Media center
    - 1 Cafeteria / Commons
- B. The programming report will be made available at the next DAG meeting.



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Learning Spaces Slide



Learning Suites Slide



11/13/17

Item 4. Site VR Tour

A. A virtual reality (VR) tour of the site was shown to the DAG members giving a better perspective of the site and potential building scale.

Item 5. Site Planning Activity and Results.

A. DAG members were divided into 4 tables. At the table was a scaled site plan and building blocks, representing each of the building program elements. (See Activity Site Plan slide) The teams were tasked with arranging the program blocks on the site and to note the challenges and opportunities they discover. Attached to the meeting minutes is the 'Site Plan Activity memorandum' with the results of the activity.





- B. DAG Concerns based on the Site Activity:
  - All program spaces want to be on the first floor to have direct access as an important part of the curriculum, but that is not possible
  - Mechanical space takes up too much space. Can it be moved to the roof or underground? Can smaller or split systems be looked at?
  - Security on the site after school hours, especially the back space and other visually isolated areas.
  - Noise from deliveries and trash will impact neighbors. What can be done to minimize that?
  - Keep outdoor play and teaching spaces separate from dumpsters and deliveries.
  - Intrigued by building higher, but it needs to be clear what the extra site space would be used for.
  - How do we maintain solar access in courtyard spaces so they are welcoming and usable by cafeteria, library,
  - art and maker spaces?
  - Traffic on Powell.



11/13/17

- C. DAG Site Opportunities based on the Site Activity:
  - Can covered play area go on the roof and be active play spaces? This would free up site space and provide access to green roof spaces.
  - Move mechanical spaces to roof to free up space in the building.
  - Can Art and Maker spaces be on the top floor to provide great natural light and access to outdoor patios?
  - Critical adjacencies of program spaces can create great opportunities
  - Learning Center and Life Skills need to be integrated into the heart of the school, not separated spaces.
  - Media center between classroom wings can act as a central common space
  - Pedestrian and bicycle access from Franklin to provide safe route to school, away from bus and car traffic on 69th.
- Item 6. Questions and Comments.
  - A. Comment Cards were distributed to the DAG members.
  - B. It was suggested that the DAG meeting agendas be sent to the Chair and Co-Chair before the meeting for their input and review.
  - C. The DAG members wanted to know what the original feeder schools for Kellogg were. These were; Creston, Arleta, Bridger, Youngson (which is now Pioneer Program Grades 5-9), Woodstock, Atkinson, and Marysville.
- Item 7. Action Items
  - A. The Next meeting is November 21 at Faubion School, 2930 NE Dekum St.
  - B. Once the Programming Report has been approved it will be made available to the DAG members.

END OF MEETING MINUTES



Architecture Planning

Design LEED Consulting



# Oh

#### OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

### MEMORANDUM

<u>Oh Project Number:</u> Project Name:	90031 Kellogg Middle School
To:	
Date:	11/09/2017
Subject: Prepared by: Distribution:	DAG #2 Site Design Summary Colin McNamara

The purpose of this memorandum is to provide a summary of the Site Planning exercise outcomes from the DAG #2 Meeting on 11/7/17. During the meeting, DAG members were divided into 4 tables. Each table was provided with a scaled site plan and building blocks, representing each of the building program elements. The teams were tasked with arranging the program blocks on the site, within a few parameters provided.

The following images are the final blocking layouts developed by each of the teams.

#### Group 1



Group 1: Overall Scheme (3-Story)



Group 1: Upper Level Mechanical Removed to Show Second Floor



Group 1: Second Floor Media and Art Removed to Show Ground Floor



Kellogg Middle School Page 2

## Group 2





Group 2: Overall Scheme (3-Story)

#### Group 3



Group 3: Overall Scheme (3-Story)

Group 2: Upper Mechanical and Community Spaces Removed to show Ground Floor Spaces



Group 3: Upper Level Commons and Kitchen Removed to Show Ground Floor



Kellogg Middle School Page 3

#### Group 4



Challenges and Opportunities they discovered through the process.

Following the design exercise, each group shared their findings with the overall DAG, focusing on the Site

#### Site Challenges:

- All program spaces want to be on the first floor to have direct access as an important part of the curriculum, but that is not possible
- Mechanical space takes up too much space. Can it be moved to the roof or underground? Can smaller or split systems be looked at?
- Security on the site after school hours, especially the back space and other visually isolated areas. How do we make sure those spaces are safe and undesirables are kept out?
- Noise from deliveries and trash will impact neighbors. What can be done to minimize that?
- Keep outdoor play and teaching spaces separate from dumpsters and deliveries.
- Intrigued by building higher, but it needs to be clear what the extra site space would be used for.
- How do we maintain solar access in courtyard spaces so they are welcoming and usable by cafeteria, library, art and maker spaces?
- Traffic on Powell.



Kellogg Middle School Page 4

#### Site Opportunities

- Can covered play area go on the roof and be active play spaces? This would free up site space and provide access to green roof spaces.
- Move mechanical spaces to roof to free up space in the building.
- Can Art and Maker spaces be on the top floor to provide great natural light and access to outdoor patios?
- Critical adjacencies of program spaces can create great opportunities
- Learning Center and Life Skills need to be integrated into the heart of the school, not separated spaces.
- Media center between classroom wings can act as a central common space
- Pedestrian and bicycle access from Franklin to provide safe route to school, away from bus and car traffic on 69th.



11/20/17





# **END OF DOCUMENT**

MIDDLE SCHOOL PROGRAM						
Preferred: spaces preferred but not required or applied to area program total				Proposed	Proposed	Proposed
AREA	Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total	Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total
CLASSROOMS <sup>2</sup>						
Classrooms <sup>3</sup>	22	980	21,560	22	980	21,560
ESL classroom <sup>4</sup>	1	900	900	1	900	900
ESL Classroom - Scope Add	0	0	0	1	80	80
Science Classrooms	5	1,300	6,500	5	1300	6,500
Science Prep	1	150	150	1	150	150
Science Storage (chemical storage optional)	1	64	64	1	64	64
Science Prep - Scope Add				2	150	300
Science Storage (chemical storage optional) - Scope Add				2	64	128
Extended Learning Area <sup>5</sup>	6	1,000	6,000	6	1000	6,000
Student Lockers (grades 6, 7, & 8) 225 students <sup>6</sup>	1	190	190	3	190	570
Conference Room	1	200	200	1	200	200
Required			29,364			29,744
Preferred			6,200			6,200
Scope Add			0			508
Subtotal required + preferred + scope add			35.564			36.452

Notes:

<sup>1</sup> Planning capacity for Middle School program is 675 students with a maximum of three sections of students at each grade level.

Consult PPS Long Range Facilities Plan for determination student capacity for each instructional space.

<sup>2</sup> "Specialist" classroom functions such as Title I, Reading, and Math to be accommodated in "Extended Learning" areas

<sup>3</sup> Self-contained classrooms that deliver science curriculum for grades 6-8 need to be large enough to provide the additional sinks,

outlets, eyewash and work space needs sufficient for a minimum of 32 students in a science classroom

 $^{\rm 4}$  Room should be divisible into two smaller classrooms

<sup>5</sup> One Commons/Extended Learning Area @ 1,500 SF required per classroom type (grades 6,7,8). Two per classroom type @ 1,000 SF preferred

<sup>6</sup> Lockers can be full height; half height lockers should be stacked.

#### MIDDLE SCHOOL PROGRAM

Preferred: spaces preferred but not required or applied to area program total				Proposed	Proposed	Proposed
AREA	Quantity			Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total
EXPLORATORY						
Music (Band & Choir) Room <sup>7,8</sup>	1	1,400	1,400	1	1400	1,400
Music Office	1	120	120	1	120	120
Art	1	1,200	1,200	1	1200	1,200
Art Storage	1	120	120	1	120	120
Computer Lab	1	980	980	1	980	980
STEAM Lab <sup>9</sup>				1	1200	1,200
Practice Rooms				C	) 0	0
Kiln Room				1	100	100
Student Project Storage				C	) 0	0
Dance <sup>10</sup>				1	980	980
Music, instrument, uniform storage	1	120	120	1	120	120
Required			3,820			3,820
Preferred			2,700			2,400
Subtotal required + preferred			6,520			6,220
Media/Technologi	4	1 650	1 650		4650	4 650
Media Werkroom (text beek/media storage)	1	1,000	1,050	1	200	200
Conference (Small Crown Study	1	200	200		200	200
Media Office	1	100	200			200
Media Center		1 550	100	1	1550	1 550
		1,550	1,000		1550	1,550
Required			2,050			2,050
Preferred			1,650			1,550
Subtotal required + preferred			3,700			3,600

Notes:

<sup>7</sup> Music Room with stage may be elevated 18 inches above adjacent cafeteria; separate with acoustic/operable wall that opens to cafeteria; stage to provide space for dance (or dance floor storage) if not provided elsewhere

<sup>8</sup> Music room should incorporate instrument storage if not built separately

<sup>9</sup> Science Technology Engineering Arts and Math (STEAM) lab equipped to accommodate science curriculum as well as fabrication and maker space activities

<sup>10</sup> Dance optional unless it is part of core program; can be located as pull out floor under stage/music room if it opens to cafeteria

<sup>11</sup> 1,650 SF Media Center required; 3,200 SF preferred

MIDDL							
Preferre	d: spaces preferred but not required or applied to area program total				Proposed	Proposed	Proposed
AREA		Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total	Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total
PHYSIC	AL EDUCATION/ATHLETICS						
	Gym (main) seating for 750 person assembly	1	6,800	6,800	1	6800	6,800
	Covered Play Area *	1	4,000	4,000	1	4000	4,000
	PE Storage	2	200	400	2	2 200	400
	Club Storage	3	80	240	3	8 80	240
	PE Office <sup>12</sup>	1	120	120	1	l 120	120
	Boy's Locker Room <sup>13</sup>	1	800	800	1	I 800	800
	Girl's Locker Room <sup>13</sup>	1	800	800	1	I 800	800
	Table/Chair Storage - Scope Add	0	0	0	1	200	200
	Required			13,160			13,160
	Scope Add			0			200
	Subtotal required + scope add			13,160			13,360
	STRATION						
	Reception/Secretary	1	450	450	1	450	450
	Health Room/Toilet	1	200	200	1	200	200
	Principal's Office <sup>14</sup>	1	180	180	1	180	180
	Assistant Principal's Office 15	1	120	120	1	l 120	120
	Workroom/Mail	1	350	350	1	350	350
	Staff Room	1	500	500	1	500	500
	Conference Room <sup>16</sup>	1	180	180	1	200	200
	Restroom 17	2	45	90	2	2 64	128
	Lost & Found	1	50	50	1	50	50
	Flex Office		120	120	(	) 0	0
	Secure Storage/Records <sup>18</sup>	1	150	150	1	150	150
	Required			2,120			2,178
	Preferred			270			150
	Subtotal required + preferred			2,390			2,328

#### Notes:

<sup>12</sup> 120 SF PE Office required; 200 SF office with shower preferred

 $^{\rm 13}$  800 SF Locker Rooms required; 1,200 SF preferred; locker room showers are optional

<sup>14</sup> 180 SF Principal's Office required; 200 SF preferred

<sup>15</sup> 120 SF Assistant Principal's Office required; 150 SF preferred

<sup>16</sup> 180 SF Conference Room required; 200 SF preferred

<sup>17</sup> 45 SF single user, gender neutral restrooms required; 64 SF preferred.

<sup>18</sup> Secure Storage/Records optional only if records securely stored in administration

MIDDLE SCHC	OL PROGRAM <sup>1</sup>						
Preferred: spaces	preferred but not required or applied to area program tota	l			Proposed	Proposed	Proposed
AREA		Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total	Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total
COUNSELING							
Counseld	r's Office	2	120	240	2	120	240
Record S	torage	1	100	100	1	100	100
Mediation	/Tutorial Room	1	120	120	1	120	120
Conferen	ce Room		200	200	1	200	200
				(00			400
Required				460			460
Preferred				200			200
Subtotal	required + preferred			660			660

Preferred: spaces preferred but not required or applied to area program total				Proposed	Proposed	Proposed
AREA	Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total	Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total
SPECIAL EDUCATION						
Learning Center <sup>19</sup>	1	800	800	1	800	800
Learning Center - Scope Add	0	0	0	1	180	180
Itinerant Offices (Psych/Speech Path/Flex Office) <sup>20</sup>	3	80	240	3	80	240
Offices - Scope Add	0	0	0	3	70	210
Special Needs Toilet	1	120	120	1	120	120
Sensory Support Room			150	1	150	150
Intensive Skills Room <sup>21</sup>	1	980	980	1	980	980
Required			1,160			1,160
			1,130			1,130
Scope Add			0			390
Subtotal required + preferred + scope add			2,290			2,680
COMMUNITY SUPPORT						
Parent/Volunteer Room	1	200	200	1	200	200
Parent/Family/Community Resource Room	1	800	800	1	800	800
Parent/Family/Community Resource Room - Scope Add	0	0	0	1	120	120
Parent/Family Resource Offices 22	1	120	120	1	120	120
Required			1,120			1,120
Scope Add			0			120
Subtotal required + scope add			1,120			1,240
Notes:						

<sup>19</sup> Number of Learning Centers dependent on SPED population within school; One 800 SF Learning Center required; additional Learning

Centers may be smaller, min. of 600 SF

 $^{\rm 20}$  Three 80 SF Itinerant Office required; three offices at 120 SF preferred

<sup>21</sup> Need for Intensive Skills room dependent on the needs of the student population

 $^{\rm 22}$  One 120 SF Parent/Family Resource Office required; two 120 SF offices preferred

MIDDL	E SCHOOL PROGRAM						
Preferre	d: spaces preferred but not required or applied to area program total				Proposed	Proposed	Proposed
AREA		Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total	Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total
CAFETI	ERIA/COMMONS						
	Cafeteria 23	1	4,250	4,250	1	4250	4,250
	Cafeteria - Scope Add	0	0	0	1	1580	1,580
	Kitchen	1	800	800	1	800	800
	Dishwashing <sup>24</sup>	1	250	250	1	250	250
	Kitchen Freezer/Cooler <sup>25</sup>	0	140	0	C	140	0
	Kitchen Office Alcove <sup>26</sup>	1	60	60	1	60	60
	Servery 27	1	900	900	1	900	900
	Servery - Scope Add	0	0	0	1	315	315
	Kitchen Staff Lockers 28	1	20	20	1	20	20
	Kitchen Restroom <sup>29</sup>	1	45	45	1	45	45
	Table/Chair Storage	1	200	200	1	200	200
	Kitchen Storage	1	150	150	1	150	150
				1,000	0	0	0
	Stage Storage <sup>31</sup>			200	0	0	0
	Cafeteria			250	1	250	250
	Kitchen Staff Lockers			80	1	80	80
	Restroom	1	19	19	1	19	19
	Required			6,675			6,675
	Preferred			1,549			349
	Scope Add			0			1,895
	Subtotal required + preferred + scope add			8,224			8,919

Notes:

<sup>23</sup> 4,500 SF Cafeteria preferred; three lunch periods allowed; two lunch periods preferred when scheduling allows

 $^{\rm 24}$  Separate dishwashing area not required if kitchen over 1,000 SF

<sup>25</sup> Separate freezer/cooler area not required if installed in kitchen and kitchen is over 800 SF

 $^{\rm 26}$  60 SF Kitchen Office Alcove required; 100 SF preferred

27 Smaller servery allowed if more than two lunches served

 $^{\rm 28}$  20 SF for staff lockers required; 100 SF preferred

<sup>29</sup> 45 SF single user, gender neutral Kitchen Restroom required; 64 SF preferred

<sup>30</sup> Music room to double as stage is preferred; Music Room and stage should have close proximity to cafeteria to allow space for spectators

<sup>31</sup> For tables and chairs to support stage function. For installation of stage adjacent cafeteria only: preferred in/adjacent to cafeteria; alternatively install adjacent to music room if it includes a stage function.

Preferred: spaces preferred but not required or applied to area program total				Proposed	Proposed	Proposed
	Quantity			Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total
BUILDING SUPPORT						
Restrooms 32	6	45	270	6	i 45	270
Toilets - Boys <sup>33</sup>	3	200	600	3	200	600
Toilets - Girls 33	3	200	600	3	200	600
Custodial Rooms 34	4	100	400	4	100	400
Custodial Office/Lockers 35	1	150	150	1	150	150
Materials Storage <sup>36</sup>	1	350	350	1	350	350
Custodial Storage (Just-in-Time) <sup>37</sup>	1	350	350	1	350	350
Building Storage/Receiving 38	1	650	650	1	650	650
MDF Room <sup>39</sup>	1	160	160	1	160	160
IDF Rooms 40	3	80	240	3	80	240
Electrical Room <sup>41</sup>	1	180	180	1	180	180
Central Mechanical Room 42	1	600	600	1	600	600
Corridors 44	Variable					
				1	200	200
Custodial Work Area				1	180	180
Outdoor Equipment Storage				1	200	200
MDF Rooms				1	20	20
IDF Rooms				3	20	60
Electrical Room				1	20	20
Central Mechanical Room				1	200	200
Concessions	1	100	100	C	0 0	0
Required			4,550			4,550
Preferred			980			880
Subtotal Required + Preferred			5,530			5,430

<sup>32</sup> Six 45 SF gender neutral restrooms required; six 64 SF restrooms preferred. Provide at least one gender neutral restroom on each floor and near gym facilities. Also ensure at least one gender inclusive and one accessible restroom are included within each area to be accessed outside activate accessible hours.

accessed outside regular school hours. <sup>33</sup> Three 200 SF toilet rooms for boys and girls for grades 6-8 required or as required by applicable plumbing code

- <sup>34</sup> Four 100 SF Custodial Rooms required; Five 100 SF rooms preferred
- <sup>35</sup> 150 SF Custodial Office/Lockers required; 180 SF preferred
- <sup>36</sup> 350 SF Materials Storage required; 400 SF preferred
- 37 350 SF Custodial Storage required; 400 SF preferred
- <sup>38</sup> 650 SF Building Storage/Receiving required; 800 SF preferred
- <sup>39</sup> 160 SF MDF Room required; 180 SF preferred
- <sup>40</sup> Three 80 SF IDF Rooms required; three 100 SF rooms preferred
- <sup>41</sup> One 180 SF Electrical Room required; 200 SF preferred
- <sup>42</sup> One 600 SF Central Mechanical Room required; 800 SF preferred
- <sup>43</sup> Can be located outside building if site conditions allow; inside building preferred
- 44 See Corridor Characteristics

MIDD	LE SCHOOL PROGRAM <sup>1</sup>						
Preferre	ed: spaces preferred but not required or applied to area program total				Proposed	Proposed	Proposed
AREA		Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total	Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total
сомм	UNITY & PARTNER USES						
	Partner Program Office	1	150	150	1	150	) 150
	Partner Program Office - Scope Add	1	150	150	1	150	) 150
	Pantry <sup>45</sup>	1	200	200	1	200	) 200
	Clothes Closet	1	120	120	C	) 0	) 0
	Partner Program Storage / Office - Scope Add	0	0	0	4	88	350
	Laundry Room - Scope Add	0	0	0	1	100	) 100
	After school instruction <sup>46</sup>	2	500	1,000	C	) C	) <b>O</b>
	Required			620			350
	Preferred			1,000			0
	Scope Add			0			600
	Subtotal required + preferred + scope add			1,000			950

				Burnet
		Proposed	Proposed	Proposed
Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total Quantity	S.F. Room	S.F. Total
		65,099		65,267
		15,679		12,859
		0		3,713
		76,778		77,839
		22,266		22,573
		99,044		100,412
	tal Quantity	tal Quantity S.F. Room	tal Proposed Quantity S.F. Room S.F. Total Quantity 65,099 15,679 0 76,778 22,266 99,044	tal Proposed Proposed Quantity S.F. Room S.F. Total Quantity S.F. Room 65,099 15,679 0 76,778 22,266 99,044

Notes:

45 200 SF Pantry required; 300 SF preferred

<sup>46</sup> Number of after school instructional spaces to be determined in conjunction with program provider and PPS Facilities and Asset Management

<sup>47</sup> Gross area includes walls, corridors and circulation areas; 29% net to gross for new construction; ratio for modernization projects will vary depending on extent of work


KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT 11/20/17

# **1.2 Program Analysis**

#### The Middle School Curriculum Framework

The PPS Middle School Framework dated April 17, 2017 combined with the PPS Middle School Educational Specifications was used as the basis for the programming of the new Kellogg Middle School

PPS will be using Kellogg School, not only as a cornerstone for all future middle school development and construction projects, but as a way to set into motion a modern, active learning based classroom curriculum. PPS places importance on all aspects of the classroom, including: demonstration equipment, classroom acoustics, and community involvement. In looking at the PPS curriculum, it is most important in the Programming phase to look at preferred classroom size and teacher preferences, so as to allot the proper square footages in alignment with PPS goals.

#### **Square Footage Requirements**

#### **Capacity Calculations**

The planning capacity for Kellogg Middle School based on the PPS Educational Specifications is 675 students. The typical PPS classroom is 980 square feet for 30 students (33 square feet per student). Using the long range facility plan utilization rate of 75% and 30 classroom spaces with a capacity of 30 students, the 675 student enrollment is achieved.



The minimum capacity of 600 students considers only the 27 classrooms with a capacity of 30 students and the utilization rate of 75%



<ul><li>1.1 Project Intent</li><li>1.2 Program Analysis</li><li>1.3 Evidence Based Design and Active Learning</li><li>1.4 LEED and Sustainability</li></ul>	EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	1
	SITE AND MASTER PLAN	2
	SPACE PROGRAM	3
	LEED AND SUSTAINABILITY	4
	APPENDIX	5



The maximum capacity of 810 students is reached by calculating the 6 Extended Learning spaces as 6 general classrooms with a 30 student per classroom capacity. When the school capacity is increased, shared spaces such as the cafeteria, servery, kitchen, and assembly spaces must be designed to meet the needs of an increased student enrollment.



#### **Educational Specifications**

PPS has developed an Educational Specification baseline that discusses the interrelationships of spaces, overriding themes and values, and specific room requirements expected for development of all new educational facilities. These Educational Specifications, in relationship with the project budget, develop the most comprehensive program that aligns PPS square footage requirements with realistic goals.

#### **Kellogg Space Program**

The following major spatial designations, based on input from PPS Educational Specifications, focus groups, and stakeholders, have been determined as requirements for Kellogg Middle School, and are defined in greater detail in Part 3:

- Classrooms: 36,452 SF
- Exploratory: 6,220 SF
- Media/Technology: 3,600 SF
- Athletics: 9,360 SF
- Administration: 2,328 SF
- Counselling: 660 SF
- Special Education: 2,680 SF
- Community Support: 1,240 SF
- Cafeteria/Commons: 8,919 SF
- Community/Partner: 950 SF
- Building Support: 5,430 SF
- Circulation: 22,573 SF

TOTAL KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL PROGRAM GROSS AREA: 100,412 SF



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL PORTLAND PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT 11/20/17

2.1 Zoning and Neighborhood

# 2.2 Preferred Site Plan

The preferred site layout aligns the bus loop, visitor and staff parking, and bike parking along the west property line. The organization of the transportation zone separates the buses from car traffic which allows students to safely access the buses or the parent drop off in the parking lot. The north-south orientation of the bus loop increases student safety by preventing students from ever crossing in front of or between buses. The creation of a vertical transportation zone allows greater connection between the school's gymnasium and the covered play area and outdoor fields to the north. This allows the students to walk out of the gym to the covered play or the fields without crossing any vehicle drives. This direct connection creates a waiting area either inside the gymnasium or under the covered play area for students during bad weather.



#### KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT PLAN

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGE																					
						DI	E C R E	ASIN	GLE	VEL	OFF	PUBLI	C 1	MPAG	СТ						$\checkmark$
			2	017				2018				_		2019					2020		
			PLANNING		SCI	HEMATIC DESIGN		DESIGN DE	VELOPMENT		TR DOCS	PERMIT	TING			со	NSTRUCT	ION	2020		
			Sep Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan Feb	Mar	Apr	May Jun Ju	ıl Aug Sep	Oct Nov De	: Jan Feb Mar	Apr May	Jun Jul A	lug Sep Oct	Nov Dec Jan	Feb Mar	Apr May J	un Jul Aug	Sep Oct No	v Dec
PPS Department	PPS Sub-Department	Meeting Intent	1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4	1234	1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4 1 2	2 3 4 1	2 3 4													
	Maintenance - Mechanical	Focus Group Meeting	x																		
	Maintenance - Electrical	Focus Group Meeting	х																		
	Maintenance - Low Voltage/Alarms	Focus Group Meeting			х																
	Maintenance - Kilns	Focus Group Meeting			х																
	Maintenance - Plumbing	Focus Group Meeting	х																		
	Energy Management	Focus Group Meeting	х																		
	Facilities and Operations Managers	Focus Group Meeting	x																		
	Maintenance - Grounds	Focus Group Meeting	x																		
Operations	Maintenance - Multi-Craft	Focus Group Meeting	x																		
	Maintenance - Door Hardware	Focus Group Meeting			х																
	Nutrition Service	Focus Group Meeting	x																		
	Security	Focus Group Meeting	х																		
	Student Transportation	Focus Group Meeting	x																		
	All PPS Operations Focus Groups	Design Review				x			x		x										
	All PPS Operations Focus Groups	Quarterly Updates			х	x		х	>	<	х	x	х	x	х	x		x	x	x	
	All PPS Operations Focus Groups	Closeout																			x
	Maintenance - Construction Phase	Monthly Site Walks												x x	x x x	x x x	X X	x x	x x x	x x	
	IT - Technical Operations	Focus Group Meeting	x																		
	IT - Systems Development and Integration	Focus Group Meeting	x																		
Strategic Office	IT - Client Services and Partnerships	Focus Group Meeting	x																		
-	All PPS IT Focus Groups	Design Review				x			x		x										
	All PPS IT Focus Groups	Quarterly Updates			х	x		х	>	<	x	x	х	x	х	x		x	x	x	
	All PPS IT Focus Groups	Closeout																			x
Public Involvement		DAG Meetings	x	x x x	хх			x x													
CIPA		Regular OSM Meetings							Se	e Regular (	DSM Meetin	ngs									
Finance		Regular OSM Meetings							Se	e Regular (	JSM Meeti	ngs		1							
	Office of Teaching and Learning	Regular Meetings	* * * * * * *		x	x x x x x x	< x x x	x x	x x >		x	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	
	TOSA - Science	Focus Group Meeting		x																	
	TOSA - Math	Focus Group Meeting		x																	
	TOSA - Visual Arts	Focus Group Meeting		X																	
	TOSA - Performing Arts	Focus Group Meeting		X																	
	TOSA - Music	Focus Group Meeting		X																	
		Focus Group Meeting		^	v																
Office of Teaching and	TOSA - Reality FE	Focus Group Meeting			x v																
Learning	Athlotics	Focus Group Meeting	×		^																
-	Special Education	Focus Group Meeting	×		v																
		Focus Group Meeting	Ŷ		^																
	English Language Learners	Focus Group Meeting	×																		
	Maker Snares	Focus Group Meeting	×		v																
	CTE	Focus Group Meeting	~		v																
	All PPS OTL Focus Groups	Design Review			~	x			x		x										
	All PPS OTL Focus Groups	Ouarterly Undates		x		x		×	Â	(	x	x	×	×	Y	×		x	x	x	
	All PPS OTL Focus Groups	Closeout						^							^	^					x
	SUN	Focus Group Meeting			x																
	Vermont Hills Family Life Center	Focus Group Meeting			х																
Performance	All PPS OSP Focus Groups	Focus Group Meeting Design Review			х	v			Y		x										
	All PPS OSP Focus Groups	Quarterly Updates			x	x		x	^ >	<	x	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	

#### Kellogg Middle School **Out Reach Contacts** Tamara DeRidder, AICP, Principal TDR & Associates Period: Sept. 26 - Nov. 14, 2017

Date	Name	Organization	Contact Info	Description	Next Steps Phone	e	Address	Zip	Alt. Email
Sept. 26	Tory Campbell	Prosper Portland	campbellt@prosperportland.us	Sm. Business Resource	<u> </u>		•	•	·
Sept. 26	Duncan Hwang	APANO	duncan@apano.org	Assoc. Director	Contact				
09/26-10/10	Emma Darden	APANO	emmadarden@gmail.com	Volunteer	Contacted				
Oct. 2-10	Benjamin Kerensa	Montivilla NA	benjamin@montavillapdx.org	Chair	Contacted				
Oct. 2-10	Jonnie Shaver	Montivilla NA	jonnie@montavillapdx.org	former Chair	Contacted				
Oct. 2-10		Mt Tabor	contact.MTNA@gmail.com		Contacted				
	Laura Smith	Mt Tabor		Chair?					
Oct.2-10	Duane Hanson	South Tabor	duanehanson1122@hotmail.com	Chair	Mtg. Nov. 16th				
Oct. 2-12	John Carr	South Tabor	jcarrpdx@gmail.com	Land Use Chair	Spoke 10/4				
Oct. 2	George Kepnick	South Tabor	gkepnick@gmail.com	Communications Chair	Contacted				
Oct. 2-10	Brian Balla	Foster-Powell	brianballa@gmail.com	Chair	Keep Updated				
Oct. 2-10	Aron Goffin	Foster-Powell	arongoffin@gmail.com	Y. & Family Outreach	Meeting Nov. 13				
Oct. 2-10	Shawn Morgan	Foster-Powell	mrshawnmorgan@yahoo.com	Land Use Chair	Called 10/5				
Oct. 2	Seth Gallant	Foster-Powell		Transportation coChair					
Oct. 2	Cory Solovewics	Foster-Powell		Transportation coChair?					
Oct. 2-10	Matthew Mičetić	Foster	matthew@redcastlegames.com Allen Rowand	BA President	Wants Updates		PO Box 86775	97286-0775	Dane Fredericks < Dane@ventureportland.org>
Oct. 2-12	Allen Rowand	Foster Area BA	<allen@graydogdigital.com></allen@graydogdigital.com>	BA Vice President	Contacted				
									Duncan Hwang <duncan@apano.org>, Linh</duncan@apano.org>
					Called Linh				Doan <linh@apano.org> - phone (713) 498-356</linh@apano.org>
Oct. 2-Nov 8	Linh Doan	APANO	linh@apano.org	Community Coordinator	Doan 10/6 W: (9	71) 340-4866	2738 SE 82nd Ave Suite 203B	97266	,Joseff Santos-Lyons-President
Oct. 2-10	Stephan Rice	Montivilla-E.Tabor	montavilla.biz@gmail.com	<b>Business Association</b>	Contacted		PO Box 33342	97292	
									Joel Cisneros <joel@latnet.org> School Based</joel@latnet.org>
Oct. 3-Nov.14	Carmen Rubio	Latino Network	carmen@latnet.org	Exec. Director	Contacted (503)	283-6881 ex.11	410 NE 18th Ave Portland, OR 9	7232	Prog. Dir
Nov. 8	Alice Perry	Latino Network	Alice@latnet.org	Comm. Engagement	Contacted				
Oct. 18	Lupe Campos	Latino Network	Lupe@Latnet.org	Comm. Ed. Worker					
Nov. 10	Justina Romo	Latino Network	justina@latnet.org	Volunteer coord.	Contacted				
Nov. 14	Ana Munoz	Latino Network	ana@latnet.org	Family Engage. Mgr.	Contacted				
			https://www.facebook.com/latnet						
Oct. 11	Facebook	Latino Network	/		Contacted				
Oct. 3		East European Coal.	http://eecnorthamerica.org/		Contacted				
			https://www.facebook.com/emml						
Oct.3-13		Emanuel Slavic Church	ive/		Contacted				Emmanuel Slavic Church <info@emmlive.com></info@emmlive.com>
Oct. 13	Andrey Kolesknikov	Emmanual Slavic Church	youth@emmlive.com		Contacted				
			marty.stockton@portlandoregon.						
Oct.3	Marty Stockton	BPS	gov	SE Liaison	Contacted				
Oct. 4-Nov.8	Mr. Thao Tu	VNCO	thaotvnco@gmail.com		Contacted				
	Ms. Lan Co Vuong								Mr. Thao Ta Duc <viceinternalaffair@vnco.org></viceinternalaffair@vnco.org>
	Ngoc (Lana Co)	VCNO	president@vnco.org	President	Contacted (503)	882-6921			(Mr. Thao Tu)
Oct. 4-10	Cora Potter	Lents	<pre>cora.potter@gmail.com</pre>	LU Chair	Contacted				
Oct. 5-10	Stephen Karmol	Wild Lilac School	wildlilac@wildlilac.org	Exec. Director	Contacted (503)	236-3240			
Oct. 5-10	Victoria Oglesbee	Holgate Library	victoria@multcolib.org	Librarian	Contacted (503)	988-5123			
Oct. 5-10	Richard Dickinson	Powell-Gilbert NA	pgnaboard@gmail.com	Chair	Contacted				Sarah Gitchell <sarahgitchell.pgna@gmail.com></sarahgitchell.pgna@gmail.com>
Oct. 5-11	Erik Matthews	Richmond	richmond.pdx.chair@gmail.com	Chair	Contacted				Matt Otis <richmond.pdx.lutc@gmail.com> Matthew Williams</richmond.pdx.lutc@gmail.com>
Oct. 5-11	Andrew Cecka	Mt Scott-Arleta	msanalandusechair@gmail.com	Chair	Contacted				<msanalandusechair@gmail.com></msanalandusechair@gmail.com>
Oct. 5-11	Rachel Davies	Creston-Kenilworth	daviesfamily@comcast.net	Chair	Contacted				Zachary Smith <zacksbox@gmail.com> Amber Swanson &amp; Ed Herrera</zacksbox@gmail.com>
Oct. 5-11	Elisa Edgington	Woodstock	chair@woodstockpdx.org	Co-Chair	Contacted				<info@woodstockpdx.org></info@woodstockpdx.org>
Oct. 5-11	Paul Lumley	NAYA-Generations	info@nayapdx.org	Exec. Director	Contacted (503)	719-6751	8510 SE Steele Street	97266	Oscar Arana <oscara@nayapdx.org></oscara@nayapdx.org>
Oct 8-11		Foster-Powell Parents	s/105242022874864/		Contacted				
000.011		· oster i oweni i urento	, 1001 10010, 1004/		contacted				

Website

ncan@apano.org>, Linh org> - phone (713) 498-3566 -President

http://www.vnco.org/ENGLISH/?page\_id=397

Oct. 8-11	Meg Ruby	Franklin HS parent	megruby@gmail.com		Contacted			
								Ana Meza <ana@rose< td=""></ana@rose<>
Oct. 8-11	Nick Sauvie	ROSE CDC E. Chamber of	Nick@rosecdc.org	Exec. Director	Contacted			Manager
Oct. 10-11	Brent Mason	Commerce	info@EastPortlandChamber.com	President	Contacted			
Oct. 10-17	Jessica Vega Pederson	Mult. Co. Board	District3@multco.us	Dist. 3 Commissioner	Contacted			
	-							Ana Del Rocio Vladerr <ana.valderrama@mi< td=""></ana.valderrama@mi<>
Oct. 17	Chris Fick	Multnomah County	chris.fick@multco.us	Pederson Chief of Staff	Contacted	503-988-7047		Research Director
Oct. 10-11	Chris Baker	Ptners. Hunger-Free OR	chris@oregonhunger.org	Operations Suport Spec	Contacted		712 SE Hawthorne Blvd., Suite 202	Matt Newell-Ching <n< td=""></n<>
	Maija Anderson	Lents History?	maija.anderson@gmail.com anita@multiculturalcollaborative.	DAG applicant				
Oct. 12	Anita Yapp	Multi-Cultural Collab.	om	Founding Partner	Contacted			
			emily@multiculturalcollaborative.					
Oct. 12	Emily Bower	Multi-Cultural Collab.	com	Partner	Contacted			
Oct. 12	Jennifer Auge	Hasson Real Estate	augej@hasson.com	Broker	Contacted			
12-Oc	t Val Thorpe	Hasson Real Estate	thorpev@hasson.com	Broker	Contacted			
Oct. 12-16	Khanh Pham	APANO	khanh@apano.org	Man. Immigrant Org.	Contacted			
Oct. 13-Nov. 8	Michael Liu	Fubonn Market	info@fubonn.com	President & CEO	Contacted		2850 SE 82nd Avenue Suite #80	
		Fairplay Realty						
Oct. 13-16	Steven Vo	Investments	pdxhomesale@gmail.com	Realtor	Contacted	503.544.2422		
Oct. 12	Brett Schultz	ROSE CDC	brett@brettschulz.com	Volunteer	Contacted			
Oct. 12	Long Trong	RCPNA -LU & TC	noripigu.design@gmail.com	Vietnamese Volunteer	Contacted			
Oct. 13	Ed Gorman	RCPNA -LU & TC	gorman97213@gmail.com	Volunteer	Contacted			
Oct. 13	Calvin Nguyen	Our Lady of LaVang	cjnguyen5@gmail.com	Parish Council	Connected			
Oct. 13-17	Jacques Nguyen	Our Lady of LaVang	jacquesnhung@yahoo.com	Parish Council	Connected			
Oct. 13		New Beginnings Church	https://churchnn.org/	Website Blog	Connected		9715 SE Powell Blvd	
Oct. 13	Jamie Webster	ViVoce Choir	jamieL.webster@yahoo.com	Music Director	Connected			
			https://www.messenger.com/t/12	2				
Oct. 12-16	Timothy Ng	Oregon Realty	0431744662662	Chinese Realtor	Connected			
		Oriental Food Value	https://www.facebook.com/orien	t				
Oct. 13		Supermarket	alfoodvalue/	Asian Market	Connected		8303 SE Insley St.	
Oct. 16	Sophorn Cheang	IRCO	SophornC@irco.org jenny@coalitioncommunitiescolor	Civic Engagement	Connected			
Oct. 16-17	Jenny Lee	Coalition Comm. Of Colo	or.org	Leadership	Connected			
			https://www.facebook.com/ann.v	V				
17-Oc	t Ann Weatherell	Willamette University	etherell	Prof. Chinese	Connected			
				DirEarly Learning				
18-Oc	t Molly Day	United Way	MollyD@Unitedway-pdx.org	Multnomah	Contacted			
Oct. 18	Frances Sallah	United Way	francess@unitedway-pdx.org	E.L. Operations Policy Di	Contacted			
	Brooke Chilton-		brooke.chilton-					
Oct. 18	Timmons	SUN Schools Program	timmons@multco.us	Coordinator	Contacted			
Oct. 18	Lolita Broadous	SUN Schools Program	lolita.broadous@multco.us Victor.Salinas@portlandoregon.gc	Coordinator	Contacted			
Oct. 18	Victor Salinas	EPNO/ EPAP	V	Exec. Director	Contacted			
			Lore.Wintergreen@portlandorego	)				
Oct. 18	Lore Wintergreen	EPNO/ EPAP	n.gov	EPAP Coordinator	Contacted			
Nov. 8	Noelle Dobson	Metro	Noelle.Dobson@oregonmetro.gov	Division-Powell Coord.	Contacted			
			_					

secdc.org> - Youth Initiative

#### www//rosecdc.org

https://eastportlandchamberofcommerce.cor https://multco.us/commissioner-vega-peders

rama nultco.us> - Policy and

matt@oregonhunger.org>

# Kellogg Community Data Tables

Tamara DeRidder, AICP, Principal TDR & Associates

October 2 - Nov. 14, 2017

	Large Russian Community	Homeless Children Cleaning Facilities Nee	S. Tabor NA	Foster-Powell NA	APA
Take Aways	Significant Russian/Slavic Community in SE and Outer East Portland. Solicitations have occurred by contacting websites. Still have no contact. Oct 5 Victoria Oglesbee, librarian at Holgate Library, stated that one of their employees read on the Russian Radio. She would have her provide our outreach information on this radio program. Neighborhood Associations say this community is very insular and does not participate.	Both shower and laundry facilities made available to homeless school age children has been identified as a community need by City Commissioner Chloe Eudaly, as stated by the source. It is proposed that community 'centers' be designed to accommodate this use.	<u>Re Demo</u> : Mirror archways, keep concrete school name for new site, reuse interior wooden doors. <u>Community Involvement:</u> Reopening of Franklin HS BIG. With Kellogg MS this results in 2 new schools in one neighborhood - this is a lot. <u>Existing Kellogg MS site</u> : Used as a community park. Area otherwise park deficit. Lacross, basketball, and daily dog walking.	<u>Developments</u> : Up to 200 new apartment units proposed over the next couple of years in the area. 3- story Self Serve Storage 62nd and Powell. <u>Roadways:</u> Foster receiving new Street-Scape after 10 years of planning. Powell & 82nd need road improvements. Powell traffic moves extremely fast near Kellogg site. <u>Leads:</u> provided significant leads including Holgate Library contacts, NAYA Generations project, and Wild Lilac Charter school	Focu Cont Paci Larg Class the i and
Detail Descriptions	Southeast Portland is home to Kelly Elementary, which houses the Portland area's only Russian immersion program, launched with a federal grant. Almost half of Kelly's 570 students take part in immersion classes, which started in 2007 and are celebrating their 10 <sup>th</sup> anniversary. In some classrooms, Russian and American flags hang side by side. Signs, posters and student writing in Russian line the walls, including the big sign on one door, Dobro pozhalovat', or "welcome." In two years, the program will grow to cover the whole range of grades, up through senior year, and have its first high school graduates.	Need cleaning facilities for homeless school children. This is an issue that has come to light through my discussion with Emma Darden, APANO volunteer, who works closely with Commissioner Eudaly, who is calling for community action on this issue. There is a desperate need for 'community centers' that can provide access to laundry services and showers for school age homeless children. The issue is that these children do not want to attend school if they are forced to be embarrassed by arriving unwashed and wearing soiled clothes to class. Contact: <u>emmadarden@gmail.com</u>	Phone conversation with John Carr, LU Chair 10/4/2017 Re Demolition: Residents in the area refer to their High School, such as Youngson, and never discuss Kellogg MS in their school discussion. There may be interest in retaining archways, sections of structure that have school name, and salvages some of the interior wooden doors. Area activities: The reopening of Franklin HS was BIG for this area. Don't know any other neighborhood that is getting 2 new schools. Use of Kellogg MS space: Heavily used as a park space over the past 2 years. Lacross games, Basketball goals kept in good shape, dog walkers daily. There is a lack of park space in this area. It wil be good to get more use.	Conference call with Chair Brian Balla, Shawn Morgan LU Chair, and Aron. More contacts: Rose CDC, NAYA Generations housing complex, Foster Powell Facebook page, Middle School lead Willow(?Aron to provide contact info). Marysville, Wild Lilac Charter School. Developments: Self-Storage at 62-65 Powell, 72nd and Foster Reach affordable apartment dev., YMCA new/expanding at 58th and Foster to include apartment complex, Lents Town Center redevelopment. Different ethnicities: A few Russian stores along Foster, *Victoria Oglesbee* Holgate Librarian best info on community demographics. Library storytime different languages. Foster Streetscape: https://www.portlandoregon.gov/transportation/5786 6	Conf Enga role issue Forn with prop issue a sta com Busi scho
	Irina Blekhman, the assistant principal, moved to the U.S. from Russia more than 20 years ago. She explains how the program operates: About half the students are native Russian speakers and the rest are native to English. In kindergarten, 90 percent of instruction and activities take place in Russian and only 10 percent in English. The share of the schedule spent in Russian drops with each successive grade to two subjects in middle school and just one in high school. http://www.oregonlive.com/pacific-northwest- news/index.ssf/2017/06/welcome dobro_pozhalovathtml Source: Oregonian, Pacific NW News, Welcome Dobro pozhalovat' to the vast Russian community hidden in Portland, June 30, 2017		Kellogg MS parking: Do not see 35 parking spaces as being a problem at a middle school. A high school such as Franklin is a different matter as students drive as well. Developments & Traffic: A 3-story self storage is replacting Seven D's Nursery (60th and Powell Blvd.) WinCo came in as an anchor store near NE 82nd and Powell. Must navigate south to access - creating congestion. Powell Blvd. at Kellogg: Thinks there might be a signalized crossing at that location.	Roadway-Streets: BIG Foster streetscape to be implemented after 10 years of planning. Lack of improvements along Powell. Improvement really needed on 82nd. Businesses: Allan Rowens(Shawn to provide contact info). Kellogg used as park:Dogs there daily. Kerns is another park nearby but has no dog park space. More green space is needed. Traffic on Powell: People move FAST. Light at SE 68th coming from the north? Rapid-Flash Beacon at SE 72nd?( Check PBOT Powell Improvements)	Lang class Man Satu PPS Priva Chin spac Man Park folks Righ and Spar has I DAG

#### NO

us: Social Justice. No staff for DAG. tact works with Chinese and PPS families reach Resource: Excellent outlet for Asianfic parents and businesses information. <u>Re Number of Language Immersion</u> <u>ses:</u> eight language immersion classes in impact area. Growing need for Chinese Vietnamese class space.

ference call with Linh Doan, Community agement, and D. France 10/6/2017. Org.'s is social justice focused around different es. Her focus is duel immersion program. merly it was the Equity lens in education of Chinese and PPS families. Current posal to change PPS boundaries the big e right now. They have no capacity to put aff member on DAG. Encouraging omunity leaders active in PPS and inesses to participate. DAG timeline and pol construction schedule discussed.

guage Classes: PCC SE provides Chinese ses every Sunday. Harrison provides nderin classes for neighborhood families, nderin classes at Powell and 60th on urdays. Chinese preschool in Woodstock. looking for more Manderin class space. ate preschools in area for Vietnamese and nese. Vietnamese now looking for class ce for older children and parents. nderin classes said to be held at Rose City , which is outside the center of where s are located. Kellogg would be better. nt now Mt. Tabor has Japanese immersion there are 2 schools in the SE that have nish emmersion. Mr. Thao, with VNCO, mentioned his interest in serving on the

REACH Foster/72nd Development	YMCA - 6035 Foster	NAYA Generations - 8510 SE Steele St.	Powell Safety Improvements	ROSE CDC - 5215 SE Duke St., In Lents NA area	Updated PPS Park in Lents
		Focus: intergenerational community of stable	Illumination improvements to be made		
		housing for foster children, parents wishing to	at SE 71th at Powell Blvd (means		
		adopt, and community Elders. Coalition of	lighting? Crosswalk signal?). Needed:		
		Support: Broad, state-wide coalition of	School Flashing Beacon for Kellogg MS,	Provides critical support for housing, youth, and food access for the SE	
Housing and Services: Contains 108 affordable	Focus: Update childcare facilities, 54	support for this development. Housing: Units:	see	area. Elements of their Youth Support and SE Moble Food Truck programs	
housing units together with Asian Housing and	housing units, and mixed use	40 affordable housing units (38 units at 60%	https://www.portlandoregon.gov/trans	may match well as PPS Partnerships. See 2016 Annual Report & Sponsors:	The site has a league sized soccor field
Service Center located on the site.	commercial in 4-story structure	MFI, 2 units at 30% MFI)	portation/article/193010	https://rosecdc.org/docs/Annual%20Report%202016%20final-webSM.pdf	with new astro turf for year around play.
				Rental Housing: https://rosecdc.org/affordable-living/#Apartments Baby	
				Booster Program: https://rosecdc.org/babybooster/ Resident Asset	
				Program: https://rosecdc.org/resident-assets-2/ SE Mobile Food Bank:	
				https://rosecdc.org/se-mobile-food-bank/_A partnership between ROSE	
		Generations will be an intergenerational		CDC and Great Day Fellowship Church	
		community of stable housing for foster			
	The V Arts Conter at CO2C SE Fester	children, parents wishing to adopt, and		For 12 years, the "Food Truck" has met a critical need for low income	
	has been the subject of	that the Grand Opening of Congrations will		homes every month. Through a partnership with the Oregon Food Bank	
	radovelopment plans for close to	take place February 28, 2017th Jp		the Food Truck redictributes over 11 500 lbs of high quality perishable	
The vacant lot at SE 72nd and Easter is clated for	two years. In its simplest	hartparchip with Portland Public Schools an		food per month to low income families. The Food Truck plays the critical	
an affordable bousing development. The project	conception the plan is to rebuild	on-site Early Learning Academy will provide		role of nicking up and transporting weekly donations from Albertsons	Lents Park PPS Website
will bring 108 units of bousing to the PDC-owned	the VMCA childcare facility to more	education opportunity for youth age 0-5		Target Whole Foods Fred Meyers Pete's Coffee and others to take	https://www.portlandoregon.gov/parks/a
lot across the street from the Portland Mercado	modern specifications, while adding	community center styled after a Northwest		directly to BOSE CDC housing the Clackamas Service Center and	rticle/6/1855 Sent 21 Speak preview of
What appears to be a four-story development will	54 units of housing in a mixed-use	Native American Long House will provide	http://www.oregonmetro.gov/sites/def	emergency food boxes. This ministry beins provide over 79 000 meals	the new playeround:
also include 10.000 square feet of commercial	building that will rise four stories	supportive services in education, family	ault/files/Powell Safety and AT Map	each yearl	https://eastpdxnews.com/general-news-
space and resident services from Asian Health &	along Foster Road and three toward	workforce readiness, and a community health	v5.pdf - calls for 'illumination at SE 71 st		features/new-lents-park-playground-
Services Center (AHSC)	the rear near Holgate	clinic.	at Powell Blvd.	According to the Oregon Food Bank, "In Oregon, 270,000 people per	opens/
				The Lents Vouth Initiative (https://rosecdc.org/lents.vouth	
Here's a brief description of the project from				initiative/benefits our whole community using a three propagd	
REACH: "Designed as an intergenerational, mixed	-			approach: a) offer hands on leadership, education, and career	
use building, this project continues REACH's				development opportunities for underserved neighborhood youth b)	
commitment to partner with Asian Health &		NAYA is proud to partner in this effort with		increase the capacity of local organizations to complete projects that	
Service Center (AHSC) to address the un-met		Portland Public Schools and the City of		address issues of ecological and human health environmental justice	
housing needs of low-income households within		Portland. This partnership led Oregon		and equity c) increase social and environmental capital in the	
the most concentrated Asian American population		Governor John Kitzhaber to designate		neighborhood through LVI partnerships Rv creating a vehicle for	
in Oregon. 72Foster will include 108 housing units,		Generations as an "Oregon Solutions" project,	,	community groups to collaborate on projects and attracting youth to	
ranging from studios to 3- bedrooms, creating		bringing multi-sector organizations together		support those projects. I VI acts to focus, amplify and catalyze	
permanently affordable housing serving both		to collaborate on this project. An innovative		existing community improvement work while cultivating a new	
seniors and families, with rents affordable to		and inclusive planning process resulted in a		generation of environmental justice leaders in East Portland In the	
residents earning approximately 60% or less of		Declaration of Cooperation, signed in July		summer up to 20 summer interns are hired to lead projects and	
area Median Family Income (MFI), or less than		2014, by the partners, with Oregon		collectively contribute hundreds of hours to projects that benefit the	
\$31,000 for a single-person household. The		Department of Human Services, Oregon Child		neighborhood through community-based partnershing. Projects	
residential component will be combined with		Development Coalition, Oregon Housing and		include habitat restoration increasing community food access	
10,000 st of retail storefront to build on the		Community Services, Multhomah County,		sustainability awareness, community art projects, and youth lad	
success of Hacienda CDC's adjacent Portland		Lents Neighborhood Association, Capital		initiatives I VI continues to engage youth through monthly	
improvemente. Total prefect costs are estimated		Carloton Hart Architecture LNC Construction		annuatives. Let i continues to engage youth through monthly	
improvements. Total project costs are estimated		Logacy Health, and Social Venture Dortrant	,	and contribute to program planning	
to be approximately \$21.3 million.	1	Legacy meanin, and Social Venture Partners.		and conditione to program planning	

Summer Meals Program	Free Meal Access	Lents Town Center Now Open(!)	Powell Blvd - Safety, Econ. Dev.	Powell-Division Improvements	Port
Summer meals are provided during the months when children ar out of school, ages 0-18 years. Parents may eat at \$2 each. <u>Partnerships</u> : Cambia Health, https://oregonhunger.org/blog/cambia-health- solutions-partnerships-work-end-childhood- hunger, https://oregonhunger.org/blog/phfo- seeking-new-board-members	The closest location near Kellogg MS for individuals and families to obtain a free meal is Lents K-8, off of Powell Blvd. Partnership - Mult. Co Food Assistance Program: https://multco.us/food- assistance, Partners for a Hunger-Free Oregon: https://oregonhunger.org/	This is the City's newest Town center and it's edge is only blocks away from the Kellogg MS site. It is moving into its 4th year of its 5yr Action Plan. See Map: http://arcg.is/yXXje and http://www.arcgis.com/home/webmap/print.htm I Nearby investments see Pages 9-11 on Lents 5- Year Plan:http://prosperportland.us/wp- content/uploads/2016/07/Lents-Five-Year-Action- Plan.pdf Collaborate with Prosper Portland/PDS on infrastructure investments? Other?	e SE Powell isHigh Crash Corridor: 1 pedestrian fatality 2005-14 at 71st intersection. In same period car crashes at 68th and 69th. Collision with a bicycle during this period at SE 72nd and 2 car or crashes at SE 73rd. City adopts 2016-21 Powell Division Action Plan focused on housing and economic development-Looking for catalyst - projects. TriMet's Safety Conflict report map, linked below, shows a better comprehensive visual of the area from Kellogg School eastward.	Metro PowellDivision Corridor Strategy identifies 'illumination' improvements at SE71/72nd(ODOT). PBOT 2018 Powell Improvements: 61st: crosswalk striping and rapid d flashing beacons; & 79th: pedestrian refuge island, rapid flashing beacons, crosswalk striping	Map (http v/bp the l Blvd Hwy cons cont dens Dwe
They encourage their parents to come and eat with their kids as much as possible. "We charge \$2 for adult meals, and it's an unlimited salad bar". Sevice concludes annually at the end of August. Website: http://www.summerfoodoregon.org/. Map of the 2017 Summer Meal locations: https://www.portlandoregon.gov/parks/69873#S E	Food Access Map:http://multco.maps.arcgis.com/ap ps/webappviewer/index.html?id=6f41a dd90d0e42b8a6d7f85a1abc0d66, Mult. Co. Food for Families, Immigrants, and Refugees: https://multco.us/food- assistance/food-families-and- individuals	Since the formation of the Lents Town Center Urban Renewal Area in 1998, Prosper Portland has invested \$90 million in infrastructure, facilities, transportation, affordable housing, and business development, but actual transformation of the area lagged. Lents Five-Year Action Plan in early 2014, calling for focused investments that would have the greatest benefit and impact on existing residents and businesses. Map of the Town Center:http://prosperportland.us/wp- content/uploads/2016/07/Lents-Town-Center- Development-Projects-Map.pdf. Illustrations of the town center elements:http://prosperportland.us/wp- content/uploads/2016/07/Lents-Town-Center- Development-Projects.pdf	Portland Traffic Fatalities and Injuries: http://pdx.maps.arcgis.com/apps/MapSeries/index .html?appid=cf122cd3b4ef46f0ac496b2d61d554e9 More than half of the pedestrian crashes are occurring in dark conditions. This is similar to the citywide trend of pedestrian crashes occurring twice as often in dark conditions as auto and bike crashes. The City is in the process of upgrading existing street lighting to LED lights on SE Powell. See: https://www.portlandoregon.gov/transportation/a rticle/554260. Powell/Division City Action Plan: https://www.portlandoregon.gov/bps/article/5848 83 TriMet's Bike-Ped Safety conflict map on page 5:http://trimet.org/pdfs/pednetwork/area7- portland-se-powell-and-se-82nd.pdf	PBOT 2018 Funding: https://www.portlandoregon.gov/tra nsportation/61208 Metro PowellDivision Strategy: https://www.oregonmetro.gov/sites/ default/files/2017/07/26/PowellDivisi onCorridorStrategy_final%2092816.pd f. TriMet ridership for Powell Blvd: https://www.oregonmetro.gov/sites/ default/files/2017/07/26/Map-book- Proposed-station-locations-and- current-ridership.pdf	Num as C Plan mile Jade and

See Income and Population Changes in pages 9 and 10 of the following:http://prosperportland.us/wpcontent/uploads/2016/08/Neighborhood-Economic-Development-NED-Strategy.pdf

Prosper Portland offers Inclusive Innovation Strategies: http://prosperportland.us/forbusinesses/inclusive-innovation/

#### land 2035 Comp. Plan

tps://www.portlandoregon.go ps/article/579148) identifies Kellogg MS site on Powell d. (a Civic Corridor & State y.). The PPS properties that istitute the Kellogg MS site itain lots that have the plan isity of Residential Single elling 5,000 and Multielling 2,000 and 1,000

merous sites have been added Centers compared to the 1980 n Map. The ones within the 1e impact area include: The e District; The Heart of Foster; I the Powell-Creston Center. Kellogg MS Area Meetings Tamara DeRidder, AICP, Principal TDR & Associates Oct. 2-31, 2017 Montavilla Neighborhood Association (SEUL)

General meeting time and location:

Meetings:2nd Monday of every month Time: 7:30 PM-8:30 PM

Montavilla United Methodist Church 232 SE 80th Ave. Portland, OR 97215

Board meeting time and location:

Meetings: 2nd Monday of every month Time: 6:30 PM-7:30 PM Montavilla United Methodist Church 232 SE 80th Ave. Portland, OR 97215

# **Mt Tabor NA**

Board and General meetings take place at Mt. Tabor Presbyterian Church (at 54th and Belmont; parking and entrance on 54th) from 7:00 PM-8:30 PM, on the third Wednesday of the month.

(No meeting in December.) Meetings are handicapped-accessible and open to the public.

# South Tabor Neighborhood Association (SEUL)

General meeting time and location:

Meetings: Third Thursday of month in February, May, July and October. Time: 7:00 PM-8:30 PM

Trinity Fellowship Church 2700 SE 67th Ave. Portland, OR 97206

Board meeting time and location:

Meetings: Third Thursday of January, March, April, June, August, September and November. Time: 7:00 PM-8:30 PM

Trinity Fellowship Church 2700 SE 67th Ave.

Tuesday, October 17 7:00pm Land Use Committee Meeting Thursday, October 19 7:00pm South Tabor Board/General Meeting Thursday, November 16 7:00pm South Tabor Board/General Meeting Tuesday, November 21 7:00pm Land Use Committee Meeting Portland, OR 97206

All correspondence to:

PO Box 86836, Portland, 97286; Phone: 503-774-7521; Listserv: http://groups.yahoo.com/group/southtabor.

Web site:

http://www.southtabor.org

# Foster-Powell Neighborhood Association (SEUL)

General meeting time and location:

6:30 PM, 2nd Monday of the month. No meeting in August For location, check www.fosterpowell.com .

All correspondence to:

4031 SE 74th Ave. Portland, OR 97206

Web site: http://fosterpowell.com

# Jade District

General meeting time and location:

3rd Tuesday of the month, 6:00 to 8:00 p.m. Jade District Office 2738 SE 82nd Ave., Ste. 203B

Open to the public.

Web site: <u>http://jadedistrict.org/</u>

# **Foster Area Business Association**

General meeting time and location:

BOARD AND MEMBER MEETING: 2nd Tuesday of the month, 6:00 to 7:00 p.m.

Carts on Foster, 5205 SE Foster Rd.

Open to the public.

Web site: https://fosterarea.com/

# Montavilla/East Tabor Business Association

General meeting time and location:

MEMBER MEETING: 2nd Tuesday, quarterly (January, April, July, October), 12 Noon to 1:30 p.m.

Flying Pie Pizzeria 7804 SE Stark St.

Open to the public.

Web site: <u>http://metba.org/</u>

# Vietnamese Community of Oregon

Mailling address:

VNCO

PO Box 55416

Portland, OR 97238 – 5416

http://www.vnco.org/ENGLISH/

Office:

2448 SE 89th Ave. Ste 3B

Portland, OR 97216

# Lents Neighborhood Association (EPNO)

General meeting time and location:

7 pm, 4th Tuesday of the month. No Dec. mtg. Board elections in September. Lents Activity Center, 8835 SE Woodstock.

Board meeting time and location:

6:30-8 pm, 2nd Thursday of the month, as needed

Chalet Room, KingPins, 3550 SE 92nd

All correspondence to:

Lents Neighborhood Association C/O East Portland Neighborhood Office 1017 NE 117th Ave. Portland, OR 97220

Web site: http://www.lentsneighborhoodassociation.com/

# **Powellhurst-Gilbert Neighborhood Association (EPNO)**

General meeting time and location:

7:00 PM, 2nd Monday of Feb, May and August Ron Russell School, 3955 SE 112th Ave

All correspondence to:

Powellhurst-Gilbert Neighborhood Association, c/o East Portland Neighborhood Office, 1017 NE 117th Ave, Portland, OR 97220 pgnaboard@gmail.com

Web site:

http://pgpride.org/

# **Richmond Neighborhood Association (SEUL)**

General meeting time and location:

Meetings: Second Monday of the month, no meetings in January. Time: 7:00 PM

Waverly Heights UCC basement 3300 SE Woodward St. Enter through side door on east side of bldg.

All correspondence to:

Richmond Neighborhood Association c/o Southeast Uplift Neighborhood Program

3534 SE Main St. Portland, OR 97214

Web site: http://richmondpdx.org/

# Mt Scott-Arleta Neighborhood Association (SEUL)

General meeting time and location:

Meetings: 1st Wednesday of the month, except August Time: 6:30-8:00 PM Mt. Scott Community Center, 5530 SE 72nd Ave

All correspondence to:

Mt Scott-Arleta Neighborhood Association c/o SE Uplift 3534 SE Main St. Portland, OR 97214

Web site: http://www.mtscottarleta.com

# **Creston-Kenilworth Neighborhood Association (SEUL)**

General meeting time and location:

7-9 pm, 4th Monday of the month Shut Up and Eat 3848 SE Gladstone St Portland, OR 97202

All correspondence to:

C/O Southeast Uplift, 3534 SE Main, Portland OR 97214

# Web site:

http://www.creston-kenilworth.org/

# Woodstock Neighborhood Association (SEUL)

General meeting time and location:

Meetings: First Wednesday of the month.

Time: 7:00 PM Woodstock Community Center SE 43rd and Knight St. Portland, OR (5905 SE 43rd)

All correspondence to:

info@woodstockpdx.org Woodstock Neighborhood Association, c/o Southeast Uplift Neighborhood Program, 3534 SE Main St, Portland, OR 97214

Web site: http://www.woodstockpdx.org

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
	A S O N D J F M A M	J J A S O N D J F M	A M J J A S O N D	J F M A M J J A S O N D	J F M A M J J A S O N D
KELLOGG MIDDLE SCHOOL SCHEDULE					
Preliminary Planning Phase					
MS Framework/Ed Spec Development					
Public Engagement (DAG, Workshops, Neighborhoods)					
DAG Communication & Outreach					
DAG Meetings					
Site Planning	Board Approval				
Demolition Phase					
Demolition Design & Documentation					
Demolition Permitting					
Demolition RFD/ITB Development					
Demolition Bidding/Contracting					
Demolition					
Design & Documentation Phase					
Schematic Design					
Cost Estimate/Budget Alignment/PPS Auth to Proceed					
Design Development					
Cost Estimate/Budget Alignment/PPS Auth to Proceed					
Construction Documents					
Cost Estimate/Budget Alignment					
Land Use & Permitting					
Conditional Use					
Building Permitting					
Construction Period Services		_			
Construction RFD/ITB Development					
Construction Bidding/Contracting					
Construction					
Commissioning					
FFE					
Staff Selection and Training					
Moves					
Start of School					•

Architecture Planning Design LEED Consulting

Oh

115 NW First Ave, Suite 300 Portland, OR 97209 tel 503.280.8000 fax 503.224.5442

# MEMORANDUM Programming Estimate-Budget Alignment

### OH PLANNING+DESIGN, ARCHITECTURE

 Oh Project No.:
 90031

 Project Name:
 Portland Public Schools – Kellogg Middle School
 Date: 11-10-2017

 To:
 Stephen Effros – PPS

 Prepared by:
 Deb France – OHPD

 Distribution:
 Bryan Thompson – OHPD; Tim Ayersman - OHPD

The purpose of this memorandum is to recap the programming phase estimate and offer budget alignment strategies for the schematic design phase. The goal is to align the \$32 million budget with the project scope at Kellogg Middle School. The recommendation is to proceed into the schematic design phase with the cost objectives in this memo.

#### ITEM 1: Programming Phase Cost Estimate dated 11/3/2017

The programming phase estimate is the first of four estimates that will be provided during the design process. A professional cost estimate will be included at four key points in the project:

- programming phase, completed on 11-3-2017
- 90% schematic design, 90% design development, 50% construction documents

The programming cost estimate is based on comparable costs per foot and the programming phase report. This is a detailed estimate for the demolition CD's, and a traditional take off cost estimate based on the current site plan and room templates that have been completed during the programming phase. A 10% estimating contingency will fill the gap from information that is not yet available for the estimating process.

Below are the significant categories for the 11-3-17 programming cost estimate of \$32,920,668 (327.86/sf)

- Demolition \$ 2,533,991
- Site Development \$ 1,843,855
- New Building Construction \$28,042,822 (\$279/sf)
- Offsite Improvement allowance \$ 500,000
- 10% Estimating contingency \$ 2,766,657

### **ITEM 2: Estimate-Budget Alignment**

The schematic design phase will provide more substantial plans and input from the engineering professionals that will result in a more complete cost estimate. The following strategies will be discussed during the SD phase to provide cost control opportunities.

- Reduce scope by \$920,668
- Reduce building area (up to 3300 sf)
  - o Reduce cafeteria size from 2-period lunch to 3-period lunch (TBD)
  - Remove computer lab program (980 sf)

PPS Kellogg Middle School Portland Public Schools Page 2

- Provide deductive options at SD phase
- Reduce demolition salvage when bids are received
- Limit consideration of high costs options such as rooftop playgrounds

Programming Cost Estimate Excludes: Escalation (by PPS), GMP Contingency, Development Soft Costs including; Land, Financial and Legal costs, Construction Management Fees, Permitting, Loose Furniture, FF&E & Equipment. (Note: Design Contingency is 10%)

END OF MEMORANDUM



# OH Planning + Design Portland Public Schools Kellogg Middle School New Build Rough Order of Magnitude

11/03/17

# **Contents Page**

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Construction Cost Summary

#### **Construction Cost Summary (By Phase)**

REF	DESCRIPTION	AREA	TOTAL \$ / SF	TOTAL \$
Phas	se 1 - Demolition			
1	Existing Building Demolition (Under Separate Cover)	103,799 SF	\$24.41	\$2,533,991
	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST (PHASE 1)	103,799 SF	\$24.41	\$2,533,991
Phas	se 2 - New Building / Sitework			
2A	Building	100,412 SF	\$279.28	\$28,042,822
2B	Sitework	273,700 SF	\$6.74	\$1,843,855
	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST (PHASE 2)	100,412 SF	\$297.64	\$29,886,677
	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST (EXCLUDING OFFSITE)	100,412 SF	\$322.88	\$32,420,668
Phas	se 3 - Offsite Scope			
3	Offsite Scope (Allowance Pending Definition)			\$500,000
	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST (PHASE 3)			\$500,000
	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST (ALL PHASES)	100,412 SF	\$327.86	\$32,920 <u>,668</u>

#### Key Assumptions / Qualifications

- 1.) Superstructure assumed to be structural steel (with assumed weights as noted in the body of the estimate) and concrete fill over metal deck at upper floors
- 2.) Roofing assumed to be single ply TPO roofing, wrapped up inside of parapet walls
- 3.) Foundations system included as an allowanced based on a shallow system design
- 4.) Estimate assumes a minimum of 3 qualified bidders
- 5.) Inspection / permit costs assumed to be carried by owner
- 6.) General condition markup assumes typical staffing, and would increase for schedule acceleration
- 7.) Exterior finishes based on the following ratios: 50% brick veneer, 30% punched windows, 10% metal panel accents, 10% storefront at entry areas
- 8.) Exterior wall assemblies based on 6" metal studs (with heavier gauge at high bay areas)
- 9.) See Appendix IV for room finish assumptions
- 10.) Wood flooring at gymnasium / dance area assumed to be salvaged from existing Kellogg school
- 11.) Food service equipment included as an allowance
- 12.) MEP systems included as allowances only for this ROM pending definition / design

Portland Public Schools	Date:	11/3/2017
Kellogg Middle School	Project :	17-00962.00
New Build		

#### **Construction Cost Summary (By Phase)**

REF DESCRIPTION	AREA	TOTAL \$ / SF	TOTAL \$
Key Exclusions			

# 1.) Construction contingency or allowances for unforeseen scope encountered after work has commenced

- 2.) Escalation
- 3.) Premium shift work / overtime
- 4.) Premiums to fee, staffing, or general requirements associated with response of less than 3 qualified bidders
- 5.) Roof screen
- 6.) Athletic equipment (baseball backstop / soccer goal posts / etc.)
- 7.) Shelving at media center and mobile teacher's stations (assumed to be FF&E)

### Construction Cost Summary (by Trade) - Baseline

DESCRIPTION		Building	Sitework	TOTAL \$
1 General Conditions / Requirements				
2 Existing Conditions				
3 Concrete		\$1,219,086		\$1,219,086
4 Masonry		\$1,097,640		\$1,097,640
5 Metals		\$3,094,206		\$3,094,206
6 Wood & Plastics		\$771,265		\$771,265
7 Thermal & Moisture		\$1,832,625		\$1,832,625
8 Windows & Glazing		\$1,765,356		\$1,765,356
9 Interior Finishes		\$3,781,672		\$3,781,672
10 Specialties		\$557,725		\$557,725
11 Equipment		\$287,500		\$287,500
12 Furnishings		\$260,690		\$260,690
13 Special Construction				
14 Conveying		\$260,000		\$260,000
21 Fire Suppression		\$426,751		\$426,751
22 Plumbing		\$1,339,535		\$1,339,535
23 Heating, Ventilating & Air Conditioning (HVAC)		\$2,033,343		\$2,033,343
25 Integrated Automation		\$376,545		\$376,545
26 Electrical		\$2,309,476	\$81,216	\$2,390,692
27 Communications		\$461,854		\$461,854
28 Electronic Safety & Security		\$401,648		\$401,648
31 Earthwork		\$57,904	\$13,685	\$71,589
32 Exterior Improvements			\$1,303,145	\$1,303,145
33 Site Utilities			\$70,500	\$70,500
SUB-TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST		\$22,334,821	\$1,468,546	\$23,803,367
General Conditions	6.00%	\$1,340,089	\$88,113	\$1,428,202
General Requirements	2.00%	\$473,498	\$31,133	\$504,631
Bonds & Insurance	2.00%	\$482,968	\$31,756	\$514,724
Contractor's Fee	3.50%	\$862,098	\$56,684	\$918,782
Design Contingency	10.00%	\$2,549,347	\$167,623	\$2,716,971
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST		\$28,042,822	\$1,843,855	\$29,886,677

**Project Control Quantities** 

# **Project Control Quantities**

DESCRIPTION		SITE	BUILDING
Key Controls			
Overall Demolished Area - Site	sf	273,700	
Level 1	sf		48,836
Level 2	sf		25,788
Level 3	sf		25,788
Total Demolished Area		273,700	100,412
Asphalt Paving	SV.	6 222	6 222
Concrete Paving	sy	3 880	3 880
Exterior Brick Wall	sy	3,889	3,005
Exterior Metal Danals	SI cf	54,301 6 860	54,301 6 860
Bunchod Windows	51 cf	20 5 8 1	20 5 9 1
Storofront	SI cf	20,381	6 960
Storenonic	51 the	0,800	0,800
Interior Deers, by Leef		442	442
Exterior Doors, by Leal	ea	144	144
Exterior Doors, by Lear	ea	20	20
	ST	124,282	124,282
	ST	62,774	62,774
Resilient Flooring	st	11,874	11,874
Tile Flooring	st	4,929	4,929
Acoustic Ceiling	sf	82,261	82,261
Gypsum Ceiling	sf	4,960	4,960
Roof	sq	488	488
Slab on Grade	sf	48,836	48,836

Building

# **Building - Cost Summary**

DESCRIPTION	MARK UP	TOTAL	TOTAL / SF
1 General Conditions / Requirements			
2 Existing Conditions			
3 Concrete		\$1,219,086	\$12.14
4 Masonry		\$1,097,640	\$10.93
5 Metals		\$3,094,206	\$30.82
6 Wood & Plastics		\$771,265	\$7.68
7 Thermal & Moisture		\$1,832,625	\$18.25
& Windows & Glazina		\$1,765,356	\$17.58
a Interior Finishes		\$3 781 672	\$37.66
10 Chocialties		\$557 725	\$5,55
10 Specialities		\$287,500	\$2.86
11 Equipment		\$260,500	\$2.60
12 Fullisinitys		<i>γ</i> 200,030	Υ <u>2.00</u>
15 Special construction		\$260,000	\$2.59
14 Conveying 21 Fire Sunnression		\$426 751	\$4.25
22 Diumhina		\$1 339 535	\$13.34
22 Fluthoning 22 Heating Ventilating & Air Conditioning (HVAC)		\$2,033,343	\$20.25
25 Integrated Automation		\$376 545	\$3.75
25 Integrated Automation		\$2,200,245	\$22.00
20 Electrical		\$2,303,470	\$4.60
27 Communications		\$401,634	\$4.00
28 Electronic Sujety & Security		\$401,040 \$57.004	\$4.00 \$0.58
31 Ealthwork		ŞƏ7,904	ŞU.36
32 Exterior improvements			
33 Site Utilities			
Sub-Total (Direct Costs)		\$22,334,821	\$222.43
General Conditions	6.00%	\$1,340,089	\$13.35
General Requirements	2.00%	\$473,498	\$4.72
Bonds & Insurances	2.00%	\$482,968	\$4.81
GC Fee	3.50%	\$862,098	\$8.59
Design Contingency	10.00%	\$2,549,347	\$25.39
Total Construction Costs - Building		\$28,042,822	\$279.28

3 Concrete	
Foundation systems	¢400.200
Foundations, allowance pending design 48,836 st \$10.00	\$488,360
Sido Uli Grade, Allow 6	6104 020
$\begin{array}{c} \text{Concrete, In-place} \\ \text{Sub-base}  \text{CV}  \text{Sub-base}  \text{Sub-base}  \text{CV}  \text$	\$184,039
Sub base, 6 48,836 St \$1.50	\$73,254
Reinforcing, allow 1.2 lbs / st 58,603 lbs \$1.00	\$58,603
Sieh finish	\$7,600
Stab finish         48,836         Sf         \$0.60           Margar barrier         40,025         for an family         for an family	\$29,302
Vapor barrier 48,836 sf \$0.35	\$17,093
Control joints 48,836 st \$0.25	\$12,209
I hickened slab edge 62 cy \$185.00	Ş11,456
Slab on Deck	
Concrete fill at upper floor decks 51,576 st \$3.50	\$180,516
Reinforcing at upper floor decks, allow 2.1 lbs / st 108,310 lbs \$1.00	\$108,310
Finish to slab on deck51,576sf\$0.50	\$25,788
Miscellaneous Concrete	
Ramp to music room333sf\$15.00	\$4,995
Stairs to music room 1 ls \$2,500.00	\$2,500
Miscellaneous concrete, allowance 100,412 gsf \$0.15	\$15,062
Total - 3 Concrete \$1	,219,086
4 Masonry	
Exterior Masonry	
Brick veneer, allow 50% of exterior surface area 34,301 sf \$32.00 \$?	1,097,640
Total - 4 Masonry \$1	,097,640
5 Metals	
Structural Steel Framing / Joist Framing	
Steel columns, beams, and joists supporting floor	1 000 57 5
systems, allow & IDS / ST 206 ths \$4,850.00 \$1 Steel columns beams and joists supporting roof systems	1,000,574
allow 6 lbs / sf $195 \text{ ths}$	\$9 <u>4</u> 7 <u>4</u> 18
Miscellaneous bolts and connections 40 ths \$4 950.00	\$198.816

# **Building - Cost Backup**

REF	DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT	RATE	TOTAL
Me	tal Deck				
	Floor deck, allow 3", 18 ga	51,576	sf	\$5.50	\$283,668
	Roof deck, allow 1 1/2", 18 ga	48,836	sf	\$4.25	\$207 <i>,</i> 553
Ext	erior Metal Panels				
	Metal panels, allow 10% of exterior surface area	6,860	sf	\$45.00	\$308,711
Ver	tical Circulation				
	Stairs, per flight, complete including risers, treads,				
	landing, railing, pan fill, and finish	4	ea	\$16,500.00	\$66,000
Mis	cellaneous Metals				
	Expansion joint, horizontal at floor, interior	86	lf	\$125.00	\$10,750
	Expansion joint, horizontal at roof, exterior	86	lf	\$225.00	\$19,350
	Expansion joint, vertical, exterior	64	lf	\$175.00	\$11,200
	Miscellaneous metals, allowance	100,412	gsf	\$0.40	\$40,165
Total	- 5 Metals			-	\$3,094,206
6 Wo	od & Plastics				
Rou	igh Carpentry				
	Rough carpentry, allowance	100,412	gsf	\$0.25	\$25,103
Cas	ework				
	Base cabinetry, 2'-0" wide, p-lam countertop, typical Base cabinetry, 2'-0" wide, acid-resistant countertop at	462	lf	\$325.00	\$150,150
	science classrooms	454	lf	\$425.00	\$192,950
	Upper cabinetry, 1'-0" wide, solid doors, typical Upper cabinetry, 1'-0" wide, glass doors at science	362	lf	\$175.00	\$63,350
	classrooms	453	lf	\$225.00	\$101,925
	Full-height cabinetry, 1'-6" wide	71	lf	\$425.00	\$30,175
	Full-height bookshelf, 1'-0" wide Teacher's station at science classrooms, 2'-0" wide, acid-	48	lf	\$150.00	\$7,200
	resistant countertop	50	lf	\$425.00	\$21,250
	Countertop at media center, 2'-0" wide, radius	21	lf	\$200.00	\$4,200
	Countertop at media center, 1'-6" wide	17	lf	\$150.00	\$2,550
	Science desk stations, allowance (excluding sink)	48	ea	\$1,500.00	\$72,000
	Teacher's station, mobile				Assume FF&E
	Cubbies				Assume FF&E
	Shelving at Media Center				Assume FF&E
	Miscellaneous casework, allowance	100,412	gsf	\$1.00	\$100,412

# \$771,265

REF	DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT	RATE	TOTAL
7 The	rmal & Moisture				
	<b>C</b>				
Roo	ofing			4	
	Built-up roof system, modified bituminous Built-up mombrane roof system, wrapped up parapet	48,836	st	\$9.60	\$468,826
	walls modified bituminous	5 611	sf	\$9 60	\$53.861
	Cover board horizontal	48 836	sf	\$1.00 \$1.25	\$61.045
	Water / ice shield	54,447	sf	\$0.50	\$27,223
Flag	shing / Sheet Metal	0.1,1.17	0.	<i>¥0100</i>	<i>+_r)</i>
110	Parapet coping	1.603	lf	\$27.50	\$44.083
	Counter-flashing at base of parapets	1.603	lf	\$22.50	\$36,068
	Miscellaneous flashing and sheet metal, allowance	100.412	gsf	\$0.40	\$40,165
Acc	pustic Insulation		80.	<i>¥</i> 0110	<i>\(\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>
	Batt insulation at interior partitions	124.208	sf	\$0.75	\$93.156
The	ermal Insulation	,		,	1
	Rigid insulation at exterior wall assemblies, 2 1/2"	41,162	sf	\$2.50	\$102,904
	Batt insulation at exterior wall assemblies	35,551	sf	\$0.95	\$33,773
	Rigid roof insulation, allow 5"	48,836	sf	\$5.00	\$244,180
Fire	proofing	·			
	Fireproofing to structural steel	442	tns	\$750.00	\$331,360
	Fireproofing to metal deck	100,412	sf	\$1.50	\$150,618
Mis	cellaneous				
	Walkway pads, allow 20% of roof area	9,770	sf	\$10.00	\$97,700
	Roof access ladder / hatch	1	ls	\$2,500.00	\$2 <i>,</i> 500
	Cricket framing, allowance	1	ls	\$5,000.00	\$5 <i>,</i> 000
	Caulking, allowance	100,412	gsf	\$0.25	\$25,103
	Miscellaneous waterproofing, allowance	100,412	gsf	\$0.15	\$15,062
Total	- 7 Thermal & Moisture			-	\$1 832 625
, ota,					<i>Ş1,032,023</i>
8 Wir	dows & Doors				
Do	ors, Including Frame, Installation, and Standard Hardware				
E	kterior Doors				
	Double door, aluminum and glass	6	pr	\$6,500.00	\$39,000
	Single door, hollow-metal	2	ea	\$1,850.00	\$3,700
	Double door, hollow-metal	6	pr	\$3,650.00	\$21,900
Ir	terior Doors				
	Single door, solid-core wood	118	ea	\$1,575.00	\$185,850
	Double door, solid-core wood	6	pr	\$3,175.00	\$19,050
	Double door, hollow-metal, 90-min	6	pr	\$3 <i>,</i> 425.00	\$20,550

REF DESCRIPTION		QTY	UNIT	RATE	TOTAL
Double door. alumir	um and glass	1	pr	\$5.750.00	\$5.750
Miscellaneous Premiu	ums		Ŀ.	+-,	+-)
Auto operators at er	ntry doors, allow	2	ea	\$4,250.00	\$8,500
Panic hardware, per	leaf	26	ea	\$375.00	\$9,750
Miscellaneous prem	ium hardware	1	ls	\$10,000.00	\$10,000
Windows / Glazing					
Exterior Glazing					
Storefront entry, all	ow 10% of exterior surface area	6,860	sf	\$65.00	\$445,916
Punched windows, a	llow 30% of exterior surface area	20,581	sf	\$45.00	\$926,134
Interior Glazing					
Sidelight glazing, allo	ow 12" x 84"	33	ea	\$350.00	\$11,550
Storefront partitions	5	150	sf	\$50.00	\$7 <i>,</i> 500
Miscellaneous interi	or glazing, allowance	100,412	gsf	\$0.50	\$50,206
Total - 8 Windows & Doors				-	\$1,765,356
9 Interior Finishes					
Wall Assemblies					
Exterior Wall Assemb	lies				
Exterior walls at lear	ning suite, allow 6" studs, 16ga	16,511	sf	\$7.50	\$123,833
Exterior walls at high	n bay areas, allow 6" studs, 14ga	19,040	sf	\$9.50	\$180,880
Parapet walls, 6" stu	ds, allow 3'-6" high	5,611	sf	\$7.50	\$42,079
Exterior sheathing, [	Densglas	46,772	sf	\$2.75	\$128,623
Gyp board at interio	r of exterior, 5/8" type X	46,772	sf	\$2.85	\$133,300
Interior Wall Assemb	ies				
Interior partitions, ty	pical demising	120,368	sf	\$5.50	\$662 <i>,</i> 024
Interior partitions, 2	-hr rated at stairwells	3,840	sf	\$6.50	\$24,960
Interior pony wall, ra	adius	74	sf	\$8.25	\$606
Interior gyp board, 5	5/8" type X, level 4 finish	242,160	sf	\$2.85	\$690,156
Interior gyp board, 5	5/8" type X, level 4 finish, radius	147	sf	\$3.56	\$524
Interior gyp board, 5	5/8" type X, unfinished	7,680	sf	\$1.85	\$14,208
Cementitious backer	board at tiled wall areas	6,256	sf	\$3.25	\$20,332
Blocking and backing	g, allowance	124,282	gsf	\$0.50	\$62,141
Flooring					
Carpet		62,774	sf	\$4.44	\$278 <i>,</i> 996
<b>Resilient flooring</b>		11,874	sf	\$7.50	\$89,055
Ceramic tile		1,966	sf	\$13.25	\$26 <i>,</i> 050
Quarry tile		2,963	sf	\$19.50	\$57,779
Sealed concrete		12,651	sf	\$1.60	\$20,242
Wood flooring, inclu	ding sleepers, new	7,968	sf	\$12.00	\$95,616

REF	DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT	RATE	TOTAL
	Finish wood flooring	7,968	sf	\$6.00	\$47,808
	Walk-off mat	216	sf	\$12.50	\$2,700
Bas	ie				. ,
	Rubber base	11,334	lf	\$3.25	\$36,836
	Ceramic tile base	782	lf	\$13.25	\$10,362
	Quarry tile base	553	lf	\$19.50	\$10,784
Cei	lings				
	Acoustic tile ceiling, standard, 2' x 4'	79,624	sf	\$4.50	\$358,306
	Acoustic tile ceiling, washable, 2' x 2'	2,637	sf	\$7.50	\$19,778
	Hardlid ceiling, including framing and sheathing	4,960	sf	\$6.50	\$32,237
	Paint to exposed ceilings	13,192	sf	\$1.50	\$19,788
	Paint to hardlid ceilings	4,960	sf	\$1.00	\$4,960
Wa	ll Finishes				
	Ceramic tile wainscot at restrooms, allow 8'-0" high	6,256	sf	\$13.75	\$86,020
	FRP wall finish, allow 8'-0" at kitchen areas	4,424	sf	\$10.00	\$44,240
	Paint walls	289,079	sf	\$0.70	\$202,355
	Premium for painting at high bay areas	9,520	sf	\$1.40	\$13,328
	Acoustic paneling at music room	628	sf	\$17.50	\$10,990
	Padded mats at gymnasium	1,517	sf	\$12.50	\$18,956
Mis	scellaneous Finishes				
	Allowance to repurpose salvaged wood slats	1	ls	\$10,000.00	\$10,000
	Miscellaneous wall finishes, allowance	100,412	gsf	\$1.50	\$150,618
	Miscellaneous painting, allowance	100,412	gsf	\$0.50	\$50,206
Total	- 9 Interior Finishes			-	\$3,781,672
10 Sp	ecialties				
Тоі	let Partitions				
	Toilet partition, ADA, premium finish	7	ea	\$1,437.50	\$10,063
	Toilet partition, standard, premium finish	30	ea	\$1,312.50	\$39,375
Тоі	let Accessories				
	Toilet tissue dispenser	44	ea	\$75.00	\$3 <i>,</i> 300
	Seat cover dispensers	44	ea	\$90.00	\$3,960
	Soap dispensers	19	ea	\$90.00	\$1,710
	Paper towel dispensers	13	ea	\$250.00	\$3,250
	Coat hooks	44	ea	\$25.00	\$1,100
	Trash cans				Assume FF&E
	Grab bars	28	ea	\$125.00	\$3,500
	Restroom mirrors, public restrooms, allow 4'-0" high	120	sf	\$35.00	\$4,200
	Restroom mirrors, private restrooms, allow 2' x 3'	7	ea	\$210.00	\$1,470

REF	DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT	RATE	TOTAL
	Mop sink rack	1	ea	\$250.00	\$250
Sigr	nage				
-	Signage, code-required	100,412	gsf	\$0.40	\$40,165
	Signage, wayfinding				By Owner
Оре	erable Partitions				
-	Operable partitions at extended learning areas, manual,				
	allowance pending product selection	2,960	sf	\$60.00	\$177,600
Edu	icational Specialties				
	White board, large, allow 12' x 4'	43	ea	\$1,080.00	\$46,440
	White board, small, allow 6' x 4'	6	ea	\$540.00	\$3,240
	Projector, including support	43	ea	\$2,500.00	\$107,500
	Projector screens				By Owner
Ath	letic Specialties				
	Gymnasium specialties, allowance	1	ls	\$30,000.00	\$30,000
	Reinstall salvaged telescoping bleachers, allowance	1	ls	\$10,000.00	\$10,000
Mis	cellaneous Specialties				
	Music room specialties, allowance	1	ls	\$5,000.00	\$5,000
	Lockers, combination type, various sizes, allow	135	ea	\$300.00	\$40,500
	Miscellaneous specialties	100,412	gsf	\$0.25	\$25,103
Total	- 10 Specialties			_	\$557,725
11 Eq	uipment				
Foc	d Service Equipment				
	Food service equipment, allowance	1	ls	\$250,000.00	\$250,000
	Furnish and install walk-in freezer	1	ls	\$35,000.00	\$35,000
Auc	lio / Visual Equipment			. ,	
	Music room curtain screen, allowance	1	ls	\$2,500.00	\$2,500
				_	
Total	- 11 Equipment				\$287,500
12 Fu	rnishings				
Wir	ndow Treatment				
	Mechoshades at punched windows, manual	20,581	sf	\$8.50	\$174,936
	Mechoshades at entry storefront, motorized	6,860	sf	\$12.50	\$85,753
Total	12 Euroichings			_	¢260.600
iotal	- 12 Fullishings				,090,590

REF	DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT	RATE	TOTAL
14 Co	onveying				
Eleva	tors				
	Elevator, hydraulic, 3-stop	2	ea	\$120,000.00	\$240,000
	Cab finish, allowance	2	еа	\$10,000.00	\$20,000
Total	- 14 Conveying			_	\$260,000
21 Fi	re Suppression				
Fire F	Protection Systems				
	Wet-pipe sprinklers, complete system	100,412	gsf	\$4.25	\$426,751
Total	- 21 Fire Suppression			_	\$426,751
22 Pl	umbing				
Plu	mbing Equipment, Allowance	100,412	gsf	\$4.00	\$401,648
Sar	nitary Fixtures, Including Local Rough-In				
	Water closet, wall-mounted	38	ea	\$1,125.00	\$42,750
	Lavatory, wall-mounted	8	ea	\$725.00	\$5,800
	Shower at intensive skills suite	1	ea	\$2,400.00	\$2,400
	Large trough sink	3	ea	\$1,800.00	\$5,400
	Large trough sink at public restrooms	3	ea	\$2,500.00	\$7,500
	Countertop sink	31	ea	\$750.00	\$23,250
	Countertop sink at science classrooms	54	ea	\$850.00	\$45,900
	Janitor's mop sink	1	ea	\$500.00	\$500
	Electric water cooler, allow	10	ea	\$2,250.00	\$22,500
	Wall hydrant	4	ea	\$475.00	\$1,900
	Floor drain	4	ea	\$250.00	\$1,000
	Floor sink	1	ea	\$500.00	\$500
	Washer hookup at laundry room	1	ea	\$500.00	\$500
	Kitchen rough-in, allowance	1	ls	\$50,000.00	\$50,000
Do	mestic Water, Allowance	100,412	gsf	\$2.00	\$200,824
Wa	iste / Vent, Allowance	100,412	gsf	\$2.00	\$200,824
Ro	of Drainage, Allowance	100,412	gsf	\$1.75	\$175,721
Co	ndensate Drainage, Allowance	100,412	gsf	\$0.50	\$50,206
Mi	scellaneous Plumbing Systems / Requirements	100,412	gsf	\$1.00	\$100,412

REF DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT	RATE	TOTAL
Total - 22 Plumbing				\$1,339,535
23 Heating, Ventilating & Air Conditioning (HVAC)				
HVAC System, Allowance Pending System Selection	100,412	gsf	\$20.25	\$2,033,343
Total - 23 Heating, Ventilating & Air Conditioning (HVAC)			_	\$2,033,343
25 Integrated Automation				
HVAC Controls System, Allowance	100,412	gsf	\$3.75	\$376,545
Total - 25 Integrated Automation				\$376,545
26 Electrical				
Power & Distribution Systems, Allowance	100,412	gsf	\$3.25	\$326,339
Mechanical Equipment Connections, Allowance	100,412	gsf	\$2.50	\$251,030
Convenience Power, Allowance	100,412	gsf	\$2.75	\$276,133
Lighting and Lighting Controls, Allowance	100,412	gsf	\$13.50	\$1,355,562
Miscellaneous Electrical Systems / Requirements	100,412	gsf	\$1.00	\$100,412
Total - 26 Electrical				\$2,309,476
27 Communications				
Tel / Data Systems (Rough-In Only), Allowance	100,412	gsf	\$3.00	\$301,236
PA / Clock System (Rough-In Only), Allowance	100,412	gsf	\$1.00	\$100,412
AV System (Rough-In Only), Allowance	100,412	gsf	\$0.50	\$50,206
Premium for sound system at music room	1	ls	\$10,000.00	\$10,000
Total - 27 Communications				\$461,854
28 Electronic Safety & Security				
Fire Alarm System (Complete), Allowance	100,412	gsf	\$3.25	\$326,339
Security System (Rough-In Only), Allowance	100,412	gsf	\$0.75	\$75,309
pared by Cumming				Page 18 o
## **Building - Cost Backup**

REF	DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT	RATE	TOTAL
Total	- 28 Electronic Safety & Security				\$401,648
31 Ea	rthwork				
Eart	thwork Overexacavate and recompact at building footprint, allow 5'-0" deep	11,581	су	\$5.00 	\$57,904
Total	- 31 Earthwork				\$57,904

Sitework

#### Portland Public Schools Kellogg Middle School New Build

## Sitework - Cost Summary

DESCRIPTION	MARK UP	TOTAL	TOTAL / SF
1 Caparal Conditions / Paguiraments			
2 Existing Conditions			
2 Concrete			
4 Masoniy			
S Meed & Direction			
5 Wood & Plastics			
2 Mindaus & Clasica			
8 Windows & Glazing			
9 Interior Finishes			
10 Specialities			
11 Equipment			
12 Furnishings			
13 Special Construction			
14 Conveying			
21 Fire Suppression			
22 Plumbing			
23 Heating, Ventilating & Air Conditioning (HVAC)			
25 Integrated Automation			
26 Electrical		\$81,216	\$0.30
27 Communications			
28 Electronic Safety & Security			
31 Earthwork		\$13,685	\$0.05
32 Exterior Improvements		\$1,303,145	\$4.76
33 Site Utilities		\$70,500	\$0.26
Sub Tabel (Disset Costs)		¢1 460 546	ćc 27
Sub-rolar (Direct Costs)		\$1,408,540	<i>\$</i> 5.37
General Conditions	6.00%	\$88,113	\$0.32
General Requirements	2.00%	\$31,133	\$0.11
Bonds & Insurances	2.00%	\$31,756	\$0.12
GC Fee	3.50%	\$56,684	\$0.21
Design Contingency	10.00%	\$167,623	\$0.61
Total Construction Costs - Sitework		\$1,843,855	\$6.74

## Sitework - Cost Backup

REF	DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT	RATE	TOTAL
26 Ele	ectrical				
	Exterior Lighting				
	Site lighting, allowance over developed area	224,864	sf	\$0.25	\$56,216
	Site Distribution				
	Main electrical line minor modifications, allowance	1	ls	\$20,000.00	\$20,000
	Low voltage line minor modifications, allowance	1	ls	\$5,000.00	\$5,000
Total	- 26 Electrical			_	\$81,216
31 Ea	rthwork				
	Earthwork				
	Infill basement, using site spoils	Inclu	ided w/De	emo Costs Under S	eparate Cover
	Rough grading, allow 1'-0" average, cut to fill	Inclu	ided w/De	emo Costs Under S	eparate Cover
	Fine grading, allowance over total area	Inclu	ided w/De	emo Costs Under S	eparate Cover
	Erosion Control				
	Erosion control, allowance over total area	273,700	sf	\$0.05	\$13,685
Total	- 31 Earthwork			_	\$13,685
32 Ex	terior Improvements				
	Hardscaping				
	Asphalt paving, standard, allow 3" AC over 8" base	40,000	sf	\$3.25	\$130,000
	Asphalt paving, fire lane, allow 4" AC over 12" base	16,000	sf	\$4.25	\$68,000
	Concrete paving	35,000	sf	\$6.50	\$227,500
	New concrete curb and gutter	3,375	lf	\$20.00	\$67,500
	Premium for curb cut ramp	3	ea	\$1,250.00	\$3,750
	Landscaping				
	Landscaped area, allowance	57,400	sf	\$2.50	\$143,500
	Sod at playing field	75,700	sf	\$1.25	\$94,625
	Premium for bio swale	9,500	sf	\$2.50	\$23,750
	Premium for ornamental trees, allowance	20	ea	\$500.00	\$10,000
	Irrigation				
	Irrigation at landscaped area	57,400	sf	\$1.50	\$86,100
	Irrigation at playing field	75,700	sf	\$1.00	\$75,700
	Fencing / Gates				
	Chain link fence perimeter, including foundations	1,600	lf	\$45.00	\$72,000
	Vehicular access gate, double	2	pr	\$10,000.00	\$20,000

#### Portland Public Schools Kellogg Middle School New Build

## Sitework - Cost Backup

REF	DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT	RATE	TOTAL
	Site Signage				
	Parking stall striping	50	ea	\$25.00	\$1,250
	ADA symbols	2	ea	\$85.00	\$170
	Hatching / crosswalks	1,300	sf	\$2.50	\$3,250
	Miscellaneous site signage, allowance	1	ls	\$5,000.00	\$5,000
	Site Furnishings				
	Wheel stop	50	ea	\$45.00	\$2,250
	Bike rack, allowance	68	ea	\$350.00	\$23,800
	Site Structures				
	Canopy at covered play areas, allowance	4,000	sf	\$60.00	\$240,000
	Miscellaneous				
	Striping at soccer / baseball field	1	ls	\$5,000.00	\$5 <i>,</i> 000
	Equipment and soccer / baseball field				By Owner
				_	
Total	- 32 Exterior Improvements				\$1,303,145
33 Sit	te Utilities				
	Storm Drainage				
	Storm drainage at new hardscape area, allowance	91,000	sf	\$0.50	\$45,500
	Sanitary Line				
	Sanitary line minor modifications, allowance	1	ls	\$10,000.00	\$10,000
	Water Distribution				
	Water distribution line minor modifications, allowance	1	ls	\$10,000.00	\$10,000
	Natural Gas				
	Gas distribution line minor modifications, allowance	1	ls	\$5,000.00	\$5,000
				_	

Total - 33 Site Utilities

\$70,500

Building Cost by System Compared to Benchmarks

#### Portland Public Schools Kellogg Middle School New Build

Date: 11/3/2017 Project : 17-00962.00

#### Building Cost by System Compared to Benchmarks

	Kello	ogg MS	I	Benchmark Project #1	L	E	Benchmark Project #2	2
	Tatal	t 1 = 5	Baseline	Scope	Time / Location	Baseline	Scope	Time / Location
SYSTEM	TOLAI	\$ / SI	\$ / sf	Adjustments	Adjustments	\$ / sf	Adjustments	Adjustments
Foundations	\$ 546,264	\$5.44	\$5.56		\$5.71	\$6.13		\$6.56
Floor & Roof Structures	\$ 3,916,001	\$39.00	\$35.62		\$36.57	\$33.06	(\$1.38)	\$33.90
Vertical Structure	w/Above	w/Above	w/Above		\$0.00	\$31.43	(\$22.85)	\$9.18
Exterior Cladding	\$ 3,662,296	\$36.47	\$40.45		\$41.53	\$39.76		\$42.54
Roofing and Waterproofing	\$ 1,095,711	\$10.91	\$18.69		\$19.18	\$20.36		\$21.78
SHELL	\$ 9,220,272	\$91.82	\$100.31		\$102.99	\$130.74		\$113.97
	A	<u> </u>	645.07		645 TO	¢11.00	<u></u>	624.04
Interior Partitions, Doors and Glazing	\$ 1,878,563	\$18.71	\$15.37		\$15.78	\$11.88	\$11.42	\$24.94
Floor, Wall and Celling Finishes	\$ 1,698,007	\$16.91	\$17.71		\$18.18	\$13.86		\$14.83
INTERIORS	\$ 3,570,509	\$35.62	\$33.08		\$33.90	\$25.74		\$39.77
Function Equipment and Specialties	\$ 1.862.827	\$18.55	\$40.16	(\$22.65)	\$17.98	\$13.66	\$2.84	\$17.65
Stairs and Vertical Transportation	\$ 326,000	\$3.25	\$1.40	\$2.59	\$4.09	,	\$2.59	\$2.77
EQUIPMENT AND VERTICAL TRANSPORTATION	\$ 2,188,827	\$21.80	\$41.55		\$22.07	\$13.66		\$20.42
Fire Protection Systems	\$ 426,751	\$4.25	\$3.88		\$3.98	\$5.00		\$5.35
Plumbing Systems	\$ 1,339,535	\$13.34	\$13.08		\$13.43	\$6.07	\$5.00	\$11.84
Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning	\$ 2,409,888	\$24.00	\$22.03		\$22.62	\$19.83	\$5.00	\$26.57
Electrical Lighting, Power and Communication	\$ 3,172,978	\$31.60	\$29.69		\$30.49	\$22.82	\$5.00	\$29.77
MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS	\$ 7,349,152	\$73.19	\$68.68		\$70.52	\$53.72		\$73.53
Indirect Markup*	\$5,708,001	\$56.85	\$43.73		\$44.90	\$34.98		\$37.43
INDIRECT COSTS	\$ 5,708,001	\$56.85	\$43.73		\$44.90	<i>\$34.98</i>		\$37.43
	ć <u>20 042 022</u>	¢270.29			6274 42			629E 12
	<del>ə 28</del> ,042,822	\$279.28	Nov	u gymnasium / classro	\$274.43	High c	chool lobby / gym ad	dition
			Clate	d for completion 01	2018	riigii s	Completed 01 2017	
			Jace	Greater Portland Area	2010		Greater Fugene Area	
					4		Gicater Lugerie Alea	

\*Kellogg includes 10% design contingency in indirect markup. Over the course of design this would spread to various systems and taper to 0%.

Benchmark #1 Scope Adjustment Notes

Removes one-off theater equipment from "Function Equipment and Specialties" Adds elevator costs in "Stairs and Vertical Transportation"

#### Benchmark #2 Scope Adjustment Notes

Removes on-off seismic considerations from "Floor and Roof Structures"

Shifts load-bearing masonry walls from vertical structure to interior partitions (and prorates system cost appropriately)

Adds food service equipment costs to "Function Equipment and Specialties"

Adds applicable equipment costs to MEP systems based on median \$5.00 / sf

Adds elevator costs in "Stairs and Vertical Transportation"

Appendix I (Scope Assumptions / Allowances)

Portland Public Schools	Date:	11/3/2017
Kellogg Middle School	Project :	17-00962.00
New Build		

## Appendix I (Scope Assumptions / Allowances)

SECTION	KEY ASSUMPTIONS							
General	Assumes late 2017, but no escalation is included							
	Design-bid-build delivery							
	3 bids per trade							
	Local laydown available							
	Local trade parking unavailable							
	All phases assumed to be awarded under one contract							
	General Conditions = 6%							
	General Requirements = 2%							
	Bonds & Insurance = 2%							
	Contractor's Fee = 3.5%							
	Design Contingency = 10%							
Key Assumptions	Vacant facility during demolition							
	All costs include material disposition per the Demolition Waste Management matrix (75% goal)							
	Costs carried in Phase 1A scope for asbestos mitigation include only the scope required to mitigate							
	ACM, and do not include removal of scope unless explicitly required for abatement							
	Materials slated to be reused and/or donated are segregated into Phase 1B							
	No above grade reinforced floor slabs (mentioned in the Demolition Waste Management matrix)							
	were evident in the plans							
Exclusions	Post-demolition site grading/fill/compaction							
	Soil testing, either for engineering or for contamination							
	Fees for hazardous material inspection (assumed to be by owner)							
	Premium shift work							
	Escalation							

Appendix II (Market / Risk Assumptions)

#### Appendix II (Market / Risk Assumptions)

DESCRIPTION	ASSUMPTIONS
LABOR AVAILABILITY	We have assumed that all major trade packages will pull from Portland. Current challenges in skilled labor availability evident in masonry, glazing, plumbing, and electrical. We anticipate that continuing into drywall, sheet metal, and casework into 2018. Recent bid data suggests a short fall in key trade sub participation resulting from construction volume growth outstripping labor availability continuing into 2018. In addition, current shortages in local apprentice availability are driving up overall crew rates.
MATERIAL COSTS	We have assumed all materials are available locally with good distribution and transportation. Current national trends are showing gypsum based products and lumber to be experience 12%+ year over year base price pressure. We anticipate that to continue into the steel plate and glass markets into 2018.
PRODUCTIVITY	We have assumed normal productivity levels for work on an existing campus. We have assumed some campus disruption will occur but at a nominal level.
SUB CONTRACTOR MARK UP	Sub contract markup within our overall unit costs is based on 20 - 27.5%.
SALES TAX	N/A
PROJECT ACCESS	We have assumed good site access together with local laydown space and trade parking availability given the summer work schedule.
PROJECT CONSTRAINTS	We have assumed minimal constraints to proposed contractors. One potential risk is in how the work is to be bundled into group projects. This will involve multiple small and large trade packages and will greatly affect bidding responses.
BIDDING MARKET	We are anticipating significant pressure from other corporate and commercial sector projects likely to be procuring sub participation at the same time. Plumbing, drywall, painting, and electrical trades are anticipated to be most difficult to lock in.
ESCALATION	Escalation has been excluded, however if required by the owner should be calculated as follows to reflect escalation to the mid-point of December 2019: 2017 - 4.5% per annum (remaining 2 months = 0.75%) 2018 - 4.0% per annum (full year = 4.0%) 2019 - 3.5% per annum (11 months = 3.2%) COMPOUNDING CALCULATION: (100.75%) x (104.0%) x (103.2%) = 108.13% TOTAL RECOMMENDED ESCALATION FACTOR: 8.13%

Appendix III (Estimate Methodology)

#### Appendix III (Estimate Methodology)

	KEY NOTES
Basis of Estimate	<ul> <li>The following documents have been used in creating this cost model:</li> <li>OHP+D DD demolition set (dated 08/22/17).</li> </ul>
Estimate Format	- A trade format has been used for the preparation of this estimate with separate breakouts for each individual phase / sub-phase pursuant to recent changes in approach (discussed with OHP+D 9/13/17)
Construction Schedule	<ul> <li>Demolition schedule is assumed to be late 2017 start.</li> <li>We have excluded any schedule acceleration premiums within our cost model.</li> </ul>
Delivery Model	- The estimate is based on a competitive design-bid-build scenario.
Bid Conditions	- This estimate has been based upon competitive bid situations (minimum of 3 bidders) for all items of subcontracted work.
Basis For Quantities	- Wherever possible, this estimate has been based upon the actual measurement of different items of work. For the remaining items (and for mass demolition scope), parametric measurements were used in conjunction with other projects of a similar nature.
Basis for Unit Costs	<ul> <li>Unit costs as contained herein are based on current bid prices in the Portland, Oregon market. Sub overheads and profit are included in each line item unit cost. Their overhead and profit covers each sub's cost for labor burden, materials, and equipment, sales taxes, field overhead, home office overhead, and profit. The general contractor's overhead is shown separately on the master summary.</li> </ul>
Sources for Pricing	- This estimate was prepared by a team of qualified cost consultants experienced in estimating construction costs at all stages of design. These consultants have used pricing data from Cumming's database for education based construction, updated to reflect current conditions in Portland, Oregon.
<u>Key Exclusions</u>	<ul> <li>The following items have been excluded from our estimate:</li> <li>Sales tax</li> <li>AE Fees</li> <li>Temporary swing space</li> <li>Temporary portables</li> <li>Cosmetic improvements building wide</li> <li>Premium shift labor</li> <li>Escalation</li> </ul>
<u>Clarifications</u>	<ul> <li>Items which may change the estimated construction cost include, but are not limited to:</li> <li>Modifications to the scope of work included in this estimate.</li> <li>Unforeseen sub-surface conditions.</li> <li>Restrictive technical specifications or excessive contract conditions.</li> <li>Any specified item of material or product that cannot be obtained from 3 sources.</li> <li>Any other non-competitive bid situations.</li> <li>Bids delayed beyond the projected schedule.</li> </ul>

#### Appendix III (Estimate Methodology)

	KEY NOTES
Cost Overview -	Cumming has no control over the cost of labor and materials, the general contractor's or any
	subcontractor's method of determining prices, or competitive bidding and market conditions.
	This estimate is made on the basis of the experience, qualifications, and best judgment of a
	professional consultant familiar with the construction industry. Cumming, however, cannot
	and does not guarantee that proposals, bids, or actual construction costs will not vary from
	this or subsequent cost estimates.
	Cumming's staff of professional cost consultants has prepared this estimate in accordance
	with generally accepted principles and practices. This staff is available to discuss its
	contents with any interested party.
	Pricing reflects probable construction costs obtainable in the project locality on the target
	dates specified and is a determination of fair market value for the construction of this
	project. The estimate is not a prediction of low bid. Pricing assumes competitive bidding for
	every portion of the construction work for all sub and general contractors with a range of 3
	- 4 bidders for all items of work. Experience and research indicates that a fewer number of
	bidders may result in higher bids. Conversely, an increased number of bidders may result in
	more competitive bid day responses.
Recommendations -	Cumming recommends that the Owner and the Architect carefully review this entire document
	to ensure it reflects their design intent. Requests for modifications of any apparent errors or
	omissions to this document must be made to Cumming within ten days of receipt of this
	estimate. Otherwise, it will be assumed that it's contents have been reviewed and accepted.
	If the project is over budget or there are unresolved budget issues, alternate systems /
	schemes should be evaluated before proceeding into further design phases.
-	It is recommended that there are preparations of further cost estimates throughout design by
	Cumming to determine overall cost changes since the preparation of this preliminary
	estimate. These future estimates will have detailed breakdowns indicating materials by type,
	kind, and size, priced by their respective units of measure.

Appendix IV (Room Finish Assumptions)

Portland Public Schools Kellogg Middle School New Build

Appendix IV (Room Finish Assumptions)

						Flooring					Ва	ise			Cei	ing	
<u>Room</u>	Area	Perimeter	Ceramic Tile	Carpet	Walk-Off Mat	Quarry Tile	Resilient Flooring	Sealed Concrete	Salvaged Wood	Ceramic Tile	Rubber	Quarry	None	АСТ	Hardlid	Exposed	Washable ACT
Boys Restroom	646	204	646							204					646		
Girls Restroom	639	204	639							204					639		
Gender Neutral Restroom	571	270	571							270					571		
Conference Room	577	167		577							167			577			
Principal's Office	193	56		193							56			193			
Assistant Principal's Office	132	46		132							46			132			
Health Office	216	59		216							59			216			
Staff Workroom	524	96		524							96			524			
Record Storage	325	110		325							110			325			
Vestibule	216	59			216					59				216			
Admin Circulation	1,409	298		1,409							298			1,409			
Mediation	89	38		89							38			89			
Laundry	110	45	110							45					110		
Pantry	215	59				215						59		215			
Partner Program Office	327	103		327							103			327			
Parent / Volunteer Room	216	59		216							59			216			
Parent / Community Room	925	138		925							138			925			
Storage	957	394		957							394			957			
Parent / Family Room	131	46		131							46			131			
Community Room Circulation	256	122		256							122			256			
Media Center	3,340	233		3,340							233			3,340			
Media Workroom	217	59		217							59			217			
Fine Arts Room	1,253	146					1,253				146			1,253			
Kiln Room	111	43				111						43				111	
PE Office	136	47						136			47					136	
Girls Locker Room	847	119						847			119					847	
Boys Locker Room	852	119						852			119					852	
Locker Room Circulation	125	56						125			56					125	
Gymnasium	6,950	337							6,950		337					6,950	
PE Storage	416	82						416			82					416	
EVS Closet	52	29						52			29			52			
Music / Stage	1,436	157		1,436							157			1,436			
Dance	1,018	129							1,018		129			1,018			
Gym Circulation	1,698	421						1,698			421					1,698	
Cafeteria / Commons	5,987	320						5,987			320			2,994	2,994		
Cafeteria Storage	481	154						481			154			481			
Servery	1,228	156				1,228						156					1,228
Kitchen	1,148	230				1,148						230					1,148
Freezer	150	50						150					50			150	
Dishwashing	261	65				261						65					261
Psychology	161	51		161							51			161			
Intensive Skills	986	126		986							126			986			
Learning Center	815	114		815							114			815			
Sensory Support Office	478	152		478							152			478			
Steam	1,249	147					1,249				147			1,249			
Classroom	24,712	3,096		24,712							3,096			24,712			
Science Classroom	7,930	900					7,930				900			7,930			
Science Classroom Storage	1,442	547					1,442				547			1,442			
Extended Learning	6,323	782		6,323							782			6,323			
Classroom Circulation	21,868	2,239		21,868							2,239			21,868			
Stairwell	1,907	480						1,907					480			1,907	
Circulation Balancer	-3,839	-960		(3,839)							(960)			(3,839)			
	100,412	14,159	1,966	62,774	216	2,9 <u>63</u>	11,874	12,651	7,9 <u>68</u>	782	11,334	553	530	79,624	4,9 <u>60</u>	13,192	2,637
		,				100 412					12	100			100	412	

# C UMMING Building Value Through Expertise

**OH Planning + Design** 

Portland Public Schools Kellogg Middle School Early Release Demo Design Development 90% Construction Documents Updated to Incorporate OHP+D Comments

11/03/17

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Construction Cost Summary

#### **Construction Cost Summary (By Phase)**

REF	DESCRIPTION	AREA	TOTAL \$ / SF	TOTAL \$
Pha	se 1 - Abatement and Salvage			
1A	Phase 1a - Asbestos Mitigation	103,799 SF	\$3.99	\$413,660
1B	Phase 1b - Salvage of Reuse Material	103,799 SF	\$1.68	\$174,549
	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST (PHASE 1)	103,799 SF	\$5.67	\$588,209
Pha	se 2 - Demolition			
2A	Phase 2a - Site Demolition	211,325 SF	\$2.19	\$462,546
2B	Phase 2b - Mass Demolition	103,799 SF	\$14.29	\$1,483,236
	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST (PHASE 2)	103,799 SF	\$18.75	\$1,945,782
	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST (ALL PHASES)	103,799 SF	\$24.41	\$2,533,991

## <u>Alternates</u>

A1	Reclaim Wood from Salvaged Site Trees	See Unit Costs Below
A2	Remove Mercury Tube Light Fixtures Prior to Demolition	\$18,500
A3	Abate Rubber Flooring at Gymnasium (if Mercury is Encountered)	\$5,100
A4	Cost Reduction to Remove Salvage / Donation Scope	(\$174,549)
A5	Cost Reduction to Remove Recycling / Waste Diversion Premium	(\$296,600)
<u>Unit</u>	Costs	
U1	Overex / Haul / Import / Recompact Structural Fill	\$39.00 / CY
U2	Premium to Reclaim Wood from Salvaged Site Trees	\$250.00 / EA

#### **Construction Cost Summary (By Phase)**

REF DESCRIPTION	AREA	TOTAL \$ / SF	TOTAL \$
Key Assumptions / Qualifications			

#### 1.) Project to occur sequentially, with Phase 2 following immediately after Phase 1 is completed

- 2.) Building will be fully inspected and ACM removal confirmed prior to commencement of Phase 2 scope
- 3.) Building and area immediately adjacent to work area will be fully vacated prior to commencement of work
- 4.) Costs assume all scope (Phase 1 and 2) to be performed by one prime contractor. Splitting into two separate contracts would result in a cost premium beyond those presented herein.
- 5.) Estimate assumes a minimum of 3 qualified bidders. Less than this amount may drive the contractor fee higher than the current 5.0%.
- 6.) Inspection / permit costs assumed to be carried by owner
- 7.) Costs carried in Phase 1A scope for asbestos mitigation include only the scope required to mitigate ACM, and do not include removal of scope unless explicitly required for abatement
- 8.) Design contingency of 2.0% intended to absorb new scope/coordination issues encountered between 90% Design documents and commencement of construction
- 9.) General requirement rates assume no need for temporary bracing / shoring between Phase 1 and Phase 2
- 10.) General condition markup of 8.0% assumes typically staffing, and would increase if schedule acceleration is deemed necessary
- 11.) Pre-Renovation Asbestos and Lead Paint Survey Report dated 9/26/17 assumed to supersede previous reports

#### Key Exclusions

- 1.) Construction contingency or allowances for unforeseen scope encountered after work has commenced
- 2.) Cost of delays associated with prolonged gap between Phase 1 and Phase 2
- 3.) Escalation
- 4.) Premium shift work / overtime
- 5.) Premiums to fee, staffing, or general requirements associated with response of less than 3 qualified bidders
- 6.) Credit for sell-back of recycled materials (assumed to be incorporated in Contractor profit)
- 7.) PCB ballast disposal (understood to not be required per 9/26/17 Apex report
- 8.) Salvage of wood sheathing (though indicated on G-003, this is typically not practical)

#### Portland Public Schools Kellogg Middle School Early Release Demo Design Development

#### Construction Cost Summary (by Trade)

DESCRIPTION	Phase 1a - Asbestos Mitigation	Phase 1b - Salvage of Reuse Material	Phase 2a - Site Demolition	Phase 2b - Mass Demolition	TOTAL \$
1 General Conditions / Requirements	\$51,900				\$51,900
2 Existing Conditions			\$34,000	\$1,208,825	\$1,242,825
3 Concrete		\$31,800	\$15,823		\$47,623
4 Masonry		\$6,175	\$3,313		\$9,488
5 Metals		\$3,250			\$3,250
6 Wood & Plastics		\$12,000			\$12,000
7 Thermal & Moisture	\$217,750	\$1,000			\$218,750
8 Windows & Glazing		\$20,715			\$20,715
9 Interior Finishes	\$24,013	\$5,611			\$29,623
10 Specialties	\$376	\$8,538	\$1,720		\$10,634
11 Equipment		\$12,250	\$2,993		\$15,243
12 Furnishings	\$224	\$6,464	\$413		\$7,101
13 Special Construction					
14 Conveying					
21 Fire Suppression					
22 Plumbing	\$5,278	\$17,539			\$22,817
23 Heating, Ventilating & Air Conditioning (HVAC)	\$37,590	\$2,500			\$40,090
25 Integrated Automation					
26 Electrical		\$2,760	\$5,720		\$8,481
27 Communications		\$10,000			\$10,000
28 Electronic Safety & Security					
31 Earthwork			\$144,751		\$144,751
32 Exterior Improvements		\$1,654	\$92,976		\$94,630
33 Site Utilities			\$75,263		\$75,263
SUB-TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST	\$337,129	\$142,256	\$376,971	\$1,208,825	\$2,065,182
General Conditions 8.00	\$26,970	\$11,380	\$30,158	\$96,706	\$165,215
General Requirements 4.00	% \$14,564	\$6,145	\$16,285	\$52,221	\$89,216
Bonds & Insurance 2.00	\$7,573	\$3,196	\$8,468	\$27,155	\$46,392
Contractor's Fee 5.00	\$19,312	\$8,149	\$21,594	\$69,245	\$118,300
Design Contingency 2.00	\$8,111	\$3,423	\$9,070	\$29,083	\$49,686
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST	\$413,660	\$174,549	\$462,546	\$1,483,236	\$2,533,991

**Project Control Quantities** 

#### **Project Control Quantities**

DESCRIPTION		SITE	NORTH BLDG.	SOUTH BLDG.	ANNEX BLDG.	TOTAL BLDG.
Key Controls						
Overall Demolished Area - Site	sf	211,325				
Overall Demolished Area - Basement	sf			2,753		2,753
Overall Demolished Area - 1st Floor	sf		20,956	25,939	8,922	55,817
Overall Demolished Area - Mezzanine	sf			1,789		1,789
Overall Demolished Area - 2nd Floor	sf			25,504		25,504
Overall Demolished Area - 3rd Floor	sf			17,936		17,936
Total Demolished Area		211,325	20,956	73,921	8,922	103,799

Phase 1a - Asbestos Mitigation

## Portland Public Schools Kellogg Middle School Early Release Demo Design Development

## Phase 1a - Asbestos Mitigation - Cost Summary

DESCRIPTION	MARK UP	TOTAL	TOTAL / SF
1 General Conditions / Requirements		\$51,900	\$0 50
2 Evisting Conditions		<i>\$</i> 51,500	<i>\$</i> 0.50
3 Concrete			
4 Masonry			
5 Metals			
6 Wood & Plastics			
7 Thermal & Moisture		\$217 750	\$2.10
8 Windows & Glazina		<i>\</i> 227,750	<i>\</i> 2110
9 Interior Finishes		\$24 013	\$0.23
10 Specialties		\$376	\$0.00
11 Faujoment		70.0	4
12 Furnishinas		\$224	\$0.00
13 Special Construction			,
14 Conveying			
21 Fire Suppression			
22 Plumbing		\$5,278	\$0.05
23 Heating, Ventilating & Air Conditioning (HVAC)		\$37,590	\$0.36
25 Integrated Automation			
26 Electrical			
27 Communications			
28 Electronic Safety & Security			
31 Earthwork			
32 Exterior Improvements			
33 Site Utilities			
Sub-Total (Direct Costs)		\$337,129	\$3.25
General Conditions	8.00%	\$26,970	\$0.26
General Requirements	4.00%	\$14,564	\$0.14
Bonds & Insurances	2.00%	\$7,573	\$0.07
GC Fee	5.00%	\$19,312	\$0.19
Design Contingency	2.00%	\$8,111	\$0.08
Total Construction Costs - Phase 1a - Asbestos Mitigat	ion	\$413,660	\$3.99

REF	DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT	RATE	TOTAL
1 Ger	neral Conditions				
	General Premiums				
	Dremium for lead-based paint requirements	102 700	asf	¢۵ ב0	<b>خدر ۵۰</b> ۰
	Additional signage	105,799	Bai	ŞU.SU	Included Above
	Additional personal protective equipment				
	Prenaration of compliance plan				
	Periodic testing				Included Above
	Environmental consultant				By Owner
					27 0 0 10
Total	- 1 General Conditions				\$51,900
7 The	ermal & Moisture				
	Asphalt Roof (North Building, Roof Level)				
	Asbestos abatement, plans & building survey	1	ea	\$2,261.60	\$2,262
	Asbestos abatement, air filtration, 2,000 CFM	4	ea	\$892.62	\$3,570
	Asbestos abatement, air filtration, respirators	10	ea	\$173.39	\$1,734
	Asbestos containment, separation barrier	5,170	sf	\$5.53	\$28,587
	Asbestos removal, bulk	20,678	sf	\$1.31	\$27,088
	Asphalt Roof (South Building, Second Level)				
	Asbestos abatement, plans & building survey	1	ea	\$2,261.60	\$2,262
	Asbestos abatement, air filtration, 2,000 CFM	4	ea	\$892.62	\$3 <i>,</i> 570
	Asbestos abatement, air filtration, respirators	10	ea	\$173.39	\$1,734
	Asbestos containment, separation barrier	781	sf	\$5.53	\$4,319
	Asbestos removal, bulk	3,124	sf	\$1.31	\$4,092
	Asphalt Roof (South Building, Third Level)				
	Asbestos abatement, plans & building survey	1	ea	\$2,261.60	\$2,262
	Asbestos abatement, air filtration, 2,000 CFM	4	ea	\$892.62	\$3,570
	Asbestos abatement, air filtration, respirators	10	ea	\$173.39	\$1,734
	Asbestos containment, separation barrier	1,149	sf	\$5.53	\$6,354
	Asbestos removal, bulk	4,596	sf	\$1.31	\$6,021
	Asphalt Roof (South Building, Roof Level)				
	Asbestos abatement, plans & building survey	1	ea	\$2,261.60	\$2,262
	Asbestos abatement, air filtration, 2,000 CFM	4	ea	\$892.62	\$3 <i>,</i> 570
	Asbestos abatement, air filtration, respirators	10	ea	\$173.39	\$1,734
	Asbestos containment, separation barrier	6,383	sf	\$5.53	\$35,297
	Asbestos removal, bulk	25,531	sf	\$1.31	\$33,446

REF	DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT	RATE	TOTAL
	Asphalt Roof (Appex Roof Level)				
	Ashestos abatement plans & building survey	1	еа	\$2 261 60	\$2 262
	Ashestos abatement, air filtration, 2,000 CEM	4	ea	\$892.62	\$3 570
	Asbestos abatement, air filtration, respirators	10	ea	\$173.39	\$1,734
	Asbestos containment, separation barrier	2.729	sf	\$5.53	\$15.089
	Asbestos removal, bulk	10,914	sf	\$1.31	\$14,297
	Caulking (North Building)			·	. ,
	Remove exterior window caulking, small gty	240	lf	\$1.00	\$240
	Caulking (South Building)			·	·
	Remove exterior window caulking	9,080	lf	\$0.50	\$4,540
	Remove skylight caulking, small qty	260	lf	\$1.00	\$260
	Caulking (Annex)				
	Remove exterior window caulking, small qty	290	lf	\$1.00	\$290
Tatal	7 Thousand C. Maintenna			—	6217 750
Iotai	- 7 Thermal & Moisture				\$217,750
9 Inte	rior Finishes				
	Flooring Systems (South Building)				
	Remove vinyl floor tile and ACM mastic	18,117	sf	\$0.40	\$7,247
	Remove vinyl floor tile and non-ACM mastic	945	sf	\$0.40	\$378
	Remove vinyl floor tile and mastic, double layer	3,024	sf	\$0.80	\$2,419
	Remove vinyl composite floor tile and mastic	15,333	sf	\$0.40	\$6,133
	Remove sheet flooring and mastic Remove carpet to access resilient flooring, allow at	96	sf	\$0.40	\$38
	25% of areas	9,379	sf	\$0.40	\$3,752
	Flooring Systems (North Building)				
	Remove vinyl floor tile and ACM mastic	76	sf	\$0.40	\$30
	Flooring Systems (Annex)				
	Remove sheet flooring and mastic	38	sf	\$0.40	\$15
	Sheathing Systems (Various Locations)				
	Remove cement asbestos board, building exterior	1	ls	\$2,500.00	\$2,500
	Remove cement asbestos board, building interior	1	ls	\$1,500.00	\$1,500
	Gypsum Board Ceiling			ACM	Not Indicated
	Acoustic Ceiling			ACM	Not Indicated
	Wood Frame Wall			ACM	Not Indicated
	Exterior Wall			ACM	Not Indicated

\$24,013

REF	DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT	RATE	TOTAL
10 Sp	ecialties				
	Educational Specialties (South Building)				
	Remove chalkboard	8	ea	\$47.00	\$376
				_	
Total	- 10 Specialties				\$376
12 Fu	rnishings				
	-				
	Lower Casework (South Building) Asbestos abatement at demolished countertops,				
	small quantity	35	sf	\$6.40	\$224
				_	
Total	- 12 Furnishings				\$224
22 Plu	umbing				
	Insulation (North Building)				
	Remove tank / pipe insulation / gaskets at Gym 2	1	اد	\$1 500 00	\$1 500
	Insulation (South Building)	1	15	Ş1,500.00	Ş1,500
	Remove gray insulation on brick surrounding furnace	1	ls	\$500.00	\$500
	Remove pipe insulation, including fittings	1,149	lf	\$2.50	\$2,873
	Remove sink with asbestos under coating	9	ea	\$45.00	\$405
Total	- 22 Plumbing			_	\$5,278
	5				. ,
23 He	ating, Ventilating & Air Conditioning (HVAC)				
	Duct Insulation (South Building)				
	Remove duct insulation, including seam tape	7,800	lf	\$4.80	\$37,440
	Remove duct seam tape, small quantity	100	lf	\$1.50	\$150
		200			<i>~</i> 200
Total	- 23 Heating, Ventilating & Air Conditioning (HVAC)				\$37,590

26 Electrical	
Mercury Tubes (All Buildings)	
Remove mercury tubes prior to mass demolition See	Alternates

Total - 26 Electrical

Phase 1b - Salvage of Reuse Material

Phase 1b - Salvage of Reuse Materia	I - Cost Summary
-------------------------------------	------------------

DESCRIPTION	MARK UP	TOTAL	TOTAL / SF
1 General Conditions / Requirements			
2 Evisting Conditions			
3 Concrete		\$31,800	\$0 31
A Masonny		\$6 175	\$0.06
5 Metals		\$3,250	\$0.03
6 Wood & Plastics		\$3,230	\$0.03 \$0.12
7 Thermal & Moisture		\$1,000	\$0.12
8 Windows & Glazina		\$20,715	\$0.01
9 Interior Finishes		\$5 611	\$0.05
10 Specialties		\$8,538	\$0.05 \$0.08
11 Fauinment		\$12,250	\$0.00 \$0.12
12 Eurnishinas		\$6 464	\$0.12
13 Special Construction		<b>90,404</b>	<i>\$</i> 0.00
14 Conveying			
21 Fire Suppression			
22 Plumbing		\$17 539	\$0.17
23 Heating, Ventilating & Air Conditioning (HVAC)		\$2,500	\$0.02
25 Integrated Automation		+_,	<i>+•••</i>
26 Flectrical		\$2,760	\$0.03
27 Communications		\$10.000	\$0.10
28 Electronic Safety & Security		<i> </i>	<i>+0120</i>
31 Earthwork			
32 Exterior Improvements		\$1.654	\$0.02
33 Site Utilities		+ = / • • •	<i>+</i>
Sub-Total (Direct Costs)		\$142,256	\$1.37
General Conditions	8.00%	\$11,380	\$0.11
General Requirements	4.00%	\$6,145	\$0.06
Bonds & Insurances	2.00%	\$3,196	\$0.03
GC Fee	5.00%	\$8,149	\$0.08
Design Contingency	2.00%	\$3,423	\$0.03
Total Construction Costs - Phase 1b - Salvage of Reuse	Material	\$174,549	\$1.68

REF	DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT	RATE	TOTAL
1 Gene	eral Conditions				
	General Premiums				
	Premium for lead-based paint requirements			See F	Phase 1A Costs
Total -	1 General Conditions			_	
3 Conc	rete				
	Structural Slabs				
	Cut into existing slabs for re-use as retaining walls, 5'-				
	0" x 1'-6" shapes, grind reinforcing, allow	2,000	sf	\$15.90	\$31,800
Total -	3 Concrete			_	\$31,800
4 Mas	onry				
	Facing Brick				
	Salvage exterior brick (without mortar), per unit	2,000	ea	\$2.00	\$4,000
	Terracotta				
	Salvage terra cotta element	87	ea	\$25.00	\$2,175
Total -	4 Masonry			_	\$6,175
5 Mete	als				
	Ornamental Metal				
	Salvage guardrails for donation	1	ls	\$2,500.00	\$2,500
	Salvage school signage lettering for reuse	1	ls	\$750.00	\$750
Total -	5 Metals			_	\$3,250
6 Woo	d & Plastics				
	Rough Carpentry				
	Salvage of Wood Sheathing			Not Inclu	ded / Practical
	Finish Carpentry				
	Salvage unpainted wood molding	400	lf	\$5.00	\$2,000
bared	by Cumming				Page 17 o

REF DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT	RATE	TOTAL
Salvage interior casework / wood railings, allow	1	ls	\$10,000.00	\$10,000
Total - 6 Wood & Plastics				\$12,000
7 Thermal & Moisture				
Roof Accessories				
Salvage roof access ladders	2	ea	\$500.00	\$1,000
Total - 7 Thermal & Moisture				\$1,000
8 Windows & Doors				
Doors / Frames				
Salvage metal door frames for donation, single	188	ea	\$25.00	\$4,700
Salvage metal door frames for donation, double	31	ea	\$35.00	\$1,085
Salvage wood doors and hardware, single	250	ea	\$42.00	\$10,500
Salvage overhead door for donation	1	ls	\$500.00	\$500
Salvage Wood Window (North)				
Salvage premium, wood window, up to 25 sf	6	ea	\$15.00	\$90
First Floor - Salvage Wood Window (South)				
Salvage premium, wood window, up to 25 sf	60	ea	\$15.00	\$900
Second Floor - Salvage Wood Window (South)				
Salvage premium, wood window, up to 25 sf	105	ea	\$15.00	\$1,575
Third Floor - Salvage Wood Window (South)				
Salvage premium, wood window, up to 25 sf	79	ea	\$15.00	\$1,185
Aluminum Framed Window (Annex)				
Salvage premium, wood window, up to 25 sf	12	еа	\$15.00 	Ş180
Total - 8 Windows & Doors				\$20,715
9 Interior Finishes				
Wood Flooring (North)				
Salvage premium, wood strip flooring	10,201	sf	\$0.55	\$5,611
Total - 9 Interior Finishes			_	\$5,611

REF	DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT	RATE	TOTAL	
10 Sp	10 Specialties					
	Lockers (North)					
	Salvage premium, lockers	60	ea	\$11.50	\$690	
	First Floor - Chalk/Whiteboards (South)					
	Salvage premium, boards and panels	6	ea	\$23.50	\$141	
	First Floor - Lockers (South)					
	Salvage premium, lockers	123	ea	\$11.50	\$1,415	
	Second Floor - Chalk/Whiteboards (South)					
	Salvage premium, boards and panels	7	ea	\$23.50	\$165	
	Second Floor - Lockers (South)					
	Salvage premium, lockers	153	ea	\$11.50	\$1,760	
	Third Floor - Chalk/Whiteboards (South)					
	Salvage premium, boards and panels	14	ea	\$23.50	\$329	
	Third Floor - Lockers (South)					
	Salvage premium, lockers	153	ea	\$11.50	\$1,760	
	Chalk/Whiteboards (Annex)					
	Salvage premium, boards and panels	1	ea	\$23.50	\$24	
	Lockers (Annex)					
	Salvage premium, lockers	31	ea	\$11.50	\$357	
	Education Specialties					
	Salvage display cases for donation	1	ls	\$750.00	\$750	
	Toilet Accessories					
	Salvage toilet accessories for donation	23	ea	\$50.00	\$1,150	
Total	- 10 Specialties			-	\$8.538	
11 Eq	uipment					
	Food Service Equipment					
	Salvage food service equipment for donation	1	ls	\$10,000.00	\$10,000	
	Library Equipment					
	Salvage library security gate for donation	1	ls	\$250.00	\$250	
	Educational and Scientific Equipment					
	Salvage stage curtains for donation	1	ls	\$500.00	\$500	
	Salvage stage scaffolding for donation	1	ls	\$1,500.00	\$1,500	

\$12,250

REF	DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT	RATE	TOTAL
12 Fu	rnishings				
	Artwork				
	Salvage mural squares (2' x 2') for reuse	12	ea	\$50.00	\$600
	Salvage plaster sculptures for donation	2	ea	\$100.00	\$200
	Loose Furnishings				
	Salvage office accessories for donation				By Owner
	Salvage furniture for donation				By Owner
	Salvage Stone Countertops (South)				
	Salvage premium, countertops	145	lf	\$3.65	\$529
	Salvage Stone Countertops (Annex)				
	Salvage premium, countertops	37	lf	\$3.65	\$135
	Multiple Seating				
	Salvage telescoping bleachers for reuse	1	ls	\$5,000.00	\$5,000
Total	- 12 Furnishings			_	\$6,464
22 Pl	umbing				
	Commercial Plumbing Fixtures (North)				
	Salvage plumbing fixture	120	еа	\$146.16	\$17,539
Total	- 22 Plumbing				\$17,539
23 He	ating, Ventilating & Air Conditioning (HVAC)				
	Heating Boilers				
	Salvage boilers for donation	1	ls	\$2,500.00	\$2,500
Total	- 23 Heating, Ventilating & Air Conditioning (HVAC)			_	\$2,500
26 Ele	ectrical				
	Exit Signs (North)				
	Demolish fixtures, exit sign, inc. whips	11	ea	\$74.60	\$821
	First Floor - Exit Signs (South)				
	Demolish fixtures, exit sign, inc. whips	6	ea	\$74.60	\$448
	Second Floor - Exit Signs (South)				
	Demolish fixtures, exit sign, inc. whips	11	ea	\$74.60	\$821
parec	by Cumming				Page 20 o
REF	DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT	RATE	TOTAL
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	Third Floor - Exit Signs (South)				
	Demolish fixtures, exit sign, inc. whips		4 ea	\$74.60	\$298
	Exit Signs (Annex)				
	Demolish fixtures, exit sign, inc. whips		5 ea	\$74.60	\$373
				-	
Total	- 26 Electrical				\$2,760
27 Co	mmunications				
	Distributed Communications Systems				
	Salvage clocks for donation, allowance		1 ls	\$5,000.00	\$5,000
	Salvage intercoms for donation, allowance		1 ls	\$5,000.00	\$5,000
Total	- 27 Communications			-	¢10.000
rotal					\$10,000
32 Ext	terior Improvements				
	Site Seating (Site)				
	Salvage park benches for donation, 8' long		7 ea	\$245.02	\$1,654
				-	
Total	- 32 Exterior Improvements				\$1,654

# Phase 1b - Salvage of Reuse Material - Cost Backup

Phase 2a - Site Demolition

Phase 2a - Site	Demolition -	· Cost	Summary
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DESCRIPTION	MARK UP	TOTAL	TOTAL / SF
1 General Conditions / Requirements			
2 Existing Conditions		\$34.000	\$0.16
3 Concrete		\$15.823	\$0.07
4 Masonry		\$3,313	\$0.02
5 Metals			
6 Wood & Plastics			
7 Thermal & Moisture			
8 Windows & Glazing			
9 Interior Finishes			
10 Specialties		\$1,720	\$0.01
11 Equipment		\$2,993	\$0.01
12 Furnishings		\$413	\$0.00
13 Special Construction			
14 Conveying			
21 Fire Suppression			
22 Plumbing			
23 Heating, Ventilating & Air Conditioning (HVAC)			
25 Integrated Automation			
26 Electrical		\$5,720	\$0.03
27 Communications			
28 Electronic Safety & Security			
31 Earthwork		\$144,751	\$0.68
32 Exterior Improvements		\$92,976	\$0.44
33 Site Utilities		\$75,263	\$0.36
Sub Tatel (Direct Costs)		627C 071	ć1 70
Sub-Total (Direct Costs)		\$370,971	\$1.78
General Conditions	8.00%	\$30,158	\$0.14
General Requirements	4.00%	\$16,285	\$0.08
Bonds & Insurances	2.00%	\$8,468	\$0.04
GC Fee	5.00%	\$21,594	\$0.10
Design Contingency	2.00%	\$9,070	\$0.04
Total Construction Costs - Phase 2a - Site Demolition		\$462,546	\$2.19

## Phase 2a - Site Demolition - Cost Backup

REF	DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT	RATE	TOTAL
2 Exist	ing Conditions				
	Temporary Protection (Site)				
	Sidewalk fencing	1.120	lf	\$25.00	\$28.000
	Temporary signage	1	ls	\$1.000.00	\$1.000
	Dust control	1	ls	\$5,000.00	\$5,000
Total -	2 Existing Conditions			_	\$34,000
3 Conc	rete				
	Exterior Concrete Paving				
	Demolish concrete, mesh reinforced, up to 6" thick	535	sy	\$17.44	\$9,330
	Cycle hauling 12 cy truck, 20 mile cycle	116	lcy	\$10.60	\$1,226
	Exterior Concrete Stairs				
	Demolish concrete, reinforced, 7" to 24" thick	17	су	\$185.05	\$3,146
	Cycle hauling 12 cy truck, 20 mile cycle	22	lcy	\$10.60	\$234
	Miscellaneous				
	Remove existing curbing	943	lf	\$2.00	\$1,886
Total -	3 Concrete				\$15,823
4 Mas	onry				
	Site Brick Wall				
	Demolish walls brick, 10" thick, 6' tall	242	cf	\$13.69	\$3,313
Total -	4 Masonry			_	\$3,313
10 Spe	cialties				
	Flag Pole				
	Demolish flagpole	1	ea	\$1,419.90	\$1,420
	Demolish site signage	2	ea	\$150.00	\$300
Total -	10 Specialties			_	\$1,720

## Phase 2a - Site Demolition - Cost Backup

REF	DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT	RATE	TOTAL
11 Eq	uipment				
	Exterior Packethall Equipment				
	Demolish basketball backstons	Δ	ea	\$748 17	\$2 993
		-	Cu	φ/+0.1/ 	<i>42,33</i>
Total	- 11 Equipment				\$2,993
12 Fu	rnishings				
	Bicycle Racks				
	Salvage racks, bicycle, 5 bike capacity	4	еа	\$103.25	\$413
Total	- 12 Furnishings			_	\$413
26 Ele	ectrical				
	Exterior Lighting				
	Salvage light poles for donation, 30' high	2	ea	\$1,360.16	\$2,720
	Associated demolition for complete removal	2	ea	\$1,500.00	\$3,000
Total	- 26 Electrical				\$5,720
31 Ea	rthwork				
	Earthwork				
	Infill basement, using site spoils	785	су	\$12.00	\$9,421
	Rough grading, allow 1'-0" average, cut to fill	11,151	су	\$6.00	\$66,904
	Fine grading, allowance over total area	273,700	sf	\$0.25	\$68,425
Total	- 31 Earthwork			_	\$144,751
32 Ex	terior Improvements				
	Exterior Asphalt Paving				
	Demolish bituminous pavement up to 4" thick	6,060	sy	\$5.80	\$35,148
	Cycle hauling 12 cy truck, 20 mile cycle	875	lcy	\$9.96	\$8,714
	Sawcut asphalt paving, curbs & concrete	141	lf	\$4.00	\$564

## Phase 2a - Site Demolition - Cost Backup

REF	DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT	RATE	TOTAL
	Chain Link Fence				
	Demolish fence, chain link, up to 8' high	512	lf	\$6.57	\$3,364
	Dumpster, one dump weekly, 40 cy, 10 ton	10	wk	\$775.00	\$7,750
	Chain Link Backstop			·	. ,
	Demolish fence, chain link, up to 8' high	180	lf	\$8.37	\$1,507
	Asphalt Building Ramp				
	Demolish bituminous pavement 4" to 6" thick	44	sy	\$9.51	\$418
	Cycle hauling 12 cy truck, 20 mile cycle	7	lcy	\$9.96	\$65
	Trees		-		
	Demolish trees	3	ea	\$620.74	\$1,862
	Import fill at root ball void	15	lcy	\$18.90	\$284
	Backfill, bulk with dozer	15	lcy	\$10.50	\$158
	New Landscaping				
	Temporary hydroseeding over entire site	211,325	sf	\$0.15	\$31,699
	Manufactured Metal Safety Bollard				
	Demolish pipe bollard, 8" dia, 8' L x 4' D	8	ea	\$200.22	\$1,602
Total	- 32 Exterior Improvements			_	\$93,133
33 Sit	te Utilities				
	Sanitary Line				
	Utility removal, pipe, up to 12"	100	lf	\$12.37	\$1,237
	Excavating 12' wide, 36" deep	14	lcy	\$8.40	\$120
	Backfill, bulk with dozer	14	lcy	\$10.50	\$150
	Underground Fuel Distribution Line				
	Utility removal, pipe, up to 4"	162	lf	\$13.30	\$2,155
	Excavating 12' wide, 36" deep	23	lcy	\$8.40	\$197
	Backfill, bulk with dozer	23	lcy	\$10.50	\$246
	Remove existing oil tank	1	ls	\$25,000.00	\$25,000
	Underground Storm Drain Line				
	Utility removal, pipe, up to 12"	678	lf	\$12.37	\$8,387
	Excavating 12" wide, 36" deep	98	lcy	\$8.40	\$819
	Backfill, bulk with dozer	98	lcy	\$10.50	\$1,024
	Remove storm catch basins	6	ea	\$1,500.00	\$9,000
	Demolish water line back to water vault				
	Utility removal, pipe, up to 12"	240	lf	\$12.37	\$2,969
	Excavating 12" wide, 36" deep	35	lcy	\$8.40	\$295
	Backfill, bulk with dozer	35	lcy	\$10.50	\$369
	Remove water utility vault	1	ls	\$15,000.00	\$15,000

#### Phase 2a - Site Demolition - Cost Backup

REF D	DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT	RATE	TOTAL
۵	Demolish Telephone Service Line				
	Utility removal, pipe, up to 12"	79	lf	\$5.00	\$395
C	Cap Sanitary Line				
	Demolish utility, pipe, cap 6" line	1	ea	\$79.95	\$80
C	Cap Water Service Line				
	Demolish utility, pipe, cap 6" line	1	ea	\$79.95	\$80
E	rosion and Sediment Control, Including Maintenance and Remo	val			
	Silt fence, 3' high	720	lf	\$2.77	\$1,994
	Stabilized construction entrance, allowance	1	ls	\$1,250.00	\$1,250
	Inlet protection, per location	19	ea	\$50.00	\$950
	Tree protection fence, per location	27	ea	\$70.00	\$1,890
Ν	Viscellaneous				
	Remove site drywell, allowance	3	ea	\$500.00	\$1,500

Total - 33 Site Utilities

\$75,105

Phase 2b - Mass Demolition

Phase 2b - Mass Der	nolition - Cost Summary
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DESCRIPTION	MARK UP	TOTAL	TOTAL / SF
1 General Conditions / Requirements			
2 Existing Conditions		\$1,208,825	\$11.65
3 Concrete		<i>~_,</i> , <i></i>	<i>+</i> <b>-</b>
4 Masonry			
5 Metals			
6 Wood & Plastics			
7 Thermal & Moisture			
8 Windows & Glazing			
9 Interior Finishes			
10 Specialties			
11 Equipment			
12 Furnishings			
13 Special Construction			
14 Conveying			
21 Fire Suppression			
22 Plumbing			
23 Heating, Ventilating & Air Conditioning (HVAC)			
25 Integrated Automation			
26 Electrical			
27 Communications			
28 Electronic Safety & Security			
31 Earthwork			
32 Exterior Improvements			
33 Site Utilities			
		±1,000,005	<u> </u>
Sub-Total (Direct Costs)		<i>\$1,208,825</i>	\$11.65
General Conditions	8.00%	\$96,706	\$0.93
General Requirements	4.00%	\$52,221	\$0.50
Bonds & Insurances	2.00%	\$27,155	\$0.26
GC Fee	5.00%	\$69,245	\$0.67
Design Contingency	2.00%	\$29,083	\$0.28
Total Construction Costs - Phase 2b - Mass Demolition		\$1,483,236	\$14.29

## Phase 2b - Mass Demolition - Cost Backup

REF	DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT	RATE	TOTAL
1 Gen	eral Conditions				
	General Premiums				
	Premium for lead-based paint requirements			See	Phase 1A Costs
Total	- 1 General Conditions			_	
2 Exis	ting Conditions				
	Mass Demolition				
	Demolish North building (low density)	604,231	cf	\$0.40	\$241,693
	Demolish South building	1,096,678	cf	\$0.60	\$658,007
	Demolish Annex building	112,269	cf	\$0.60	\$67,361
	Premium for Waste Diversion (75% Goal)				
	North building premium (low density)	604,231	cf	\$0.10	\$60,423
	South building premium	1,096,678	cf	\$0.15	\$164,502
	Annex building premium	112,269	cf	\$0.15	\$16,840
	Premium for labor sorting			In	cluded Above
	Premium for additional dumpsters			In	cluded Above
	Premium for double handling of materials			In	cluded Above
	Reduction of disposal fees of diverted material			In	cluded Above
	Credit for sell-back of recycled materials				Not Included

#### Total - 2 Existing Conditions

\$1,208,825

Appendix I (Scope Assumptions / Allowances)

## Appendix I (Scope Assumptions / Allowances)

SECTION	KEY ASSUMPTIONS
General	Assumes late 2017 to early 2018, however no escalation is included
	Design-bid-build delivery
	3 bids per trade
	Local laydown available
	Local trade parking unavailable
	All phases assumed to be awarded under one contract
	General Conditions = 8%
	General Requirements = 4%
	Bonds & Insurance = 2%
	Contractor's Fee = 5%
	Design Contingency = 2%
Key Assumptions	Vacant facility during demolition
	All costs include material disposition per the Demolition Waste Management matrix (75% goal)
	Costs carried in Phase 1A scope for asbestos mitigation include only the scope required to mitigate
	ACM, and do not include removal of scope unless explicitly required for abatement
	Materials slated to be reused and/or donated are segregated into Phase 1B
Exclusions	Soil testing, either for engineering or for contamination
	Fees for hazardous material inspection (assumed to be by owner)
	Premium shift work
	Escalation

Appendix II (Market / Risk Assumptions)

Date: Project :

## Appendix II (Market / Risk Assumptions)

DESCRIPTION	ASSUMPTIONS
LABOR AVAILABILITY	We have assumed that all major trade packages will pull from Portland. Current challenges in skilled labor availability evident in masonry, glazing, plumbing, and electrical. We anticipate that continuing into drywall, sheet metal, and casework throughout 2017. Recent bid data suggests a short fall in key trade sub participation resulting from construction volume growth outstripping labor availability continuing through 2017. In addition, current shortages in local apprentice availability are driving up overall crew rates.
MATERIAL COSTS	We have assumed all materials are available locally with good distribution and transportation. Current national trends are showing gypsum based products and lumber to be experience 12%+ year over year base price pressure. We anticipate that to continue into the steel plate and glass markets in 2017.
PRODUCTIVITY	We have assumed normal productivity levels for work on an existing campus. We have assumed some campus disruption will occur but at a nominal level given the bulk of the work is intended to be coordinated over summer months in 2017.
SUB CONTRACTOR MARK UP	Sub contract markup within our overall unit costs is based on 20 - 27.5%.
SALES TAX	N/A
PROJECT ACCESS	We have assumed good site access together with local laydown space and trade parking availability given the summer work schedule.
PROJECT CONSTRAINTS	We have assumed minimal constraints to proposed contractors. One potential risk is in how the work is to be bundled into group projects. This will involve multiple small and large trade packages and will greatly affect bidding responses.
BIDDING MARKET	We are anticipating significant pressure from other corporate and commercial sector projects likely to be procuring sub participation at the same time. Plumbing, drywall, painting, and electrical trades are anticipated to be most difficult to lock in.
ESCALATION	Escalation has been excluded, as per direction from OHP+D.

Appendix III (Estimate Methodology)

Date: Project :

## Appendix III (Estimate Methodology)

KEY NOTES	
Basis of Estimate	<ul> <li>The following documents have been used in creating this cost model:</li> <li>OHP+D DD 90% Demolition Documents Progress Set (dated 10/18/17).</li> </ul>
Estimate Format	- A trade format has been used for the preparation of this estimate with separate breakouts for each individual phase / sub-phase pursuant to recent changes in approach set during the DD phase
Construction Schedule	<ul> <li>Demolition schedule is assumed to be late 2017 / early 2018 start.</li> <li>We have excluded any schedule acceleration premiums within our cost model.</li> </ul>
Delivery Model	<ul> <li>The estimate is based on a competitive design-bid-build scenario.</li> </ul>
Bid Conditions	<ul> <li>This estimate has been based upon competitive bid situations (minimum of 3 bidders) for all items of subcontracted work.</li> </ul>
Basis For Quantities	- Wherever possible, this estimate has been based upon the actual measurement of different items of work. For the remaining items (and for mass demolition scope), parametric measurements were used in conjunction with other projects of a similar nature.
Basis for Unit Costs	<ul> <li>Unit costs as contained herein are based on current bid prices in the Portland, Oregon market. Sub overheads and profit are included in each line item unit cost. Their overhead and profit covers each sub's cost for labor burden, materials, and equipment, sales taxes, field overhead, home office overhead, and profit. The general contractor's overhead is shown separately on the master summary.</li> </ul>
Sources for Pricing	<ul> <li>This estimate was prepared by a team of qualified cost consultants experienced in estimating construction costs at all stages of design. These consultants have used pricing data from Cumming's database for education based construction, updated to reflect current conditions in Portland, Oregon.</li> </ul>
<u>Key Exclusions</u>	<ul> <li>The following items have been excluded from our estimate:</li> <li>Sales tax</li> <li>AE Fees</li> <li>Temporary swing space</li> <li>Temporary portables</li> <li>Cosmetic improvements building wide</li> <li>Premium shift labor</li> <li>Escalation</li> </ul>
<u>Clarifications</u>	<ul> <li>Items which may change the estimated construction cost include, but are not limited to:</li> <li>Modifications to the scope of work included in this estimate.</li> <li>Unforeseen sub-surface conditions.</li> <li>Restrictive technical specifications or excessive contract conditions.</li> <li>Any specified item of material or product that cannot be obtained from 3 sources.</li> <li>Any other non-competitive bid situations.</li> <li>Bids delayed beyond the projected schedule.</li> </ul>

Date: Project :

## Appendix III (Estimate Methodology)

	<b>KEY NOTES</b>
Cost Overview	- Cumming has no control over the cost of labor and materials, the general contractor's or any
	subcontractor's method of determining prices, or competitive bidding and market conditions.
	This estimate is made on the basis of the experience, qualifications, and best judgment of a
	professional consultant familiar with the construction industry. Cumming, however, cannot
	and does not guarantee that proposals, bids, or actual construction costs will not vary from
	this or subsequent cost estimates.
	Cumming's staff of professional cost consultants has prepared this estimate in accordance
	with generally accepted principles and practices. This staff is available to discuss its
	contents with any interested party.
	Pricing reflects probable construction costs obtainable in the project locality on the target
	dates specified and is a determination of fair market value for the construction of this
	project. The estimate is not a prediction of low bid. Pricing assumes competitive bidding for
	every portion of the construction work for all sub and general contractors with a range of 3
	- 4 bidders for all items of work. Experience and research indicates that a fewer number of
	bidders may result in higher bids. Conversely, an increased number of bidders may result in
	more competitive bid day responses.
<b>Recommendations</b>	- Cumming recommends that the Owner and the Architect carefully review this entire document
	to ensure it reflects their design intent. Requests for modifications of any apparent errors or
	omissions to this document must be made to Cumming within ten days of receipt of this
	estimate. Otherwise, it will be assumed that it's contents have been reviewed and accepted.
	If the project is over budget or there are unresolved budget issues, alternate systems /
	schemes should be evaluated before proceeding into further design phases.
	_ It is recommended that there are preparations of further cost estimates throughout design by
	Cumming to determine overall cost changes since the preparation of this preliminary
	estimate. These future estimates will have detailed breakdowns indicating materials by type,
	kind, and size, priced by their respective units of measure.